



**Buckley & Son's  
London.**

## Before Deciding

on that New Hat ask to see our Buckley, King, Carter and Wilkinson

## STIFF HATS

each has style, quality and

## VALUE

that makes the the crown head of all other Hats.

## Fine Light Weight

## Fur Felt Hats

you will find the Leaders here, Wilkinson, Christy, Belmont, Borsalino, anything that is good in

## HATS and CAPS

## FRED T. WARD,

Headquarters for Men's Fine Ordered Clothing, Haberdashery, Etc.

## SPECIAL SALE

- Come and see our White Waists from 75c. up.
- White Silk Waists.
- Corset Covers from 18c. up.
- The latest styles in Collars.
- White Embroidered Collars and Belts to match.
- Colored Muslins. Spotted Muslins. Persian Lawns.
- A lot of the newest Cloth Skirts.
- All the newest shades and stripes in Dress goods.
- Blue Voile.
- Black Sateen Underskirts, 75c. up.
- Groceries of all kinds.
- Two Houses to rent.

**C. F. STICKLE.**

## The Jewelry Store

IS THE PLACE TO BUY YOUR  
Stationery and Optical Goods

and while you are buying them we feel quite sure that you will be convinced that it is the place to buy anything else that you require in our line.

## Repairs Solicited

and prompt attention guaranteed.

**H. HADLEY,**  
WATCHMAKER, JEWELER, & OPTICIAN



## In Ten Minutes

spent in a visit here you can do more towards choosing a Suit than in days of thinking and guessing at home.



## CALL

Go down through the rows of our fine Tweed and Worsted Suits.

Keep one eye critical, the other economical, and stop only when you have exactly met your idea of what's right, at the price you intended to pay.

## Spring Overcoats

\$8.50 to \$12.00, for as dressy a garment as you ever saw in your life.

The Ward Brand of Ready-to-Wear Suits are the Leaders for well dressed Men and Boys.

## A Successful Miner

The many friends of Mr. James Tulloch will be pleased to hear of his success in mining operations in Nevada. A recent number of the Pioche Weekly Record, published at Pioche, Nevada, gives a lengthy account of the opening of valuable mining properties by Mr. Tulloch. We give a few extracts from the article:

"In a quiet, unassuming way, with energy, determination, faith and intelligence, this pioneer of prospectors has for seven years been digging on his holdings three miles west of Pioche. Two years ago, Mr. Samuel Doll, a wealthy mining investor of New Castle, Col., became interested with Mr. Tulloch, as also did Thos. Tulloch, and Ransom Tower. Since then actual development every day has been going on, their little wagon only going to town after supplies and mail, and the result has been the redemption of a condemned district.

The holdings of these gentlemen consist of nine full mineral claims contiguous to one another, the most important of which are the Apier, Cuperite, King, and Golden Fleece.

The mineral conditions surrounding this group of claims and the development done warrants the belief that it is one of the most notorious mining propositions in the Ely District, and that it will, under favorable transportation and reduction facilities, produce a fortune for its owners.

That they deserve success and have the good will of all, every one in this section will concede, for they are among the camp builders and are doing it well."

## Aerial Navigation

A London despatch quotes Dr. Alexander Graham-Bell as stating that it was only a question of a brief period when the progress of aerial navigation would make it possible to have dinner in America and breakfast the next morning in Europe, covering the distance across the Atlantic in considerably less than twenty hours.

"My expectation," said Dr. Bell, "is that an airship will be perfected capable of making 150 to 200 miles an hour. My opinion, however, is that the next step in aerial flight will take the form of such improvements as will make possible the creation of aerial battleships."

The actual problem of the navigation of the air has already been solved by the Wright Bros. Naturally there will be development along commercial lines, a feature of which will be a great increase in speed, but the most attention will be paid to adapting airships to the purposes of war. My belief is that America will be the first country to perfect aerial battleships. This belief is based on inside information, and from the source I get reliable statements on which I base my prediction of the early production of an airship of enormous speed.

I am confident that it will not be long before flying machines will be everywhere. The developments of the next few months will be unprecedented, but the most interesting point is that only very few know how near America is right now to solving a question which will revolutionize warfare throughout the world. I mean the construction of a practical aerial battleship."

The bill introduced to empower the Ontario courts to dissolve marriages between boys and girls under eighteen years of age, without their parents' consent, was defeated in the House at Ottawa.

E. B. Davis, a well-known mining man, who has been carrying on operations in North Hastings, has disappeared. Some time ago he left Madoc for the Bannockburn mines, and before going gave a valuable diamond to James Cockram, proprietor of the St. Lawrence Hall, to keep for him. Since then he has not been seen. The missing man is about 56 years of age.

## Relief From Rheumatic Pains

"I suffered with rheumatism for over two years," says Mr. Roland Curry, a patrolman, of Key West, Fla. "Sometimes it settled in my knees and lamed me so I could hardly walk, at other times it would be in my feet and hands so I was incapacitated for duty. One night when I was in severe pain and lame from it my wife went to the drug store here and came back with a bottle of Chamberlain's Pain Balm. I was rubbed with it and found the pain had nearly gone during the night. I kept on using it for a little more than two weeks and found that it drove the rheumatism away. I have not had any trouble from that disease for over three months." For sale by J. S. Morton.

## Wellman's Corners

The Women's Institute held their monthly meeting at the home of Miss Preston on the 18th inst. The President, Mrs. R. Totton, occupied the chair. Mrs. Graham gave a paper on "Woman's Influence in the Home." Mrs. Fred Snarr gave a humorous reading, and Miss Preston a recitation, which also abounded in humor. Miss Wootton brought some beautiful fancy work and demonstrated how it was done. Miss Rainie exhibited a new pattern for the repairing of hose, in which the majority of the ladies showed great interest. The Secretary read a communication from the Secretary of the Spring Brook Institute, making inquiries concerning our wishes as to a session when the delegates come to our annual meeting, and who will be here on June 26th. A resolution was passed that we have two sessions on that occasion. After the usual vote of thanks to the hostess, the meeting closed with the singing of the national anthem. There were a large number present, and all agree that we had a very enjoyable meeting. The next meeting will be held at the residence of Mrs. John Snarr on the 16th of May. A large attendance is requested, as the election of officers for the coming year will be held.

Mr. and Mrs. T. McCann of Campbellford were guests at Mr. Jas. Whitton's on Sunday last.

Misses Clara and Mary Sharpe, Lena and Iva Reid, and Hadel Anderson were guests of Miss Nellie Totton on Sunday.

Miss Haight, of Belleville, is visiting at Mr. Wm. Morton's.

Mr. Fred Hoover, of Vancouver, B.C., is home on a visit to his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Hoover.

## Chatterton Chips

The blacksmith shop is again in full blast, under the able management of Robt. Cosbey. The outlook was rather gloomy a while ago, but now with two or three new families moving in, the blacksmith shop running and a prospect of the mill starting up again, it looks brighter.

The farmers commenced seeding last week, but in spite of predictions of an early spring the season is very backward, there being no growth yet.

Mr. Edward Sine is very ill. We hope for a speedy recovery.

Mrs. Gilbert Frederick, who has been confined to her bed for ten weeks, is recovering.

Mr. Andrew Lithgow and family have moved to Toronto, where he has secured a good position with the City Dairy Co. While we wish them every success we are sorry to lose them from the neighborhood.

Our postmaster, who has been confined to his bed for two or three weeks with la grippe and bronchitis, is able to be out again.

There has been a great deal of sickness around here this winter and spring and Dr. Bert Faulkner has been kept on the jump.

## Madoc

From the Review

W. F. Ashley, who has been local agent for the Massey-Harris Co. in Madoc, has accepted the position as expert, and left on Monday to resume his duties in other districts.

Mr. C. F. Aylesworth, jr., D.L.S., left for the west on Thursday last to resume his operations on the Government survey. He was accompanied by Lt.-Col. J. R. Orr, who will spend a few months in the western country recuperating his health.

The many friends of Mrs. Muldrew will be glad to learn that she has been asked to fill an important position in the new Macdonald Agricultural College for the Province of Quebec. This College has been built and endowed by Sir William Macdonald of Montreal, and is affiliated with McGill University. It is to provide instruction in Agriculture for boys and courses in Home Economics for girls. At present accommodation is being provided for 800 boys and 220 girls. Mrs. Muldrew is to be house-mother of the Women's Residence, her duties to begin August 1st.

A Havelock despatch says: It is reported that the C. P. R. Company have bought a considerable amount of property here to the south of the yards, which will be used for sidings. When the Georgian Bay grain route from Victoria Harbor is completed it is likely that Havelock will be a divisional point.

## Good Words for Chamberlain's Cough Remedy

People everywhere take pleasure in testifying to the good qualities of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. Mrs. Edward Phillips of Barclay, Md., writes: "I wish to tell you that I can recommend Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. My little girl, Catherine, who is two years old, has been taking this remedy whenever she has had a cold, since she was two months old. About a month ago I contracted a dreadful cold myself, but I took Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and was soon as well as ever." This remedy is for sale by J. S. Morton.

## THE SOVEREIGN BANK OF CANADA

Notice is hereby given that a dividend of one and one-half per cent. (1½%) for the current quarter, being at the rate of six per cent. (6%) per annum on the capital stock of this bank, has been declared, and that the same will be payable at the head office and at the branches, on and after the 16th day of May next.

The transfer books will be closed from the 1st to the 15th of May, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board,

D. M. STEWART,  
General Manager.

Toronto, 30th March, 1907.  
STIRLING, HAVELock, MARMORA.  
STIRLING BRANCH. W. R. HOWSON, Manager.

## £ Sterling Hall

## "Home Goods Sale"

Now is the time to think about Home Furnishings. Stocks are at their best, prices their lowest, and the season of want is upon you.

This Store's business in home furnishings has grown to large proportions because of good assortment and best values.

Don't wait, but have the look now, and be convinced that here there are many buying advantages.

## FLOOR COVERINGS

When you buy at to-day's prices it is good buying. Prices have been up at the mills for some time, and retail prices must soon advance. Get busy and make your Spring purchases. It will pay you.

## STAIR CARPETS

Hemp, Unions and Tapestry, designs, colorings and prices to please at 25, 30, 35, 50, 60, 75c.

## TAPESTRY CARPETS

Unmatchable values in heavy English Tapestry at 35, 50, 60, 75c.

## CARPET SQUARES

Heavy English qualities, in Floral and Oriental designs, sizes 2½ x 3, 3 x 3½, 3 x 4, at \$7, \$8, \$10.

## HEMP CARPETS

Where cheapness and durability are essential don't forget this line. We have a few good deals still to offer, notwithstanding the advanced market prices.

Hemp Carpets 32 inches wide at 10c, 12½c, 15c.

" " 36 " " " 20c, 25c, 30c.

## LINOLEUMS

In Floral Block and Oak plank designs, 2, 3, and 4 yards wide, at 35c, 40c. and 50c. square yard, and of approved quality.

Linoleum Striping, heavy quality, 5/8 yd. wide, Fancy borders, brown and green grounds, at 35c. per yard.

## CARPET REMNANTS

In Tapestry, Velvet, Brussels and Wools, 10 to 20 yds to the remnant, at 25 per cent off regular value.

## LACE CURTAINS

Don't feel satisfied until you have seen our immense stock and assortment in this line. The designs shown, while at once new and dainty, are not of the common order, and appeal strongly to the trained artistic taste of the homemaker. To see is to approve and buy. Ask for our Curtain catalogue. It will give suggestions in draping and hanging.

Prices go easy at 25c, 35c, 50c, 75c, \$1.00, \$1.25, \$1.50 to \$5.00.

## ART MUSLINS and SCRIMS

There's money saving prices here just now on these desirable goods. New and desirable lines of Art Muslins in chic patterns, regular 12½c, 15c, and 20c. goods, for 10c, 12½c, and 15c. per yard.

Scrims at 7c, 10c, and 12½c.

Art Sateens at 15c, 20c. 25c.

## COCOA DOOR MATS

Size 15 x 22 inches, at 25c. each.

" 19 x 27 " " 35c. "

## 10c. Bargain Exchange. 10c.

Some specially good deals just now on our 10c. bargain Table in China and Glassware. Take a look at the Bargain Table in front of the office.

## W. R. MATHER,

Direct Importer of Staple and Fancy Dry Goods and Retailer of Everything to wear for Everybody.

## House and Lots for Sale

A Brick House and Lot on John street, Stirling, and also four lots adjoining. Will be sold together or separately, as desired. A perfect title guaranteed. For terms and further particulars apply to  
MRS. JOHN GALLAGHER, Stirling.

## For Sale

The subscriber offers for sale ten acres of land, with good house and barn, situated on the east side of Henry street, just outside the corporation of the village of Stirling. For terms and further particulars apply to  
C. H. WINTER.



## CURRENT TOPICS.

Dr. Jameson of South Africa is a man of large hopes and large ideas. Had he been otherwise he would not have been the friend and agent of Cecil Rhodes. In 1890 Dr. Jameson hoped that his bold but hopeless dash on Johannesburg would bring South Africa under the British flag. At the opening of the Colonial Conference a few days ago he expressed the hope that South Africa would be consolidated and represented at the next conference by a Premier. It is probably much too early in the game for any such consummation.

That there will some day be a federal South Africa, a union like that of Canada or Australia, is little short of inevitable. It is the logic of the situation. As the provinces of Canada united and became the Dominion of Canada, and as the colonies of that region became the Commonwealth of Australia, so in the fulness of time will there arise a united South Africa extending from Lake Tanganyika to Cape Agulhas. It will be another of those great political institutions which have developed under British rule and control.

In their progress toward such a state the people of South Africa are as yet heavily handicapped in one way. Sentiment counts for much. All men desire the right to include themselves in some specifically named group. The settler in Canada becomes a Canadian; in Australia he is an Australian; in New Zealand a New Zealander; and even in smaller places he may be a Newfoundland, a Jamaican, or a Bermudian. In South Africa about all that a man can become is a rather vague colonial. In time the term Afrikaner will in all probability be adopted. At present it is somewhat discredited through its use by the Boers.

It is not likely to come before the next Colonial Conference, but the day will probably come when the people of a united South Africa will be as proud of being Afrikaners as the people of Canada and Australia now are of being Canadians and Australians.

Fast and he's Samson. G. Low, an English physicist, has been able to raise a million pounds—100 pounds a thousand times—in less than thirty-five minutes. Less than one meal a day is Low's habit when in training. Besides being wonderfully endowed by nature with muscle and nerve force, Low trains with walking and deep breathing combined with light gymnastic work and keeps out of doors as much as possible. During the two months he was in special training for a million pound lift he lived on one meal a day for the first five weeks. This meal consisted of three eggs, half a loaf of whole wheat bread, fresh fruit, cereals, and nuts, with one glass of milk taken afterwards. As an experiment he ate meat twice in this period, but found it detrimental and ceased using it. The last three weeks he ate but four meals a week, made up of the same menu as before. The feat was accomplished as a scientific test before more than fifty experts, including physicians, food specialists, university professors, teachers of physical culture, and well known athletes. Low lost in actual weight 5½ pounds during the half hour he was performing. Immediately after the 800,000 pound mark had been reached his pulse registered only 85, an increase of 13 beats, showing a wonderful condition of heart and circulation. His respiration had increased only in volume and not in velocity. A further evidence of his superb condition was seen when he increased the speed as the lift progressed.

## HUNTER SHOT ON RIFLE RANGE.

Soldiers at Practice Sent a Bullet Through His Head.

A tragedy attended the last meet of the season the other day of the Rifles and Knapp Hill Harriers. Robert Spens, the son of Nathaniel Spens, of Frimley Park, England, being accidentally shot by some soldiers at practice.

The accident was an extraordinary one. The meet took place near Frimley, and a large field was present. Very soon a fox was put up, and the hounds led the field across Normandy Common, and up the eastern slopes of the Fox Hills.

The western slopes of the hills are occupied by the Ash Ranges of the Aldershot command, and on these a number of soldiers were engaged in firing practice. A small plateau at the top of the hills divided the two slopes, and the danger zone at the back of the range is marked out by rows of red posts.

There were not noticed by the hunt, however, as they galloped along in the line of the two slopes, and the danger was in serious danger from an exclamation by the master, who felt a bullet whizz by his face.

He turned his own horse, and promptly shot to the others to ride back for their lives, but at that moment Mr. Spens was seen to fall from his horse. There was a rush to his side, but it was too late. A bullet had passed through his head, killing him instantly. Mrs. Spens, the mother of the young man, was taking part in the hunt, and was one of the first to reach his side.

While some of the huntsmen rode off to stop the soldiers at their practice, others obtained an ambulance, and the body was removed to Frimley Park.

## CANADA SUITS THIS LADY

ENGLISHWOMAN'S EXPERIENCES IN ONTARIO.

Great Future Awaits People With Capital as Well as Laborers in This Country.

Just now the suitability of Canada for English people of different classes is being canvassed on both sides of the Atlantic. Usually the discussion ranges around the chances for the laborer, the small farmer, and the artisan with little or no capital. In an article in the London Express a lady signing herself "C. D. Oxford," sets forth the opportunities Eastern Canada, particularly Ontario, offers to those of the English middle class with means or less capital. As being different from the ordinary point of view, and interesting on that account the article is reproduced in full. It reads:

As an Englishwoman long resident in Canada, I have read with much interest the interview with Mrs. Simpson Haynes, and the article subsequently published in The Express regarding the demand in Canada for educated women.

I would add to the discussion the experience of an Englishwoman who has now become a Canadian, and has brought up a family of seven children in the Dominion. In certain sections of England the idea prevails that, while the advantages which the emigrant from the labor and artisan class may enjoy in Canada are undeniable, the gentle-born would find little incentive to migrate. This idea may have gained credence through the experience of the Canadian Government Immigration Department to encourage the emigration of the agricultural laborer and domestic servant, in deference, it may be supposed, to the crying need for this class in a country which is only on the verge of real development.

But it is an erroneous idea that no one else may profit from emigration. A great portion of Eastern Canada, as highly civilized, though not as thickly populated, as the Motherland. While, however, the picturesque incident of the laborer who migrated with only sufficient money to pay his fare to Winnipeg, six years ago, and is now a member of the municipal council of the town near which he located, and has a snug little sum in the bank, is set forth to attract his fellows, little or nothing is heard of people who, like ourselves, went to Canada with a fair amount of capital, which has grown in bulk, thanks to the buying Canadian lands, and who have not relinquished the traditions and habits of life which were ours in this country.

### LAND OF OPPORTUNITIES.

Canada is a land of magnificent distances, and consequently it presents magnificent opportunities for men, women, and, above all, children of every class.

A husband was a member of a well-known country family, was possessed of a fairly comfortable income, which was not, however, sufficient to allow of his keeping pace with the growing demands of an increasing family and the many channels of outlay which a man of his position has to meet in England. He migrated to Eastern Canada, where the two eldest children were mere babes, and he has never since for one instant had cause to regret the move.

His husband found employment which was congenial to him, and we settled in an eastern town. We have traveled the length and breadth of Canada, and have friends scattered throughout the Dominion. Our two eldest boys were educated primarily at one of the Government schools, where the system is excellently well calculated to prepare them for the life before them, and the fees are moderate. Later they went to one of the large public schools, based much on the same principle as the public schools in England, and from this school they entered Trinity College, Toronto, where many of the professors are Oxford and Cambridge men.

### GIRLS AND BOYS.

One of our boys entered the Imperial army through the Military College at Kingston, and will shortly be exchanged into the Canadian Regular Army at Halifax. The three girls received their grounding from an English governess, and they have been for three years at the Cheltenham of Canada, Haverhill College, Toronto, a most flourishing college, presided over by the sister of one of our English bishops, and with a staff of women holding first-class Oxford and Cambridge degrees.

Our eldest boy is now a bank clerk in one of the Western towns, owning his "brougham," and a member of one of the smartest polo clubs in the Dominion, and enjoying an existence unknown to any bank clerk in this country.

Society in Canada is delightful. It is true that you are in the midst of what is social evolution in its most unaccomplished form; but you will find congenial "sets," within what is known as society, which answer your particular requirements. Those who delight in what is called "smart society" will find it easy to find the society they desire, which is a lively, musical and artistic, and quiet circles to be found in every community.

### MELBA AND MARIE HALL.

We go to Toronto to hear great artists like Melba and Marie Hall. Music is far advanced in all the large cities, and the daughter of Lord Minto, the ex-Governor-General, passed her examination at the Toronto College of Music. Sports fill a great part in Canadian life. Golf clubs, tennis and rowing clubs, hunt and country clubs are filled with men and women who are a cheery, wholesome-minded lot, whom it is a pleasure to meet. There is a freedom from chaperones, but this is a tribute to the excellent moral tone which pervades all Canadian communities. There is not the division between young and old noticeable in England, and a sort of cord-of-understanding prevails which does not, however, mean the extinction of the parent noticeable in the United States.

We have openings for every one of our boys assigned, and have educated

them with a definite good in view. My girls are happy, strong, self-reliant and extremely well-informed in all that concerns current affairs. We have relinquished none of the traditions of our forefathers, but we have a wider outlook than those who remained in the same old rut of ceaseless striving to make ends meet in this overtaxed rate-burdened portion of the Empire. We owned not an acre of land in England. To-day we have a homestead in a pleasant town and a large slice of our capital invested in Canadian Pacific Railway lands in the Canadian Northwest.

I write this on the eve of our return to Canada, booking our passages from the Canadian Pacific Railway offices at Claring Cross with as much ease as one might expect one's ticket for the Crystal Palace. Our ocean voyages are a delight in the palatial turbine steamers which have converted the Atlantic Ocean into a "mere ferry"; and we hail with joy the prospect of the spring which awaits us in one of our fruit-growing districts of Ontario, a veritable garden of blossoms in May and June.

### THREE HORSE STORIES.

From Ireland, California and South African Rhodesia.

What is said to have been one of the most surprising feats of horsemanship in all Ireland is credited to the late Empress of Austria. After a desperate chase a fox leaped the wall of Maynooth college, where the students were immediately pacing to the rescue. A few seconds later the ground the young empress was about to take up the chase themselves when a beautiful woman, superbly mounted, cleared the wall in pursuit of the quarry. It was the Empress. Dr. Walsh, the present Roman Catholic Archbishop of Dublin, received his unexpected guest with gracious courtesy. The chase had taken her through deep water and her wet, clinging garments suggested the desirability of a change. But there was not a shred of female attire at Maynooth College, so the Empress threw her shoulders an academical gown belonging to Dr. Walsh. In exchange for her wrap the Empress pressed upon the future archbishop a diamond ring, and upon her return to Austria she sent to the college a superb statuette, in solid silver, of St. George and the Dragon, and for Dr. Walsh vestments of silk and gold worked with shamrocks in green silk.

Here is a story of a wonderful jumping horse as told by an English journalist: "A California cowboy was taking steers to Leadville and had camped for the night on Bear river near its junction with the Little Snake. In the middle of the night something occurred to stampede the cattle. The man mounted his bronco and rode hither and thither on the flank of the herd until their fright had died away. Four or five times the rider felt his horse give tremendous leaps, and with daybreak he discovered the cause. The cattle had climbed on to a level plateau which is intersected by a canyon four miles long and from 1,500 to 2,000 feet deep. At intervals the distance is fifteen or twenty feet. In riding the man had kept the steers circling about this plateau. A dozen of them, he found, had fallen down the canyon and been killed. Hoof marks showed him that the great jumps made by his horse were occasioned by the animal's clearing the canyon each time it came to the taking-off spot."

Gertrude Page, author of "Life in Rhodesia," tells of a very intelligent South African horse: "Smoke is the delicate animal's name, and in all Rhodesia for character and endurance he probably has no rival. One tells of how he carried him up a kopje like a house side, looking round occasionally to make sure his rider had not slipped off his back. 'You have got to keep your seat to show him he did it,' he explained, and he must positively now and then have hung around trees with his forelegs.' Another will describe how he steps over a little ledge a few inches wide across a river without turning a hair."

### WOMEN'S EARS CUT OFF.

Gang of Toughs in Marseilles Terrorize Community.

The latest exploit of the hoodlums of Marseilles, France, has struck terror into the heart of every woman in that city. A few nights ago a woman on her way home was suddenly approached on the Quai du Vieux Port by a stranger and asked to hand over her gold earrings. She refused, and in a minute and a half she was screaming and fell fainting to the pavement. When she was picked up by a policeman it was found that both of her left ear had been cut off, and the earring with it.

A woman wearing a pair of pearl earrings was accosted by two well-dressed men in a quiet street, and asked to give up her earrings. She offered resistance and screamed. In an instant her left ear was cut entirely off and the thief ran away with the ear. Another woman lost both ears. Quite a number of women have been similarly robbed during the last few days.

Several ears have been found, and M. Cavalier, the Marseilles judge d'instruction, has had them preserved in alcohol. In one case the assailant has been captured, and is now being tried before the Assize court, when the ear will be produced as evidence.

One result of the crimes is that the women of Marseilles have now begun to discard earrings altogether.

### RAPACIOUS TYRANT!

"Does your landlord come around for the rent promptly?" "He does worse than that! He makes us around to him and pay it promptly!"

### CHANGE.

He used to speak of "man and wife," but now since women plan to be the boss of the home, it should be "wife and man."

So much enthusiasm is wasted at the start of most enterprises that there is but little left at the finish.

## MOST PECULIAR HOUSE

VISIT TO M. KNAPP, OF TROYES, IS A WEIRD EXPERIENCE.

Places Where Electricity is Used for Cooking, Waiting on Table, and Dish-washing.

One feels as if one were going over a chapter from Jules Verne or the "Arabian Nights" when one reads the account given in La Vie Illustrée of a visit to the house of M. George Knapp of Troyes, France.

It was 8 o'clock in the evening when the guest reached M. Knapp's gate and pressed an electric button. In a few seconds a flood of light burst violently from an electric projector, brilliantly illuminating the gateway.

"I am on one side," declares the man, but the light moved also. Perplexed and startled, I stepped again to the right; the light followed me. In a few seconds more the garden path was illumined in its turn, while a clear, strong voice rang out from a stone pillar and said: "Welcome!"

"Ah! it's you, cher monsieur! I didn't recognize you. Come in! You're welcome! All the others are here, and we're waiting for you." At the same moment I heard the lock unfasten and the gate opened wide before me as if moved by an invisible hand. I was alone in the long deserted path; the same mocking voice cried out from its pillar: "Welcome!"

"Why don't you come in?" Hearing a sound behind me I turned instinctively and saw the gate gently closing. I felt that I was being observed, that my every movement was being spied upon. But by whom? From what quarter? I saw nothing and as I pressed forward I muttered between my teeth: "JOVE, BUT THIS UNCANNY!"

"There is nothing uncanny about it," replied my invisible interlocutor, who seemed to be dogging my footsteps. "Don't worry. Come this way; now turn to the right. Here you are, Monsieur, monsieur! I'm waiting for you in the vestibule."

My foot touched the first step of the porch I felt a gentle friction upon its sole. What was repairing my boots before I entered? Between the narrow boards of the porch I saw the bristles of the brush that so vigilantly guarded the cleanliness of the stairway.

Following my host, who received me at the threshold, I entered the study—a veritable laboratory in which were assembled all the instruments of modern chemistry and mechanics. With the genial smile that never leaves him, he said to me: "You are now in the realm of the fairy Electricity. If you like, we'll pass on into the dining room, where several friends who have been kind enough to accept my invitation are awaiting us."

As I sat down around the table, in the centre of which were several ornate epergnes; then, between these epergnes and the guest, an elliptical open space bordered by a band of silver-plated metal; then, in front of each cover, a bar—half silver, half glass—making a circular rail dividing off the open part of the table. A bunch of flowers with slender stems sprang from the central epergne; also there were huge Parma violets.

"We're going to have things all to ourselves all the while," said our host. "No servants will come near us." His hand pressed upon a little four-footed pedestal provided with keys and a many-colored card, the master of a feast—waited without speaking at the moment and we were enabled to hear a slight tinkling and then a sound like the rolling of drums in the room beneath us. All at once the light streamed forth, the great flowers of the central epergne suddenly became incandescent, and the violets upon the table formed

AN ARTISTIC GLOWING GARLAND. And now the steaming supper made its appearance, borne upon a disk let into the table at one end of the elliptical open space. Without a sound it moved toward the place of honor, and the guest, the guest he leaned forward a little to grasp it, but you would have believed this intelligent supper had read his mind for the plate turned around of itself and brought the spoon to his hand. Then it passed on silently and after a little came back to proffer a second helping.

After the supper came a basket into which we put our dishes. In twenty seconds our twelve covers had disappeared and returned to the room below. The bread basket and the bottles borne upon special supports came next, and then the supper continued, the viands being set before the guests in plates warmed by electricity.

Moving my feet about beneath the table, I found that I had been favored, like the rest of the company, with an electric foot warmer, which I could turn on or off by pressing the toe of my foot upon a little lever alongside it.

As the repast came to an end, the room became quite warm. The magician then said, "One degree more, and a fresh breeze will come in." Two minutes later the air began to stir around the table, and the temperature changed in a few moments.

When the mercury rose to the highest point permitted, it had closed the circuit of an electric ventilator in the basement, which let in, beneath the table, a current of air cooled by perfumed water, and this enabled us to avoid draughts from open windows.

After the dessert, which made its appearance upon a platter blazing with the thousand colored flames, we asked our host to take us behind the scenes. Our first objective was the kitchen.

Upon the walls were all sorts of apparatus—levers, commutators, amperemeters, disjunctors, and rheostats upon which shone a row of electric lights. The range and even were made of aluminum in novel shapes.

HERE WAS THE ELECTRIC OVEN.

In which the delicious fowl was roasted

which we had just eaten. The interior of this oven is composed of a series of reflectors and its top contains incandescent lights, by whose rays the roasting is accomplished.

This curious roasting process begins at the centre, the outside being done last. The operation is perfectly regular, and is complete—according to the weight of the fowl—in from twenty to thirty minutes.

Now, as the current passes through an ingenious timepiece, regulated in advance, the fire goes out as soon as the fowl is roasted and a bell announces that "Madame est servie."

Eggs in a coquer are boiled without water by rays of light. Mayonnaise sauce is prepared in three minutes; when it is done the motor stops automatically and a bell rings.

In a corner we saw upon a revolving table all the culinary apparatus run by electricity—the meat chopper, the churning machine for making butter, the grinders of coffee, the preparation of creams and sauces and the sharpening of knives. To secure the work you want done you have only to press a lever and the process goes forward without noise or the need of surveillance.

An electric machine washes dishes, fifty at once, in thirty seconds, and you don't have to wipe them, for they come out clean, dry and shining. We next noted the long table, in the middle of which is the clever dumb-waiter that carries the dishes to the dining room just over it. The whole thing works automatically.

Big as the lever to "Up" and it starts on its way and halts at the end of its journey. Bring the lever to "Down" and it makes ready to receive a new dish. The electro-mechanical apparatus which opens the great door and whose working had so puzzled me is to be seen close by. After a rapid inspection of it I understood why I had been seen why I had been heard and how I had been answered, although no one had been near me; again it was electricity that

### PERFORMED THE FEAT.

Electric spies are posted almost everywhere, even in the garden, and the slightest word is grasped in special receivers.

The contrivance for opening the door involves a switchboard that plays the part of a concierge whose vigilance and accuracy are perfect. A bronze head occupies one side of it, the eyebrows bearing the words "Entree" and "Service" and the mouth the word "Lettres."

If you ring at the outer gate the eye corresponding to this indication turns white, so that it is made known at the entrance you have rung. If the postman drops the mail into the box the tongue darts forth from the mouth and substitutes the word "Courrier" for the word "Vide."

As for the powerful electrophone, that can carry the human voice a long way and still leave it so clear, it is provided with a little lever that enables you to disguise your voice so that you can't inform visitors that you aren't at home.

And now observe how near the doors of each apartment, are set certain instruments working like automatic fire alarms regulated to report any previously determined degree of heat. Winter or summer, if the temperature rises above the degree indicated at the moment, all the bells in the house are set ringing.

Next visit to the sleeping rooms. Upon the night table a tiny switchboard on an infinitesimal standard. Turn a button, and the electric warning pan in the bed becomes hot.

Turn another button and your sixteen candle electric light begins to shine at a cost of a tenth of a cent an hour. When morning comes turn still another button, and your curtains and blinds open electrically. From the "office" at another signal come the newspapers and the coffee or chocolate without needing any one to bring them.

And now a visit to the laundry, where a little dynamo turns the two rotary washing machines. In the first the linen turns about twenty minutes, in the second about the same length of time. A complete drying apparatus completes the plant.

When we returned to the drawing room our host coolly announced that all room our host coolly announced that all this was only a beginning. He has in the den the production of a sort of light denatured from the sun as to foot plants growing in it, dyed stuffs to bleach in it, and even atoms to vibrate in the neighborhood of its arc.

Would you like to write a letter? You need only dial it on the gravophone and it will emerge from a legitimate English hand; it will be as good as possible, given the desired degree of sensitiveness, to apply it to the telephone so that a subscriber could receive messages in the name of the person he wished to reach. He happened to be out, as achieved by M. Suel are the marvels that qualify George Knapp as the successor to Jules Verne, and even to Antoine Galland.

### POSES AS PRINCE.

Bohus Nephew of Menelik Seeks Loan From English Mayor.

A strange story was told to the Mayor of Grimsby, England, the other day by a colored man, who called himself Prince Thomas Makarok, nephew of Menelik, King of Abyssinia.

The Mayor was rung up on the telephone at 6 o'clock in the morning from one of the principal hotels of the town. "I'm Prince Makarok, of North Africa," said the voice. "I have just landed on from Hamburg, and before going on to Buckingham Palace I should like to see you."

The Mayor, Alderman Pickwell, made an appointment for later in the morning, and the "Prince" in full hat and fashionable coat, drove up to the Grimsby Town Hall. He explained that he had been in communication with Buckingham Palace in regard to the appointment of the Zulus as a consequence of the importation of Chinese labor into South Africa, that he had been robbed of 4,000 roubles, a watch and 1,000 marks, and that he wanted a temporary loan.

Inspector Bagley, who was consulted by the Mayor, identified the "Prince" as "Khat Jim," a man with a criminal record. He confronted him with his photograph, and detained him pending enquiries.

## GIRLS SEW IN CHURCH

PRACTICAL CHRISTIANITY SHOWN IN THIS CASE.

Railway Companies Make Big Reductions in Fares for Benefit of Workingmen.

At least one city church is attempting to grapple in a practical way with a daily problem of London's (England) world of work. This is the unhappy position of those boy and girl employees who start work at nine or half-past but are too poor to travel by ordinary fares, and have to come up to town by women's tickets early in the morning.

From 6.30 a.m. to 9 a.m. every weekday the old church of All Hallows, London Wall, opens its doors to give shelter to hundreds of workers who would otherwise have to spend an hour or two on the streets before their day's duties begin.

### TO SAVE PENNIES.

These are employees of city firms compelled to avail themselves of the cheap fares issued by the railway companies to poor people who arrive in the city before 7 a.m. What can they do until they are due at the office, factory, or shop at eight or nine o'clock.

Thanks to the practical Christianity of the Rector, the Rev. Montague Fowler, and his fellow workers, they can rest in All Hallows Church.

From all parts they come—Walthamstow, Poplar, Edmonton, Stratford, Enfield, Leyton, Seven Sisters, Clapton, and many of them are mere boys and girls who have left home soon after five o'clock in the morning just to save the few pence constituting the difference between the cheap and the ordinary fares.

### ALL ARE WELCOME.

The girls and women are welcomed and accommodated in the church, while the men and boys are admitted to the adjoining men's hall. There is a library for the use of the visitors in both, voluntary organists play hymns, and each morning one of the clergymen of the church conducts a short service, both in the church and in the hall, with a simple, practical address.

It is an unusual and interesting sight to see the women and girls sewing in the church. They are all permitted to bring their own mending or knitting, and busy fingers ply needle and thread while the words of the preacher, homely and to the point, are attentively listened to.

The average number of those resting in the church is nearly 300 daily, and of men and lads in the hall about 120. Anglicans, Roman Catholics, Nonconformists, Jews, and those who profess no religion at all may be found here.

### SUBSTANTIAL REDUCTIONS.

The traffic superintendent of the North London Railway said:—

"Our fares—even the ordinary ones—could not well be much cheaper. From Bond Street to Poplar or Chalk Farm, the ordinary return fare is 5d., compared with 2d. on the workmen's trains, and from Broad Street to Homerton 4d., as compared with 2d."

The Great Eastern Railway had just the same story to tell. "All our labor workmen's trains are always overcrowded, and it would be indescribably worse if the fares were extended."

We make every reasonable provision for the workman; and our season ticket rates are extremely cheap. For instance, from Enfield to Liverpool street, a distance of 10½ miles, the ordinary return fare is 3d., while workmen's fare is 2d. return.

From Walthamstow to Liverpool street the ordinary return fare is 3d., compared with 2d. between 5.00 and 6.40. From 6.47 to 6.58 there is a 3d. return fare, and so on, on a graduated scale."

### OFFICIALS PLOT WITH THIEVES.

Great Haul Made in a Raid on an Italian City.

The wholesale arrests of Italian railway officials, at Turin, implicated in the international train robberies, effected last week, were the outcome of repeated protests on the part of a Scotch gentleman, Walter Neilson, of Ayr, against the perambulations were ripped open and plundered between Medane and Genoa.

The Turin authorities, after weighing the circumstances of several hundred complaints from Scotchmen, became convinced that the culprits must be associated with the State railways' staff. Cavaliere Giampetro, who was appointed to superintend the secret investigations, discovered that a coterie of railway men were in the habit of meeting together frequently in a reserved saloon of a popular Turin cafe, where they were always joined by a certain Bossi, a pedler merchant, who seemed to be in a flourishing financial condition. On being more closely watched, the habitues of these reunions were noticed journeying often by express trains in which they had no business.

Nine arrests were made to begin with, including the suspected Bossi. The arrested officials, together with luncheon tickets of every description for opulent baggage. The police then raided their homes and a police warehouse replete by the pedler accumulated goods recovered from a complete hundreds of yards of silks and satins, neckties, handkerchiefs, boots, patent leather shoes, kodaks, and a host of other articles, as well as a wardrobe of perfectly paraphernalia.

That Englishman who was awakened at midnight in a Vienna hotel by a porter knocking at his door, and telling him the place was in flames, showed great coolness. "How far has the fire got?" he asked. "The fire is in the corridor," replied the porter, without moving. "As far as No. 20, sir," was the reply. "And what number is my room?" inquired the Englishman. "No. 100, sir," answered the porter. "Then wake me up again when the fire reaches No. 97," cried the voice from the bed.







THURSDAY, MAY 2, 1907.

## Education in Ontario

The report of the Minister of Education of the Province of Ontario for the year 1905 contains a vast amount of useful information regarding educational matters in the various provinces of the Dominion. While considerable progress is shown in many ways, especially in the increase in the salaries paid to the teachers, the Minister of Education makes some rather startling statements under the heading of "The Seriousness of the Present Public School Situation."

For some years the public school system of Ontario, as a whole, has been in an unsatisfactory condition. The following are evidences of the seriousness of the present situation:

1. The general discontent with the condition of the public schools, the rural schools in particular, as shown for years by adverse and widespread newspaper criticisms, by the complaints of public men, and by the representations of public school inspectors and other educationalists who know the situation at first hand.

2. The scarcity of teachers and the resulting lowering of the standard of qualification. The statistics demonstrate that for the number of temporary certificates lower than third class rose in rural schools from 463 in 1903 to 954 in 1905, and the number for the present year will show a still greater increase. The statistics of the urban schools make a better showing, for in the year, of 2,955 teachers in these, 88 held temporary or lower than third class; 232 third class, 2,159 second class, and 536 first class.

3. The larger number of female teachers and the decrease in the number of male teachers. In the rural schools, in 1903, 1,542 were males and 4,115 females; and in 1905, 1,320 were males and 4,371 females. Here the urban municipalities make a better showing, for in 1903, 520 were males, and 2,883 females; and in 1905, 519 were males and 2,406 females. The seriousness of the situation is, however, shown more unmistakably by the statistics of the Normal School attendance. In 1901, 131 male teachers attended the normal schools; and in 1902, 123; while in the lengthening of the term the numbers each year from 1903 to 1906 were only 14, 22, 18, 20; that is of a total attendance for these years only 74 were males.

4. The increase in the number of teachers who are young, in most cases from eighteen to twenty-one or twenty-two, and who remain teachers only a short time.

5. The general condition of the rural schools to-day in many sections is little, if at all, better than it was twenty or twenty-five years ago. As a class the rural schools have not been benefited by the prosperity of the country, nor have they advanced as have the high schools and universities. In the suitability of their accommodation and in their equipment, including libraries, etc., they are, generally speaking, relatively and absolutely defective. The best teachers, too, are leaving the rural schools and entering other occupations, or they are going west to the new provinces, where instead of the \$250, \$300, or \$350 they get here, they can readily obtain from \$600 to \$800 a year. In fact, for years our normal schools have been training teachers for Manitoba and the territories, and to keep up our supply we have had to resort to the products of the model schools.

## A Study of Breeds of Swine

An instructive pamphlet devoted to breeds of swine has been issued from Ottawa as Bulletin No. 11 of the Live Stock Branch. It deals with the history, characteristics and points of excellence of the six principal breeds reared in Canada. Commencing with a review of the origin of domestic swine the bulletin teaches that the many varieties that are found in various parts of the world are all descended from one original stock of wild hogs. The variations that were introduced by domestication upon the progenitors of our present breeds are followed out briefly. It is pointed out that confinement along with an ample supply of food soon effected great and lasting changes in conformation, disposition and aptitude of the animals. With these changes came about a breeding to type and color in various localities as suited the requirements and desires of the hog raisers, resulting in the course of time in establishing the present pure breeds.

The breeds described in the bulletin and represented by illustrations of typical animals are the Yorkshire, the Tamworth, the Berkshire, the Chester-White, the Poland-China, and the Duroc-Jersey. The first and second are described as bacon breeds, the third and fourth as midway between the bacon and the lard type, and the two remaining breeds as belonging to the lard producing class of hogs.

The improvement of the Yorkshire is traced down from 1760, the time of Robert Bakewell. It was not until 1890 that this breed was given a separate classification at English shows. Among the chief characteristics of the Yorkshire of the present day are its docility, vigor, muscular development and its excellent crossing qualities. They are said to be early maturing, reaching with good care a marketable condition, weighing from 180 to 220 lbs. at from 6 to 7 months old.

The Tamworth, which is also described as belonging to the large breeds, is traced from about 1815, when it is said to have been introduced into England from Ireland by Sir Robert Peel. The author of the bulletin claims that this breed is purer than any of the others, inasmuch as its improvement has been brought about almost entirely by selection of animals within the breed itself.

It is stated to have received little attention outside of the counties of Leicestershire, Staffordshire and North Hampshire until about 1870, when the bacon curers of England commenced a campaign against the then fashionable short, fat and heavy unsuited pig, which they found quite unsuited for bacon production. The Tamworth then came into prominence as an improver of some of the other English breeds. It seems to have maintained from the first its disposition to put on lean meat during its growth.

The Berkshire is stated to have assumed a fairly uniform and desirable type about the year 1825. It is said that at that time a fine appearing animal, very hardy, of good size and length, yet without coarseness. Unfortunately, owing to a fashion which prevailed some years afterwards, the Berkshire was developed into a thick, short animal with heavy jaw, thick neck and fat back. Later this style of hog became unpopular and the attention was again given to developing greater length, symmetry and fleshiness. As now found, the Berkshire exhibits desirable qualifications as a packers' animal.

The history of the Chester-White is extremely interesting. It is traced back to a pair of white hogs imported into Chester County, Pa., from England in 1816. This importation made a marked change in the swine of the district, with the result that the Chester-White rapidly grew in favor. In its early years it was fairly lengthy in type of body, but for many years past it has been classed as a corn belt hog of the thick backed sort. A few breeders in Canada, the bulletin states, have sought by selection and management to develop the form and was fairly lengthy in type of body, but for many years past it has been classed as a corn belt hog of the thick backed sort. A few breeders in Canada, the bulletin states, have sought by selection and management to develop the form and was fairly lengthy in type of body, but for many years past it has been classed as a corn belt hog of the thick backed sort.

The Poland-China and Duroc-Jersey have during the past ten years grown less and less popular in Canada. According to the author of the Bulletin, the only eight members of the Dominion Swine Breeders' Association bred Poland-Chinas and three bred Duroc-Jerseys.

With the description of each breed is published a scale of points by which, with the illustrations of typical animals, a valuable service is afforded in teaching the correct ideals to be looked for in selecting breeding animals. The author of the Bulletin is Mr. J. B. Spencer, B. S. A., who has in this work presented a systematic study of swine that should be highly appreciated not only by students of animal husbandry, but by swine raisers in all parts of Canada. Copies of the bulletin are obtainable by applying to the Live Stock Commissioner at Ottawa.

## Shop Licenses Cancelled

The license commissioners met at Marmora on Monday last and cancelled the shop licenses at Madoc, Marmora, and Bancroft. The hotel license at Coe Hill was also cut off. The hotel at Maynooth, recently built by Mr. P. Rody, is also without a license. The commissioners met a couple of weeks ago and transferred the license to Mr. Geo. Flynn, but Mr. P. Rody, who is at present in possession, claims that his rent is paid until next November, and refuses to vacate the premises. The house will therefore be without a license after the first of May unless some settlement can be effected between Rody and Doyle.—Bancroft Times.

## Could Thin Them Out.

The Hon. H. L. Dawes in his young manhood was an indifferent speaker. Participating in a law case soon after his admission to the bar before a North Adams justice of the peace, Dawes was opposed by an older attorney whose eloquence attracted a crowd that packed the courtroom. The justice was freely perspiring, and drawing off his coat in the midst of the lawyer's eloquent address, he said:

"Mr. Attorney, suppose you sit down and let Dawes begin to speak. I want to thin this out."

Piles get quick and certain relief from Dr. Shoop's Magic Ointment. Please note it is made alone for Piles, and its action is positive and certain. Itching, painful, protruding or blind piles disappear like magic by its use. Large nickel-capped glass jars 50c. Sold by J. S. Morton.

The Government will call for tenders for the publication of public school readers.

A C. P. R. train went through a burning bridge near Schreiber and three train men were killed.

The Government may refuse to grant licenses in municipalities where local option by-laws are upset on technicalities.

A project is almost completed for the establishment of a new fast Canadian steamship service on the Atlantic and Pacific.

The Dominion Postmaster-General has announced that the minimum salaries of country postmasters has been raised from \$25 to \$50 per annum.

A London barber has made a paste which he says will make the hair on a man's face so brittle that it can be entirely removed in ten minutes by merely rubbing it with the hand.

## Clubbing List.

THE NEWS-ARGUS will club with the following papers at the rates mentioned: The Weekly Globe.....\$1.50 The Weekly Mail & Empire, with premium picture.....1.80 The Family Herald & Weekly Star, with premium picture.....1.70 " " with picture and book.....1.85 The Weekly Sun.....1.80 The Toronto News (Daily).....2.25 The Toronto Star (Daily).....2.25 The Toronto Globe (Daily).....2.50 The Farmers' Advocate, weekly \$2.25 We recommend our readers to subscribe to the Farmers' Advocate and Home Magazine, the best Agricultural Journal in America.

## Sore Nipples

Any mother who has had experience with this distressing ailment will be pleased to know that it can be cured by applying Chamberlain's Salve as soon as the child is done nursing. Wipe off with a soft cloth before allowing the babe to nurse. Many trained nurses use this salve with best results. For sale by J. S. Morton

## THE MADSTONE.

Valuable Because Absorbent—A Clay Pipe Makes a Good One.

Physicians are often asked whether there really is any virtue in what are called madstones. One of them declares that these stones are of value, but that they would be of more value if their limitations were understood.

"There is no particular variety of stone or substance which may be designated exclusively as the madstone," he says. "I have seen many of them, so called, and no two were of exactly the same composition, geologically considered."

"Madstones act on the same principle that a blotting paper does when absorbing ink, and there is nothing that makes a better one than baked pipe-clay. A new clay pipe, procurable for a cent at nearly any store where tobacco is sold, cannot be excelled by any madstone, no matter how great its reputation."

"The effect can be clearly demonstrated by placing a common dry red brick in contact with the margin of a puddle of water and noticing what capillary attraction will accomplish. Therefore to be efficient the only necessity is for the stone to be porous and have strong adhesive and absorbent qualities. Nothing mysterious about it."

"I have seen several that appear to be concretions, either vesicular, renal or biliary, and were found in the bladder, kidney or liver of some animal—those taken from the deer supposed to be the best."

"When a person is bitten by a reptile or dog supposed to be mad and the poison stone applied to the wound the blotting paper action begins, and the blood, saliva from the mouth of the animal and whatever poison these fluids contain will naturally by capillary attraction be absorbed by and into the substance applied, no matter what name you may give it."

"The saying that if a stone sticks the wound is poisonous and if it does not take hold there is no venom present is untrue. If the stone is clean and dry it will adhere when moisture is within reach till it becomes saturated."

"For instance, a new red brick will absorb one pint of water. After the venom has been taken into the circulation the madstone is worthless, but as the victim is usually filled with whisky or alcohol at the same time the stone is being used the spirits may counteract the effect of the poison."

"I know of a stone which has a wide reputation and makes a good living for the family owning it. They never let it go out of their sight, and when the victim cannot be taken to the stone one member of the family can be hired to take the stone to the victim. In addition to traveling expenses, they charge \$5 for the application and \$2 extra for each hour that the stone sticks."

"This stone is busy a large part of the time. Not long since the stone held to a man's leg for over 100 hours, yet the man died. His life could have been saved if dependence had not been placed entirely in the stone."—Medical Brief.

## A "Touching" Story.

The young lady who had sat for a crayon portrait was not altogether pleased with the result. "It looks like me, of course," she said, inspecting it doubtfully, "and yet I think there are some things about it that ought to be changed."

She suggested that the eyes should have rather more of an upward look, that the right hand should be a little less prominent, that the hair should be made more wavy and that certain changes ought to be made in the drapery.

"That would require a great deal of retouching," said the artist, "and I should have to charge you about \$10 additional."

"Oh, dear!" she exclaimed with a pout. "I shall have to give it up. Papa won't stand my 'retouching' him to that extent."

## A Case in Point.

Of Sergeant Arabin, who had not a clear method of speech, it is related that he said to one criminal, "Prisoner at the bar, if ever there was a clearer case than this of a man robbing his master, this case is that case." At another time he said, "Prisoner at the bar, you have been found guilty on several indictments, and it is in my power to subject you to transportation for a period very considerably beyond the term of your natural life, but the court in its mercy will not go so far as lawfully might go, and the sentence is that you be transported for two periods of seven years each."—London Globe.

## Real Distress of Mind.

Dora—I'm in such distress of mind, and I want your advice. I am loved by three men, and I don't know which to accept. Clara—Which one has the most money? Dora—If I knew that, do you suppose I'd waste precious time running around for advice?

## Something More Recent.

"What was the cause of this rum-pus?" asked the judge. "Well, you see, judge," replied the policeman, "this man here and that woman there are married!" "Yes, yes, I know. But what other cause?"

## Setting Him Right.

"Er—really," began Mr. Chesty, "you have the advantage of me, sir. My memory, perhaps, is at fault, but—"

"No," interrupted Peppercy, "it isn't your memory, but your manners."

Wisdom alone is a science of other sciences and of itself.—Plato.

## THE SPHINX.

Nothing by Which We Can Accurately Tell Its Age.

The great sphinx of Gizeh bears no inscription by which we can tell its date. In 1810 Cavaglia, who in modern times was the first to clear away the sand, found between its paws a stela of the reign of Thothmes IV., and therefore it was believed that the sphinx was carved by that monarch. But in 1855 the excavations of Mariette uncovered a stela bearing the name of Cheops, on which is a reference to the sphinx. The inscription is evidently of a late period, but is supposed to be an exact copy of an ancient carving, and the translation seemed to place the sphinx earlier than the pyramids and consequently to prove it the most ancient piece of work in the world. Still there remained four lines carved on the base which could not be read, but M. Daressy deciphered them, and it appears that the inscription is in two parts. In the earlier lines there is no mention of the sphinx, but the lines which date from the Persian occupation mention the repair of the sphinx. There is, therefore, nothing by which we can tell the date of the monument, and the only evidence we have is the headress of the Colossus. Its hood is ornamented behind with three bands, a large one between two smaller bands. Now, this is a fashion which only existed toward the end of the twelfth dynasty in the reigns of Sesotris III. and Amenhotep III. As this fashion showed much zeal for the god Harmakim, whose portrait the sphinx is, it is probable that the monument is the work of Amenhotep III.—London Globe.

## THE WALRUS ON LAND.

It Is Just About as Helpless as a Canoeist Would Be.

As might be expected, a walrus is about as helpless on land as a canoeist. It is with no little difficulty and much hitching and floundering that he drags his huge bulk upon a sandy shore even with the boosting he gets from behind by the breakers as they roll in and dash against him. His hind flippers are of little use on land, and on sand or pebbles, where his front flippers do not hold well, the labor of floundering forward is so great that he never struts beyond the edge of the water and usually lies with his body half awash, with the salt spray dashing over him like torrents of rain. On solid rock or ice he gets along much better, and often a herd will spread several rods back from the water's edge.

The females and younger walruses have far less development of neck to lumber them and therefore enjoy more freedom of motion than the old males, who actually seem a great burden to themselves. These creatures are strictly social in their habits and always go in herds, whether traveling, feeding, fighting or resting ashore. In the days before the slaughter of all living creatures became a ruling passion in the breast of man the Pacific species inhabited the whole of Bering sea and strait in herds which often contained thousands and even tens of thousands of individuals.

## Painless Dentistry.

A Baltimore man was one afternoon seated in a dentist's ante-room, waiting his turn, when a young woman, evincing every evidence of utmost agitation at the thought of submitting to an ordeal, entered and took a seat beside him. Very shortly thereafter a series of piercing shrieks came from the operating room, whereupon the timid young woman sprang from her seat in terror and, grasping the arm of the colored attendant, gasped:

"Oh, what is that? Oh, what is that?" "It ain't nothing," mumbled the darky hastened to assure her. "It's only a patient that's been treated free of charge."

## A Cooking Episode.

The people who know it all are so tiresome that the veriest simplicity of the novice in everyday affairs is absolutely refreshing. Here is an incident about a young woman who was making her first essay at housekeeping. A friend had sent her by mail a recipe for some new kind of bread, giving her directions to take a portion of the dough at a time and make it into the requisite form for baking. This seemed explicit enough, but what was the surprise of the friend to receive a telegram from the young housekeeper to this effect: "What shall I do with the rest of the dough? Please answer."

## Does Your Heart Beat

Yes, 100,000 times each day. Does it send out good blood or bad blood? You know, for good blood is good health; bad blood, bad health. And you know precisely what to take for bad blood—Ayer's Sarsaparilla. Doctors have endorsed it for 60 years.

One frequent cause of bad blood is a sluggish liver. This produces constipation. Poisons are then absorbed into the blood. Keep the bowels open with Ayer's Pills. Made by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass. Also manufacturers of HAIR VIGOR, AGUE CURE, CHERRY PECTORAL.

We have no secret! We publish the formulas of all our medicines.



# A REMARKABLE INVENTION FOR THE CULTURE OF HAIR

THE EVANS VACUUM CAP is a practical invention constructed on scientific and hygienic principles by the simple means of which a free and normal circulation is restored throughout the scalp. The minute blood vessels are gently stimulated to activity, thus allowing the food supply which can only be derived from the blood, to be carried to the hair roots, the effects of which are quickly seen in a healthy, vigorous growth of hair. There is no rubbing, and as no drugs or chemicals of whatsoever kind are employed there is nothing to cause irritation. It is only necessary to wear the Cap three or four minutes daily.

## 60 DAYS FREE TRIAL!

The Company's Guarantee.

An EVANS VACUUM CAP will be sent you for sixty days' free trial. If you do not see a gradual development of a new growth of hair, and are not convinced that the Cap will completely restore your hair, you are at liberty to return the Cap with no expense whatever to yourself. It is requested, as an evidence of good faith, that the price of the Cap be deposited with the Chancery Lane Safe Deposit Company of London, the largest financial and business institution of the kind in the world, who will issue a receipt guaranteeing that the money will be returned in full, on demand without questions or comment, at any time during the trial period.

The eminent Dr. L. N. LOVE, in his address to the Medical Board on the subject of Alopecia (loss of hair) stated that it is necessary to bring nutrition to the hair follicles (hair roots) without resorting to any irritating process, the problem of hair growth would be solved. Later on, when the EVANS VACUUM CAP was submitted to him for inspection, he remarked that the Cap would find and confirm in practice the observations he had previously made before the Medical Board.

Dr. W. MOORE, referring to the invention, says that the principle upon which the Evans Vacuum Cap is founded is absolutely correct and indisputable. An illustrated and descriptive book of the Evans Vacuum Cap will be sent, post free, on application.

THE SECRETARY, EVANS VACUUM CAP CO., LTD.,

REGENT HOUSE, REGENT STREET, LONDON, W.

# The Mutual Life Co. OF CANADA.

## 37 Years' Record.

Results Speak Louder Than Words.

|   |                 |
|---|-----------------|
| Total Payments for Death Claims, Matured Endowments, Surrendered Policies, etc. | \$ 7,476,529.26 |
| Add present Assets  | 10,385,539.84   |
| Amount paid to policyholders and held for them                                  | \$17,862,069.10 |
| Total Premiums received   | 17,338,715.05   |
| Excess of Assets and Payments to Policyholders over Premium receipts            | \$523,354.05    |

S. BURROWS,

AGENTS WANTED. General Agent, Belleville.

"Could the consumptives of any given community be seen at one time, or pass in panorama before the people, public consciousness of the magnitude of the affliction might be aroused. A physical disaster shocks the world and lets loose the sympathy of millions. A few thousand deaths are nothing as compared with the deaths from consumption." LAWRENCE F. FLICK, M.D., Medical Director of Henry Phipps Institute for the Study, Treatment and Prevention of Tuberculosis.

Many reasons surely must influence men and women to help in the great work being carried on by the

# MUSKOKA FREE HOSPITAL FOR CONSUMPTIVES.

Other hospitals refuse the consumptive. This institution cares for them.

Not a single applicant has ever been refused admission to the Muskoka Free Hospital for Consumptives because of his or her poverty.

Seven hundred and thirty-eight patients have been cared for since the Free Hospital was opened in 1902. Take a week's record:

63 patients in residence; 37 absolutely free, not paying a copper toward their maintenance; 15 paying 50 cents a day or less; 5 paying \$4.00 a week; 4 paying \$5.00; one paying \$7.00.

These figures tell plainly of a large deficit on maintenance account each month. To cover this the trustees are dependent upon the contributions that come to them from friends in all parts of Canada.

Not since the days of George Muller has so great a work of faith been carried on.

WILL YOU HELP DIVIDE THIS LOAD WITH THE TRUSTEES?

Contributions may be sent to SIR WM. R. MEREDITH, Kt., Chief Justice, Osgoode Hall, Toronto, or to W. J. Gage, Esq., 54 Front Street, W., Toronto.

Applications for admission and all information from J. S. ROBERTSON, Secretary, National Sanitarium Association, (Saturday Night Building), 29 Adelaide Street, W., Toronto, Canada.



**PROFESSIONAL CARDS.**  
**E. F. PARKER,**  
ISSUER OF  
**Marriage Licenses**  
STIRLING, ONT.  
**Marriage Licenses.**  
GEO. E. CRYER, Issuer,  
Residence—Stirling House, Stirling.  
**J. S. MORTON,**  
OPTICIAN, GRADUATE ANADIAN  
Optical College, Member Canadian  
Association of Opticians.  
Eyes examined and imperfect sight cor-  
rected with glasses.  
At MORTON & HAIGHT'S Drug Store.  
**CHAS. F. WALT, D.D.S., L.D.S.**  
FIRST CLASS HONOR GRADUATE IN  
Dentistry of the University of Toronto,  
Graduate of the Royal College of Dental Sur-  
geons, of Ontario.  
Office—Over Sovereign Bank.  
Open every day. Evenings by appointment  
only.  
**J. EARL HALLIWELL, M.A.,**  
BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, NOTARY  
Public, Conveyancer, &c.  
Office—11 Sovereign Bank Building.  
**G. G. THRASHER,**  
SOLICITOR, NOTARY PUBLIC, CONVEY-  
ANCER, &c. Office in W. S. Martin's  
Block, Mill Street.

**L. O. L. NO. 110**  
Meets in Lodge Room, the first Friday  
evening of each month at 8 o'clock.  
**W. H. RODGERS,**  
Secretary.

**STIRLING LODGE**  
**I. O. O. F.**  
Meets in the Lodge room,  
**EVERY WEDNESDAY EVENING**  
At 8 o'clock. L. MEIKLEJOHN, R. S.

**Notice to the Public**  
THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING TAKEN  
out license as Auctioneer for the County  
of Hastings is prepared to attend all sales on  
short notice. Terms as low as the lowest  
and satisfaction guaranteed. Orders left at  
the News-Argus office or addressed to me at  
Stirling, will be promptly attended to.  
**WM. RODGERS.**

**Fire, Accident & Plate**  
**Glass Insurance.**  
Guardian Fire Insurance Co.  
Norwich Union Fire Insurance Co.  
Liverpool, London & Globe "  
Sun Insurance Company.  
Gore Insurance Co.  
Lloyd's Plate Glass Insurance Co.  
Ontario Accident Insurance Co.  
**W. S. MARTIN,**  
Insurance Agent, STIRLING.

**MEAT SHOP**  
Under new management. The business  
formerly carried on by A. H. SEELEY, is  
now changed to  
**SEELEY & HATTON**  
We are prepared to supply the public  
with first class Meats of all kinds at low-  
est cash prices.  
**SEELEY & HATTON.**

**Farm for Sale**  
or To Let  
First class Dairy farm, partly situ-  
ated in the Village of Stirling.  
Particulars from  
**DR. POTTS, Stirling.**

**Spring Brook Public School Re-  
port for April**  
SENIOR DEPARTMENT.  
Sr. IV, total 421.—C. Mosher 340, H. Sex-  
smith 301, T. Forestell 227, K. Bateman 153.  
Sr. IV, total 430.—V. McConnell 305, P.  
Thompson 292, L. Fenn 290, G. Welch 163,  
C. Tanner 163, G. Bateman 111, L. Towle 111,  
A. McConnell 45, M. Mumby 34.  
Sr. III, total 415.—R. Thompson 310, L.  
Forestell 267, M. Hensle 276, M. Green 232,  
E. Mason 201, R. Reid 183, J. Forestell 163,  
D. Nerrie 117, P. Morgan 117, W. Thompson  
51.  
Sr. II, total 415.—E. Thompson 205, L.  
McConnell 228, Lorne McConnell 273, C.  
Welch 194, B. Morgan 160, M. Rosebush 138.  
Highest conduct marks—Lillie Forestell,  
Cora Mosher, Libbie McConnell.  
Average attendance 25.  
JUNIOR DEPARTMENT.  
Sr. II, 440.—H. Robin 305, R. Rollin 203,  
S. McMechan 300, L. Tanner 200, R. Garrison  
203, G. Moorcroft 201, G. Nerrie 200, A. Ba-  
man 248, L. Denno 210, D. Forestell 198, C.  
Sweet 148.  
Sr. I, 460.—J. Wilson 267, W. McGee 232,  
M. Fenn 229, E. Thompson 211, E. Mumby  
221, H. Cooper 88, L. Tobin 55, H. Quenken-  
bush 12.  
Sr. Pr. II, 230.—S. Danford 103, J. Nerrie  
172, H. Hensle 143, E. Wright 121, R. Denill  
121, F. Mumby 97, W. Mumby 88, C. Forest-  
tell 51, H. Gay 0.  
CLASS IV.—C. McConnell 216, K. Thomp-  
son 148, W. Reid 128, R. Hamilton 120, F.  
Danford 32.  
CLASS III.—F. Tanner 122.  
CLASS II.—M. Denill 152, P. Mumby 112,  
T. Bateman 80, N. Sweet 70, M. Denill 50,  
P. Welch 34, M. Mason 32, W. Spry 14.  
CLASS I.—G. Danford, M. Reid, M. Heath,  
C. Thompson, B. Reid, H. Sweet, A. Clare.  
Highest conduct marks—Grace Moor-  
croft, Lillie Tanner, Emma Mumby.  
Average attendance 39.  
Acute famine is reported from Turkish  
Armenia. Hundreds of peasants are  
dying.

Let me mail you free, to prove merit,  
samples of my Dr. Shoop's Restorative,  
and my book on either Dyspepsia, The  
Heart, or The Kidneys. Address me, Dr.  
Shoop, Racine, Wis. Troubles of the  
Stomach, Heart or Kidneys are merely  
symptoms of a deeper ailment. Don't  
make the common error of treating sym-  
ptoms only. Symptom treatment is treat-  
ing the result of the ailment, and not the  
cause. Weak stomach nerves—the inside  
nerves—means stomach weakness, always.  
And the heart and kidneys as well have  
their controlling or inside nerves. Weak-  
ness of these nerves, or you inevitably have  
weak vital organs. Here is where Dr.  
Shoop's Restorative line made its fame.  
No other remedy even claims to treat the  
"inside nerves." Also for bloating, bilious-  
ness, bad breath or complexion, use Dr.  
Shoop's Restorative. Sold by J. S. Morton,  
Stirling, Ontario.

**METHODIST CHURCH**  
**W. G. CLARKE, B.A., Pastor**  
This space is engaged for weekly an-  
nouncements. Keep posted.  
**SUNDAY, MAY 5th**  
8:30 A.M.—Early Prayer Meeting.  
10:30 A.M.—Quarterly Sacramental Ser-  
vice and reception of new members.  
2:30 P.M.—Sunday School. Lesson, Gen.  
41:30-49.  
7:00 P.M.—Gospel Temperance Song  
Sermon.  
8:15 P.M.—Weekly Reunion and Family  
Worship in the Sunday School rooms.  
**Week Evening Meetings:**  
MONDAY—7 P.M., Quarterly Official Board.  
8 P.M., Epworth League.  
WEDNESDAY—8 P.M., Teachers' Meeting.  
THURSDAY—7:30 P.M., Prayer Meeting.  
FRIDAY—8 P.M., Entertainment, Albert  
College Glee Club and Miss Ingle, elocu-  
tunist.

**ADVERTISING NOTICES.**  
In the local column will be charged as follows:  
To Regular Advertisers.—Three lines and un-  
der, 25 cents each insertion; over three lines,  
75c. per line. Matter set in larger than the or-  
dinary type, 10c. per line.  
To Transient Advertisers.—10c. per line each  
insertion. No insertion less than 25c.

**RAILWAY TIME TABLE.**  
Trains call at Stirling station as follows:—  
GOING WEST. GOING EAST.  
Mail & Ex. 5:27 a.m. Passenger 10:17 a.m.  
Passenger 6:42 p.m. Mail & Ex. 3:43 p.m.

**The Stirling News-Argus.**  
**THURSDAY, MAY 2, 1907.**  
**LOCAL MATTERS.**  
The "water-wagon" made its first  
appearance on our streets for the season  
on Tuesday last.

At the Belleville cheese board on Sat-  
urday 1083 boxes of white and 118 of  
colored cheese were offered. All were  
sold at 11 7/16c.

The month of April just passed has  
been one of the coldest on record. It  
was 3.4 degrees below the average, while  
March was 5.1 above the average.

Carriages and Buggies painted at Wm.  
Montgomery's shop.  
**A. BAMBER.**

Mr. Ed. Ashley, who has been em-  
ployed with Mr. W. R. Mather for some  
time, left on Saturday last to fill a  
position with the Ritchie Co. of Belle-  
ville.

Mr. Urbane Heath received on Tues-  
day morning a pair of pure bred Tam-  
worth pigs from a noted breeder at  
Grafton. He believes it pays to keep  
the best breeds.

An acceptable change is made in the  
mode of taking orders—placing the hand  
on the Bible instead of pressing it to the  
lips. The penalty remains, of course,  
for false statements.

It is announced that Mr. A. McCut-  
cheon, of Stirling, has been appointed  
bailliff of the fifth division court, and  
Mr. O. R. Jones, of Marmora, bailliff of  
the tenth division court, county of  
Hastings.

St. Andrew's Church choir will have  
their monthly song-service next Sunday  
evening at 7 p.m. The Alexander re-  
vival hymns will be used, and special  
music will be rendered by the choir.

Mrs. J. W. Brown, who has been con-  
fined to the house through illness since  
the early part of January, was removed  
on Wednesday to Kingston Hospital for  
treatment. We hope soon to hear of her  
restoration to health.

Mr. R. P. Coulter has purchased the  
residence now occupied by Mr. T. G.  
Clute. We understand Mr. Clute in-  
tends to build a smaller residence on  
the adjoining lot, and does not give up  
possession until next fall.

Two or three persons who left for  
Manitoba and other points in the west  
in March have returned. The weather  
was cold and they came to the conclusion  
that the climate was not good for  
their health, and that Ontario was good  
enough for them, and took the first train  
for the east.

**For Sale**  
A second-hand "Yost" typewriter.  
Price \$30. Enquire at News-Argus office.

The many friends of Mr. Clifford  
Caverley will be pleased to learn of his  
success at the recent examinations at  
Queen's University, Kingston. Mr.  
Caverley is taking the B.A. course at  
Queen's, and stood second in honors  
and first and second in all subjects  
written upon at the examinations. Mr.  
Caverley was a pupil of Stirling High  
School and is now teaching in the great  
west for the summer.

Albert College Glee Club and Miss  
Ingle, elocutionist, of Belleville, have  
been secured for an entertainment to be  
given in Stirling Methodist Church on  
Friday evening, May 10th, program to  
begin at 8 o'clock. The program will  
consist of readings by Miss Ingle and  
glees, quartettes, etc., by the Glee Club.  
Everybody welcome. Admission, adults  
25c., children 15c.

David Farrell, a brakeman on the G.  
T. R., was injured in a collision at  
Whitby on Sunday night, and was  
taken to the Ross Hospital at Lindsay.  
The despatch states that his leg is bro-  
ken in two places above the knee, and  
his head badly cut. His home is at  
Stirling, and he has been boarding in  
Lindsay for two weeks. He is young  
and unmarried, and has been on the  
road for a little over a week. There is  
one David Farrell who is on Rawdon  
road, and is residing on parts of lots  
11 and 12, in the 4th con. of Rawdon,  
and who is probably the one to whom  
reference is made.

As a specimen of April weather this  
spring we clip the following from the  
Bancroft Times of April 25: "It com-  
menced to snow about 12 o'clock last  
night, and the ground this morning is  
covered with fully seven inches of  
snow."  
The members of I.O.O.F., No. 239,  
will attend service in St. Andrew's  
Presbyterian Church on Sunday after-  
noon at 3 o'clock. Rev. S. S. Burns, of  
Lakefield, will conduct the service. All  
members are requested to meet at the  
Hall at 2:30.

The officers and teachers of the Meth-  
odist Sunday School held their annual  
meeting last evening, when all the old  
officers and teachers were reappointed.  
Mr. W. S. Martin is Superintendent.  
Mr. C. W. Thompson assistant Supt.  
and Secretary, Jas. Currie Treasurer,  
F. J. Wescott, Librarian, Miss Nora  
Reynolds, Organist. The teachers were  
all reappointed to their respective  
classes.

The Ontario Government have done  
a wise thing in requesting the License  
Commissioners not to issue liquor  
licenses in municipalities where the  
local option by-law was carried by the  
necessary three-fifths majority, but has  
since been quashed by the courts on a  
legal technicality. This thwarting the  
will of the people by mere legal quibbles  
is a practice that cannot too soon be got  
rid of. In consequence local option  
came into force on the 1st of May in  
forty-four municipalities, in seven of  
which the by-laws had been quashed on  
legal technicalities.

**Retail Merchants' Association.**  
The annual meeting of the Stirling  
Branch of the Retail Merchants' Asso-  
ciation was held in the Council Chamber  
on Friday evening, April 26th, when  
the following officers were elected:

President—W. R. Mather.  
1st Vice-Pres.—T. H. McKee.  
2nd Vice-Pres.—F. T. Ward.  
Treasurer—L. Meiklejohn.  
Secretary—J. S. Morton.  
Auditor—F. Hollins.

Delegates to convention at Hamilton  
July 3rd and 4th: L. Meiklejohn, J. S.  
Morton, T. H. McKee, W. R. Mather,  
J. Shaw, J. A. Warren.

The Association has decided to hold  
monthly meetings on the last Friday of  
the month to discuss matters of interest  
to retailers.

**Choir Social**  
The choir of St. Andrew's church en-  
tertained the congregation and friends  
at a social on Friday night last. The  
lecture-room was attractively decorated  
with flags, bunting and a profusion of  
plants. An hour was spent in general  
games, in which old and young joined.  
Indeed to look at the innocent merrim-  
ent one felt that even the men and  
women of three-score years and ten  
were young for at least that night, and  
it is safe to say that no happier company  
had occupied the church basement for  
many a year.

A short programme of music by mem-  
bers of the choir succeeded the games.  
Mr. G. E. Kennedy acted as chairman  
and spoke a few words of appreciation  
of the value of such social gatherings,  
and also of the service being rendered  
by the choir.

Refreshments were served on small  
tables, and after the singing of "Blest  
be the tie that binds," and a closing  
prayer by the pastor, the gathering dis-  
persed.

The choir treasury was enriched by  
about fifteen dollars, which was con-  
tributed as a free-will offering by friends  
present. At a recent meeting of the re-  
organized choir, Dr. Bissonnette was  
elected Treasurer and Miss May Dewry  
Secretary. The membership of the  
choir has increased to nearly twenty  
during the past three months.

**COMMUNICATION**  
**Early Closing and Half Holiday**  
To the Editor of the News-Argus.

DEAR SIR,—I understand that meet-  
ings are being held by the retail mer-  
chants to discuss matters of interest to  
them; but the subject of early closing  
and a weekly half holiday during the  
summer months has not been mentioned.

Are we to remain slaves to the few  
who only desire in life seems to be the  
making in of dollars, and the unthinking  
public who demand our service day and  
night? or are we going to have some of  
the fresh air and sunshine that is ours  
by right, and which makes us more  
capable and more profitable to our em-  
ployers? Successful men who have  
thousands of employees recognize the  
fact that a man will do more work in a  
10-hour day than he will in 12, will do  
more in 6 days week than in 7, and  
more in 11 months than in 12. If that  
be true, it will apply to the master as  
well as to the man, so let us close our  
places of business at six o'clock three  
times in the week, turn the key in the  
door at ten o'clock Saturday night, and  
get out of town every Wednesday or  
Friday afternoon during July and  
August. If we begin now to educate  
the public to look for these things it  
will be easy to carry it out when the  
time comes, and many a thankful heart  
will rejoice in the enjoyment of nature's  
bountiful gifts.

Yours truly,  
**ONE OF THE SLAVES.**

Contracts have been awarded for re-  
building the Quinte Hotel at Belleville.

Let me send you free, for Catarrh, just  
to prove merit, a trial size box of Dr.  
Shoop's Catarrh Remedy. It is a snow  
white creamy, healing antiseptic balm.  
Containing such healing ingredients as  
Oil Eucalyptus, Thymol, Menthol, etc., it  
gives instant and lasting relief to Catarrh  
of the nose and throat. Make the free  
test and see for yourself what this prepa-  
ration can and will accomplish. Address Dr.  
Shoop, Racine, Wis. Large jars 50c. Sold  
by J. S. Morton.

**Seed Potatoes**  
About two dozen bags of American Won-  
der and Steele's Earliest, small and medi-  
um sized, which we will sell under price.  
JOS. FRAPPY,  
River Valley.

**Conceited Folks**  
The conceited man is not popular.  
His airs of superiority offend our sense  
of what is fit and proper. We therefore  
take especial delight in "taking him  
down." If we can "take the conceit  
out of him" we pride ourselves on hav-  
ing done society a real service. To this  
end we quote for his benefit certain well-  
worn illustrations, such as the paper  
kites which soar into the air because of  
its lightness; the heavily laden vessels  
of which we see the less the more richly  
and heavily they are freighted; and  
the wheat which bends downward when  
well filled, while the empty heads wave  
high in the field.

Let us look into the subject a little  
more closely. Of what use is a man  
who has had all the conceit taken out  
of him? Is it not possible that what  
we term "conceit" may often be a  
struggle to win recognition for abilities  
the possession of which one sorely  
doubts. Let us be very sure that the  
man who has lost confidence in his  
ability to do and to perform is dead as  
far as this world goes. There is no  
reason why the self-consciousness of  
real genius should be offensive. But  
for a man of really profound genius to  
affect to be unaware of his endowments  
is the most repulsive kind of egotism.

It is important that we recognize gen-  
uine merit. Some people are always  
looking for flaws. They have the spirit  
of cynicism, of depreciation. They be-  
come knockers. They chide enthusiasts.  
They call eloquence bombast. They  
tell charity that it is looking for ad-  
vertising. They pronounce devotion cant.  
Patriotism is refined selfishness. Such  
a spirit is not of heaven or of earth, but  
hell.

Is it not just as important that we  
should admire what is admirable as  
that we should despise what is worth-  
less? To shy sensitive natures especial-  
ly, praise is a vital necessity. They  
need to be encouraged and caressed just  
as truly as others need to be lashed and  
spurred. Sincere commendation is to  
them a tonic which braces them for  
further good work.

The world is full of men, women and  
children who are doing but a tithe of  
the good they might do for want of a  
little judicious praise. What a pity  
that men in their various dealings  
with one another should be so niggard  
of praise. Why do we wait till our  
loved ones are torn from us by death  
before we give full expression to our  
affection? Of what use to the faithful  
mother whom we lay in the grave are  
the tears we shed over her, the endear-  
ing terms we lavish upon her memory,  
and the passionate praises of her vir-  
tues? She whom we now so deplore,  
would have drunk such expressions of  
tenderness during her life-time with  
ineffable delight, but our lips were  
sealed, and now our words cannot reach  
her. Ella Wheeler Wilcox expressed a  
sad truth when she wrote:

"If I should die to-night,  
How kind you all would be,  
In that sad hour I should not have one foe,  
For there is nothing too beautiful to say.  
Of one who forevermore has passed away."

Who can estimate the amount of good  
that might be accomplished in our  
schools, in our families, and in all the  
relations of employer and employed,  
were we as quick to commend excellence  
as we are to grumble at its absence.—  
Markham Sun.

**Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and  
Diarrhoea Remedy**  
There is probably no medicine made that  
is relied upon with more implicit con-  
fidence than Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera  
and Diarrhoea Remedy. During the third  
of a century in which it has been in use,  
people have learned that it is the one  
remedy that never fails, when reduced  
with water and sweetened it is pleasant  
to take. For sale by J. S. Morton.

**For Sale**  
A good young Horse. Apply to  
**MRS. ROBERT GREEN**  
Oak Hills.

**For Service**  
A pure bred Berkshire Boar, and a pure  
bred Tamworth Boar. Terms reasonable.  
**URBANE HEATH,**  
Harold.

**Kentucky Bred Wilkes Stallion**  
**VROWSKY**  
Record 2:18. Reg. #160.

The fastest Trotting Stallion between Toronto  
and Montreal. Stands 16 hands, weighs 1200  
pounds.  
**STANDARD BRED**  
**STANDARD BY PERFORMANCE**  
**STANDARD BY HIS PROGENY**

Three of the highest qualifications obtainable.  
Will give with records from 2:25 to 2:17. Sire  
of many High Class Knees.  
Vrowsky has won last prize and Silver Medal  
at Toronto Exhibition, competing against all  
Canada.

Will be at the Kirby House, Stirling every  
Monday night. At Frankford Tuesday noon.  
**CHARLES HARRIS, PROPRIETOR.**

**Lumber for Sale**  
The subscriber has a quantity of lumber  
and scantling for sale on Lot No. 23, 7th  
con. of Sidney.  
**BENJ. HATFIELD.**

**Fresh Lime**  
The subscriber has for sale a kiln of fresh  
burned Lime. Price at kiln 25 cents per  
bushel.  
**JAS. COUTTS.**  
Lot 11, con. 4, Rawdon.

**STRAWBERRY and  
RASPBERRY PLANTS**  
Our plants are large, fine, fibrous-rooted  
and better than those often sold, and  
our prices are about half those of the big  
nurseries. Besides, we sell only those  
varieties that succeed in this locality.

**Seed Potatoes**  
About two dozen bags of American Won-  
der and Steele's Earliest, small and medi-  
um sized, which we will sell under price.  
**JOS. FRAPPY,**  
River Valley.

**Stirling's New Store.**  
**The one price to all—all the time**  
This is the store that gives you the **BEST VALUE** for  
your money in this part of the County. We guarantee our  
goods to be the lowest in price for the best quality. All we  
ask is for you to see and inspect our goods. We have proved  
it to others and can prove it to you.

Children's Sailor Hats, regular 25c. our price 20c. each, and  
many other different styles up to \$1.00 each.  
Children's Tams.  
Ladies ready to wear Hats from 79c. up.  
Men's and Boys' Caps from 25c. to 75c. each.  
Men's Felt Hats from 75c. to \$2.50.  
Men's Overalls, with and without bibs, regular 75c. quality,  
on sale at 59c. a pair.  
Men's Fancy Print Shirts from 50c. up.  
Ladies ready-to-wear Skirts, in Navy, Black and Greys, from  
\$1.85 to \$6.50.  
Ladies White Muslin Blouses, trimmed with Valenciennes  
Lace and Insertion and Fancy Embroidered Fronts, at  
50c., 75c., 90c., \$1.00 and up to \$2.15 each.

**DO NOT FORGET THAT WE SELL**  
**GROCERIES OF ALL KINDS**  
Our 25c. Tea has no equal. Try a pound.  
Quaker brand canned goods are the best.  
Corn and Peas, 3 cans for 25c.  
15c. Package Orange Meat,—10c. each.

**G. W. ANDERSON.**  
Produce taken in exchange for goods or for cash. PHONE No. 29.

**Seasonable Shoes**  
The Shoes we Sell  
are selected carefully from  
leading makers, and em-  
body in their manufacture  
**Comfort and Style,**  
**Perfect Shape, Perfect Fit,**  
**Perfect Wear.**  
**THEY ARE THE BEST** that  
can be had for the money.  
We sell them at a reasonable profit—not at cost, as some  
dealers try to make people believe, and you can depend upon  
our giving you **PERFECT SATISFACTION.**  
Repairing neatly done. Butter and Eggs taken in exchange.  
**J. W. BROWN**  
RELIABLE BOOT & SHOE MERCHANT

**D. C. Cream of Violets**  
A Toilet Lotion for chapped  
hands, face and lips.

**D. C. Borated Taleum**  
For chafing, scalding, sun-  
burns, etc.

**Two useful and necessary ar-  
ticles for this season, and thor-  
oughly reliable. We recom-  
mend them.**

**Bear in mind our special  
lines of**

**Wall Paper**  
**Varnishes,**  
**Paints, Etc.**

**J. S. MORTON**  
Successor to Morton & Haight  
Druggist, Stationer, Etc.

**Let us Figure it Out**  
Bring us the measure of your  
room. We'll figure out how  
much paper it will take to  
make a new home of your  
house. Then we'll show you  
the paper you want. We  
have it. We have the papers  
everybody will want, at prices  
to suit you and everybody  
else. See them. You have  
not seen the equal this spring.

**Showroom:**  
**In G. W. Anderson's Store**  
**S. A. MURPHY.**

**Lax-ets 5** C Sweet to Eat  
A Candy Bowl Laxative.

**Eggs for Hatching**  
From grand pen of SINGLE COMB WHITE  
LEGHORNS, at \$1.00 per setting.  
Prizes taken at Stirling, 1900—1st for  
cock, 1st for cockerel, 2nd for pullet. My  
pen is headed by a son of Victor, the 1st  
prize Brantford cock, 1900, and brother of  
1st, 2nd and 3rd prize cockerels at the On-  
tario fair, 1900.  
**HARRY E. BALFOUR,**  
Stirling.

**CARLOAD OF**  
**McLAUGHLIN CARRIAGES**  
JUST ARRIVED

Now is the time to secure your Buggy,  
as I have just opened up a carload of Mc-  
Laughlin Carriages, consisting of

Steel tired Corning Box Buggies  
Steel tired Piano Box Buggies  
Mikados, Democrats  
And a good assortment of  
Rubber tired Buggies

This is, without a doubt, the finest as-  
sortment of Carriages that has ever been  
shown in Stirling. Call and select.

Also some Fianos, Organs, Sewing Ma-  
chines, Harness, etc., at rock bottom prices.  
A full line of Massey-Harris Farm Imple-  
ments always on hand. Three Massey-  
Harris Binders at a bargain.

**N. LANKTREE,**  
Mill Street, Stirling.

P.S.—One one-horse Wagon, one two-  
horse Delivery Wagon, nearly new, and  
one Horse for sale.

**Farm Laborers and Domestic**  
I have been appointed by the Dominion  
Government to place immigrants from the  
United Kingdom in positions as farm la-  
borers or domestic servants in this vicinity.  
Orders or domestic requiring such help should  
Any person requiring such help should  
notify me by letter, stating fully the kind  
of help required, when arriving may not be  
offered. The number arriving may not be  
sufficient to supply all requests, but every  
effort will be made to provide each ap-  
plicant with help required.

**T. G. CLUTE,**  
Canadian Gov't Employment Agent,  
Stirling P.O.

**Wedding Invitations**  
NEATLY PRINTED IN THE  
BEST STYLE AT THE

**NEWS-ARGUS OFFICE.**



# CANADA LEADS IN AGRICULTURE

## Conditions More Prosperous Than in Any Other Country.

A despatch from Ottawa says: The Commons Committee on Agriculture and Colonization submitted its final report to Parliament on Thursday. It mentioned that in Great Britain the average wheat crop is 30.5 bushels per acre. In Ontario the average of winter wheat is 22.50, and of spring wheat 18.92, showing that we are not in this respect a great way behind the Mother Country; France averages 19.57 bushels, which is under the average yield for Ontario. Manitoba gives about 18.45. The North-West of Canada 19.13, while Russia in Europe gives an average of 9.05 bushels per acre, and the United States 13.43.

The Argentine Republic gives an average of 14.76 bushels per acre. Australia as follows: New South Wales, 9.0 bushels per acre; Victoria, 7.18 bushels; South Australia, 6.62 bushels; West Australia, 11.51, and Queensland, 15.77.

Referring to the dairy industry in Canada, it says it is in a very prosperous condition. Canadian cheese is now regarded in the British market as

second to that of no other country. This is largely due to the introduction of cool curing rooms, as an adjunct of cheese factories, and the ample provision for export in cold and cool storage.

Large quantities of small fruits of the apple orchards are left over annually. These are not marketable, owing to size, but it might be profitably manufactured into excellent jam, jellies, etc.

It is suggested that co-operation would probably convert what is now a loss into a profitable industry.

The report concludes: "A careful survey of the entire field demonstrates that agriculture, the corner-stone of national wealth and power is in a more prosperous condition at present in Canada than in any other country of the world, in which the yet unmeasured territory, rich virgin lands awaiting settlement, ready to respond to the intelligence of many millions of willing hands. In a word, Canada is the world's greatest bread field of the day."

### MINERS AND OPERATORS AGREE.

The Terms Have Yet to be Submitted to a Referendum.

A despatch from Fernie, B. C., says: The strike in the coal mines of British Columbia and Alberta has been practically settled. The question has yet to be formally submitted to a referendum vote of the miners' lodges, but in this case there is no danger that the arrangement entered into will be repudiated. The operators and the men have come to a definite arrangement, and there will be no need for the services of the conciliation board. The terms of the agreement have not yet been made public.

G. G. Lindsay, president of the Western Coal Operators' Association, made the following statement on their behalf: "A good deal of negotiations went on from Tuesday of last week up to Friday, at which time some matters remained unadjusted. The mediation of the Deputy Minister of Labor, produced a contract to which both parties agree, to last two years. The District Board desire ratification on their recommendation by the men, and a vote will be taken on Thursday."

### ROAD IS PROSPERING.

Large Increase in Business and Receipts of Government Railway.

A despatch from Toronto says: For the Government railway, the Temiskaming and Northern Ontario, the spring rush to the silver fields of north Ontario has proved most remunerative. In the week ending April 21, 10,871 passengers were carried, as against 6,860 in the same week in 1906. The freight business also was 30,000 tons heavier than in the four opening months of 1906. In the week ending April 21 the road carried 6,980 tons of freight, as against 5,490 in the same week in 1906. Between Jan. 1 and April 21 it has carried 64,000 more passengers than in the same period of 1906; while there has been a corresponding increase in passenger receipts of \$39,000.

### WILL HAVE PLENTY OF COAL.

Opening of Navigation Has Saved Day for Western Roads.

A despatch from Winnipeg says: The opening of navigation has practically won the day for the railroads. The fear that some of the roads would have to be closed down owing to the shortage of coal, is gradually diminishing, and a good supply from the East is expected shortly. The C. N. R. report that they have in no way in dire need of coal. They have yet a good supply, and expect more from the East, now that navigation is open. The blockade at Prince Albert has been removed, and the trains running much better. Freight is also being moved from other places where a congestion had taken place.

Severe volcanic eruptions continue in Southern Chili.

# SHOT SWEETHEART IN BUSH

## Awful Tragedy of Stepbrother and Sister

A despatch from Parry Sound says: A story of murder and suicide, caused by jealousy, comes from the little village of Arnslein in the Northern Parry Sound District. A shocking feature of the case is that the murderer and his victim were stepbrother and sister. The two lived with an elderly German couple named Suppless, in a farmhouse near the village. Frank Varasco was the son of the wife by a former husband, and Rennie Suppless, who was only 15 years old, was the daughter of the husband.

For some time Varasco had been paying court to the girl, and was insanely jealous of any favors which she showed to other young men of the neighborhood.

On Saturday evening he was overheard by some of the neighbors uttering threats against his brother John, 18 years old, if he did not cease his attentions to Rennie, but no particular weight was attached to them. The Sunday passed quietly with no further outbreak on his part.

On Monday morning Rennie and John went out to the sugar bush, some distance from the house, to collect sap for boiling, and while thus engaged Frank fired a rifle. His appearance was so threatening that John ran away and hid himself in the bush, but Rennie stood her ground.

What conversation passed between them will never be known, but John, who was hiding, saw Frank suddenly raise his left shoulder, and fired. Rennie fell at once, the bullet entering just beneath her left shoulder, going down beneath her right shoulder. The wound proved fatal within a few minutes.

Then Varasco placed the muzzle of the rifle under his chin, and pulled the trigger, precipitately blowing the top of his head off and died instantly.

An inquest was not considered necessary, so it was decided to bury the two victims without holding one.

# LEADING MARKETS

BREADSTUFFS.

Toronto, April 30.—Call board quotations are:—

Wheat—Manitoba—No. 1 northern, 83c asked; Montreal, 83c bid; North Bay, spot 92c asked, to arrive; No. 2 northern, 91c asked, en route to North Bay.

Barley—No. 2, 54c bid on a five-cent rate to Toronto; No. 3 extra, 52c bid on same basis, 54c asked 78 per cent. points; No. 3, 51c bid, 53c asked 78 per cent. points.

Oats—No. 2, 70c asked outside.

Oats—No. 2 white, 39c bid on a five-cent rate to Toronto.

Other prices are:—

Wheat—Manitoba—North Bay—No. 1 hard, 91c; No. 1 northern, 92c; No. 2 northern, 90c. Lake ports—May delivery—No. 1 hard, 85c; No. 1 northern, 83c; No. 2 northern, 81c.

Wheat—Ontario, No. 2 white winter, 72c to 73c; No. 2 red, 72c to 72c; No. 2 mixed, 72c.

Oats—No. 2 white, 39c to 39c outside; No. 2 mixed, 38c to 38c.

Peas—78c to 78c.

Corn—No. 3 yellow American, 55c to 56c, lake and rail; Ontario, 46c to 47c, Chatham freights.

Rye—62c to 63c.

Corn—No. 2, nominal at 53c to 53c; outside No. 3 extra, 52c to 52c; No. 3, 51c to 51c.

Flour—Ontario—90 per cent. patents, \$7.70 asked, \$2.67 bid; Manitoba, first patents, \$4.50; seconds, \$3.75; bakers', \$3.90.

### COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Butter—Receipts are improving, and the market will gradually weaken.

Creamery prints ... 28c to 29c  
do solids ... 26c to 27c  
Dairy prints ... 25c to 26c  
do tubs ... 21c to 23c

Cheese—Steady at 14c for large and 14c for twins in job lots here.

Honey—Pails, 11c to 12c; combs, \$2.50 to \$2.75 per dozen.

Eggs—\$1.50 to \$1.60 for hand-picked, and \$1.35 to \$1.45 for primes.

Potatoes—Ontario, 85c to 90c; eastern, 75c, in car lots here Ontario nominal.

Pale Hay—\$13.50 for No. 1 timothy, and \$11 to \$12.50 for secondary grades, in car lots here. Receipts are light, and prices firmer.

Baled Straw—\$7 per ton in car lots here.

### PROVISIONS.

Dressed Hogs—Steady at \$9.40; heavy, \$9; farmers' lots, \$8.25 to \$8.50 for car lots.

Pork—Short cut, \$23.50 to \$24 per barrel; mess, \$21 to \$21.50.

Smoked and Dry Salted Meats—Long clear bacon, 11c to 11c for tons and cases; hams, medium and light, 15c to 16c; heavy, 14c to 15c; backs, 16c to 17c; shoulders, 11c to 11c; rolls, 11c; cut of pickle, 10c less than smoked.

Lard—Firm, tierces, 12c; tubs, 12c; pails, 12c.

### MONTREAL MARKETS.

Montreal, April 30.—The local grain market is still very dull and no export business to speak of.

Buckwheat—55c to 56c per bushel.

Corn—American No. 2 yellow, 55c; No. 3 mixed, 53c.

Peas—Boiling peas, \$1 in carload lots, \$1.10 in jobbing lots.

Flour—Manitoba spring wheat, \$4.25 to \$4.60; strong bakers', \$4 to \$4.10; winter wheat patents, \$4.10 to \$4.25; straight rollers, \$3.90 to \$4.10; in bags, \$1.65 to \$1.75; extras, \$1.50 to \$1.55.

Milled—Manitoba bran in bags, \$20 to \$22; shorts, \$22 to \$23.50; Ontario bran in bags, \$20 to \$21; shorts, \$22 to \$23.50; straight grain, \$28 to \$29 per ton.

Rolls Oats—Per bag, \$1.90 to \$2.

Hay—No. 1, \$12.50 to \$13.50; No. 2, \$12.50; No. 3, \$11.50; clover mixed, \$11; pure clover, \$10.50 to \$11 per ton in car lots.

Butter—The demand is steady and quotations 24c to 24c.

Cheese—The quotation is still 11c.

Eggs—Prices are steady at 17c.

Beans—Common, 13c to 13c; pure, 12c to 13c; 13c; barrels heavy Canada short cut mess pork, \$22.50; here's heavy Canada short cut mess pork, \$23; half barrels Canada short cut mess pork, \$11.50; barrels selected heavy Canada short cut mess pork, \$23.50; barrels Canada short cut mess pork, \$22.50; half barrels short cut mess pork, \$11.50; barrels light Canada short cut mess pork, \$21; barrels heavy flank pork, \$21; barrels clear fat backs, \$24.50.

### BUFFALO MARKET.

Buffalo, April 30.—Flour—Steady. Wheat—Unsettled; No. 1 Northern, 91c asked; winter, nominal. Corn—Strong; No. 2 yellow, 54c; No. 3 white, 53c.

Oats—Dull; No. 2 white, 74c; No. 2 mixed, 44c. Barley—Strong; Western quoted 68 to 75c. Rye—Strong; No. 1 in store, 71c.

### NEW YORK WHEAT MARKET.

New York, April 30.—Wheat—Spot market firm; No. 2 red 84c elevator; No. 2 red, 85c f.o.b. export; No. 1 northern, 84c; No. 2 yellow, 83c; winter, 89c, opening navigation, f.o.b. export.

### CATTLE MARKET.

Toronto, April 30.—Trade was somewhat drabgy at the Western Market today on large receipts.

Owing to delays in the sailings of the ocean vessels the export trade was dull. It is also stated that the English markets were easier. Export cattle sold at \$1.85 to \$2.25 per cwt.

Light well-finished butchers' heifers were wanted, and not too plentiful. For instance, a yearling weighing 1,000 lbs. \$3 was paid. Best butchers', \$4.50 to \$5; fat to good butchers', \$4 to \$4.50; cows, \$3.25 to \$4.25; mixed lots, \$2 to \$3.50 per cwt.

A steady demand was passing for good feeders, 1,000 to 1,100 lbs. at \$4.50 to \$4.75 per cwt.

Hogs sold at \$6.40 for select, and \$6.15 for lights and fairs.

The market for sheep and lambs was

steady to firm at the following quotations:— Good grain-fed lambs were quoted at \$7.50 to \$8 per cwt.; spring lambs, \$3 to \$3.50 each; export ewes, \$5.25 to \$5.50; bucks, \$4.50 to \$5.50.

### NO ALMS FOR KING AND QUEEN.

Adventure of Edward and Alexandra With Neapolitan Monks.

A despatch from Naples says: King Edward and Queen Alexandra went sightseeing here on Wednesday. They visited the ancient Church of Santa Chiara, where it happened the monks, who care for the edifice, were eating their lunch. The visitors knocked at the door, but as there was no reply they knocked again. The sacristan inside, supposing it was a beggar who had knocked, shouted: "Go in peace, there is nothing for you."

The Royal party were greatly amused. One of the members knocked again, saying they wanted to see the church. "Don't bother us," the sacristan responded, "this isn't sightseeing time."

The visitors would have had to accede to the refusal, but Gen. Salsa, of the Italian army, happened to pass, recognized them, and prevailed upon the sacristan to open the door.

When the sacristan realized the situation he was profoundly apologetic. He called the other monks, who hastened to act as showmen. The church's funds benefitted from the visit.

### ONE-SIDED BATTLE.

Lone Brigand With Revolver Against Russian Field Gun Detachment.

A despatch from Warsaw says: A notorious brigand, Stanislas Lis, the author of many crimes, has been captured at Lublin, 95 miles from here, mortally wounded, after the house in which he had sought refuge had been blown to pieces by artillery fire. Lis, when he saw that a detachment of police was advancing on the house, barricaded himself within and opened fire on the police, killing several of them. Troops were summoned to the assistance of the police, but they were unable to dislodge him. Finally several quick-firing field pieces were brought up and trained on the house. Eight shells hit the building, which was demolished, after which the infantry stormed the ruins and found Lis desperately wounded, trying to reload his revolver, which he had emptied at the attacking party.

### RUSSIAN BARBARITY.

Prisoners Tortured in Horrible Manner by Soldiers to Secure Confessions.

A despatch from St. Petersburg says: In the Lower House of Parliament on Tuesday M. Pergament, Constitutional Democrat, read the reports of the Interpellation Committee regarding charges that prisoners had been tortured in order to obtain confessions. Details of some seventy cases were given. They were beaten on the soles of their feet with Cossack's whips and rubber rods, and their finger nails and hair were pulled out. The tortures in many cases were prolonged for eight to ten days. One man, who was only twenty-two years old, looked like an old man after having been tortured. M. Makaroff, Vice-Minister of the Interior, admitted the cruelty practised by the Government officials on April 13th, and announced that prosecution of the guilty ones had already been begun.

### SMALLPOX AT INGERSOLL.

Eighteen Patients in Hospital—Celebrations Are Called Off.

A despatch from Ingersoll says: The smallpox situation is causing considerable uneasiness. There are now eighteen patients in the isolation hospital, a new case having been discovered on Sunday. The greater number of the cases were brought to light during the past few days, and only one of them is regarded as being severe. The town already feels the effects of the outbreak. There will be no Victoria Day celebration or Old Boys' Reunion, which was to have been a three-day affair. The Caledonia Society, under whose auspices it was to have been held, decided it would be in the interests of the public to call it off. Nearly everyone is being vaccinated. The Central School has been closed and the free library and reading-room will be closed after Wednesday. The mail is being thoroughly disinfected to prevent the disease from being spread in this way.

### E. G. RUSSELL'S SUICIDE.

Lately Executive Agent of the Grand Trunk Pacific.

A despatch from Victoria, B.C., says: E. G. Russell, until recently executive agent of the G.T.P. in British Columbia, and the man most intimately identified with its work in this Province, committed suicide on Thursday at Prince Rupert by shooting himself. He left Victoria a few days ago, getting off the Princess May at Prince Rupert, and a day later when the Princess was tying up at the same wharf on the way south he walked down towards it, drew a large revolver and shot himself, dying instantly. The remains will be taken to New Brunswick for burial. His wife and son, residing in a daughter is attending college in Hamilton.

### SNOW IN SASKATCHEWAN.

Thermometer at Lumsden Registered Eight Above Zero.

A despatch from Lumsden, Sask., says: Severely cold weather prevails here. The flood in the Qu'Appelle Valley is passed. All the streams emptying into the Qu'Appelle have fallen. It was eight above zero at nine on Saturday night. The sloughs west of town are filled, and the river is ten feet below the high mark of 1904. There was a big snowstorm on Sunday morning.

### WINNIPEG'S POPULATION 111,350.

A despatch from Winnipeg says: The city assessor has finished his annual census and estimates Winnipeg's population now at 111,350, an increase of ten thousand during the year.

# BIG INCREASE IN CANADA'S TRADE

## Amounts to \$55,018,726 During Nine Months

A despatch from Ottawa says: Trade returns for the nine months ending with March show some interesting increases. For the nine months closing the fiscal year the total increase in trade was \$55,018,726, or nearly 15 per cent. over the corresponding per cent. of 1905-06.

Imports increased \$47,506,476, and exports increased \$7,512,250.

The aggregate trade for the nine months was \$441,815,646.

For the month of March alone there was a record increase of no less than \$12,817,658 in the total trade, as compared with March of the last year. This increase was made up of \$10,978,787 in imports, and \$1,838,871 in exports. The aggregate of imports for the nine months was \$249,717,413, and of exports \$192,098,233.

For March the imports totalled \$36,542,074, and the exports \$15,304,236.

The total trade of last month was over one-third greater than the total trade of March, 1906. For the nine months the duty collected was \$10,106,085, an increase over the corresponding period of last year of \$6,338,287.

### RUSSIAN SENTENCED.

Was Given Six Years in Kingston for Wounding.

A despatch from Peterboro' says: Fred Chambers, alias Frank Cameron, of Toronto, who pleaded guilty to three charges of wounding Levi Thorndyke, Pat King, and Gilbert Biezard at the Royal Hotel, in this city, on April 17th, and of assaulting Constable McHerry, was on Thursday sentenced in the Police Court by Magistrate Dumble to six years in the Kingston Penitentiary. The prisoner got three years on each of three charges of stabbing, two of the terms to run concurrently. Chambers has a bad record. A letter received from Chief Grasett, of Toronto, by the local police, states that since he was released from the Kingston Penitentiary in December last he has been associating with professional thieves, and it is believed has taken part in a number of recent robberies. In 1889 the prisoner was sentenced in Toronto to four years for theft. And in 1899 he was given 10 years in the penitentiary for attempted robbery, with violence, of Henry Aspdon's grocery, 216 Victoria Street, Toronto. Chambers struck down Aspdon, and killed his daughter with an axe, George Slack was his accomplice, and got 12 years.

### C. N. R. TRACK WASHED OUT.

Line Disabled Between Lumsden and Regina.

A despatch from Winnipeg says: Hon. Mr. Motherwell, Minister of Agriculture for Saskatchewan, is in the city, and brings the startling information that the C. N. R. line between Regina and Lumsden is washed away in about twenty places, and no traffic can be carried until the track is restored, which will require considerable time. The north is completely cut off.

### MONTHS IN TRANSIT.

Goods Shipped From Toronto Before Christmas Still on the Road.

A despatch from Toronto says: The wholesale dry goods houses are receiving information that the block on the Canadian Northern, and the western roads is being relieved. Gordon MacKay & Company, on Wednesday morning, received a telegram from a merchant in Saskatoon, advising the arrival of goods on April 23rd, shipped from Toronto on January 31st. Other houses shipped goods before Christmas, and these have not yet reached their destination.

### A LATE OPENING.

Montreal Shipping Men Concerned Over Navigation Prospects.

A despatch from Montreal says: Montreal shipping companies are somewhat disappointed at the late opening of navigation this year. It is not expected that the first vessel of the season will come into this port until about the 1st of May, or probably as late as the 5th of May. Grain men in the city are anxiously waiting the breaking-up of ice at Fort William and Port Arthur.

### CAR WHEELS SEVERED HEAD.

Young Prospector Killed at Railway Station at Halleybury.

A despatch from Halleybury, Ont., says: F. J. Neff, from Detroit, was instantly killed here on Thursday while trying to board a northbound freight train. His feet caught in a wire and he fell under the wheels, which completely severed the head from the body. The accident happened immediately in front of the ticket-office windows, and the station platform was crowded at the time. The victim was formerly employed as an operator by the Great Northern Railway. He had come up here prospecting, having purchased a miner's license in the morning. He was only about 28 years old.

### COURSE IN AGRICULTURE.

High Schools Ready to Adopt Education Department's Suggestion.

A despatch from Toronto says: The Ontario Education Department is arranging for a course in agriculture in the High schools, and Dr. Seath states that already some half dozen schools are ready to fall in with the proposal. The idea is to have teachers who are graduates of the Ontario Agricultural College in addition to their other qualifications. The salary of each would be about \$1,000, and the province would extend over two years and would include physics, horticulture and other subjects appropriate to modern farming.

A reaction has started in China against the reforms initiated by Yuan Shi Kai and his friends.

# SPECTACULAR PITTSBURG FIRE

## 500,000 Pounds of Lard Suddenly Burst Into Flames.

A despatch from Pittsburgh says: One of the most remarkable and spectacular fires seen in this vicinity sprang out Wednesday night in the William Zoeller Packing Company's plant, Spring Garden Avenue, Allegheny, opposite this city.

Early on Thursday when the fire was thought to be under control, a large fire-proof warehouse, in which was stored 500,000 pounds of lard, suddenly burst into flames. All efforts to extinguish the fire in this department were futile, and the firemen finally fastened the iron doors of the building, shutting in the burning lard. The interior of the building soon became a seething furnace, and streams of hot grease ran into a sort of trench hurriedly prepared in an endeavor to prevent the hot fluid from spreading over surrounding territory.

Danger was encountered at every turn by the firemen, who stood by in case the walls of the warehouse should collapse and allow the blazing lard to reach adjacent property.

Shortly after the fire was discovered on Thursday night, and while the thousands of spectators were gathered, a dozen large ammunition tanks exploded among the spectators, but no one was injured. That no loss of life attended the fire is considered marvellous.

Fire was first discovered in the killing department of the plant, and is supposed to have been caused by crossed electric wires. Owing to the inflammable nature of the grease-laden woodwork, this building was soon beyond control of the firemen.

At eight o'clock on Thursday morning the fire had practically burned itself out. It was said that the loss would reach \$200,000, partly covered by insurance.



## WOMAN'S TRIALS.

Can be Banished by the Rich, Red Blood  
By Dr. Williams' Pink Pills Actually  
Make.

The health and happiness of growing girls and women of mature years depends upon the blood supply. There is a crisis in the life of every woman when there are distressing aches and backaches; when life seems a burden and when some women seem threatened with even the loss of their reason. It is at this period that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills prove a blessing to women. Every dose increases the richness and the redness of the blood supply, and this new blood strengthens the organs, enables them to throw off disease and banishes the headaches and backaches and dizziness and secret pains that have made life a burden. There are thousands and thousands of growing girls and women in Canada who owe their health and happiness to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. Mrs. James McDonald of Sugar Camp, Ont., is one of these. She says: "I was badly run down, felt very weak and had no appetite. I suffered from headaches and backaches and a feeling of weakness. I could scarcely drag myself about and felt that my condition was growing worse. I decided to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and get a box before they were all used. I had fully regained my health, and was able to do my housework without the least fatigue. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have been a great blessing to me."

You can get Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People from any medicine dealer or by mail from Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont., at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50. If you are weak or ailing give these pills a fair trial—they will not disappoint you.

## TONS OF DIAMONDS.

An Estimate on the Output of the Mines of the World.

Like all precious metals and stones, the unit of weight usually employed in regard to diamonds is the carat, of which 151½ go to make up a single ounce. To think of sacks of diamonds by the ton staggers the imagination; indeed, the average annual output of the Kimberley mines is not more than half a ton all told, says the Pall Mall Gazette.

Statistics have been published recently at Cape Town giving the output for several years past of the Kimberley mines and the river diggings. These yielded in the three years 1903-05 nearly 7,500,000 carats, say a ton and a half. The monetary value of these diamonds was £14,400,000. Since the first diamond was discovered by the banks of the Vaal in 1867 down to the end of 1906 it is estimated that the total weight of diamonds extracted from the Griqualand mines is over thirteen and a half tons, of a market value of fully £35,000,000.

If statistics of this sort can be trusted—and in the case of the South African yield they closely approximate to the facts—only seventeen tons of diamonds had been mined all over the world to the end of 1901. With the same relative output since that year from Brazil and India the world's output of diamonds is now more than twenty tons.

The figure seems small, considering the ages diamonds have been worked in India and elsewhere in the East, and must be largely guesswork with respect to the output in antiquity. It is, however, certain that more diamonds have been placed on the market in the last forty than in the previous thousand years.

## TESTED WITH DROPS OF WATER.

Number That a Sceptical Student in Paris Could Stand.

A drop of water, even three or four drops, falling on the head seems a thing unworthy of attention; nevertheless in China a slow and continuous dropping of water on the head has been found to be a method of torture under which the most hardened criminal abjectly howls for mercy.

When a professor in the Sorbonne stated this to his class the other day, says the London Chronicle, one of the students laughed incredulously, and said it would take a good deal of that sort of thing to affect him.

The professor asked him that even one quart of water dropped slowly onto his hand would be beyond his endurance. He agreed to experiment.

A quart measure filled with water was brought in, a microscopic hole was bored into the bottom and the performance began, the professor counting.

During the first hundred drops the student made airy remarks. With the second hundred he began to look less cheerful, then gradually all his talk died away, and his face took on a haggard, tortured expression. With the third hundred the hand began to swell and look red. The pain increased to torture. Finally the skin broke.

At the four hundred and twentieth drop the sceptic acknowledged his doubts vanished and begged for mercy. He could bear no more.

## MOTHERS FEEL SAFE.

Mother who have used Baby's Own Tablets for their little ones say they feel safe with the Tablets at hand, for they are a never failing cure for all the minor ills of babyhood and childhood. Mrs. Ursula Cressman, New Hamburg, Ont., says: "I have used Baby's Own Tablets for stomach trouble and colic, and always with marked success. I always feel that my little one is safe when I have a box of the Tablets in the house." Baby's Own Tablets are sold under the guarantee of a Government analyst to contain neither opiates nor other poisonous drugs. They always do good—they can't possibly do harm. For sale at drug stores or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

In 1897 only 14,406 British emigrated to British North America. The number has been growing since then by leaps and bounds, and last year reached 77,139, of whom 75,244 were English.

## PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

Interesting Gossip About Some Prominent People.

A short time ago the German Empress was asked by a very rich baroness what things in the world she would like best. "I can tell you very readily," said the Empress. "There are four things I prefer: to all others, and they all begin with 'K.' They are my Kaiser, my kitchen, my kirch, and my kuchen." (my King, my children, my church, and my kitchen).

Mr. F. C. Selous, the famous hunter of big game, was nicknamed "Zealous" by his companions at Rugby. On leaving school he went to Switzerland to learn French and German. He talked of jumping into the Rhine clad in top-boots and great-coat. A duck which he had shot had fallen into the river, and he wanted to get it out.

Earl Roberts, who has given up his town house in Portland Place and gone to live in the country, has transformed his large collection of curios to his residence at Englemore, near Ascot. One of the most highly prized is a piece of dirty white rag, very much the worse for wear; and many seeing it have wondered what on earth it was doing among the other curios. It is the "white flag" that General Cronje sent to Lord Roberts intimating his surrender at Paardeberg.

It is interesting to note how rapidly the members of the English Royal Family are dividing up the Royal spoils of Europe. An English Princess is now the throne of Norway; another, Princess Margaret of Connaught, will some day wear the Swedish crown. The daughter of the late Princess Alice, King Edward's sister, is now the Czarina; the son of the Duke of Albany is Duke of Saxe-Coburg-Gotha; the eldest daughter of the Duke of Edinburgh is Crown Princess of Greece; a daughter of King Edward's eldest sister, while daughter of Princess Henry of Battenberg is on the Spanish throne.

Easily first among lady astronomers is the gifted wife of Sir William Huggins. It is not only since her marriage that Lady Huggins has devoted herself to star science. The most treasured possession of her early girlhood were a small telescope and star atlas. Sir William Huggins's house at Tulse Hill is especially fitted for the study of the stars, but Lady Huggins declares that the first requisite for a British astronomer is a broken heart. If the organ is not fractured already, the vagaries of the terrible British climate, to say nothing of London fog and smoke cutting off all observations for weeks together, will effectually break it for him.

## ECZEMA AGAIN OVERCOME

ZAM-BUK CURES A CASE WHICH FOR TWO YEARS HAD DEFIED EVERY REMEDY TRIED.

### A Farmer's Grateful Testimony.

No case of eczema, skin disease, or ulcers should be despised, until Zam-Buk has been applied. The case of Mr. Francis Renold, of St. Anne's (Man.), is a powerful illustration of Zam-Buk's efficacy. He says: "I suffered from eczema for two years, and tried a great number of remedies. None of them, however, seemed to do me any good. The ailment was mostly in my legs, and both these were actually raw from the knees down. A small sample box of Zam-Buk was given to me, and even so small a quantity as that did me a little good. I then obtained a proper supply, and by the time I had used a few boxes I was completely cured."

Zam-Buk differs from ordinary salves and embrocations in containing no animal oil or fat. It is compounded from rich, healing, herbal essences, and is an ideal natural combination of power and purity. It is highly antiseptic, and instantly kills bacilli and disease germs, which settling on to wounds and skin diseases set up festering, blood poisoning. For cuts, burns, bruises, ulcers, abscesses, pimples, boils, skin eruptions, scalds, scabs, spreading sores, children's skin troubles, chafing sores, etc., Zam-Buk is unequalled. It also cures piles. All druggists and stores at 50c. a box, or from Zam-Buk Co., Toronto, for price, 6 boxes for \$2.50.

"Is Mrs. Schnorer in?" asked the caller. "Yes, ma'am," answered the maid-of-all-work in the boarding house. "She's in her room." "Are you sure?" "Yes, ma'am. I just overheard her taking a nap."

**ITCH.** Mange, Prairie Scratches and every form of contagious itch in human or animal cure in 30 minutes by Wolford's Sanitary Lotion. It never fails. Sold by all druggists.

Next to London which has nearly 129,000 Jews, Manchester is the town with the largest Jewish population. It has 28,000. Glasgow—a large city—has only 6,500, and Liverpool 7,000.

You cannot be happy while you have corns. Then do not delay in getting a bottle of Holloway's Corn Cure. It removes all kinds of corns without pain. Failure with it is unknown.

Judge: "You say you are going to marry this woman you have been beating?" Prisoner: "I am, your Honor. I've got the paper right here." Judge: "Well, is it a marriage license or a lick her license?"

Miss Maud Branscombe, the famous actress, relates an amusing story concerning the unappreciated attentions of a youth who once fell in love with her. The young man's parents were much concerned about the matter, and explored the actress not to marry him. "I'll give him a sound hiding," said the father. "Don't do that," said Miss Branscombe. "There is a better way of curing him. After the performance this evening I'll put on an old dress and hat, and bring your boy round to the stage-door and point me out to him as I come out." This was done, and so cleverly was the ruse carried out that Miss Branscombe heard the youth exclaim to his father as she passed them:—"My golly! I thought she was pretty!"

## Pe-ru-na Relieves Spring Catarrh



MISS DORA HAYDEN.

"Without hesitation I write to thank you for the great relief I have found in your valuable medicine, Peruna, and will call the attention of all my friends suffering with catarrh to that fact. Besides I cheerfully recommend it to all suffering with catarrh in any form."—Miss Dora Hayden, 819 6th St. S. W., Washington, D. C.

### A CASE OF SPRING CATARRH.

Mrs. N. P. Lawler, 423½ N. Broadway, Pittsburg, Kas., writes: "Last spring I caught a severe cold, which developed into a serious case of catarrh. I felt weak and sick, and could neither eat nor sleep well."

"A member of our club who had been cured of catarrh through the use of Peruna advised me to try it, and I did so at once. I expected help, but nothing like the wonderful change for the better I observed almost as soon as I started taking it. In three days I felt much better, and within two weeks I was in fine health. Peruna is a wonderful medicine."

### DEADLY PARALLEL.

"You drink beer in winter to make you warm and in summer to keep you cool," sneered the maid. "Yes," admitted the man, "I handle it just as you do openwork."—Then the conversation languished.

Do Not Delay.—When, through debilitated digestive organs, poison finds its way into the blood, the prime consideration is to get the poison out as rapidly and as thoroughly as possible. Delay may mean disaster. Parmelee's Vegetable Pills will be found a most valuable and effective medicine to assail the intruder with. They never fail. They go at once to the seat of the trouble and work a permanent cure.

The United Kingdom produces some 600,000 cycles yearly, of a value of 3½ million pounds, and of these exports nearly 50,000.

ONE OF THE BEST old time remedies for all skin affections, such as Eczema, Ringworm, Scald-head and similar affections is Weaver's Corate. It is an ointment that has brought relief to thousands.

An editor is a man who is liable to grammatical blunders, toothache, typographical errors, and lapses of memory, and usually he has half a million people watching to catch him tripping. And yet the world is full of people who want to be editors!

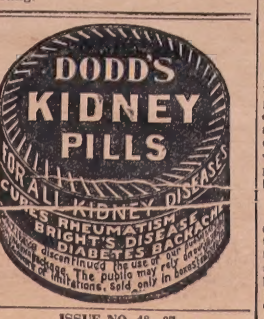
Cholera and all summer complaints are so quick in their action that the cold hand of death is upon the victim before they are aware that danger is near. If attacked do not delay in getting the proper medicine. Try a dose of Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Dysentery Cordia, and you will get immediate relief. It acts with wonderful rapidity and never fails to effect a cure.

They had a dispute, and agreed to leave it to the military expert. "What bullet," they asked, "do you consider the deadliest?" For several minutes he remained in a brown study. Then he looked up with the air of one who had settled the matter finally and definitely. "The one that hits," he said.

A LITTLE QUIET is the best of all diet, yet it will not make bone and muscle but "Fervorin" will. Try it. All drug and general stores. 5¢ bottles.

"If you come in a year's time and say you have not touched drink, I will refund the money," said the magistrate at Gray's in fining a man for an assault on a constable.

The housing committee of the Baltimore Board of Health have decided that it will be necessary to increase the rents to make the Letchmore and Town Hall Estates as far as possible self-supporting.



ISSUE NO. 18-07.

## CONSUMPTION IS NOT HEREDITARY

Such is the Decision of the British Medical Association.

The old theory of Consumption being hereditary has been completely exploded by the investigations of the British Medical Association. Consumption is purely and only a germ disease. But lung weakness and contracted chest, which is commonly constitutional or inherited, form especially favorable soil and conditions for the lodgment and the development of consumption germs or tubercles. One of the world's most famous physicians spent his life studying this disease and finding a cure. As a result he gave to the world the most remarkable and successful cure for tubercle, and all the conditions that lead up to it, that has ever blessed the human race. That one word "Psychine" embraces the life work of one of the world's greatest benefactors. Thousands upon thousands owe their life to Psychine. Space permits only one testimony now.

"Several years ago my wife was so seriously ill of lung trouble as for months to be unable to walk, at which time a noted physician told me that the next dress that I would buy for her would be a shroud. She used Psychine and is now reasonably well."

"Another case that came under my notice was Mr. Galbraith."

"His was an extreme case; apparently, so far as I could judge, a hopeless one, and yet he is now so much improved as to be away on a visit. Previous to going he was gaining at the rate of 3½ pounds per week, and was again quite well and able to walk about. The doctors absolutely gave him up."

REV. C. E. BURRELL,

Baptist Minister.

Forest, Ont.

Psychine is a world-famed remedy for the cure of all those troubles that lead to Consumption, such as coughs, colds, La Grippe, chills, bronchitis, catarrh, night sweats and all stomach and wasting diseases. At the druggists, 50c and \$1.00, or write Dr. T. A. Slocum, Limited, 179 King Street W., Toronto.

### AS TO EXTRAVAGANCE.

Spendall: "If I'd known you were so extravagant I would never have married you."

Mrs. Spendall: "If I hadn't been, papa would never have let you."

DON'T OVERDRAW YOUR BANK ACCOUNT.

To overdraw your bank account, whether mentally or physically, is more suicidal even than to overdraw materially. Repair wasted tissues, strengthen shattered nerves and rejuvenate your rheumatic system by visiting the famous Mineral Salt Springs of the "St. Catherine's Well" of St. Catherine's, Ont. A postal card to J. D. McDonald, District Passenger Agent, Grand Trunk Railway System, Toronto, will bring illustrated descriptive matter.

### PA STOOD THIRD.

"I've got a wonderful boy," said the father of five. "My oldest, I mean. He came to me the other night with a subject for composition. He asked me off-hand to write it for him. I put down my paper and wrote it. I flattered myself that I did rather well with that composition, it having been some time since I had had occasion to write one, but I hardly expected the encomium I got from him. The next day at dinner time he came rushing home, hurried up to me and slapped me on the back. "Hurrah for you, Pop!" he cried. "You are all right. You stand third in the class!"

### THE REMEDY.

Tramp: "Madam, I am suffering from indigestion."

Lady: "Why, I'm sorry. What can I do to help you?"

Tramp: "Madam, you can cure me instantly by giving me something to digest."

Prevent Disorder.—At the first symptoms of internal disorder, Parmelee's Vegetable Pills should be resorted to immediately. Two or three of these salutary pellets, taken before going to bed, followed by doses of one or two pills for two or three nights in succession, will serve as a preventive of attacks of dyspepsia and all the discomforts which follow in the train of that fell disorder. The means are simple when the way is known.

Public-Health in the United Kingdom numbered 96,727 in the year 1881. In 1904 the number was only 91,502, and it is still steadily diminishing.

Help your children to grow strong and robust by counteracting anything that causes ill-health. One great cause of disease in children is worms. Remove them with Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator. It never fails.

The Admiralty is controlled by four Lords, no Earl, and a Parliamentary and Financial Secretary. The latter gets the best pay of all—namely, \$10,000 a year.

It Lays a Sizzling Hand on Pain.—For pains in the joints and limbs and for rheumatic pains, neuralgia and lumbago, Dr. Thomson's Electric Oil is without a peer. Well rubbed in, the skin absorbs it and it quickly and permanently relieves the affected part. Its value lies in its magic property of removing pain from the body, and for that good quality it is prized.

Young Doctor (to patient): "That prescription I left last night, sir, was a mistake. It was intended for another patient suffering from a complaint of quite a different kind from yours. Did you have it made up?" Patient: "Yes, doctor, and I took the medicine." Doctor: "Well, how are you feeling this morning?" Patient: "Very much better."

## IN MERRY OLD ENGLAND

NEWS BY MAIL ABOUT JOHN BULL AND HIS PEOPLE.

Occurrences in the Land That Reigns Supreme in the Commercial World.

Five snakes, each 2 feet in length, have been killed at Port Isaac village, Cornwall. Lieut-General Derrien will assume command of the Aldershot corps on December 1, in succession to Sir John French.

Nineteen vessels, aggregating 43,000 tons, have been launched from the Clyde shipbuilding yards during March.

White ploughing in a field at Monks Riborough (Bucks) a ploughman turned up a Roman copper coin dated A.D. 361.

Lord Methuen has opened a new Church Lads' Brigade drill hall at High Wycombe, on a site given by Earl Carrington.

Princess Christian is to preside at the annual summer sale of the Royal School of Art Needlework, which is to be held in May.

For sixty years without a break the aged sexton of Easton Church, Suffolk, has sung in the choir, which he joined at the age of 25.

Two visits are to be paid to Aldershot this summer by the King—one for the purpose of holding a royal review on Laffan's Plain.

Funeral volleys fired over the grave of a young naval officer at Apudram have had the curious effect of cracking one of the church bells.

An army veteran has died at Ipswich in his 86th year in the person of Alfred Johnson, who served at Inkerman, Alma, Balaklava, and Sevastopol.

A screen of her own working has been given by the Princess of Wales to the London section of the Australasian Exhibition of Women's Work to be held in Melbourne.

Bravery characterized the conduct of Police Constable Pickett, of Hackney, who, in stopping a runaway horse, was dragged 50 yards. He holds rewards from the Royal Humane Society for saving lives from drowning.

Summoned at Dover for not sending his little girl Rose, aged eight, to school, Harry Philpott said the child practically kept house, at the same time looking after two younger children and her mother, who was subject to fits.

Dover has been selected for this year's competition of the National Artillery Association, the high elevation of the guns on the cliffs making it more suitable than Shoeburyness, where the previous competitions have been held.

When a wedding party arrived at St. Mary's Parish Church, Scarborough, the bridesmaids were told that they could not enter, as they were not wearing hats, but on yreaths of marguerites. They then placed handkerchiefs over their heads and were admitted.

The Finance Committee of the Bermondsey Borough Council recommend a reduction of 7d. in the £ in the rate for the next year. The council, before declaring the rate, will endeavor to induce the Board of Guardians to return a surplus of £23,000, by which further reduction of 5d. can be effected.

## Celluloid Starch

Easier ironing gives better finish on things starched with Celluloid Starch, the only no-boil cold-water starch that can't stick. You will like it best, once you try it. Buy it by name. Any good dealer.

### Saves

Labor

Time

Linen, Too

4%

On Your Savings

Compounded Quarterly

"BANKING BY MAIL"

It explains how our Savings Department is no further from you than your nearest mail box.

Capital and Reserve

\$2,900,000

THE UNION TRUST CO., LIMITED

Temple Building, - Toronto

Does fit Doesn't shrink

Pon-Angle Underwear has the soft warm feel the skin enjoys. Doesn't it. Made for men, women and little folks, in a variety of styles, fabrics and prices.

We authorize every dealer in Pon-Angle Underwear to replace at our cost, any garment faulty in material or making.

CREAM OF THE WEST FLOUR

A pure, hard Manitoba FLOUR

Flour for bakers and others demanding strength, color and uniformity.

STRONG & WHITE AT YOUR GROCERS

DEALERS EVERYWHERE SUPPLIED WITH FLOUR AND FEED. WRITE US.

WE ALSO MAKE "QUEEN CITY" A BLENDING FLOUR THAT HAS GAINED GREAT FAVOR AS A GENERAL HOUSEHOLD "ALL PURPOSES" FLOUR.

THE CAMPBELL MILLING CO. TORONTO JUNCTION, ONT.

CARPET DYEING and Cleaning. This is a specialty with the BRITISH AMERICAN DYEING CO.

Send particulars by post and we are sure to satisfy. Address Box 148, Montreal.

YOUNG MEN WANTED—FOR FIREMEN and brakemen; experience unnecessary; over 500 positions open at the present time; high wages; rapid promotion to engineers and conductors; \$75 to \$200 per month; instructions by mail at your home without interruption with present occupation; we assist each student in securing a position; don't delay; write to-day for free catalogue, instructions and application blank. National Railway Training School, Inc., 1432 K. B. St., Block, Minneapolis, Minn., U.S.A.

STAMMERERS

THE ARNOLD METHOD is the only logical method for the cure of Stammering. It treats the CAUSE, not merely the HABIT, and insures natural speech. Pamphlet, particulars and references sent on request.

THE ARNOLD INSTITUTE BERLIN, ONT., CAN.

### FOR SALE.

300 LIGHT DYNAMO

In good running order. Bargain for cash.

S. FRANK WILSON,

73 Adelaide Street West, - TORONTO.

There are at least 40,000 habitual vagrants in Great Britain, and in times of trade depression the number of tramps nearly doubles.

Chaplain: "This is your third term in this prison. Are you not ashamed to have your friends see you here?" Ashamed Convict: "Indeed, I am. The prison is disgraceful. The reception-room smells like a tap-room, the cells are dark as caves, the governor is no gentleman, and the table is not fit to sit down to. Ashamed to have my friends come here? I am mortified every time I see them; but what can I do?"

The largest salmon on record was a Russian fish, which Von Siebad declares to have weighed 93 pounds.



## Feed Your Poultry International Poultry Food

The Best in the Market.  
Price 25c. and 50c. per Package.

**GALVANIZED  
POULTRY NETTING**  
ALL WEIGHTS  
18 inches to 6 feet.

**Field and Hog Fencing**

ALL STYLES.

**HENRY WARREN & SON**

Hardware

Phone 25



**WHO? Everybody.**

**WHAT? Buys Shoes.**

**WHEN? All the time.**

**WHERE? At our store.**

**WHY? Because you always  
get the best at lowest prices  
at this store.**

**Our Styles this Season are Captivating**

Special Price on Men's Patent Colt Bals, -- \$3.50.  
Entirely new—Ladies' Patent Colt Button Oxfords,  
\$3.00

Greatest Values ever offered—in Ladies' Misses,  
and Children's FINE BOOTS and SLIPPERS.

Men's boots for everyday wear from \$1.00 to \$3.75  
per pair. None can be beat for standards of value.  
Call and see them.

Our Hand-Made work is all right.

**GEO. E. REYNOLDS,**

SHOE KING.

P.S.—Butter and Eggs taken in exchange.

An old resident of the county passed away on Friday in the person of Mr. John Demarest, at his late residence in Foxboro, where he had resided for a great many years. The old gentleman was born in Sidney nearly 84 years ago was a most prosperous and successful farmer.

The Grand Trunk announce that they have given a contract to J. S. Metcalfe for the construction of a two-million-bushel elevator at Tiffin, near Midland.

## CATARRH

To prove unquestionably, and beyond any doubt, that Catarrh of the nose and throat can be cured, small free trial boxes of Dr. Shoop's Catarrh Cure. If you do this because you are certain that Dr. Shoop's Catarrh Cure will bring actual substantial help. Nothing certainly is so convincing as a physical cure of any ailment of real, genuine merit. But that test will possess true merit, else the test will condemn, rather than advance it. Dr. Shoop's Catarrh Cure is a new white, healing antiseptic balm, put up in beautiful of red capped glass jars of 5c. Such soothing agents as Oil Eucalyptus, Thymol, Menthol, etc., are incorporated into a healthy cream like Petroleum, imported by Dr. Shoop from Europe. If Catarrh of the nose and throat has extended to the stomach, then by all means use internally. Dr. Shoop's Restorative, Stomach Disinfectant, lack of general strength, bleeding, belching, biliousness, bad taste, etc., surely call for Dr. Shoop's Restorative. For complicated Catarrh only of the nose and throat nothing else, however, need be used but

**Dr. Shoop's  
Catarrh Cure**  
MORTON & HAIGHT.

**Spring Brook Medical,  
Surgical and X Ray  
Institute,**  
SPRING BROOK, ONT.

All Difficult and Chronic Diseases diagnosed and special treatment given.

DISEASES OF LUNGS, THROAT, EAR AND NOSE. FITTING OF GLASSES.

Diseases of Women, Piles, Constipation, Prostatic Diseases of Men, Rectal Troubles, Catarrh of the Nose and all Acute and Chronic Diseases treated by the most approved, scientific principles.

All in doubt of their ailments should have an X RAY Examination.  
R. ELGIN TOWLE, M.B., M.D.C.M.,  
Physician-in-Charge,  
Office Hours 12 to 3 p.m. Drug Store in connection.

**An Exciting Escape.**  
Prince Kropotkin, the Russian revolutionist, once made an exciting escape from a fortress prison in St. Petersburg. After two years in the prison he had been removed to the jail hospital, where plans were matured by his friends for his flight. He was allowed to walk for an hour each afternoon, guarded by armed sentries, in the grounds. A line of spies outside maintained a system of signals to notify the prince when the adjoining streets should be clear. When all was well a friend in a kiosk opposite the gates played upon a violin. After one or two false starts the violinist burst into a mad melody, and the prisoner, flinging off an outer garment, leaped for it. Sentries tried to stab him with their bayonets; others hesitated to shoot, believing that they could catch him. A carriage with a racing horse in the shafts was waiting. Into it he sprang, and they left at a gallop. His beard was cut off, his clothes changed, and he spent the first hours of his hiding in the best cafe in St. Petersburg.

**The Amateur Detective.**  
Said the man in the restaurant to the other across the table:  
"I'll bet you're a druggist."  
"No; you're wrong."  
"A chemist, then?"  
"Wrong again."  
"A photographer?"  
"This time you're right. How did you guess it?"  
"It was simple enough," was the answer. "I guessed it from the way you held the vinegar cruet in making your salad. You placed your little finger at the bottom of the bottle. No one but a man accustomed to measuring out graduated and exact quantities does that."

Precautions have been taken to prevent the grave of the late Dr. Cronhyak from being robbed.  
The Lieutenant-Governor of British Columbia has refused to sign the bill excluding Chinese and Japanese just passed by the Legislature.

**SCIATICA**  
Inflammatory or Muscular Rheumatism, Lumbago, Neuralgia—they are all the same to

**Bu-Ju**  
Don't suffer needlessly when you have a positive and guaranteed cure in "Bu-Ju." Money back if they fail. 50c. a box. At druggists, or by mail direct from The Claffin Chemical Co., Ltd., Windsor, Ont.

## WOMEN OF HOLLAND.

Dutch Feminine Costumes Are Too Complex For Words.

The women's costume is a trifle too complex for verbal description, as feminine belongings usually are, but the white lace cap which covers the head from eyebrows to nape of neck and from ear to ear, curving out in rounded wings on each side of her cheeks, is always a conspicuous and inevitable portion of a woman's attire. It may possibly be that on Sunday this cap is a trifle whiter or stiffer or daintier than on week days, but the difference is not very apparent.

The ladies assure us there is a vast difference in the quality of the net and the amount of handwork employed, but the lens made no special note of that. In shape and outline the camera finds great distinction between these caps and those of Katwijk or Marken or Bols de Duc, but between Sunday and Monday caps in Volendam it records none whatever. For the rest of the costume feminine Holland asks above all things apparently a very flat, narrow chest surmounting enormous hips, and Volendam is no exception to this fashion rule. The invariable black "best waist" of the elder women is usually brightened by a square yoke of lighter color and material, and the dark apron or overskirt is topped by six inches or more of gay plaid or bright colored band worn over an underskirt of dull blue striped or black material and unaccountable petticoats.

About the throat a collar formed of many rows of heavy dark red coral beads is fastened by huge silver clasps, and the number of rows, the size and quality of the beads are matters for feminine pride. Long hair is not the glory of women in Holland, save perhaps at Marken. It is usually hidden and at Volendam is cut quite close and entirely covered by a tight fitting thick black silk cap concealed beneath the snowy white lace. The younger girls, from the tiniest toddler to the young meise, old enough to wed, wear dresses and caps the exact counterpart of their grave mothers, no less full of skirt or narrow of chest, but much gayer in color. A group of tiny maidens in a stiff breeze on the dike resembles nothing more than a swarm of butterflies.—Florence Craig Albrecht in Scribner's.

## POINTED PARAGRAPHS.

No small noise sounds as bad as that made by squeaky shoes.

Lift any little woman's thumb and you will find a man under it.

How few people are as polite to their friends as they are to strangers!

People seem to begrudge a preacher everything he gets except his vacation.

The child that is ruled by love and the child that has its own way live at the same house.

If you were a mind reader you would learn a lot of unpleasant things which you can only surmise.

The man who prides himself on being a "great observer of little things" can usually be relied upon for a few unpleasant remarks.

Soon after a boy ceases to credit his father with being the smartest man on earth he imagines his father should consult him on all doubtful issues.

**Infection.**  
The wife of an army officer at a western post recently had occasion to visit a small neighboring town to do some shopping at what is called the general store. She was much entertained by the variety and antiquity of the stock of goods, and as she passed out her eyes were attracted by a pile of mottoes, elaborately lettered and ornately framed, the upper one being the Scriptural passage, "Walk in love."

As she paused the clerk, a dapper young man of more affability than advantages, stepped forward with the remark: "They are the latest things in mottoes. This top one is swell to put over a young lady's door—Walk in love."—Lippincott's.

**The Outdoor Boy.**  
Let the boy learn to hit the bright spot with a rifle, and if war comes he can hit the button on the coat of an enemy the first shot and does not have to be taught to shoot over again after he enlists. If he is familiar with guns, boats, water and the wild woods, he will be handy anywhere, and you can't lose him. Any boy who has got a father who won't do the right thing by him and give him a chance to love the woods and the water and the free, clean air that God serves free, when you get far enough away from man's city can come along with me some time, and I will show him how to have the time of his life.—Outer's Book.

**He'll Get the Girl.**  
Tommy Rattles was turned down when he asked Elsie's father for his consent. The old man said that Tommy was a good boy, but lacked persistence.

What is Tommy going to do about it?  
He goes to the old man and asks him for his daughter three evenings every week.

**His Reformation.**  
"Yes," said the reformed cannibal chief. "I used to eat every missionary 'till came out here."  
"Just was before you got religion, eh?" queried the new missionary.

"No; before I got indignation."

**Learning.**  
Boker—I won \$50 from Blugs last night playing poker.  
Joker—Why, does Blugs know how to play poker?  
Boker—Not yet.—Lippincott's Magazine.

## THE BUSY BEAVERS.

These Tireless Workers Have Altered America's Landscape.

Because its operations are chiefly nocturnal, so that it is seldom or never seen, and because of its skill in controlling water and in house building, something of mystery has grown up about the beaver. It is said that it fells trees for the purpose of building its dams and can lay a tree where it wishes to with the accuracy of the most skilled axman. It is said also that it uses its tail as a trowel, plastering the mud on its houses and dams with this appendage as a mason spreads his mortar.

Myths like these will probably have a long life. The latter belief is no doubt encouraged by the beaver's frequent habit of slapping the water on earth with its tail as an alarm signal whenever it is startled. There are many unexplained things about the beaver's life.

Long before the white man came to America the beaver was hard at work building his dams all over the country and in narrow and sometimes in wide stream valleys, arresting the water and so collecting in its ponds the detritus swept down from the hills and from the upper reaches of the stream.

As this sediment gradually filled up the shallow ponds the beaver moved to other places, and when in time the dam broke down and the waters drained off a wide level meadow was left—the bottom of the old pond.

All over the continent in suitable localities, from Mexico north to the tree limit and from the Atlantic to the Pacific, this was going on century after century, and in this way no doubt were made vast areas of level meadow, whose origin is now unsuspected by the people who occupy them.—Forest and Stream.

## PUZZLES IN NATURE.

Some of the Seeming Contradictions That Science Encounters.

The man of science, like the man of law, has brought before him many an anomaly; but, unlike the judge or the advocate, he knows that the contradictions he studies are only such in seeming. Any day, he believes, these apparent contradictions may be resolved into cases of detected law, not stupor enough to disclose itself to aught but the most rigorous analysis.

In the realm of heat it seems that certain rules of radiation, conduction, boiling points and the like are general, not universal. In most cases they act as if alone; in a few cases their effect is masked by causes as yet not understood. Let a few cases as perplexing as that of the alloys under refrigeration be briefly recounted.

Common solder has a lower melting point than any of its ingredients. Sulphur fuses at 120 C. and thickens again at 220 C. When steel is heated and dipped into cold water it is hardened; the same treatment softens copper. While almost every substance expands with heat, rubber shrinks. In most cases electrical conductivity is impaired by increase of temperature, yet a carbon pencil rises to an almost threefold augmentation of conductivity when brought to incandescence in an electric lamp.

We may be well assured that when these anomalies are resolved the explanations will bear in their train other difficulties for research yet more subtle. Science never does worse work than when, as here, she points to her own unfinished walls and bids the student as a privilege and a duty to supply their gaps as best he may.—George Iles.

**"Old Moore."**  
"Old Moore," under whose name almanacs and prophecies have been appearing regularly for generations, was not a charlatan. His name was Henry Andrews. He was a bookseller of London, and, according to an old year book, "his prophecies were as much laughed at by himself as by the Worshipful Company of Stationers, for whom he manufactured them, in order to render Moore's almanac salable among the ignorant, in whose eyes a lucky hit covered a multitude of blunders." Andrews "had a very extraordinary genius for astronomy and was greatly esteemed for his integrity and modesty by every scientific man who was personally acquainted with him."

**As Others See Us.**  
"And do the Americans shine in their conversation?" asks the interviewer of the foreigner who has returned to his native land.  
"Let me tell you," replies the foreigner. "In mixed company the ladies assemble on one side of the room, and all talk at once about cooks and dresses, and the men assemble at the other side of the room and talk about automobiles and money."

**His Quest.**  
An Irishman whose wife was fond of moving from one house to another was met by a friend the other morning while walking behind a van load of household goods and saluted with: "Hello, Mick! Shifting again? Where might you be going this time?" "I don't know, begorra," said Mick. "I'm following the furniture to find out."

**No Chances.**  
"Opportunity," remarked the boarder who is always quoting maxims, "knocks once at every man's door."  
"I'll never knock at any door of mine," said the seedy boarder. "I sleep in an attic."

A man who shows no defects is a fool or a hypocrite whom we should distrust.—Joubert.

## FALSE ALARM OF FIRE.

A Peril Always to Be Met Promptly on Board Ship.

It was on board the Northern Light, says Captain Osborn in "A Sailor of Fortune," that a false alarm of fire was sounded and disaster prevented only by prompt action. A passenger, looking down through the boiler hatch, saw the red painted boiler fronts and, seeing the flamelike color amid a cloud of steam, shouted, "Fire!" Immediately the whole vessel was in an uproar, and a dangerous panic was imminent. I was one of the underofficers.

The climax came when the quartermaster saw a minister of the gospel on the rail trying to lower the bow of one of the ship's boats. I ran to him and ordered him to come down on deck. The minister paid no attention, and I seized his coat tail to drag him down by force.

Perhaps it was an old coat, for the seams parted, and a second later I had the ministerial coat tail in my hands. He came down then. He was angry and was likewise a spectacle to look upon.

He started to call an indignation meeting, but most of the passengers had recovered from their fright by this time and were inclined to be merry at the reverend gentleman's expense.

He went raging to the captain, who summoned me to appear. I came, still carrying the coat tail in my hand.

"Mr. Osborn," he said, "what are your orders in case of a false alarm of fire?"

"My orders," I said, "are to stop it by any means necessary. I may knock a man down, throttle him or split him wide open."

The captain turned to the late minister.

"Those are Mr. Osborn's orders," he said. "You are fortunate that it was only your coat that was split open."

The danger from the false alarm of fire on shipboard is second only to the real thing and is always a peril to be met promptly.

## SPEED OF FISHES.

Tarpon, Shark and Mackerel Are the Swiftest of Swimmers.

When scientists desire to find out how fast a certain bird flies, it is necessary only to set up poles and note by stop watches the time the bird requires to cross the interval. The speed of fishes is more difficult to ascertain. Nevertheless, as the Saturday Evening Post explains, estimates have been made showing that the mackerel, considering its handicap in size, comes close to being the champion racer.

Unquestionably the mackerel travels sometimes as fast as an express train at high speed—say, at the rate of sixty or possibly seventy miles an hour. Other things being equal, the larger the fish the faster it swims, just as the huge steamboat is able to travel at a speed much greater than the little harbor tug.

Undoubtedly the energy employed by a fish of great size, such as a thirty foot shark, when traveling at its best gait is something tremendous. An ordinary tug, which represents a maximum of energy in a minimum of bulk, can produce 200 horsepower. Of course it is only a guess, but it would not seem to be over the mark to suppose that a seventy foot whale makes use of 500 horsepower when it propels its huge bulk through the water at a rate of thirty miles an hour.

A whale, which is a mammal and not a fish, might be compared to a freight train if the shark is a cannon ball express, but it can beat the fastest "ocean greyhound" in a speed contest.

The tarpon is probably faster than the shark. It is believed that a tarpon in a hurry can travel at the rate of eighty miles an hour.

**An Interrogation.**  
While dining with friends in Cambridge, Bishop Phillips Brooks described with much enthusiasm a college service he had recently attended. "It was an inspiration to see all those young men singing so heartily. Especially they seemed to throw their whole souls into the hymn:

"Am I a soldier of the cross,  
A follower of the Lamb?"

Even Dr. X, the president of the college, sang as if he felt the contagion of inspiration. "Dr. X, sang that?" broke in an incredulous listener. "Does Dr. X believe that?" "Oh, no," replied Bishop Brooks quickly. "He was merely asking for information."

**An Act of Heroism.**  
On one occasion General Lee, while making an observation, stepped to a somewhat exposed position to secure a better view and thus stood for a moment at personal risk when General Grant, who was in the party, quietly stepped before General Lee without obscuring his view and remained thus covering the body of his superior until the fieldglass was lowered and the danger over—a simple, quiet act, but showing cool bravery and a self sacrificing spirit.

**The Limit.**  
It was just a plain lying contest, but the prize was to go to the man who told his lie most briefly and casually. "I came in on a suburban train this morning," said the prize winner, "and as I hastily swung up a car window"

**In a Street Car.**  
Blodgett—You see that homely woman hanging to that strap? Foster—How do you know she is homely? You can't see her face. Blodgett—I can see she is hanging to a strap.

This world belongs to the energetic.—Emerson.

## HARDWARE!

### PAROID ROOFING

suitable for flat or steep roofs. Proof against fire, and adapted for all climates. A full line of COAL OIL STOVES two or three burners, with ovens. These stoves are perfect. A quantity of Humpty Dumpty Egg Crates in stock.

The latest in Barn Door Rollers and track. Corrugated Galvanized sheets for Roofing, cheaper than shingles.

Steel painted and galvanized shingles. A car of Belleville cement just arrived, Furnace work, Steam Fitting, Eave-troughing, and all job work done on the shortest notice.

**L. MEIKLEJOHN.**



### OUR TAILORING

insures satisfaction as to the Style, Fit and Fabric of any garment you may order. Each coat, suit and overcoat is fashioned with care and skill.

### OUR PRICES

speak for themselves. You will find it hard to duplicate our offerings.

**JOHN M. MCGEE,**

Next door to H. Warren & Son's Hardware Store.

## A Special Offer

**THE BUSY MAN'S  
MAGAZINE**

(The Cream of the World's Magazines reproduced for Busy People)

AND

**THE NEWS-ARGUS**

will be sent to any address, one year, for

**\$2.00**

The Subscription price of the Magazine alone is \$2 per year.

**50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE**

**PATENTS**  
TRADE MARKS  
DESIGNS  
COPYRIGHTS &c.

Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. Handbook on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents. Patents taken in all countries. First checks, issued on special notice, without charge, in the

**Scientific American.**

A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, \$3 a year in advance. Sold by all newsdealers.

**MUNN & Co., 361 Broadway, New York**

Branch Office, 625 9th St., Washington, D. C.

**PATENTS PROMPTLY SECURED**

Write today for a free copy of our interesting book "How to get a Patent" and "How to secure a Patent." We have extensive experience in the intricate and complicated cases of Patents. First checks, issued on special notice, without charge, in the

**Scientific American.**

**THE**

**Stirling News-Argus**

is published every Thursday morning at the office of publication, North street, Stirling, first door north of Parker's drug store, by

**JAMES CURRIE.**

Subscription Price, \$1.00 per year.

(If paid in advance. If not so paid, \$1.25 will be charged.)

Correspondence is invited on all legitimate subjects, the real name of the writer to be furnished the editor in every case. This rule can have no exception.

**ADVERTISING RATES.**

For ordinary business advertisements:

Charge PER LINE per week

When inserted

1 year, 6 lines, 50c.

Half column, down to 2 lines, 50c.

Quarter column, down to 2 lines, 50c.

If inserted less than three months 1 cent extra on above rates. If less than two months 2 cents extra on above rates. If less than one month 3 cents extra on above rates.

These rates to be confined to the ordinary business of the commercial houses, and for business they will not be held to include Auctioneering, Real Estate, and other extra charges. Private Advertisements of individual members of firms, property to let or for sale, etc.

Two papers, \$10 per year; \$5 for six months; \$3 for three months; \$2 for two months; \$1 for one month. One inch, \$5 per year. Proportional cards, limited to six lines, \$4 per year. A column measures twenty inches.

Advertisements may be changed at the option of advertisers without extra charge. Transient advertisements, 10c. per line first insertion, 5c. per line each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements without specific instruction have inserted full, and charged extra line.

Births, Marriages and Deaths inserted free. JOB PRINTING of every description executed in neat and fashionable style, and on short notice.



# THE STIRLING NEWS-ARGUS.

\$1.00 PER ANNUM IN ADVANCE.  
\$1.35 IF NOT PAID IN ADVANCE.

STIRLING, HASTINGS COUNTY ONT. THURSDAY, MAY 9, 1907.

Vol. XXVIII, No. 24.



**Buckley & Sons  
London.**

## Before Deciding

on that New Hat ask to see our Buckley, King, Carter and Wilkinson

## STIFF HATS

each has style, quality and

## VALUE

that makes the crown head of all other Hats.

## Fine Light Weight

## Fur Felt Hats

you will find the Leaders here, Wilkinson, Christy, Belmont, Borsalino, anything that is good in

## HATS and CAPS

**FRED T. WARD,**

Headquarters for Men's Fine Ordered Clothing, Haberdashery, Etc.

## SPECIAL SALE

Come and see our White Waists from 75c. up.  
White Silk Waists.  
Corset Covers from 18c. up.  
The latest styles in Collars.  
White Embroidered Collars and Belts to match.  
Colored Muslins. Spotted Muslins. Persian Lawns.  
A lot of the newest Cloth Skirts.  
All the newest shades and stripes in Dress goods.  
Blue Voile.  
Black Sateen Underskirts, 75c. up.  
Groceries of all kinds.

Two Houses to rent.

**C. F. STICKLE.**

## The Jewelry Store

IS THE PLACE TO BUY YOUR

## Stationery and Optical Goods

and while you are buying them we feel quite sure that you will be convinced that it is the place to buy anything else that you require in our line.

## Repairs Solicited

and prompt attention guaranteed.

**H. HADLEY,**  
WATCHMAKER, JEWELER, & OPTICIAN

## In Ten Minutes

spent in a visit here you can do more towards choosing a Suit than in days of thinking and guessing at home.



## CALL

Go down through the rows of our fine Tweed and Worsted Suits.

Keep one eye critical, the other economical, and stop only when you have exactly met your idea of what's right, at the price you intended to pay.

## Spring Overcoats

\$8.50 to \$12.00, for as dressy a garment as you ever saw in your life.

The Ward Brand of Ready-to-Wear Suits are the Leaders for well dressed Men and Boys.

### Village Council.

The regular monthly meeting of the village Council was held on Monday evening last, May 6th.

Members all present. Minutes of last meeting read and confirmed.

The following accounts were read, and on motion of Mr. Meiklejohn, seconded by Mr. Coulter, ordered to be paid:

Conley and Cole, repairing bridge, \$3.00.  
A. McCutcheon, for hall, 4.50.  
Dr. Alger, attending Mrs. Smith, 9.50.  
Dr. Sprague, visit and medicine, 1.75.  
C. J. Godrick, insurance on hall, 12.00.

Moved by Mr. Meiklejohn, seconded by Mr. Coulter, that Mr. Fletcher be granted \$8 for cleaning Front street. Carried.

The Clerk was instructed to ask Mr. Hough if he would be kind enough to make a report of the account in his hands from old sidewalk material.

Moved by Mr. Haight, seconded by Mr. Coulter, that in case Mr. Coulter is unable to go to Wellington with Mr. Halliwell that Mr. Meiklejohn be appointed as alternate. Carried.

Mr. Meiklejohn asked permission to let his motion re a transient traders by-law stand to the next meeting, which was granted.

The Clerk reported that the assessor had returned his roll.

The Reeve asked permission to introduce a by-law appointing a Court of Revision, which was granted.

On motion the rules were suspended for the purpose of passing the above by-law through its several stages at the present session.

The by-law was then passed, signed, and sealed. The Court of Revision is to be held on May 27th.

Council adjourned.

### Stirling School Board

Minutes of the regular meeting of the Stirling Board of Education held on Tuesday evening, May 7th.

Members present: C. W. Thompson, Chairman; Dr. Faulkner, C. F. Walt, J. S. Morton, Dr. Bissonnette, Dr. Alger, F. T. Ward, M. Bird, and Jas. Boldrick.

Minutes of last regular and special meetings were read and approved.

The accounts of A. L. Saylor, P. S., for \$3.20, and the News-Argus, P. S., for 60c, were presented. Moved by Mr. Boldrick, seconded by Mr. Bird, that the accounts be paid. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Morton, seconded by Dr. Bissonnette, that the Property committee supply Miss Skitch with necessary material to be used in her room for construction work. Carried.

A communication was received from Miss Skitch requesting that she be allowed to be absent from her room on May 27th until the arrival of the train. Without hesitation the Board acquiesced in her request.

Moved by Dr. Faulkner, seconded by Mr. Ward, that Miss Jennie Baker, of the village of Stirling, be presiding examiner at the Entrance Examinations to be held in Stirling. Carried.

Moved by Dr. Faulkner, seconded by Dr. Bissonnette, that the book case suggested by library committee be purchased. Carried.

The question of heating the Public School and the ventilation of the same was brought to the attention of the Board. There being present a number of representatives of firms the matter of steam and hot air heating was presented to the Board. Those present were Messrs. McGee, McNichol, Pearce and Kincaid. After some discussion as to the most suitable way of heating the school the thanks of the Board was tendered to the gentlemen present for their instruction. It was moved by Dr. Faulkner, seconded by C. F. Walt, that further discussion be deferred for two weeks, and that in the meantime the representatives of the firms tender for the work. Carried.

On motion Board adjourned.

G. G. THRASHER, Sec.-Treas.

### Relief From Rheumatic Pains

"I suffered with rheumatism for over two years," says Mr. Roland Curry, a patrolman, of Key West, Fla. "Sometimes it settled in my knees and lamed me so I could hardly walk, at other times it would be in my feet and hands so I was incapacitated for duty. One night when I was in severe pain and lame from it my wife went to the drug store here and came back with a bottle of Chamberlain's Pain Balm. I was rubbed with it and found the pain had nearly gone during the night. I kept on using it for a little more than two weeks and found that it drove the rheumatism away. I have not had any trouble from that disease for over three months." For sale by J. S. Morton.

### Spring Brook.

Trout fishing has commenced here. Some fine specimens of the "speckled beauties" have already been caught.

Mr. Bruce McConnell spent Sunday at the home of his parents.

Mr. and Mrs. McKay of Havelock were guests at P. Welch's last week.

The Epworth League quite recently held a very pleasant "at home" in the I. O. F. hall. After the program, which consisted of songs, recitations and readings, games were indulged in, after which cake and ice cream were served.

On Friday last a maple sugar social was held in the I. O. F. hall, under the auspices of the Methodist Church. The proceeds were to help build a garden fence at the parsonage at Marmora.

A large quantity of pressed hay has been shipped from this neighborhood this spring for distant parts.

The Women's Institute met at Mrs. Miles Mason's last week. After discussing "The care and raising of poultry," and "Home Nursing," the meeting adjourned to meet in I. O. F. hall on the 29th of May at 2.30 p.m. This will be a business meeting, the winding up of the past year's affairs and election of officers for the ensuing year.

Mr. R. McCallum, who at one time kept hotel at this place, and lately at Ivanhoe, died on Monday of pneumonia. Mrs. McCallum is also very ill.

Mrs. John West is again visited with that dread disease, typhoid fever, three of the children being ill at present. Mrs. West has the sympathy of the community in their great trouble. They recently buried their youngest child.

Mr. Milton Scott is also very ill. We hope for a speedy recovery.

### Halloway

Mr. Chas. Rose moved to Belleville on Tuesday.

Mr. John Hoskins is seriously ill with pneumonia.

Mr. Ralph Bird and wife, of Fresno, Cal., have been renewing old acquaintances.

Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Wilson have a baby boy in their home.

An elevated whey vat is being built at the cheese factory.

Mrs. R. McMullen visited friends in Stirling this week and attended the wedding of her niece, Miss Minnie McMullen, and Mr. Geo. Leach.

The Sunday School and Epworth League have been reorganized.

Mrs. John Hough, of California, was the guest of Mrs. Sidner Bird recently.

Mr. J. C. Dafee is building a house for Mr. Jas. Hudgins in Belleville.

Mr. Leonard Ward's house is being built.

Mr. Harford Faulkner is putting extensive repairs on the mill property.

### Friends, Not Enemies of the Farmer

If there be anything a farmer hates, it is an owl or a hawk. Occasionally he has seen chickens and small barnyard fowls carried away in the cruel claws of owls, and he figures out that sooner or later such depredations will drive him into bankruptcy. Yet if a certain Kansas farmer had had a good supply of owls and hawks a few years ago he could have saved his \$125,000 orchard, which was destroyed by field mice, these being the choicest morsels on which owls feed. It was found that as long as the animals and insects which are enemies of man can be secured, the hawk and the owl feed on these by preference, that barnyard depredations come only when the wild supply is inadequate, which is seldom, and that the hawk and the owl are complementary to each other, the one hunting by day, the other by night.

The strike of the British Columbia coal miners has ended. A two years' agreement has been signed, and the men are back to work.

The builders of the transcontinental railway at Kenora are complaining that whiskey and dynamite do not go well together in railway work, and are going to ask the government to prohibit the whiskey. Naturally, the saloonkeepers are more anxious over the prospect of losing the market for their whiskey than the stopping of the long list of damage, injury, and death that are inevitable where the combination exists.

### Good Words for Chamberlain's Cough Remedy

People everywhere take pleasure in testifying to the good qualities of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. Mrs. Edward Phillips of Barclay, Md., writes: "I wish to tell you that I can recommend Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. My little girl, Catherine, who is two years old, has been taking this remedy whenever she has had a cold since she was two months old. About a month ago I contracted a dreadful cold myself, but I took Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and was soon as well as ever." This remedy is for sale by J. S. Morton.

### THE SOVEREIGN BANK OF CANADA

Notice is hereby given that a dividend of one and one-half per cent. (1½%) for the current quarter, being at the rate of six per cent. (6%) per annum on the capital stock of this bank, has been declared, and that the same will be payable at the head office and at the branches, on and after the 16th day of May next.

The transfer books will be closed from the 1st to the 15th of May, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board,

D. M. STEWART,

General Manager.

Toronto, 30th March, 1907.

STIRLING, HAVELOCK, MARMORA.  
STIRLING BRANCH. W. R. HOWSON, Manager.

## £ Sterling Hall

## "Home Goods Sale"

Now is the time to think about Home Furnishings. Stocks are at their best, prices their lowest, and the season of want is upon you.

This Store's business in home furnishings has grown to large proportions because of good assortment and best values.

Don't wait, but have the look now, and be convinced that here there are many buying advantages.

## FLOOR COVERINGS

When you buy at to-day's prices it is good buying. Prices have been up at the mills for some time, and retail prices must soon advance. Get busy and make your Spring purchases. It will pay you.

### STAIR CARPETS

Hemp, Unions and Tapestries,—designs, colorings and prices to please at 25, 30, 35, 50, 60, 75c.

### TAPESTRY CARPETS

Unmatchable values in heavy English Tapestries at 35, 50, 60, 75c.

### CARPET SQUARES

Heavy English qualities, in Floral and Oriental designs, sizes 2½ x 3, 3 x 3½, 3 x 4, at \$7, \$8, \$10.

### HEMP CARPETS

Where cheapness and durability are essential don't forget this line. We have a few good deals still to offer, notwithstanding the advanced market prices.

Hemp Carpets 32 inches wide at 10c., 12½c., 15c.

" " 36 " " " 20c., 25c., 30c.

### LINOLEUMS

In Floral Block and Oak plank designs, 2, 3, and 4 yards wide, at 35c., 40c. and 50c. square yard, and of approved quality.

Linoleum Striping, heavy quality, 5/8 yd. wide, Fancy borders, brown and green grounds, at 35c. per yard.

### CARPET REMNANTS

In Tapestry, Velvet, Brussels and Wools, 10 to 20 yds to the remnant, at 25 per cent off regular value.

## LACE CURTAINS

Don't feel satisfied until you have seen our immense stock and assortment in this line. The designs shown, while at once new and dainty, are not of the common order, and appeal strongly to the trained artistic taste of the homemaker. To see is to approve and buy. Ask for our Curtain catalogue. It will give suggestions in draping and hanging.

Prices go easy at 25c., 35c., 50c., 75c., \$1.00, \$1.25, \$1.50 to \$5.00.

## ART MUSLINS and SCRIMS

There's money saving prices here just now on these desirable goods. New and desirable lines of Art Muslins in chic patterns, regular 12½c., 15c., and 20c. goods, for 10c., 12½c., and 15c. per yard.

Scrims at 7c., 10c., and 12½c.

Art Sateens at 15c., 20c. 25c.

### COCOA DOOR MATS

Size 15 x 22 inches, at 25c. each.

" 19 x 27 " " 35c. "

## 10c. Bargain Exchange. 10c.

Some specially good deals just now on our 10c. bargain Table in China and Glassware. Take a look at the Bargain Table in front of the office.

## W. R. MATHER,

Direct Importer of Staple and Fancy Dry Goods and Retailer of Everything to wear for Everybody.

### House and Lots for Sale

A Brick House and Lot on John street, Stirling, and also four lots adjoining. Will be sold together or separately, as desired. A perfect title guaranteed. For terms and further particulars apply to

MRS. JOHN GALLAGHER, Stirling.

### For Sale

The subscriber offers for sale ten acres of land, with good house and barn, situated on the east side of Henry street, just outside the corporation of the village of Stirling. For terms and further particulars apply to

C. H. WINTER.



# BUILDINGS ARE IN DANGER

## Threats to Destroy C. P. R. Property at Fort William.

A despatch from Fort William says: It is probable that a strike may happen at the local elevators unless the men employed receive considerable advance in wages. The company have already advanced the pay of the shovellers from 10 cents to 22½ cents per hour, and 28½ cents for overtime, but it is understood that the men are not satisfied. If the men strike, a serious blow will be given to western grain. Several hundred train loads of wheat are on their way to the lakes, whilst many are already awaiting unloading. A big fleet of boats is on its way for cargoes of wheat, and unless these can be handled much delay will ensue.

The Mayor received the following communication from J. G. Taylor, C. P. R. superintendent:

"There are a large number of foreigners who have been refused work in the C. P. R. freight sheds at Fort William. I have been advised of threatening to burn and destroy part of the railway plant. I have been advised of the seriousness of the situation by two prominent men who evidently appreciate the danger. We are taking the precaution of putting on extra watchmen, etc. We expect that in case of an emergency arising you will be able to furnish us ample protection on short notice."

The public fear a repetition of the boisterous incidents of last fall, when every man in the company's employ carried a gun to be ready for eventualities, and it is said that the C. P. R. is determined to no longer employ Italians in their freight sheds here.

## LEADING MARKETS

### BREADSTUFFS.

Toronto, May 7.—Call board quotations are—  
Wheat—Ontario—No. 2 white, 76c asked; 72c bid; No. 2 mixed, 75½c asked, outside, 72c bid.  
Barley—No. 2, 50c bid; No. 3 extra, 52c bid; No. 3, 51c bid.  
Peas—No. 2, 78c asked, outside.  
Oats—No. 2 white, 41c asked, 78c bid; No. 2 mixed, 40½c bid.  
Rye—62c asked, outside; 60c bid for 10,000 bushels, 61c bid for 5,000 bushels.  
Other prices are—  
Wheat—Manitoba—Lake ports—No. 1 hard, 87c; No. 1 northern, 85c; No. 2 northern, 83c.  
Wheat—Ontario—No. 2 white winter, 73½c to 74½c; No. 2 red, 72½c to 73½c; No. 2 mixed, 72½c.  
Oats—No. 2 white, 39½c to 40½c; outside, No. 2, mixed, 38c to 38½c.  
Peas—77c to 77½c.  
Corn—No. 3 yellow American, 55½c to 56c; lake and rail, 57c to 58c; all rail, Ontario, 46c to 47c; Chatham freight, 47c.  
Rye—Dull at 61c to 62c.  
Barley—No. 2, 52c to 52½c; No. 3, outside, No. 3 extra, 52c to 52½c; No. 3, 51c.  
Flour—Ontario—90 per cent, patents, \$2.75 bid; Manitoba, best patents, \$4.50; seconds, \$3.75; bakers', \$3.90.  
Bran—83.50 bid, l.o.b. sacks included, Toronto.

### COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Butter—Market is fairly steady, with moderate receipts.  
Creamery, prints ..... 27c to 28c  
do solids ..... 25c to 26c  
Dairy, prints ..... 24c to 25c  
do tubs ..... 21c to 22c  
Cheese—Firm at 14c for large, and 14½c for twins, in job lots here.  
Eggs—Steady at 17c; spills, 14c.  
Honey—Pails, 11c to 12c lb.; combs, \$2.50 to \$2.75 per doz.  
Beans—\$1.50 to \$1.55 for hand picked and \$1.35 to \$1.40 for primes.  
Potatoes—Ontario, 85c to 90c; eastern, 95c. in car lots here, Ontario nominal.  
Baled Hay—\$13.50 to \$14 per ton for No. 1 timothy and \$11 to \$12.50 for secondary grades, in car lots here.  
Baled Straw—Firm at \$7 to \$8 per ton, in car lots here.

### PROVISIONS.

Dressed Hogs—Firm at \$9.50 for light weights and \$9 for heavies, farmers' lots; \$8.25 to \$8.50 for car lots.  
Pork—Short cut, \$23.50 to \$24 per barrel, mess, \$21 to \$21.50.  
Smoked and Dry Salted Meats—Long clear bacon, 11c to 11½c for tons and cases; hams, medium and light, 15½c to 16c; heavy, 14½c to 15c; backs, 16½c to 17c; shoulders, 11c to 11½c; ribs, 11½c; out of pickle, 10c to 10½c; corned, 12c.  
Lard—Tierces, 12½c; tubs, 12½c; pails, 12½c.

### MONTREAL MARKETS.

Montreal, May 7.—In oats there is no change. For No. 2 Ontario white the quotation is still 43½c, while 43½c to 44c is quoted for the same grade Manitoba. Prices quoted to local buyers.  
Buckwheat—55c to 56½c per bushel.  
Corn—American No. 2 yellow, 55c; No. 3 mixed, 56c ex-store.  
Peas—Boiling peas, \$1 in carload lots, \$1.10 in cobbin lots.  
Flour—Manitoba spring wheat, \$4.25 to \$4.60; strong bakers', \$4 to \$4.10; winter wheat patents, \$4.10 to \$4.25; straight rollers, \$3.60 to \$3.70; do in

## DEATH OF "IAN MACLAREN."

Passed Away Unexpectedly at Mount Pleasant, Iowa.

A despatch from Burlington, Iowa, says: Rev. Dr. John Watson (Ian MacLaren) died at 11.15 a.m. on Monday at Mount Pleasant, Iowa. The cause was blood-poisoning from an abscess on the neck. Dr. Watson came to Mount Pleasant on April 23 from Minneapolis to deliver a lecture to the students of the Iowa Wesleyan University. En route he became ill, and was compelled to cancel the date of the lecture. The illness, which was declared to be tonsillitis, progressed favorably. Last Monday and Tuesday the patient was able to be up, and transacted some business. Wednesday an abscess formed on the right ear, and in twenty-four hours serious symptoms developed. The physicians regarded the case as critical, but hoped to arrest the disease. Blood-poisoning set in, and on Saturday other abscesses began to form in the left ear and throat. His condition was aggravated by a bad attack of rheumatism. Monday morning the abscess on the neck burst, and the pus which arrived in the afternoon. Dr. Watson's end was unexpected, and was hastened by a weak heart. His wife was his constant companion in his last illness.

## ILLITERATE, BUT A FORGER.

Kent County Farmer Discounted Bogus Sale Notes at Bothwell Bank.

A despatch from Chatham says: A farmer named Neil Edwards, living near Wardsville, pleaded guilty to a charge of forgery, before Judge Dowlin, in the County Court on Monday morning. He was remanded a week for sentence. Edwards entered the Merchants' Bank in Bothwell, and represented himself as James Glasgow. He produced a number of forged sale notes, which he was successful in getting discounted for \$348.73. Later it was found that they were clever forgeries. The peculiarity of the case is that Edwards is an illiterate man, and how he managed to execute such a clever forgery is a mystery.

## KILLED AT TARGET PRACTICE.

North Simcoe Lad Shot Through the Heart by Hired Man.

A despatch from Creemore, Ont., says: Frank Honsberger, 17 years of age, and son of George Honsberger, of Buda, was accidentally shot through the heart at noon on Monday while practising target shooting with a young Englishman, an employee of his father. It is not known exactly how the accident occurred, as the Englishman is too much surprised to give a clear account of it. But it is presumed that Honsberger, who was acting as marker, accidentally stepped in front of the target, or that the gun was prematurely discharged.

## THREE BURNED TO DEATH.

Children Were Left in the House at Blind River.

A despatch from Sault Ste. Marie, Ont., says: A special from Blind River, Ont., says that three children were burned to death in a house there on Monday while the mother was away. The oldest was five years; the youngest six months. The mother, a widow, named Dominique, went to a neighbor's after building a big fire in the stove, leaving the children in the house. In a short time the place was discovered on fire by neighbors, but they were unable to rescue the little ones.

## COAL STRIKE IS OVER.

Operators and Miners Have Signed an Agreement.

A despatch from Ottawa says: The Western coal strike is over. The Minister of Labor received a telegram from Mr. Mackenzie King on Monday night, stating that the two years' agreement between the miners and operators was signed at noon on Monday and duly registered by the Board of Conciliation in the afternoon.

## FIGHT AT SANTIAGO DE CUBA.

United States Sailors Attacked by Cuban Police.

A despatch from Santiago de Cuba says: A conflict between police and sailors of the United States cruiser Tacoma took place here after an orderly banquet was given at the Cafe Leon de Oro by the Cuban officials in honor of the cruiser. The sailors say they were returning to their ship in a reasonably sober condition, when they were suddenly attacked by the police with revolvers and machetes. A fierce fight ensued, with the result that Henry L. Lee, a seaman from the Tacoma, will probably die of a compound fracture of the skull caused by a machete, and a gunshot wound in the right breast. Four other seamen were taken to the ship suffering from machete wounds and clubbing. Not one of the policemen was badly hurt, though a number of them suffered from contusions. The captain and all the policemen who participated in the affair have been suspended by order of the civil Governor of Santiago upon the representation of Commander Tappen of the Tacoma and the American Consul, Mr. Holaday.

## WALKED IN HER SLEEP.

Niagara Falls Woman Wakes Up in a Cemetery.

A despatch from St. Catharines says: Early on Thursday morning Superintendent Cameron of Victoria Lawn Cemetery was awakened by a knocking at the door. Upon the door being opened a strange woman was standing on the steps. She explained that she lived at Niagara Falls, where she had gone to sleep at home the night before, and awoke to find herself in the cemetery. She knew nothing of what happened between the time she went to sleep and the time of awakening, which was 4 a.m., and evidently must have walked the entire distance from the Falls to the cemetery (ten miles) in her sleep. The woman was arrayed in a sleep-gown, and there can be little doubt that the story told by her is true.

## FOREST PLANTING.

Methods of Planting on Easily-Worked Soils—When and How to "Heel In."

In planting trees in a forest plantation, three things absolutely necessary to attend to are: (1) Keep the roots of the trees moist, (2) spread the roots well when placing the trees in the ground, (3) tramp the earth firmly around the roots. In order to keep the roots of the trees from drying, they are carried in baskets and covered over with wet moss; or they can be carried in pails, partly filled with water, or, better still, with very thin mud.

If the trees arrive at a time when they cannot be planted immediately, they should be "heeled in." For this purpose select a shaded spot which the sun and the wind cannot get at, and here dig a V-shaped trench, with the sides sloping at quite an angle. Now take a pail of earth and mix it with a little water, so as to form a thin mud; or, simply dig a hole in the ground and pour some water in it. Take the seedlings and dip them in this thin mud, then place them in the trench, crowding them pretty closely (but not too close), throw the earth back over the seedlings and tramp it down thoroughly. Then dig down another row of seedlings, and so on. The seedlings will keep all right in this condition for two weeks or more; but it is not wise to keep them thus for a longer time, on account of the danger of injury to the roots when they are finally moved.

The ground is soft and easily worked, the planting may be done with a spade. A spadeful of earth is taken out, and in the hole thus made a tree taken from the basket or pail is placed. The roots of this tree should be well spread out. Then the earth is put back and well tramped down. The tree should be placed in the earth about an inch deeper than it was in the nursery bed, in order to allow for heaving of the soil by frost, etc.

Some prefer to plough furrows as far apart as the rows of trees are intended to stand. Then the planters go along the furrows and at the required distances put down the tree, hold it in position and throw some loose earth about the roots, then the earth is tramped down thoroughly, and then on to the next tree. The earth may be thrown back into place by another furrow ploughed along side the first one.

The rate of planting will vary a great deal. In easily worked soil six men ought, after some practice, to be able to plant about five thousand trees per day. It is best to have some men do the actual planting while others carry trees to them. One man or boy can often carry trees to supply two men planting. The number of plants per acre will depend on the spacing. Planting four feet by four feet, 2,725 trees will be necessary; for planting five feet by five feet, 1,750 trees; and for planting six feet by six feet, 1,210 trees.

## GRAIN BLOCKADE THREATENED.

The Strike at Fort William Elevators Continues.

A despatch from Fort William says: The Western grain trade threatens to be paralyzed by the local elevator strike, which still continues. A big rush of wheat has been coming in from the West, but now it is impossible to unload this and a blockade is feared. It will also affect the shipment of coal, as no empties are available. Only one vessel has loaded at the Canadian Pacific elevators since the strike. Four men were working on Saturday, but none on Sunday. Vessels are going to Port Arthur to load at the Canadian Northern. The Hudson left without any cargo of grain. Eight vessels are now waiting for cargo. The men have had several conferences with the officials, but no settlement.

## MILLINERY WAREHOUSE BURNED.

Blaze on Wellington Street, Toronto, on Saturday Afternoon.

A despatch from Toronto says: Fire from an unknown cause, breaking out about 5.30 Saturday afternoon in the warehouse of the Knox Manufacturing Company at 50 Wellington street east, caused a loss of about \$145,000 to the Knox Company. Mr. C. Klopp, a carriage hardware merchant at Nos. 44-46, the latter's damage being from water. For over an hour the downtown divisions of the fire department poured water into the building before the blaze was under control. To the brigade's good fortune it was discovered that the fire did not spread to the larger proportions and spread to neighboring buildings.

## BOY DROWNED IN OLD WELL.

Sad End of Six-year-old Son of Bowmanville Engineer.

A despatch from Bowmanville says: A sad accident happened here on Sunday when Chas. Finley, the six-year-old son of R. Finley, the engineer at the rubber factory, was found drowned in a well. The little fellow went out to play about 11 o'clock, and not returning search was made for him, but it was not until about 1.30 that his hat was seen floating on top of the water in an old well at South Park, which is just across the street from the boy's home. He had evidently been in the water for some time. It is supposed that he lifted a board off the top and was throwing something in when he overbalanced himself and fell in.

## C. D. MCKAY ELECTROCUTED.

An Expert Engineer Killed by a Live Wire.

A despatch from Ottawa says: C. D. McKay, a young electrical engineer in the employ of the Westinghouse Electric Company, was electrocuted on Thursday at the power-house of the Pembroke Electric Company, Black River, county of Pontiac. He was engaged in the work of putting in lightning arresters, and came in contact with a live wire. He was in the employ of the company as an expert electrician, and had almost completed his work in connection with the installation of the new plant for the Pembroke company.

The 23 hotels of London have all been re-licensed.

# A TRUNK FULL OF BOMBS

## Strange Find in the Room of a Sister of Mercy.

A despatch from St. Petersburg says: Monday morning a Sister of Mercy, a gentle and lovable nurse in the Children's Hospital for Contagious Diseases, was found dead on her cot, a half-filled glass of poison by her side. Her remains were closed up and the police were notified, merely as a matter of form. It was thought to be a love tragedy, and was remembered that a young man had been coming to see Sister Sobovna of late, and every time he went away her face was sad and she was slow to go and amuse the convalescing children, as was her duty and had been her pleasure in other days. But when the police came and opened her trunk quite an other state of affairs was revealed, an insouciant population a thoughtful moment. The trunk was filled with bombs of the most perfected description, and the boxlike bed upon which the dead nurse lay was found stuffed with canisters of nitro-glycerine and other explosives of the most powerful description.

It is estimated by the police experts that there was enough dynamite in the little room where the children loved to come to be amused by their favorite nurse to blow up all the public buildings in Russia.

The young man, a nameless student with a stoop and a hectic flush, as of consumption, who was accustomed to call upon Sister Sobovna, sometimes with a book, sometimes with a box of sweets, which, it is now remembered, seemed to be rather heavier than was to be expected, is being sought for high and low, while the medical experts wrangle over this strange anomaly. Sister of Mercy who would not sleep while still one child was fretful and awake in her ward, a demon who harbored under her bel explosives sufficient to destroy a city, its innocent and its guilty alike, in one great human holocaust, a burnt offering to the spirit of revolution which rages in the recesses of underground Russia, and sometimes shoots a lurid flash of death and destruction above the surface.

## TOP OF HEAD BLOWN OFF.

Nicol Township Man Accidentally Shoots Himself While Hunting.

A despatch from Guelph says: With the top of his head blown off, and the gun with which he had in the afternoon gone shooting, Edward Youngson was found lying in a field not far from his home in Upper Nicol Township, two miles from Fergus, on Wednesday night. He was 46 years old, unmarried, and lived with J. and C. Ford on their farm. Not returning to supper, search was made with the above result. He was lying on his back with his arms outstretched and gun by his side. It is supposed that in climbing over a fence his gun was discharged.

## FEW MEN FOR SAWMILLS.

Lumbermen of the Chaudiere Complain Labor is Scarce.

A despatch from Ottawa says: The lumber firms at the Chaudiere complain of lack of help. The E. B. Eddy Company are in a position to employ over two hundred more men in their sawmills, but they cannot get them. Mr. J. R. Booth is in the same predicament, while other mills along the river have not started working owing to the scarcity of labor. The cause of the labor famine is thought to be due to the fact that the Cobalt fields offer better inducements to the average man than does working in mills and factories.

## LORD MILNER COMING.

Expected to Spend Some Days in Toronto and Ottawa.

A despatch from Ottawa says: Lord Milner is expected to pay a visit to Canada next autumn, and will probably spend some days in Ottawa and Toronto.

## AN ALL ROUND INCREASE.

Customs Officers Throughout Canada to Have Salaries Raised.

A despatch from Ottawa says: It has been conceded for years that the outside officers of the Customs service have been underpaid. An extra vote of \$180,000 was obtained by Mr. Patterson in the recent session, and the Minister's intention to spend this amount over the entire Customs service from Halifax to Victoria. The officials of the department are working out the details of the proposed all round increase.

## THREE MEN ASPHYXIATED.

Tragedy in a Cheap Boarding House in Montreal.

A despatch from Montreal says: Three men were asphyxiated on Sunday at a cheap boarding house at 342 St. James street, kept by Mrs. J. Smith. McGowan, one of the dead men, was a baker; McGillick was an employee of the Peck rolling mills, and Brindle, a third victim, was a laborer around the same establishment. The trio Henry Bicks' establishment. It is thought they may have broken the gas jet, and so allowed the fumes to escape.

# INCREASE IN LICENSE REVENUE

## Report on Operation of Liquor License Law of Ontario.

A despatch from Toronto says: Information regarding the operation of the Liquor License Act of Ontario is given in the thirty-first annual report of the license branch of the Provincial Secretary's Department, which has just been published. The total collections for 1905-6 were \$657,813.44, as compared with \$637,762 in the previous license year. These figures included fees for licenses and fines, including sums imposed by municipal by-laws. Of the total \$330,430 was the revenue of the province from licenses, shop and wholesale licenses, transfers and fines, against \$297,825 in 1904-5. The municipalities were paid \$241,019.57, compared with \$248,492 in 1904-5. For the financial year which

closed Dec. 31, 1906, instead of April 30, the end of the license year, the revenue of the province was \$201,636 as a result of the legislation of 1906. There was a reduction in the number of licenses for the license year 1905-6 of 145 as compared with the previous year. In the period covered by the report 2,745 licenses of all kinds were granted in the province. The report makes reference to the well known fact that the law is being strictly enforced in all parts of the province, including the municipalities in which local option is in force. The fines from prosecutions were \$29,038.53, as compared with \$31,044.33 in 1904-5. Commitments of prisoners for drunkenness during 1906 were 4,216. In 1905 they numbered 4,177.

# CANTON, CHINA, DEVASTATED

## Great Gunpowder Explosion Wrecks the City.

A despatch from Hong Kong says: Great destruction of life and property was caused at Canton on Wednesday evening by the explosion of a gunpowder magazine. Twenty-one bodies have already been recovered from the ruins. Hundreds of persons were injured. Fifteen buildings were razed and over a hundred others were wrecked. A section, two hundred feet long, of the massive city wall was thrown down. The historical many-storied Pagoda escaped with slight injuries. The officials and staff of the hospitals are doing their best to succor the sufferers. In the Shamien suburb, where the foreigners live, a terrific shock, caused by the explosion, was

felt, but the residents were unharmed. Some idea of the force of the explosion may be gathered from the fact that the roofs of houses a mile distant were blown off. A number of important Chinese and foreign mercantile establishments were demolished. The bodies recovered from the ruins near the magazine were shockingly mutilated. Many corpses of men and women were without heads. The officer in charge of the magazine was among those killed, and when the body was recovered a pipe was found clutched in his hand, which suggests the possible cause of the explosion. The financial losses are enormous.



## TORTURING RHEUMATISM.

Suffered for Five Years — Cured by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

Agonizing pains, sometimes in one part of the body, sometimes in another, more often in the back or joints than elsewhere. Do not delay in finding a cure. Each day makes the disease worse—increases the torture. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have cured thousands. They cured Mr. Brocas Plante, of Sorel, Que., of a most aggravated case of rheumatism. What they did for Mr. Plante they can do for you. He says: "I was seized with rheumatism. I walked as if my boots were filled with pebbles. The pains, starting in my feet, spread to all parts of the body; my back and joints became affected. For upwards of five years I suffered the greatest agony. Often I was confined to bed, hardly able to move. Nothing seemed to help me. I despaired of ever being well again. By good chance Dr. Williams' Pink Pills were brought to my attention and I decided to try them. I got six boxes—before they were gone I felt a great improvement. I continued the treatment and my health gradually came back till now I do not feel the least pain—I am totally cured. It was a surprise to my friends to see me on the street again well and strong after five years of torture. They wanted to know what brought about the change. I told them Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, for I took no other medicine once I began their use. Rheumatic sufferers give Dr. Williams' Pink Pills a fair trial; they will surely do for you what they did for me."

It is in the blood — poor blood — that each trouble as rheumatism, indigestion, dizziness, heart palpitation, anaemia, weakness and a host of other diseases find their root. It is the blood that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills act on. They make it pure, rich, red and healthy. That is why they cure all the common ailments of everyday life. Sold by druggists or by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50 from the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

## CONSCIOUS IN COFFIN.

Old Man Makes Noise Before Being Buried Alive.

A buried alive lately at the Village of Sarkol, in the London, France.

He fell ill a fortnight ago, and after a long illness died. The coffin was lowered into the grave the bystanders heard raps and moans coming from within.

They ran to tell the Mayor, and when he arrived, half an hour later, the lid of the coffin was wrenched open. The man was dead, but the changed and agonized expression on his face showed that he had regained consciousness after he was placed in the coffin.

A similar incident occurred recently at Loex, in Savoy. Jean Gerdard, a man of 76, fell into a swoon, and remained unconscious so long that he was believed to be dead. His neighbors wrapped him in a shroud, and placed lighted candles at the foot and head of the bed, while the women remained in the room. Suddenly the man sat up and looked around him in astonishment. The women screamed and fled from the cottage, thinking they had seen a ghost. Ultimately some peasants were found bold enough to venture into the cottage, where they soon assured themselves that the old man was really living.

## PEEVISH AND CROSS.

Peevish, cross babies are sick babies — the well baby is always happy. Perhaps there may be nothing to indicate just what is the matter, but you may depend upon it there is something troubling the little one or he would not be cross. A few doses of Baby's Own Tablets will remove the cause and make him happy. They are a certain cure for the minor ills of babyhood. Thousands of mothers keep them continually in the house to guard against the sudden illness of baby. A Tablet now and again will keep the little one well. Mrs. James Jewers, Beaver, Harlow, N. S., says: "I have given Baby's Own Tablets to my baby on occasion ever since she was a day old. They have always helped her, and now at a year and a half old she is a fine healthy child. The Tablets, I think, are indispensable to mothers of young children." Sold by druggists or by mail at 24 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

## WHEEW!

"Well," said he, anxious to make up their quarrel of the day, "aren't you curious to know what's in this parcel?" "Not very," replied his wife, indifferently.

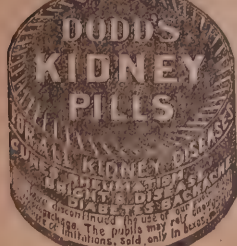
"Well, it's something for the one I love best in the world." "Ah! I suppose it's these new col-lars you said you needed."

## NATURE'S ALARM SYSTEM.

Agent—"I am introducing a new patent burglar alarm."

Home—"Don't need it. We have a baby in the house."

Father—"Young Uperton is going to propose for your hand soon." Daughter—"How do you know?" Father—"I hear he has been making inquiries as to my financial standing."



ISSUE NO. 19-07.

## NEW YORK POLICE SYSTEM

MOST STARTLING DISCLOSURES ARE HERE MADE.

The Force Is Characterized as a Semi-Criminal and Semi-Secret Organization.

Revelations of a most sensational kind have been made regarding the methods of the New York police force by an article which appeared in a recent issue of Collier's Weekly. The assumed need of the department is that of a rigid honesty, whereas its members mutually connive at crime, and by shutting a prudent eye to glaring acts of lawlessness and crime they succeed in netting a tidy blackmail sum in addition to the salary paid to them to expose such crimes. The average salary of a detective ranges from \$2,000 to \$4,000. Many of the New York detectives sport diamonds worth \$500 to \$1,000. Captains, on a yearly salary of \$2,000, own the wives' names (convent conjugal relationship) houses worth \$14,000 to \$20,000 or \$30,000. These facts have been ascertained by Police Commissioner Bingham, who has no "rose tinted illusions" respecting the integrity of the force.

## COMMISSIONER'S HANDS TIED.

The casual reader may observe, "Why not remove the men?" The answer is that though often convicted on irrefutable charges, their criminal "blackmail nettings" enable them to employ lawyers of the calibre of Elihu Root, and succeed in so tangling up court records as to give openings for successful appeal.

Commissioner Bingham is at present fighting in New York to introduce a bill, which, by giving him power to reduce or appoint at will his inspectors and official detectives, will enable him to thoroughly eradicate the "System Evil," which is really a power—an unscrupulous crime-business partnership between leading officials of the Police Department and a loosely-organized Board of Trade.

## THE SYSTEM'S INDUSTRIES.

Such commodities as gambling, prostitution, and illegal liquor selling form the system's most profitable traffic, and robbing and blackmail form important side lines by which the lawless officers profit. In close conjunction with the police and Board of Trade there is a strong political element, formerly presided over by big Tim Sullivan, a United States Congressman.

When feasible the Police Commissioner is bribed. General Bingham was actually interviewed by a plausible individual who offered him \$10,000 monthly to buy his silence as to the existence of two notorious, large gambling houses. On his prompt refusal a leading official of his was next approached with a bribe of \$1,000 weekly if he would shake hands with a notorious crook.

## GAMBLERS UNDER PROTECTION.

Gambling is the inspectors' main graft. No pool room exists without the knowledge and connivance of the police. This connivance is handsomely paid for. Raids are made on the gambling houses by lawless officers, under extreme compulsion. When the commissioner demands an explanation of the existence of a big gambling-house of an inspector, the latter, under permission of a big Congressman, makes a "police bluff," but takes no active measures in immediately arresting the offender. As a further protection against him the proprietor, going on the Supreme Court, gets an injunction restraining police interference. The usual howl is then raised in the papers by indignant correspondents about police oppression and their culpable remissness in neglecting to attend to such matters as the protection of life and property for such a trivial affair as a raid on a gambling house.

## PUBLIC WELFARE ENDANGERED.

The criminal partnership of the police with one kind of lawlessness entails that life and property will be imperilled owing to lawlessness of all kinds claiming similar immunity from punishment. The inspector's statement that the Supreme Court injunctions "tie his hands" is a lie. If he has a gambling saloon "close up," despite Supreme Court injunctions and "Congress pull" that pool room must close up. The inspectors are too fond of their pockets to cut off one of the most profitable sources of their "extra" income, and as that depends on the further existence of these pool rooms the gambling houses still continue. But this is by no means the worst feature of the evil. Any honest attempt by members of the force to expose the nefarious schemes of their colleagues are spied upon by a "secret service system," stealthily and implacably as the Russian secret police, and in some cases dangerous witnesses against their villainy have been attacked, dangerously wounded and sometimes killed on the excellent principle that "dead men tell no tales."

## EASY MARKS FLEECED.

The following incident is characteristic in illustrating the versatility of police force evildoers. An official appointed to the Detective Bureau to form a gang with a house detective of a Broadway hotel and two mulatto women. The private detective sizing up such guests as appeared wealthy and wished to see the town would set the women on his track to rob him. On his notifying the house detective and making a complaint the latter informed him that he knew the very man to handle his case. The private detective then would make a supposed investigation, and tell the victim that he could not afford to have his name mixed up with nigger women. This would "head off" the killer, and the confederate quartette would then divide the loot. In the plain-clothes force the detectives sit up to any blackguardly conduct. They have been known to accept gold watches from Tenderloin prostitutes who had robbed men.

## HOW NOVICES BECOME CROOKS.

The new patrolman's promotion, nay self-promotion, depends entirely on the "making good" with the methods of the system. At any time he must be ready to commit perjury for a brother officer. Fines are of little or no effect since off-

## Nurses' and Mothers' Treasure

—safest regulator for baby. Prevents colic and vomiting—gives healthful rest—cures diarrhoea without the harmful effects of medicines containing opium or other injurious drugs.

Cures Diarrhoea

25c. at drug-stores. National Drug & Chemical Co., Ltd., Montreal.

clerk thus mulcted can easily supply the deficit by tugging a little extra blackmail. The terror inspired by the system's dreaded methods of dealing with recalcitrants is far more real than the mere formal discipline of the Department.

## IF BILL GOES THROUGH.

If Bingham's police bill gets through it will be the practical salvation of New York, whose police service is, from the very top of the free, rolled through and through by corrupt official maladministration. It will mean that the inspector will be subject to discipline of the Detective Bureau, an agency whereby inefficiency or dishonesty can be punished by summary reduction, and promotion and reward will depend solely on personal merit, and finally that the department will be brought to a logical system of police work with a reformed force, devoted to the prevention of crime, the detective force to its detection, the heads of the organization free to grapple with vice problems, and the nefarious system of graft reduced to a minimum. This is General Bingham's bill, unservedly supported by every New York newspaper, but in danger of being defeated by the immense corruption fund now being used by the system.

## A MAGISTRATE INVESTIGATES ZAM-BUK

SAYS IT IS A WONDERFUL HEALER AND DOES MORE THAN IS CLAIMED FOR IT.

Probably no household remedy in existence has won such glowing tributes from people in high places as has Zam-Buk. Mr. Roger F. Perry, Justice of the Peace for British Columbia, recently tested this famous balm, and this is what he says of it:

"The Pavilion, Goldfields, B. C."

"Gentlemen,—After a very fair trial I have proved Zam-Buk eminently satisfactory. In my case it cured a skin rash of five years standing, which no doctor had been able to do any good for."

"I would certainly encourage any person to keep Zam-Buk in their home. It truly does even more than you claim for it. For my own part, I could not now be without it in the house. Yours very truly,

(Signed) "Roger F. Perry, Justice of the Peace for B. C."

Zam-Buk differs from ordinary salves and embrocations, for while these mostly contain animal oils and fat Zam-Buk is purely herbal. It closes and heals cuts, festering sores, ulcers, eruptions, boils, eczema, chafing sores, etc. In the household it is the handiest possible remedy for burns, scalds, children's injuries. It instantly cleanses any wound to which it is applied; prevents festering, inflammation or blood poisoning. It cures piles, varicose ulcers, and fistula. All druggists and stores sell at 50 cents a box, or from the Zam-Buk Co., Toronto, for price, 6 boxes for \$2.50.

## THE APPLE CURE.

Specific for Rheumatism and Gout — Prices Run up in London.

For some time past fruitellers, first in the City, then in the West End, London, have been puzzled for an explanation of the phenomenal demand upon them for apples of any variety.

Now, it has begun to dawn on them that hundreds of people are undergoing the "apple cure" for rheumatism and rheumatic gout.

The cure originated on the Stock Exchange some weeks ago, when a popular "jobber," who had worn his arm in a sling for some time, announced to a select circle that after eating an apple the last thing before retiring every night for a period of two weeks the painful "twinges" had completely left him.

The news of the cure spread like wildfire and nocturnal apple-munchers can probably now be counted in their thousands.

The only drawback to the extended popularity of the cure among the humbler classes is that apples are rather expensive at present. Some of the large shops are asking as much as threepence apiece for them.

The eating of apples in the morning, as a general health-promoting habit, has, of course, been indulged in for centuries, but the devotees of the new cure declare that in order to vanquish rheumatic pains the apple must be eaten just before the light is put out in the bedroom at night.

The theory is that, while the digestive organs are perfectly dormant, the uric acid in the body is attracted to the apple, which gradually but completely absorbs the poison. Persons with very weak digestions are, however, advised not to try the "apple cure."

### Saves A Lot of Bother

The starch that needn't be cooked... that won't stick... that gives a brilliant gloss to your linen... no ironing... isn't that the starch you ought to have them use on your clothes? Buy it by name... your dealer sells it.

ENGLISH JOKE.

Humano Officer—"My man, do you feed your horse with punnet dry?"

Cabby—"Oh, no, sir! I mostly feed him on oats and hay!"

THE STRENUOUS LIFE.

Nature will have her compensations. Our overworked bodies and nerves require recuperation and rest. The long-ere delay the greater the price. Before too late try the tonic influence of the Mineral Salt Springs. The "St. Catharines Well" for nervous troubles, rheumatism and allied diseases, appeals to those desiring relief and absolute convalescence. Write to J. D. McDonald, District Passenger Agent, Grand Trunk Railway System, Toronto, for illustrated descriptive matter.

Judge (in breach-of-promise case)—"You say you must have been temporarily insane when you proposed to the plaintiff. Can you prove it?" Defendant—"I can, your honor, if you will cause the plaintiff to remove her veil so that the jury can see her face."

Some persons have periodical attacks of Canadian cholera, dysentery or diarrhoea, and have to use great precautions to avoid the disease. Change to water, cooking, and green fruit, is sure to bring on the attacks. To such persons we would recommend Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Dysentery Cordial as being the best medicine in the market for all summer complaints. If a few drops are taken in water when the symptoms are noticed no further trouble will be experienced.

"Ah, Dick, my lad," remarked a man who was noted for an objectionable habit of sponging—on his acquaintances, "father's upstairs, eh? Hope I haven't disturbed him at his dinner?" "Oh, no," replied Dick candidly, "we were just going to start when father saw you from the window and told mother not to have dinner till you had gone."

SOLD HEAD is a disgusting and obstinate disease, frequent in children. Treatment: Perfect cleanliness and a generous application of "Weaver's Cerate." Mothers will be glad to learn this.

Jeweller—"And would you like to put the lady's name on the ring, sir?" Cautious Young Man—"Er—well—I think you might just put 'To my beloved.'"

One trial of Mother Graves' Worm Expeller will convince you that it is no equal as a worm medicine. Buy a bottle and see if it does not please you.

Magistrate—"What do you mean to say your husband struck you, and he that physical wreck?" Mrs. Maloney—"Yes, yer honor; but he's only been in a physical wreck since he struck me."

ITCH, Mange, Prairie Scratches and every form of contagious itch in human or animals cure in 30 minutes by Wolford's Sanitary Lotion. It never fails. Sold by all druggists.

Ethel—"You say she is an entertaining talker?" Caustique—"Oh, my, yes; she can entertain herself for hours at a time."

Signals of Danger—Have you lost your appetite? Have you a coated tongue? Have you an unpleasant taste in the mouth? Does your head ache and have you dizziness? If so, your stomach is out of order and you need medicine. But you do not like medicine. He that prefers sickness to medicine must suffer, but under the circumstances the wise man would procure a box of Parlee's Vegetable Pills and speedily get himself in health, and strive to keep so.

Mrs. Prentice—"How do you always manage to have such delicious beef?" Mrs. Blinthyre—"I select a good, honest butcher, and then stand by him." Mrs. Prentice—"You mean that you give him all your trade?" Mrs. Blinthyre—"No; I mean that I stand by him while he is cutting the meat."

It Retains Old and Makes New Friends—Time was when Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil had but a small field of distribution, but now its territory is widespread. Those who first recognized its curative qualities still value it as a specific, and while it retains its old friends it is ever making new. It is certain that whoever once uses it will not be without it.

Visitor—"How long are you in for, my poor man?" Prisoner—"Dunno, naah." Visitor—"How can that be?" Prisoner—"It's a life sentence."

Hard and soft corns cannot withstand Holloway's Corn Cure; it is effective every time. Get a bottle at once and be happy.

Simkins—"Old Skinner is considered pretty well to do, isn't he?" Timkins—"Yes. Also pretty hard to do."

## LEGACY LED TO SUICIDE.

London Woman Takes Her Own Life for a Trivial Matter.

Legacies have been having ill effects in London of late. As a sort of sequel to the story which was recently reported of an aristocratic young Englishman, who was left a fortune of \$110,000 and exchanged it all for experience, there comes to light another pathetically interesting case. It is that of Mrs. Annie Herrin, a poor woman of South London who with her husband had been left the free use of a small room and who was so worried by government demands for an inheritance tax of \$60, that she finally ended her life by taking ammonia.

## THE STRENUOUS LIFE.

He said the owner of the house in which they lived had died recently, leaving a will by which he and his wife were to be allowed to live in the small room they occupied rent free. While they were struggling along on the verge of starvation, the government tax collectors were pressing them for the \$60 success duty on the legacy. The wife was fearfully worried by the government demands and feared less the officials should take away the one little room they had to call their own and turn them into the street. Completely to blacken their sky, the heir to the house was also trying to obtain possession of the room occupied by the starving couple.

The other day, after weeks of worry and approaching starvation, the woman set herself free from the hounding tax collector by drinking some liniment containing ammonia. The jury returned a verdict of "Suicide during temporary insanity caused by worry and semi-starvation accelerated greatly by worry."

## FOR SALE.

73 Adelaide Street West, TORONTO.

## Do You Want a Home

in the prosperous West? If so, write us for particulars of lands for sale in the Selkirk District, within 20 to 40 miles of the city of Winnipeg. Lowest transportation charges and best real estate market in the West. First-class soil. No other locality offers as good opportunities for increase in value.

THE SELKIRK LAND & INVESTMENT CO., Limited, Selkirk, Manitoba.

## QUEBEC STEAMSHIP COMPANY

LIMITED.

## River and Gulf of St. Lawrence

## Summer Cruises in Cool Latitudes

Twin Screw Iron SS. "Campana," with electric lights, electric fans, and all modern comforts.

SALES FROM MONTREAL ON MONDAYS at 1 p.m. 3rd and 17th June, 1st, 15th and 29th July, 4th and 20th August, 8th and 22nd September, 16th and 29th October, 6th, 10th and 27th November. Temperatures cooled by sea breezes seldom rises above 80 degrees.

The finest trips of the season for health and comfort.

ARTHUR AHERN, Secretary, Quebec.

A. E. OUTERBRIDGE & CO., Agents, 20 Broadway, New York.

## FOR SALE.

7,000 acres raw land, north Indian Head, Garden of Canadian West, \$10 acre, \$5 acre down, balance to suit.

J. O. HAUGHT, Moose Jaw, Sask., Box 1100.

## YOUR OVERCOATS

and faded Suits would look better dyed. If no sign of care in your town, write direct Montreal, Box 1100.

BRITISH AMERICAN DYEING CO.

## BETTER Underwear

Keeps your body warm, yet lets your skin breathe—knit, not woven—fits, does not shrink. Guaranteed Against Shrinkage.

Trade-marked in red. In a variety of styles, fabrics and prices, for women, men and children, and guaranteed.

## CREAM OF THE WEST

A pure, hard Manitoba FLOUR

Flour for bakers and others demanding strength, color and uniformity.

## STRONG & WHITE

AT YOUR GROCERS

DEALERS EVERYWHERE SUPPLIED WITH FLOUR AND FEED. WRITE US.

WE ALSO MAKE "QUEEN CITY" A BLENDING FLOUR THAT HAS GAINED GREAT FAVOR AS A GENERAL HOUSEHOLD "ALL PURPOSES" FLOUR.

CAMPBELL MILLING CO. TORONTO JUNCTION, ONT.

## FOR SALE.

300 LIGHT DYNAMO

In good running order. Bargain for cash.

S. FRANK WILSON,

73 Adelaide Street West, TORONTO.

## Do You Want a Home

in the prosperous West? If so, write us for particulars of lands for sale in the Selkirk District, within 20 to 40 miles of the city of Winnipeg. Lowest transportation charges and best real estate market in the West. First-class soil. No other locality offers as good opportunities for increase in value.

THE SELKIRK LAND & INVESTMENT CO., Limited, Selkirk, Manitoba.

## QUEBEC STEAMSHIP COMPANY

LIMITED.

## River and Gulf of St. Lawrence

## Summer Cruises in Cool Latitudes

Twin Screw Iron SS. "Campana," with electric lights, electric fans, and all modern comforts.

SALES FROM MONTREAL ON MONDAYS at 1 p.m. 3rd and 17th June, 1st, 15th and 29th July, 4th and 20th August, 8th and 22nd September, 16th and 29th October, 6th, 10th and 27th November. Temperatures cooled by sea breezes seldom rises above 80 degrees.

The finest trips of the season for health and comfort.

ARTHUR AHERN, Secretary, Quebec.

A. E. OUTERBRIDGE & CO., Agents, 20 Broadway, New York.

## FOR SALE.

7,000 acres raw land, north Indian Head, Garden of Canadian West, \$10 acre, \$5 acre down, balance to suit.

J. O. HAUGHT, Moose Jaw, Sask., Box 1100.

## YOUR OVERCOATS

and faded Suits would look better dyed. If no sign of care in your town, write direct Montreal, Box 1100.

BRITISH AMERICAN DYEING CO.

## 4% On Your Savings

Compounded Quarterly

Send for booklet

## "BANKING BY MAIL"

It explains how our Savings Department is no further from you than your nearest mail box.

Capital and Reserve

\$2,900,000

## THE UNION TRUST CO., LIMITED

Temple Building, - Toronto

## "PAGE FENCES" WEAR BEST

Made of High Carbon Wire—will prove to you. COILED—not crimped. This makes it still stronger in service. It stays tight. Painted WHITE over heavy

THE PAGE WIRE FENCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

200 — as in merit. Get illustrated booklet and 1907 prices before buying.

Winkerville, Toronto, Montreal, St. John, Winnipeg



THURSDAY, MAY 9, 1907.

There might be a better prospect of peace in the labor field if labor would bear two things in mind. One is that as wages enter into the cost of production, strikes all round would make the producers dear all round, and to the strikers as well as to the rest of the community. The other is that industry cannot fail to give birth to a class of agitators distinguished perhaps as much by their ambition as by any genuine qualifications for leadership, whose elements is war, and for whom the return of peace would be the death of their calling. To take disputes and put them into the hands of friends of peace would be the effect of a regular system of mediation, which at all events might be worth trying. Mediation, even if it fails to bring about agreement, softens feeling.

It cannot be said that the Conference of Premiers has been a failure. It has succeeded in putting an end to the perilous dream of a commercial union of the Empire. The colonies are, and will remain, bound to the Mother Country by the strongest tie of affection, which, without any cast-iron compact, will lead them to have regard for her interests in all they do. But, scattered over the globe, they differ as widely as possible in commercial circumstances and fiscal needs from her and from each other. To attempt to enforce conformity is to pave the way, not to increase of harmony, but to discord. The steamship fares of the Premiers have not been wasted. If the question of contribution to armaments should likewise be settled, as probably it will, the Conference will have been fruitful of good.—A By-stander in Weekly Sun.

J. J. Hill, recently retired from the position of head of the Great Northern, is one of those who believe that the signs of the times point to the early coming of a period of depression. "There is," said Mr. Hill, in a recent interview with the New York Tribune, a general slowing up in the purchase of luxuries. Six months ago builders of railroad cars were too busy to even talk to railroad operators who were anxious to have cars built. Now car builders are seeking the railroads, while the latter are shy about placing orders. It is the same in many of the big manufacturing lines. Excess orders piled up months ago will keep the plants going full swing well into the fall. But now there is a falling off in orders. Unless there is a change this means that the big plants that have been running full blast will have to let men go. In that case it would not be surprising if we heard the rattle of a few empty dinner pails. There will be two jobs for three men instead of three jobs for two men."

### Stationary Engineers' Certificates

The Legislature of Ontario at its recent session passed an act respecting stationary engineers, in which engineers and employers are alike interested. Briefly stated, its provisions are that after the 1st day of July 1908, no engineer will be allowed to operate or have charge of a stationary steam plant of 50 horse power or upwards who does not hold a government certificate. There are three classes of engineers to whom certificates will be granted without the applicant having to undergo an examination, first, those who on the 20th of April, 1907, (the date on which the Act was passed) held certificates from an association of stationary engineers in Ontario, or a marine or locomotive engineer's certificate; second, engineers who on the above date were in charge of a plant of 25 horse power or over in Ontario; third, engineers who had at any time previous to the passing of this Act, not less than two years' experience in the operation of such a plant in the Province. Those who cannot qualify as above will have to pass the examinations which will hereafter be prescribed by the Board of Examiners.

Those interested may obtain a copy of the Act and application forms for certificates by addressing The Secretary, Department of Agriculture, Toronto.

### Trent Canal

That it is the intention of the Department of Railways and Canals to proceed immediately with the work of constructing the southern outlet of the canal is evident from the fact that offices will be opened within the next day or two at Trenton and Campbellford. The divisional engineers for their respective divisions will have their headquarters at these two places, and plans and specifications will be rushed forward within the next month or six weeks, so that tenders will be immediately called for. The names of the divisional engineers have not been given out yet, although it is understood that the appointments have been made.

Notice is given in Saturday's Gazette that all residents of the province must take out a license before fishing, except by hook and line. Non-residents of the province must pay \$2 per rod, or \$5 for a family not exceeding five persons, when temporary residents of the province. When fishing from yacht or boat the fee is \$5 per rod.

What is the value of a human life? asks a writer in Everybody's Magazine. Some people seem to regard it very lightly, judging by their negligence in the presence of danger. The writer goes on to show that out of the 25,000,000 workers in the United States one is killed or injured every minute in the day. More than 500,000 men, women and children are killed or injured every year as a direct result of the occupations in which they are engaged.

### Mr. Carstairs Appointed to New Office

J. S. Carstairs, B.A., who was for several years principal of the High School in this village, has been appointed to an important office by the leader of the Conservative party in the Dominion Parliament. The Toronto Star refers to it as follows:

J. S. Carstairs, B.A., some time student of law, business man, reporter, editor, and at present a teacher in Harbord Collegiate Institute, has been appointed by Mr. R. L. Borden to the position of Ontario organizer for the Conservative party of the Dominion. Although the position is nominally that of organizer, Mr. Carstairs admitted that the term does not quite convey the meaning.

"Organizer" is an old word," he explained, "and this work is entirely new. I would not care to say, therefore, just how my duties will differ from those of an organizer, but they will differ. I had a conference with the leaders in January, but since then our communications have been by letter. So I would hardly care to say anything more as to the responsibilities which will devolve upon me."

"You do not replace anyone else?" "No; the position is a new one. I am to do Dominion work in this Province. The Provincial organizer for Ontario is, of course, not replaced."

The announcement by Mr. Carstairs that he is to be organizer, and yet not organizer, arouses considerable speculation. He says that Toronto will be his headquarters, and that he will have a down-town office here.

Some years ago Mr. Carstairs ran a paper in Iroquois, the St. Lawrence News. That was in Mr. Whitney's county, and The Star asked whether the appointment hinged upon Mr. Whitney's influence.

"No," declared the appointee, "it is only a coincidence that I know Mr. Whitney very well. The appointment did not come through him in any sense. My paper was not been very active in politics myself."

"You have not since coming to Toronto." "No," Mr. Carstairs was born in Kingston nearly forty years ago, and has been engaged in a number of occupations. He graduated from the University, studied law for a year, was a reporter on the Empire, was for a time an editor, engaged in several commercial enterprises, and has lately been a valued teacher at Harbord Collegiate. During his residence here he has been a contributor to various reviews upon educational subjects.

### The Golden Rule of Three

Three things to be—pure, just and honest.  
Three things to live—courage, affection and gentleness.  
Three things to govern—tongue, temper and conduct.  
Three things for which to fight—honour, home and country.  
Three things to cherish—the true, the beautiful and the good.  
Three things about which to think—life, death and eternity.  
Three things to commend—thrift, industry and promptness.  
Three things to despise—cruelty, arrogance and ingratitude.  
Three things to love—the wise, the virtuous and the innocent.  
Three things for which to wish—health, friends and contentment.  
Three things to admire—dignity, gracefulness and intellectual power.  
Three things to attain—goodness of heart, integrity of purpose and cheerfulness of disposition.

### A Thought

My heart was heavy, for its trust had been abused, its kindness answered with foul wrong;  
So turning gloomy from my fellow-men,  
One summer Sabbath day I strolled among  
The green mounds of the village burial place;  
Where, pondering how all human love and hate  
Find one sad level; and how, soon or late  
Wronged or wrongdoer, each with meek  
And cold hands folded over a still heart,  
Pass the green threshold of our common grave.  
Whither all footsteps tend, whence none depart:  
Aweled for myself, and pitying my race,  
My common sorrow, like a mighty wave  
Swept all my pride away, and trembling I forgave.  
—J. G. Whittier.

### Honor Roll for S. S. No. 16, Rawdon, for April

FOURTH—Arthur Reid.  
SECOND—S. Reid, E. Reid, E. Bateman, M. Fleming.  
JUNIOR—B. Bateman, E. Bateman, M. Fleming.  
PR. II—E. Craig, N. Reid.  
JUNIOR—Jennie Cassidy.  
PR. I—B. Bateman, D. Fleming, A. Fleming.  
Special mention for obedience—Mary Mack, Arthur Reid, Susie Reid, Arthur Fleming.  
E. G. WALLACE, Teacher.

### Clubbing List.

THE NEWS-ARGUS will club with the following papers at the rates mentioned:  
The Weekly Globe ..... \$1.50  
The Weekly Mail & Empire ..... 1.50  
The Family Herald & Weekly Star, with premium picture, 1.75  
The Weekly Sun ..... 1.50  
The Toronto News (Daily) ..... 2.25  
The Toronto Star (Daily) ..... 2.25  
The Toronto Globe (Daily) ..... 2.50  
The Farmer's Advocate, weekly \$2.25  
We recommend our readers to subscribe to the Farmer's Advocate and Home Magazine, the best Agricultural Journal in America.

### Sore Nipples

Any mother who has had experience with this distressing ailment will be pleased to know that a cure may be effected by applying Chamberlain's Salve as soon as the trouble is done nursing. Wipe off with a soft cloth before allowing the babe to nurse. Many trained nurses use this salve with best results. For sale by J. S. Morton.

### A Telltale Nail.

Dr. John Donne, the famous English divine and poet, who lived in the reign of James I., was a veritable Sherlock Holmes in bed of mind.  
He was walking in the churchyard while a grave was being dug when the sexton cast up a moldering skull. The doctor idly took it up, and in handling it, found a headless nail driven into it. "This he managed to take out and conceal in his handkerchief. It was evident to him that murder had been done. He questioned the sexton and learned that the skull was probably that of a certain man who was the proprietor of a brandy shop and was a drunkard, being found dead in bed one morning after a night in which he had drunk two quarts of brandy.

"And he a wife?" asked the doctor.  
"Yes."  
"What character does she bear?"  
"She bore a very good character, only the neighbors gossiped because she married the day after her husband's funeral. She still lives here."  
The doctor soon called on the woman. He asked for and received the particulars of the death of her first husband. Suddenly opening his handkerchief, he showed her the telltale nail, asking in a loud voice:  
"Madam, do you know this nail?"  
The woman was so surprised that she confessed and was tried and executed.

### Night Window Shopping.

"I used to think the money spent for light in shop windows from closing time till morning was wasted," said a Fifth Avenue merchant, "but I have changed my mind about it, and now I keep my windows lighted until 8 a. m. every night but Sunday. I took the trouble to make some investigations as to the value of shop windows before I changed my method. I found that in daytime, when the streets are filled, no one has time for more than a glance at the displays. But at night, and particularly late at night, while there are fewer people out, they are not in a hurry and many of them stop to examine critically the goods shown. I have frequently seen men and women, too, who were window shopping before my place at night inside buying the things the next day. Many people in New York keep themselves posted on fashions and on what is to be had in the stores by 'window shopping.'"

### Man and the Horse.

Men are apt to say severe things of the absurdities to which many women will submit at the behest of fashion, but, really, they are every bit as bad. A good horse has a naturally arched neck, an inferior one has not. But the owner of the latter must pretend that his sorry steed is blessed with blood, and to effect the deceit he slaps on a monstrous bearing rein and defies public opinion. A London carman, who is in many things a bit of a brute, will ease his horse when going up hill by removing the reins which keep his head up, but whoever saw the same kindness extended to a horse drawing a brougham? The same slavish following of fashion marks the attention to the horse's tail. The thoroughbred has his three-quarter length bush, so have the matched pair for the brougham, but what man would drive a cob which had a tail bigger than a half expanded fan?—St. James' Gazette.

### Wood Burners in Paris.

Despite all modern improvements, Paris still heats its offices and its houses to a large extent with wood. Its bakers and confectioners use hardly anything else for fuel. It burns up whole forests of timber every year, and extensive forests in several regions of France are reserved for supplying it with fuel. Coal is scarce in France and dear and not of very good quality. Besides, the Parisians are conservative in home matters. The cheery appearance of the glowing log on the hearth appeals to them, and most likely generations will pass before they give up burning wood altogether.

### Prepared For Temptation.

Little Tommy had been forbidden to swim in the river, owing to the danger. One day he came home with unmistakable signs of having been in the water. His mother scolded him severely. "But I was tempted so badly, mother," said Tommy. "That's all very well, but how'd you come to have your bathing suit with you?" Tommy paused and then said, "Well, mother, I took my bathing suit along thinking I might be tempted."—Dundee Advertiser.

### India Dialects.

India has hundreds of dialects, which may all be classed under three great heads—the Sanscrit, Prakrit and Magadhi. The Sanscrit is the fundamental language and that of the Vedas, the Prakrit the vernacular language in many dialects and the Magadhi or Misra is that of Ceylon and the islands.

### An Advocate of Credit.

"The way to get on," said the business man, "is to conduct your operations on a cash basis."  
"Not in politics," answered Senator Sorsbom. "Promises are just as effectual as cash and not nearly so dangerous."

### Was It Fresh?

An Indiana woman, as she examined the fowl brought from the market, said to her little son, "Did the grocer tell you this turkey was quite fresh?"  
"No'm," the boy answered; "he just said to hurry home with it as fast as I could."

General ideas and great conceits are always in a fair way to cause terrible mischief.—Goethe.

### Hammers.

Hammers are represented on the monuments of Egypt twenty centuries before our era. They greatly resembled the hammer now in use, save that there were no claws on the back for the extraction of nails. The first hammer was undoubtedly a stone held in the hand. Claw hammers were invented some time during the middle ages. Illuminated manuscripts of the eleventh century represent carpenters with claw hammers. Hammers are of all sizes, from the dainty instruments used by the jeweler, which weigh less than half an ounce, to the gigantic fifty-ton hammers of shipbuilding establishments, some of which weigh as much as fifty tons and have a falling force of from ninety to a hundred. Every trade has its own hammer and its own way of using it.

### Queer Weather Forecasting.

One of the rites performed by the French peasants on New Year's eve is the forecasting of the weather for the coming year by means of onions. When the bells ring for midnight mass they scoop out the middles of twelve onions, set them in a row on the kitchen table, fill them with salt and name them for the months of the year. Then when they return from mass they examine the condition of the salt. If it has melted in any of the "months," those months will be rainy; if the salt remains dry, it indicates drought; if half melted, the first fortnight of the month will be wet. The peasants have such implicit faith in this means of foretelling the weather that they plant their crops in accordance with the prophecy of the onions.

### The Iron Law of Caste.

As an illustration of the exclusiveness of caste, which a native of India will do almost anything to preserve, it might be mentioned that when money passes between a low caste and a high caste man the coin is thrown on the ground by the one and picked up by the other for fear of defilement. They may not stand on the same carpet or enter the same room. Neither must the low caste man cross the threshold of his superior's house or hut. If he wants to communicate with him he stands outside and bawls.

### An Invitation.

"Mabel," he said, "I love you. I place my happiness in your hands."  
"For goodness sake," she cried pleadingly, "don't do it now!"  
"Why not?"  
"Because I'm quite sure I'll need both hands in a minute or so to keep you from kissing me."

### An Adage Vindicated.

"Where there's so much smoke there must be some fire."  
The boss was speaking. He had just detected the office boy consuming a cigarette on the premises.  
The adage was verified immediately. The boy got the fire.

### The Very Worst.

Schoolmistress—Now, tell me the truth, Johnny Jones. You know what will happen if you tell a lie, don't you?  
Johnny Jones—Yes, ma'am; I'll go to a bad place. Schoolmistress—Yes, and that isn't the worst of it. You'll also be expelled from school.

### Man's Character.

According to an old French saying, "A man's character is like his shadow, which sometimes follows and sometimes precedes him and which is occasionally longer, occasionally shorter, than he is."

There is no grace in a benefit that sticks to the fingers.—Seneca.

The Belleville Rolling Mills are now running double time.

A story from Toronto says there will a Dominion election next fall.

"Ian MacLaren," the Rev. John Watson, died at Mount Pleasant, Iowa, on Monday of blood poisoning, caused by tonsillitis.

The society for the protection of women and children in Montreal report a case of a man selling his wife for \$60. They had recently arrived from Europe. The woman went to the society officials to have them act as witnesses, as she did not want any hitch.

Samples of wheat grown in Thibet, 13,000 feet above sea level, have been received at the Central Experimental Farm, Ottawa. These are to be experimented with this summer, with a view to obtaining seed grain, suitable for the northern regions of Canada.

## We Trust Doctors

If you are suffering from impure blood, thin blood, debility, nervousness, exhaustion, you should begin at once with Ayer's Sarsaparilla, the Sarsaparilla you have known all your life. Your doctor knows it, too. Ask him about it.

Unless there is daily action of the bowels, poisonous products are absorbed, causing head-ache, biliousness, nausea, dyspepsia, and preventing the Sarsaparilla from doing its best work. Ayer's Pills are a sure cure. Get acting all vegetable.

Made by J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass. Also manufacturers of HAIR REGULATOR, ANGLE CURE, CHERRY PECTORAL.



**A REMARKABLE INVENTION FOR THE CULTURE OF HAIR**

THE EVANS VACUUM CAP is a practical invention constructed on scientific and hygienic principles by the simple means of which a free and normal circulation is restored throughout the scalp. The minute blood vessels are gently stimulated to activity, thus allowing the food supply which can only be derived from the blood, to be carried to the hair roots, the effects of which are quickly seen in a healthy, vigorous growth of hair. There is no rubbing, and as no drugs or chemicals of whatsoever kind are employed there is nothing to cause irritation. It is only necessary to wear the Cap three or four minutes daily.

### 60 DAYS FREE TRIAL! The Company's Guarantee.

An EVANS VACUUM CAP will be sent you for sixty days' free trial. If you do not see a gradual development of a new growth of hair, and are not convinced that the Cap will completely restore your hair, you are at liberty to return the Cap with no expense whatever to yourself. It is requested, as an evidence of good faith, that the price of the Cap be deposited with the Chancery Lane Safe Deposit Company of London, the largest financial and business institution of the kind in the world, who will issue a receipt guaranteeing that the money will be returned in full, on demand without questions or comment, at any time during the trial period.

The eminent Dr. L. N. LOVE, in his address to the Medical Board on the subject of Alopecia (loss of hair) stated that if a means could be devised to bring nutrition to the hair follicles (hair roots) without resorting to any irritating process, the problem of hair growth would be solved. Later on, when the EVANS VACUUM CAP was submitted to him for inspection, he remarked that the Cap would fulfil and confirm in practice the observations he had previously made before the Medical Board.

Dr. W. MOORE, referring to the invention, says that the principle upon which the Evans Vacuum Cap is founded is absolutely correct and indisputable. An illustrated and descriptive book of the Evans Vacuum Cap will be sent, post free, on application.

THE SECRETARY, EVANS VACUUM CAP CO., LTD., REGENT HOUSE, REGENT STREET, LONDON, W.

## The Mutual Life Co. OF CANADA.

### 37 Years' Record.

Results Speak Louder Than Words.

|   |                 |
|---|-----------------|
| Total Payments for Death Claims, Matured Endowments, Surrendered Policies, etc. | \$ 7,476,529.26 |
| Add present Assets  | 10,385,539.84   |
| Amount paid to policyholders and held for them                                  | \$17,862,069.10 |
| Total Premiums received   | 17,338,715.05   |
| Excess of Assets and Payments to Policyholders over Premium receipts            | \$523,354.05    |

**S. BURROWS,** General Agent, Belleville.

AGENTS WANTED.

"Could the consumptives of any given community be seen at one time, or pass in panorama before the people, public consciousness of the magnitude of the affliction might be aroused. A physical disaster shocks the world and lets loose the sympathy of millions. A few thousand deaths are nothing as compared with the deaths from consumption." LAWRENCE F. FLICK, M.D., Medical Director of Henry Phipps Institute for the Study, Treatment and Prevention of Tuberculosis.

Many reasons surely must influence men and women to help in the great work being carried on by the

## MUSKOKA FREE HOSPITAL FOR CONSUMPTIVES.

Other hospitals refuse the consumptive. This institution cares for them.

Not a single applicant has ever been refused admission to the Muskoka Free Hospital for Consumptives because of his or her poverty.

Seven hundred and thirty-eight patients have been cared for since the Free Hospital was opened in 1902. Take a week's record:

63 patients in residence; 37 absolutely free, not paying a copper toward their maintenance; 15 paying 50 cents a day or less; 5 paying \$4.00 a week; 4 paying \$5.00; one paying \$7.00.

These figures tell plainly of a large deficit on maintenance account each month. To cover this the trustees are dependent upon the contributions that come to them from friends in all parts of Canada.

Not since the days of George Muller has so great a work of faith been carried on.

WILL YOU HELP DIVIDE THIS LOAD WITH THE TRUSTEES?

Contributions may be sent to SIR WM. R. MEREDITH, Kt., Chief Justice, Osgoode Hall, Toronto, or W. J. Gage, Esq., 54 Front Street, W., Toronto.

Applications for admission and all information from J. S. ROBERTSON, Secretary National Sanitarium Association, (Saturday Night Building), 28 Adelaide Street, W., Toronto, Canada.



**PROFESSIONAL CARDS.**  
**E. F. PARKER,**  
ISSUER OF  
**Marriage Licenses**  
STIRLING, ONT.  
**Marriage Licenses.**  
GEO. E. CRYER, Issuer,  
Residence Stirling House, Stirling.  
**J. S. MORTON,**  
OPTICIAN, GRADUATE CANADIAN  
Optician, College. Member Canadian  
Association of Opticians.  
Eyes examined and imperfect sight  
corrected with glasses.  
At MORTON & HAIGHT'S Drug Store.  
**CHAS. F. WALT, D.D.S., L.D.S.**  
FIRST CLASS HONOR GRADUATE IN  
Dentistry of the University of Toronto.  
Graduate of the Royal College of Dental  
Surgeons, of Ontario.  
OFFICE—Over Sovereign Bank.  
Open every day. Evenings by appointment  
only.  
**J. EARL HALLIWELL, M.A.,**  
BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, NOTARY,  
Public Commissioner, Conveyancer, &c.  
OFFICE—In Sovereign Bank Building.

**G. G. THRASHER,**  
SOLICITOR, Auctioneer for the County  
of Hastings, &c. Office in W. S. Martin's  
Block, Mill Street.  
**L. O. L. NO. 110**  
Meets in Lodge Room, the first Friday  
evening of each month at 8 o'clock.  
W. H. RODGERS,  
Secretary.  
**STIRLING LODGE**  
No. 230,  
I. O. O. F.  
Meets in the Lodge Room,  
Conley block,  
EVERY WEDNESDAY EVENING  
at 8 o'clock.  
L. MEIKLEJOHN, R. S.

**Notice to the Public**  
THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING TAKEN  
out license as Auctioneer for the County  
of Hastings is prepared to attend all sales on  
shortest notice. Terms as low as the lowest,  
and satisfaction guaranteed. Orders left at  
the News-Argus office or addressed to me at  
Stirling, will be promptly attended to.  
W. M. RODGERS.  
**Fire, Accident & Plate**  
**Glass Insurance.**  
Guardian Fire Insurance Co.  
Norwich Union Fire Insurance Co.  
Liverpool, London & Globe  
Sun Insurance Company.  
Gore Insurance Co.  
Lloyd's Plate Glass Insurance Co.  
Ontario Accident Insurance Co.  
W. S. MARTIN,  
Insurance Agent, STIRLING.

**MEAT SHOP**  
Under new management. The business  
formerly carried on by A. H. SEELEY, is  
now changed to  
**SEELEY & HATTON**  
We are prepared to supply the public  
with first-class Meats of all kinds at low-  
est cash prices.  
SEELEY & HATTON.

**Farm for Sale**  
or To Let  
First class Dairy farm, partly situ-  
ated in the Village of Stirling.  
Particulars from  
DR. POTTS, Stirling.

**Obituary**  
DARIUS GREEN.  
On Thursday, April 26th, at his  
home in the Oak Hills, Darius Green  
passed away from earth. For over nine  
weeks he had withstood shock after  
shock of disease. Every effort that  
medical skill and constant care of two  
trained nurses could put forth  
was made. Latterly strong hopes had  
been entertained that he would recover.  
But death was not thus to be foiled of  
his prey. And at high noon on Thurs-  
day, April 26th, death won. The funeral  
was held on Sunday morning, April  
28th, and was probably the largest  
funeral that has been held in these parts  
in many years. The service was con-  
ducted in the Methodist Church by the  
Rev. W. G. Clarke. The local Orange  
order was present in a body, about 125  
strong. The deceased had long been a  
devoted member of the order, and was  
held in very high esteem by his brethren.  
Mr. Green was only 52 years of  
age, having been born about the middle  
of the last century. Many were the  
expressions of sorrow that one thus in  
the very hey-day of life had been taken  
away. He leaves a wife, daughter, an  
aged mother, and a large circle of near  
friends and acquaintances to mourn his  
loss.

According to the assessor's figures  
the population of Havelock now reaches  
over 1900.  
At the annual meeting of the Child-  
ren's Emigration Homes at Birming-  
ham, the chairman stated that 4,237  
children had been received at the homes,  
8,652 had been sent to Canada, and 145  
more were to sail in a fortnight.  
Let me send you free, to prove merit,  
samples of my Dr. Shoop's Restorative,  
and my book on either Dyspepsia, The  
Heart, or The Kidneys. Address me, Dr.  
Shoop, Racine, Wis. Troubles of the  
Stomach, Heart or Kidneys are merely  
symptoms of a deeper ailment. Don't  
make the common error of treating sym-  
ptoms only. Symptom treatment is treating  
the result of the ailment, and not the  
cause. Weak stomach nerves—the inside  
nerves—means stomach weakness, always.  
And the heart and kidneys as well have  
their controlling or inside nerves. Weak-  
ness of these nerves, and you inevitably have  
weak vital organs. Here is where Dr.  
Shoop's Restorative has made its fame.  
No other remedy even claims to treat the  
"inside nerves," and so for constipation, bilious-  
ness, bad breath or complexion, use Dr.  
Shoop's Restorative. Sold by J. S. Morton.

**METHODIST CHURCH**  
W. G. CLARKE, B.A., Pastor  
This space is engaged for weekly an-  
nouncements. Keep posted.  
\* \* \*  
**SUNDAY, MAY 12th**  
9.30 A.M.—Early Prayer Meeting.  
10.30 A.M.—Quarterly Sacramental  
Service and reception of new members.  
2.30 P.M.—Sunday School. A special  
collection in aid of the S. S. Aid and Ex-  
tension Fund will be taken.  
7.00 P.M.—China and Its First Mission-  
ary, Robert Morrison, 1807.  
8.15 P.M.—Weekly Reunion and Family  
Worship in the Sunday School rooms.  
**Week Evening Meetings:**  
MONDAY—8 P.M., Epworth League.  
WEDNESDAY—8 P.M., Teachers' Meeting.  
THURSDAY—7.30 P.M., Prayer Meeting.  
FRIDAY—8 P.M., Choir Practice.

**ADVERTISING NOTICES.**  
In the local column will be charged as follows:  
To Regular Advertisers—Three lines and up-  
per, 25 cents each insertion; over three lines,  
75 cents per line. Matter set in larger than the or-  
dinary type, 10c. per line.  
To Transient Advertisers—10c. per line each  
insertion. No insertion less than 25c.  
**RAILWAY TIME TABLE.**  
Trains call at Stirling station as follows—  
GOING WEST. GOING EAST.  
Mail & Ex.—8.27 a.m. Passenger, 10.17 a.m.  
Passenger, 8.42 p.m. Mail & Ex. 3.45 p.m.

**The Stirling News-Argus.**  
**THURSDAY, MAY 9, 1907.**  
**LOCAL MATTERS.**  
Hear Miss Ingle, the elocutionist of  
Albert College, at the Methodist church  
on Friday night.  
The first meeting of the Stirling  
Cheese Board will be held next Tues-  
day, May 14th, at 4 o'clock, p.m.  
Patronize the Albert College Glee  
Club concert in the Methodist Church  
on Friday night.  
Mr. J. Earl Halliwell went to Toron-  
to yesterday, and was installed last  
evening Third Grand Principal of Royal  
Arch Masons of Canada.  
In addition to the special service for  
the I.O.O.F., Rev. S. S. Burns preached  
in West Huntington last Sunday night,  
and was greeted by a large congrega-  
tion of his former friends.  
Mr. J. W. Pearce, M.P.P., has gone  
to Clifton Springs, where he expects a  
short stay will restore him to perfect  
health. The late session did him no  
injury, and his health has been steadily  
improving.  
A Newcombe piano will be furnished  
by N. Lanktree for the Glee Club con-  
cert in the Methodist Church on Friday  
evening, May 10th.  
Rev. F. A. Robinson has disposed of  
his moving picture machine to Prof.  
John C. Green of Ottawa. Mr. Robin-  
son found that the many demands from  
neighboring churches for entertain-  
ments interfered too much with his  
regular work.  
On June 17th the following will go  
into camp at Kingston: Third Dragoons,  
4th Hussars, 5th Dragoon Guards, B.  
C. and D squadrons, a detachment of  
the R. C. E., the 16th, 40th, 45th, 46th,  
47th and 49th Regiments, a detachment  
of the C.P.A.S.C., No. 8 Company, C.A.  
S.C., and No. 8 Field Ambulance.

**The Sunny South**  
Those of our citizens who patronize the  
opera house, and others who want to see a  
good "coon" show, will be glad to see by  
the advertisement in this issue that Rock-  
well's well-known Sunny South Com-  
pany will appear in the Town Hall, Stir-  
ling, on Friday evening, May 10th. There  
isn't much to say about this company save  
that it is a good strong one, composed of  
twenty-five colored people, who do every-  
thing funny that dummies can do so well  
and keep the audience in a constant state  
of excitement and laughter from start to  
finish. The company is carefully selected  
from the best of colored talent, each and  
every one being an expert in specialty work.  
All of them can dance and each one has  
different steps which they introduce in  
the buck and wing dancing at the close of  
the plantation festivities. The company  
carries a high-class band and orchestra.  
The band will parade the principal streets  
at 4.30 p.m. and are now on sale at  
Morton's Drug Store. Prices 25, 35 and 50c.

**The Composer of "In a Per-  
sian Garden."**  
All lovers of vocal music, and especial-  
ly works for mixed voices, have for  
some years been familiar with the song  
cycle entitled "In a Persian Garden." The  
composer of this unique masterpiece  
—which was inspired by and set to the  
words of the "Rubaiyat of Omar Khay-  
yam," is Madame Liza Lehmann. An  
interesting article on the life and work  
of this charming woman, who was a  
famous singer before she retired from  
public life in order to compose, appears  
in the June number of the NEW IDEA  
WOMAN'S MAGAZINE. The author, who  
interviewed Madame Lehmann in her  
home at Wimbledon, near London, gives  
delightful glimpses of the quiet life  
which the artist lives there with her  
husband, Mr. Herbert Bedford, and  
their children. Many interesting photo-  
graphs, showing Madame Lehmann in  
her home surroundings, add to the value  
of the text.

**The Sunny South**  
This well known and successful musical  
comedy is to be seen in the Town Hall,  
Stirling, on Friday evening, May 10th, and  
lovers of fun, music and melody will have  
their expectations filled to the utmost.  
The Sunny South contains a laugh in  
every line and at every performance this  
rattling musical comedy success goes off  
with a snap and a bang, and is as enjoyable  
and inspiring as a First of July celebration.  
No musical production in recent years has  
attained such immense popularity, and it  
is the only one among the few really bril-  
liant and successful comedies to receive the  
unanimous critical approval of the pub-  
lic and press. The company recently  
appeared in Sarnia, Ont., and the Daily  
Express of that city of March 15th said:  
"The organization of colored folk at the  
Opera House Saturday afternoon and even-  
ing, under the title of the 'Sunny South'  
company, was a highly meritorious one.  
There was only a fair house at the matinee  
but the quality of the performance was  
such as to draw a packed house at night.  
As to the cleverness of a bunch of colored  
folks who have been gotten together, and  
can draw big houses whenever they play  
Sarnia in the future." The company car-  
ries a high-class silver cornet band of  
twelve pieces, which will parade the prin-  
cipal streets at 4.30 p.m. Seats are now  
on sale at Morton's Drug Store. Prices 25,  
35 and 50 cents.

Let me send you free, for Catarrh, just  
to prove merit, a trial size box of Dr.  
Shoop's Catarrh Remedy. It is a snow  
white creamy healing antiseptic balm.  
Containing such healing ingredients as  
Oil Eucalypti, Thymol, Menthol, etc., it  
gives instant and lasting relief to Catarrh  
of the nose and throat. Make the free  
test and see for yourself what this prepa-  
ration will accomplish. Address Dr.  
Shoop, Racine, Wis. Large Jar 50c. Sold  
by J. S. Morton.  
**Court of Revision.**  
VILLAGE OF STIRLING  
Notice is hereby given that the Court of  
Revision for the municipality of the Vil-  
lage of Stirling, will be held in the Council  
Chamber in said village on  
**Monday, May 27th,**  
at the hour of 10 o'clock, p.m., for the pur-  
pose of hearing and determining all com-  
plaints against the assessment for the  
current year.  
All parties concerned will please take  
notice and govern themselves accordingly.  
J. EARL HALLIWELL, Clerk.  
Stirling, May 26th, 1907.

At the Belleville cheese board on Sat-  
urday last all the cheese offered was  
sold at 12 1/2 cts.  
Mr. Harry Clarke, of Warkworth, and  
Miss Margaret Covert, of Colborne, were  
married on Tuesday of last week.  
Mr. Jas. Boldrick has erected a new  
flagpole on his premises to replace the  
one blown down in a gale last winter.  
On Friday last they passed away one  
of Stirling's oldest and most respected  
residents, Mr. James Martin. Funeral  
services were held in the Methodist  
Church on Sunday morning, when a  
large congregation gathered to pay  
respect to his memory, after which his  
remains were taken to the cemetery for  
interment. We hope to give a more ex-  
tended obituary notice next week.  
A very large congregation attended the  
annual service of the I.O.O.F. in the  
Presbyterian Church on Sunday last.  
There was a good turn-out of the local  
Order, with a few from neighboring  
towns. The Rev. S. S. Burns gave a  
very practical address on "The value  
of a purpose," taking as a text "This  
one thing I do," Phil. 3:18. Mr. Burns'  
many friends were greatly pleased to  
see and hear him again, after an ab-  
sence of eight months.

**PERSONALS.**  
Miss Needler, of Lindsay, is visiting her  
sister, Mrs. F. A. Robinson, at the Presby-  
terian manse.  
Rev. W. H. Stevens, of Kemptville, a  
former pastor of the Baptist church in  
Stirling, spent Tuesday and Wednesday  
in this vicinity.  
Mrs. Wm. McCann has returned home  
after spending the winter with her son  
and daughter in Hornell, N.Y. Mrs. Mc-  
Cann also visited friends at Niagara Falls  
and Woodstock.

**Notice to Farmers**  
I will take in cattle on the Island to pas-  
ture on May 15th. Terms, yearling cattle  
\$1.50, and two years old at \$2.00 for the  
season.  
DAVID BENEDICT.  
**WILKES STALLION**  
Is by Arkland; Arkland by Guy Wilkes.  
Guy Wilkes records 2:13 1/2.  
Wilkes stands 15-3 hands high, weighs  
1150 pounds. Dam by Volunteer Clay.  
Second dam Heir-at-Law. He is one of  
the best knee actors in the country, and  
traded a mile in 3 minutes before he was  
half broken.  
Terms, to insure \$8.00.  
FRED, FANNING,  
Wellman's Corners.  
**For Sale**  
A good young Horse. Apply to  
MRS. ROBERT GREEN  
Oak Hills.  
**For Service**  
A pure bred Berkshire Boar, and a pure  
bred Tamworth Boar. Terms reasonable.  
URBANE HEATH,  
Harold.

**Kentucky Bred Wilkes Stallion**  
**VROWSKY**  
Record 2:18 1/2. Reg. 5168.  
The fastest Trotting Stallion between Toronto  
and Montreal. Stands 16 hands, weighs 1200  
pounds.  
STANDARD BRED  
STANDARD BY PERFORMANCE  
STANDARD BY HIS PROGENY  
Three of the highest qualifications obtainable.  
Sire of five with records from 2:25 to 2:17. Sire  
of many High Class Knee Actors.  
Vrowsky has won 1st prize and Silver Medal  
at Toronto Exhibition, competing against all  
Canada.  
Will be at the Kirby House, Stirling every  
Monday night. At Frankford Tuesday noon.  
PHIL. ELKHURST, in charge. FRED. PEAKE,  
Proprietor.

**Lumber for Sale**  
The subscriber has a quantity of lumber  
and scantling for sale on lot No. 20, 7th  
con. of Sidney.  
BENJ. HATFIELD.  
**Fresh Lime**  
The subscriber has for sale a kiln of fresh  
burned Lime. Price at kiln 20 cents per  
bushel.  
JAS. COURTS.  
Lot 14, con. 4, Rawdon.

**STRAWBERRY and**  
**RASPBERRY PLANTS**  
Our plants are large, fine, fibrous-rooted  
—much better than those often sold, and  
our prices are about half those of the big  
nurseries. Besides, we sell only those  
varieties that succeed in this locality.  
**Seed Potatoes**  
About two dozen bags of American Won-  
der and Steele's Earliest, small and medi-  
um sized, which we will sell under price.  
JOS. FRAPPY,  
River Valley.

**Town Hall, Stirling.**  
**FRIDAY**  
**EVENING May 10**  
**J. C. ROCKWELL'S NEW**  
**SUNNY**  
**SOUTH CO.**  
America's Greatest of All Colored Shows  
Best in Quality  
Largest in Numbers  
A Show that Pleases Everyone  
**IT IS ORIGINAL AND**  
**EXTREMELY FUNNY**  
**POPULAR**  
**THE BEST SINGERS**  
**AND DANCERS IN AMERICA**  
**ARE WITH THIS COMPANY**  
Are Now Playing the  
Large Cities  
to Packed Houses  
**BAND AND ORCHESTRA**  
Prices - 25, 35 and 50 Cents  
Seats now on sale at the usual place.

As evidence of the lateness of the  
season, it is reported from Winnipeg  
that hockey and curling were played in  
that city on the 1st inst., and the ice  
was in good condition.  
**Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and**  
**Diarrhoea Remedy**  
There is probably no medicine made that  
is relied upon with more implicit confi-  
dence than Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera  
and Diarrhoea Remedy. During the third  
of a century in which it has been in use,  
people have learned that it is the one  
remedy that never fails. When reduced  
with water and sweetened it is pleasant  
to take. For sale by J. S. Morton.

**Births.**  
TUCKER—In Rawdon, on May 3rd, to Mr.  
and Mrs. Fred Tucker, a daughter.  
**Married.**  
HOARD-GREEN—At the home of Rev. J. P.  
McLennan, Campbellford, on Wednesday,  
May 1st, Mr. ALFRED V. HOARD to Miss  
MELBA GREEN, daughter of Mr. John Green,  
Seymour East.  
LEACH-MCMULLEN—On the 8th of May, at  
the residence of the bride's parents, by Rev.  
D. Balfour, George Henry Leach of Faraday,  
A. and J. Lillian, daughter of Alex. McMullen,  
of Rawdon.  
**Deaths.**  
MARTIN—In Stirling, on May 3rd, James  
Martin, aged 78 years, 10 months and 25 days.  
BONE—At Monie on May 4th, Mary Davis  
Bone, aged 81 years, 10 months and 23 days.  
DICKENS—In Rawdon, on May 4th, Martin  
M. Dickens, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Jas.  
Dickens, aged 1 year, 1 month, and 6 days.  
McCALLUM—At Ivanhoe, on May 6th, Rich-  
ard M. McCallum, aged 45 years, 7 months.

**Notice to Farmers**  
I will take in cattle on the Island to pas-  
ture on May 15th. Terms, yearling cattle  
\$1.50, and two years old at \$2.00 for the  
season.  
DAVID BENEDICT.

**WILKES STALLION**  
Is by Arkland; Arkland by Guy Wilkes.  
Guy Wilkes records 2:13 1/2.  
Wilkes stands 15-3 hands high, weighs  
1150 pounds. Dam by Volunteer Clay.  
Second dam Heir-at-Law. He is one of  
the best knee actors in the country, and  
traded a mile in 3 minutes before he was  
half broken.  
Terms, to insure \$8.00.  
FRED, FANNING,  
Wellman's Corners.  
**For Sale**  
A good young Horse. Apply to  
MRS. ROBERT GREEN  
Oak Hills.  
**For Service**  
A pure bred Berkshire Boar, and a pure  
bred Tamworth Boar. Terms reasonable.  
URBANE HEATH,  
Harold.

**Kentucky Bred Wilkes Stallion**  
**VROWSKY**  
Record 2:18 1/2. Reg. 5168.  
The fastest Trotting Stallion between Toronto  
and Montreal. Stands 16 hands, weighs 1200  
pounds.  
STANDARD BRED  
STANDARD BY PERFORMANCE  
STANDARD BY HIS PROGENY  
Three of the highest qualifications obtainable.  
Sire of five with records from 2:25 to 2:17. Sire  
of many High Class Knee Actors.  
Vrowsky has won 1st prize and Silver Medal  
at Toronto Exhibition, competing against all  
Canada.  
Will be at the Kirby House, Stirling every  
Monday night. At Frankford Tuesday noon.  
PHIL. ELKHURST, in charge. FRED. PEAKE,  
Proprietor.

**Lumber for Sale**  
The subscriber has a quantity of lumber  
and scantling for sale on lot No. 20, 7th  
con. of Sidney.  
BENJ. HATFIELD.  
**Fresh Lime**  
The subscriber has for sale a kiln of fresh  
burned Lime. Price at kiln 20 cents per  
bushel.  
JAS. COURTS.  
Lot 14, con. 4, Rawdon.

**STRAWBERRY and**  
**RASPBERRY PLANTS**  
Our plants are large, fine, fibrous-rooted  
—much better than those often sold, and  
our prices are about half those of the big  
nurseries. Besides, we sell only those  
varieties that succeed in this locality.  
**Seed Potatoes**  
About two dozen bags of American Won-  
der and Steele's Earliest, small and medi-  
um sized, which we will sell under price.  
JOS. FRAPPY,  
River Valley.

**Town Hall, Stirling.**  
**FRIDAY**  
**EVENING May 10**  
**J. C. ROCKWELL'S NEW**  
**SUNNY**  
**SOUTH CO.**  
America's Greatest of All Colored Shows  
Best in Quality  
Largest in Numbers  
A Show that Pleases Everyone  
**IT IS ORIGINAL AND**  
**EXTREMELY FUNNY**  
**POPULAR**  
**THE BEST SINGERS**  
**AND DANCERS IN AMERICA**  
**ARE WITH THIS COMPANY**  
Are Now Playing the  
Large Cities  
to Packed Houses  
**BAND AND ORCHESTRA**  
Prices - 25, 35 and 50 Cents  
Seats now on sale at the usual place.

**Stirling's New Store.**  
**The one price to all—all the time**  
This is the store that gives you the BEST VALUE for  
your money in this part of the County. We guarantee our  
goods to be the lowest in price for the best quality. All we  
ask is for you to see and inspect our goods. We have proved  
it to others and can prove it to you.

Children's Sailor Hats, regular 25c. our price 20c. each, and  
many other different styles up to \$1.00 each.  
Children's Tams.  
Ladies ready to wear Hats from 79c. up.  
Men's and Boys' Caps from 25c. to 75c. each.  
Men's Felt Hats from 75c. to \$2.50.  
Men's Overalls, with and without bibs, regular 75c. quality,  
on sale at 59c. a pair.  
Men's Fancy Print Shirts from 50c. up.  
Ladies ready-to-wear Skirts, in Navy, Black and Greys, from  
\$1.85 to \$6.50.  
Ladies White Muslin Blouses, trimmed with Valenciennes  
Lace and Insertion and Fancy Embroidered Fronts, at  
50c., 75c., 90c., \$1.00 and up to \$2.15 each.

**DO NOT FORGET THAT WE SELL**  
**GROCERIES OF ALL KINDS**  
Our 25c. Tea has no equal. Try a pound.  
Quaker brand canned goods are the best.  
Corn and Peas, 3 cans for 25c.  
15c. Package Orange Meat—10c. each.

**G. W. ANDERSON.**  
Produce taken in exchange for goods or for cash. PHONE No. 29.  
**Boots and Shoes for Every One**  
**AT THE LOWEST PRICES.**  
Boots for Men, Women, Children and Babies.  
**Black Shoes**  
**White Shoes**  
**Tan Shoes**  
**Red Shoes**  
We can satisfy you both in quality and price.  
Black, Tan and White Shoe Dressing always in stock.  
**BOOTS MADE TO ORDER.**  
Repairing neatly done. Butter and Eggs taken in exchange.  
**J. W. BROWN**  
RELIABLE BOOT & SHOE MERCHANT

**Eggs for Hatching**  
From grand pen of SINGLE COMB WHITE  
LEGHORNS, at \$1.00 per setting.  
Prizes taken at Stirling, 1906—1st for  
cock, 1st for cockerel, 2nd for pullet. My  
pen is headed by a son of Victor, the 1st  
prize Brautford cock, 1906, and brother of  
1st, 2nd and 3rd prize cockerels at the On-  
tario fair, 1906.  
HARRY E. BALFOUR,  
Stirling.  
**CARLOAD OF**  
**MCLAUGHLIN CARRIAGES**  
JUST ARRIVED  
Now is the time to secure your Buggy,  
as I have just opened up a carload of Mc-  
Laughlin Carriages, consisting of  
Steel tired Corning Box Buggies  
Steel tired Piano Box Buggies  
Mikados, Democarts  
And a good assortment of  
Rubber tired Buggies  
This is, without a doubt, the finest as-  
sortment of Carriages that has ever been  
shown in Stirling. A call solicited.  
Also some Pianos, Organs, Sewing Ma-  
chines, Harness, etc., at rock bottom prices.  
A full line of Massey-Harris Farm Imple-  
ments always on hand. Three Massey-  
Harris Binders at a bargain.  
**N. LANKTREE,**  
Mill Street, Stirling.  
P.S.—One one-horse Wagon, one two-  
horse Delivery Wagon, nearly new, and  
one horse for sale.

**FINISH YOUR FLOORS**  
**Floor Glaze ENAMEL**  
and you will never use the old  
style Floor Paints again. It  
dries hard over night, with a  
high gloss, and wears on the  
floor, not off. Soap and water  
does not mar it. It wears as  
well on outside as inside floors.  
Use wherever you want a  
durable High Gloss Enamel  
Finish.  
**J. S. MORTON**  
Successor to Morton & Haight  
Druggist, Stationer, Etc.

**Let us Figure it Out**  
Bring us the measure of your  
rooms. We'll figure out how  
much paper it will take to  
make a new home of your  
house. Then we'll show you  
the paper you want. We  
have it. We have the papers  
everybody will want, at prices  
to suit you and everybody  
else. See them. You have  
not seen the equal this spring.  
**Showroom:**  
**In G. W. Anderson's Store**  
**S. A. MURPHY.**  
**Wedding Invitations**  
NEATLY PRINTED IN THE  
BEST STYLE AT THE  
**NEWS-ARGUS OFFICE.**



# DARE HE?

OR, A SAD LIFE STORY

CHAPTER XXVIII.—(Continued.)

For a moment Jim stands dumb with astonishment at the announcement of this intention; but, reflecting that it would not be a while more that he would be a man, he decides to attempt to reason with a madman who had reached the padded-room stage of lunacy, then with his present companion, he content himself with saying:

"And supposing that you do not learn to-night where she has gone?"

"There is no use in supposing anything so impossible!"

But as the hours go by, the possibility becomes a probability, the probability a certainty! Midnight comes, and the closed telegraph-office puts a final extinguisher upon the expectation, which no one but the unhappy lover had ever entertained, that Florence would be enlightened before the dawn of another day as to the place whither her two friends have fled.

Burgoyne has accompanied his friend upon his last important visit to the now-going-to-bed and justly-incensed Mrs. Bis. He has been ashamed again to present himself at the so-called-attacked door, so he waited at the bottom of the stairs, his head by the door, and his eyes fixed on the negative—quite and less sure than the last one—that follows it; has heard the door shut again, and the hopeless footsteps that come staggering down to him.

"You will go home now?"

"Perchance, Iago, I shall never go home!"

replies Byng; and, though he is compelled to admit that there is no longer any possibility of his tonight obtaining the information for which he so madly hungers, that there can consequently be no question of his setting off by one of the early trains, since he would not know in which direction to go, and might only be fleeing further from her whom he would miss more, yet he still keeps with forced portend to his project of spending the night in a belle ocell.

Finding it impossible to dissuade him, Jim resigns himself to bearing him company. It is with very little reluctance that he does so. There is no truer truism than that all sorrows, however mountainous, are more easily carried under God's high roof than man's low ones, and he who does not sleep has for compensation that at least he can have no dream.

So the two men wander about all night in the moon southern air. There are not many hours of a summer's night during which the stir of life has ceased and has not yet reawakened in an Italian town, the talk and the tread and the mulebells, and the flutes of the cheerful people lasting on till near the small hours, and beginning again ere those hours have had strength to grow big. But yet there is a space of time when Florence lies silent, hating her beauty to the constellations alone; and under this unfamiliar and solemn and lovely aspect the two night-wanderers see her. They see her Campanile

"Commencing with the skies,"

with no distracting human bustle about her feet; they see her Perseus baltalling beneath her Loggia, and her San Giorgio standing wakeful at his post on Or San Michele. They see her smiling palace rows, her stealing river, and her spanning bridges—palaces out of which no head peeps, a river on which no boat crows, bridges upon which no horse-dings. They have all her churches—Santa Croce, Arnolfo's great "Bride," that new Maria that is now four hundred years old and more, the humbly glorious San Marco—to themselves; all her treasure houses, all her memories, all her flower-crowned air—for a few hours they possess them all. She dead, a little city, this fair Firenze, and in these few hours they traverse her in her length and breadth, rambling aimlessly wherever Byng's feverish miserable impulses lead them. Burgoyne offers no opposition to any of these, but accompanies his friend silently down slum-fraught thoroughfares, or across shadowy Piazza, by Arno side, under colonnade or arch. It is all one to him; nor is he sensible of any fatigue, when at length, at about the hour when Byng had meant to have caught the early morning train, they return to the hotel, and the younger man, happily dead-beat at last, worn out with want of food, tears, and weariness, flings himself down, dressed, upon his bed, and instantly falls into a leaden sleep. Jim feels no desire, nor indeed any power, of following his example. He is not easily tired, and his former life of travel and hardship has made him always willing to dispense with the to him—unnecessary luxury of a bed; and, under ordinary circumstances, a night passed in the open air would have had no effect upon him, rather exhilarating than other wise. He has his bath, dresses, breakfasts, and then jumps into a fiacre, and has himself driven to the Anglo-American.

The day is so exactly the counterpart of its predecessor, in its even assured splendor, that Jim has a lucky feeling that they both make only one divided into two parts by the narrow dark blue

ribbon of the exquisite brief night. When did yesterday and to-day begin? As he is borne along, his memory, made more alert by sleeplessness, repeats, merely, as it seems to him, the better to fill him with pain and remorse—the different states of mind in which he had passed over the often trodden ground. Here, at the street corner, what a nausea had come over him at the thought of the interest he would have to feign in those humdrum details, so dear to Amelia's soul, of their future menage, with all its candle-end economies and depressing restrictions. Here, in the church shadow, how he had tried to lash himself up into a more probable semblance of pleasure in her expected betrothal. There seems to be scarcely an inch of the way when he has not had some harsh or weary thought of her; he is thankful when the brief transit, that has appeared to him so long, is over. And yet the change is only from the sharp sting of recollected unkindness to the dull bruising ache of unkindness. The hour is yet much beyond eight, so Jim goes into the dreary little dining-room, where two places are laid with coffee-cups and rolls. Only two. And though he knows that nothing short of a miracle could have already released Amelia so completely as to enable her to come down to breakfast, yet the cooler demonstration of the fact that her place is and will be empty, strikes a chill to his boding heart. He is presently joined by Cecilia, whose carefully-dressed hair, heavy eyelids, and tired puffy face, sufficiently show that not to her, any more than to himself, has night brought

"Sweet child-sleep, the filmy-eyed," she cries, with an almost reproachful intonation. "Do not look at me!"—covering her face with her hot hands—"I am not fit to be seen; but what does that matter? What do I care?"—beginning to cry—"Oh, she is so kind! We have spent such a dreadful night! As I tell you, I am a shocking sick-nurse; I never know what to do; I lose my head completely; and she has been so odd—she has been talking such gibberish!"

"Delirious?"

"Yes, I suppose that is what you would call it. I never saw anybody delirious before, so I do not know. I have seen Sybilla in hysterics, but I never believed that they were real. I always thought that a bucket of water would bring her round."

As a general rule, Jim may be counted upon for cordial co-operation in any bit directed against Sybilla, but now he is too spiritless even to notice it.

"I was so frightened," continues Cecilia, "it is not cheerful being all alone at the dead of night with a person talking such nonsense as she was. I could not make out quite what it was about, but it seemed to have more or less reference to you. She was begging you to forgive her for something she had done, as far as I could gather; some treat she had prepared for you, and that you had she could have meant?"

He has every idea; but it would seem profane to explain that her poor wandering brain is still distressedly laboring with the abortive project she had so happily framed for his enjoyment.

"She is quieter now. Sybilla's maid is with her. Sybilla really has not behaved badly—for her. She let her maid look in several times during the night; but still, for the most part, I was alone with her! Oh, I do trust!"—shuddering—"that I may never again have to be alone at night with a person who is not right in her head!"

This aspiration on the part of the youngest Miss Wilson is for the present occasion, at least, likely to be gratified, for by the time that another night settles down on Florence, Amelia's illness has been declared by Dr. Goldstream to be every symptom of developing into the malarious Florentine fever, which not infrequently lays low the children or foreign visitor to that little Eden. Amelia has Florentine fever; and the verification of this fact is followed by all the preliminary of serious sickness—night and day nausea, disorientation, physical

The announcement of her being attacked by a definite and recognized disease brings at first a sort of relief to Burgoyne's mind, which, under Cecilia's frightened and frightening word-pictures, had been beset by terrors great in proportion to their vagueness. Now that Amelia is confessedly sick of a fever, there is nothing abnormal in her being "odd," and "stupid," and "wondering," these being only the inevitable stages in a round which will—unless she is very yet scarcely so heavy as it had been upon his arrival in the morning, when, late in the afternoon—not sooner do the claims of the disorganized and helpless family of his betrothed relax—he re-

turns to the Minerva to look after Byng. Having had every reason to fear that he will not find him at the hotel, but will be obliged again to set off in pursuit of him through the streets and squares, so repeatedly traversed last night, he is relieved to learn from the hotel servants that the young man is in his bed-room. He finds him there indeed; no longer stretched in the black oblivion of deep sleep upon his bed, but sitting on a hard chair by the open window, his arms resting upon the back, and his face crushed down upon them. By no slightest movement does he show consciousness of his friend's entrance.

"I am afraid I have been a long time away," says the latter kindly.

"Have you?" answers Byng, his voice coming muffled through lips still buried in his own coat-sleeve. "I do not know; I have done with time!"

"I do not know how you have managed that," rejoins Jim, still indifferently, though a shade drily. "Have you been here all day?"

"I do not know where I have been. Yes,"—lifting his head—"I do; I have been to the Piazza d'Azeglio."

"They know where she is. They were packing her things; through the door I saw them tying the label on the box; if I had tried I could have read the address on the label, but I did not. She had forbidden them to give it to me; in her telegram she had forbidden them to give it to anyone."

CHAPTER XXIX.

Jim refrains from saying how likely this culmination of his friend's woes has appeared to him, since it would have been the height of the illogical for the Le Marchants to have put themselves to extreme inconvenience in order to escape from a person to whom the inmates of the house afterwards gave the power of following them. He refrains from saying it, because he knows of how very little consoling power the "old you so" philosophy is possessed.

"And what will you do now?"

"What? What is there to do? What does a man do when he is shot through the heart?"

"I believe that in point of fact he jumps his own height in the air. I know that a Buffalo does," replies Burgoyne, with a matter-of-fact dryness, which proceeds less from want of sympathy, than from an honest belief that it was the kindest method of dealing with Byng's horrors.

"Shot through the heart!" murmurs the latter, repeating his own phrase as if he found a dismal pleasure in it. "I had always been told that it was a painless death; I now know to the contrary."

"Shall you stay here? There is no longer any use in your staying here."

"There is no longer any use in my doing anything, or leaving anything undone."

"There's nothing in this world can make me joy. Life is as tedious as a twice-told tale. Vexing the dull ear of a drowsy man."

So saying, he replaces his head upon his arms, and his arms upon the chair-rail, with the air of one who, upon mature consideration, has decided to maintain that attitude for the remainder of his life.

A week has passed; a week upon which Burgoyne looks back as upon a blur of wretchedness, with distinct points of pain sticking up here and there out of it. It is a blur; for it is a time-spacer, without the usual limitations and divisions of time; a week not cut up into orderly lengths of day and night, but in which each has puzzlingly run into and overlapped each other. There have been nights when he has not been in bed at all, and there have been days when he has slept heavily at unaccustomed hours. He has not dined at any particular time; he has shared forlorn banquets, dotted about the morning, as the less or more anxiously about Amelia dictated, with the Wilsons. He has drunk more tea than he ever did in his life before, and the result of this whole condition of things is, that he cannot for the life of him tell whether the day of the week is Wednesday, or Thursday, or Friday, and that he has lost all sense of proportion. He has not the least idea whether the dreadful moments when he stood on the landing outside Amelia's door, and heard her heart-renderingly beg him not to go away from her for quite so long, to be a little gladder to see her when he came back; or again affectingly assure him that she can do quite well, be quite cheerful without him, whether, I say, those dreadful moments were really only moments, or stretched into hours.

Besides the agony of remorse that the impotent listening of those pathetic weavers and unskillful assassins causes him, he suffers too from another agony of shame, that the father and sister, standing, like himself with ears stretched at that shut door, should be let into the long secret of his cruelty and coldness, that secret, which for eight years she has so gently been hiding. It is an inexpressible relief to him that at least the old man's thickened hearing admits, but very imperfectly, his daughter's rapid utterances.

"Poor soul! I cannot quite make out what it is all about," he says, with his head to his ear; "but I catch your name over and over again, Jim; I suppose it is all about you."

Cecilia, however, naturally hears as well as he himself does, and apparently pitying the drawn misery of his face, whispers to him confidentially:

"You must not mind, you know it is all nonsense. She talks very differently when she is well."

The Wilson family have never hitherto shown any very marked affection for Burgoyne, but now it seems as if they could hardly bear him out of their sight. They cling to him not because he is Jim, but because they have got into such a habit of leaning on him that it is no longer possible for them to stand on their own feet. He had never realized till now how helpless they are. He had known that Amelia was the pivot upon which the whole family turned; but he had not brought home to himself how utterly the machine will fall to pieces when that pivot was withdrawn.

(To be continued.)

Some men are honest and some others are politicians.

## ON THE FARM.

APPLYING FARM MANURE.

A generation ago it was the usual practice, in handling manure, to haul it from the barnyard to the field when convenient, pile it there in small heaps, and leave it in these heaps until the time came to plow the land, when the manure was scattered just ahead of the plow and the idea being that the drying of the manure would cause the larger part of its virtue to be lost, writes Charles E. Thorne,

Few farmers of that day knew that the pungent, but invisible gas escaping from the manure heap was, in fact, its most valuable constituent. The majority did not know that this gas was constantly being formed, so long as the manure lay in moist heaps, and was as constantly passing from the heaps into the air; they did not know that the drying of the manure took away from it only the water, and that, in fact, the complete removal of the water would leave the manure in better condition for preservation than before.

We now know that the decomposition of manure can only take place in the presence of moisture; that if we can withdraw all moisture the residue will preserve its fertilizing qualities indefinitely, and that when the moisture is evaporated from the manure heaps it carries with it none of these fertilizing qualities, but goes into the atmosphere simply as watery vapor.

Everybody knows that when brine is evaporated all the salt is left behind, and this is equally true of the manure. There are two and only two ways in which manure loses its value. These are leaching by rain and the heating which accompanies chemical action. When the manure is heaped in the field both these agencies begin their action. The rain falls upon the heap and washes its more valuable constituents into the ground immediately under and around the heap, and chemical, or more properly, bacterial action begins in the heap, liberating its nitrogen and converting its phosphorus and potassium into more soluble forms to be washed down by the next shower.

Of all the ways in which manure is ever handled, therefore, this old way of piling it in small heaps in the field is the most wasteful. It is worse than leaving it under the barn eaves and letting it leach out there, because of the waste of labor involved in hauling it to the field, and because the excess of fertilizing material washed into the soil under the manure heaps is an actual injury to the soil. If the heaps be permitted to lie for any time. The overgrowth of lodged and half-filled grain over such spots ought to be sufficient to convince any man of the mistake of such a method, and yet there are thousands of farmers who still follow it.

If we would stop and reflect that fully half the potential fertilizing value of the manure, as it is voided by the animal, is found in the salts dissolved in the liquid portion; that the full effect of neither the soil nor the liquid portion can be realized except when used in connection with each other; that when the liquid is permitted to flow away in the stable or yard or where it is displaced by rain and separated from the solid portion, whether in yard or field, it carries with it these fertilizing salts; but that when it is merely evaporated they are left behind and still combined with those of the solid portion, it would be easy to realize that the one and only right way to handle manure when used to fertilize the soil is to spread it over the liquid by abundant absorption, get it to the field where its effect is wanted as promptly as possible, spread it there at once and as perfectly as possible, and then let sunshine and rain do their work. Sunshine will evaporate the water, but that only, and the rain which follows will re-dissolve the salts and wash them into the entire surface

## RAMSAY'S PAINTS

### The Right Paint

Whether you are going to paint the whole house, or only the porch—the interior woodwork, or a floor—there's the right paint in Ramsay's Paints. Just the shade, tint or color you want—mixed just right—in the right proportions. And it paints right—looks right—wears right.

Try them this spring. Then you'll say—as folk have said for more than 65 years—Ramsay's Paints are the right paints to paint right.

Write for Post Card Series "C," showing how some houses are painted.

A. RAMSAY & SON CO. • MONTREAL.  
53 Paint Makers Since 1842.



of the soil where they are needed, and not simply into little spots here and there.

VALUE OF THE MANURE SPREADER.

When we come to understand the nature and value of manure, the need of thorough distribution becomes apparent. When it is spread with a fork there will inevitably be lumps in one place and bare spots in another, thus losing part of the possible effect in one place by excess and in another by deficiency. It is true that the distribution of manure that has been spread with the fork may be very much improved by following with the smothering harrow, but even with this extra labor the work cannot be so well done as with the manure spreader.

Another great advantage in the manure spreader is that it is always ready for its special purpose, and therefore the manure is much more likely to be drawn promptly to the field than if a wagon, used chiefly for other purposes, must be got ready for this job every time a lot of manure is to be moved.

Not only is manure distributed more uniformly by the spreader than by hand, but the work is done more cheaply. With the steadily increasing cost of labor it becomes constantly more important to devise means for substituting the labor of horses for that of men, and with the spreader a team will unload a ton of manure in a small fraction of the time that would be required to do it by hand.

Considering the convenience, the perfection and the economy of its work, I believe that the manure spreader should be ranked next to the automatic harrow in importance as a farm implement. Many farmers fear that if they spread manure on frozen ground, especially on hillsides, it will be in danger of being washed away by the spring freshets; but clay is a powerful absorbent, and the rain that would carry away the fertilizing salts of the manure would very soon thaw the surface of the soil so that it would extract these salts from the water passing over it.

Admitting that there may be occasional small losses from this source, such losses are unquestionably insignificant as compared with those which occur in the average barnyard, or in the small manure heaps in the field.

Thirty years ago the writer was in charge of a large farm on which a considerable quantity of manure was produced. This manure was collected throughout the winter in a basin shaped yard, where it was permitted to lie until August, when it was drawn out and spread at once as a top-dressing upon land that had been plowed for wheat. This method represented the practice of the best farmers of that period. A practice which is by no means obsolete to-day.

There were several apparently very good reasons for the practice. In the first place, August was a convenient season for manure hauling, harvest being over, and as observing farmers had learned the value of a short summer fallow the stubbles had been plowed for the next wheat crop, so that it was a time of comparative leisure. In addition to this was the fact, that the manure had had several months in which to rot, so there was considerable less of it to handle than there would have been earlier in the season.

This practice was an advance upon that which had prevailed at an earlier date, when the manure was piled in heaps in the field and spread in advance of the plow, for the latter method permitted earlier plowing, thus gaining the benefit of the short fallow, and it also left the manure where it was of some advantage as a shelter to the wheat plants through the winter and as a fertilizer for the young grass following the wheat.

In one of the experiments of the Ohio experiment station one plot receives manure applied as a top-dressing to corn and wheat in a five-year rotation of corn, oats, wheat, clover and timothy, the manure being used at the rate of eight tons per acre in each case and being open yard manure, traveled as in the practice above described, thus following closely a method which has been and still is a very common one. This experiment has been in progress for 13 years, and the result has been an average increase per acre for the first ten years of 7.53 bushels wheat and a little more than 15 bushels corn per acre.

On the same farm, and on ground of the same character, another experiment has been in progress for ten years, in which manure has been applied at the same rate per acre to corn in a three-year rotation of corn, wheat and clover. In this test one plot has received manure which has been in an open barnyard during the winter, while an adjoining plot has been treated with manure taken directly from the stable to the field without exposure to the weather.

The result has been a ten-year average increase for the open yard manure of 16 bushels per acre, less than a bushel more than that from the same quantity of similar manure in the longer rotation—while the fresh manure has given an average increase of 22 bushels per acre, or practically 50% more than the yard manure. As we have thrown considerably more than a ton of manure into the barnyard for every ton hauled out, it will be seen that the actual difference has been more than 50%.

In Norway vaccination is not compulsory, but you cannot vote at an election unless you are vaccinated.

These Tools Are Plenty

Roofing Right With "OSHAWA" Galvanized STEEL SHINGLES

Is Easy Work

Put them on with no tools but a hammer and tinner's shears—can't go wrong. They lock on all four sides, are self-draining and water-shedding on any roof with three or more inches pitch to the foot. Make buildings fire-proof, weatherproof and proof against lightning. Cost least in the long run. Made of 28-gauge toughened sheet steel—one quality used and that the best—bent cold and double-galvanized. Last longer with no painting than any other metal shingles heavily painted. Guaranteed in every way until 1932. Ought to last a century. Cheap as wood shingles in first cost; far cheaper in the long run. "Oshawa" Galvanized Steel Shingles cost only \$4.60 a square, 10 ft. x 10 ft. Tell us the area of any roof and hear our tempting offer for covering it with the cheapest roof you can really afford to buy. Let us send you FREE booklet about this roofing question—tells some things you may not know.

Oshawa Galvanized Steel Shingles are GUARANTEED in every way for Twenty-Five Years Ought to Last a Century

Send for FREE Book—"Roofing Right" Get Our Offer Before You Roof a Thing

The Pedlar People

Oshawa Canada

Address our Nearest Warehouse:

|                    |                 |                 |               |                |                |
|--------------------|-----------------|-----------------|---------------|----------------|----------------|
| MONTREAL           | TORONTO         | OTTAWA          | LONDON        | WINNIPEG       | VANCOUVER      |
| 821-3 Craig St. W. | 11 Colborne St. | 423 Russell St. | 80 Dundas St. | 70 Lombard St. | 614 Pender St. |

A New Orleans woman was thin.

Because she did not extract sufficient nourishment from her food.

She took Scott's Emulsion.

Result:

She gained a pound a day in weight.



ALL DRUGGISTS: 50c. AND \$1.00



## CURRENT TOPICS.

Curiously enough two of the May magazines have articles relating to the speed of railroad trains. Scribner's Magazine goes into the subject exhaustively. It calls attention to the fact that the human element cannot be eliminated from the problem if there is to be safe running of trains which are scheduled at a high rate of speed. Much depends on the discretion of the engineer. Given a good roadbed, a straight track, a clear atmosphere, and accurate signals, and there is no reason why a train should not be safely run by a competent engineer at a speed of seventy or even more miles per hour. But these are conditions that seldom exist. Few persons realize how crooked roadbeds are, even the best of them, and how frequent the grades are. One who sits at the end of a fast passenger train will be surprised to notice the recurrence of curves, some of them quite sharp.

One fact that is dwelt upon in the Scribner article is that a railway train cannot be run at an extremely high rate of speed around a sharp curve. Indeed, if the curve is sharp enough and the speed is high enough, the train cannot be run around the curve at all. In the case of the lamentable Salisbury accident in England it was mathematically demonstrated in the London Times by formulae that no train could go around the curve at Salisbury at the rate of seventy miles an hour. A train running at that speed around that curve would go off the track, not occasionally, but every time the attempt was made. This at least was the statement of the mathematician who wrote for the London Times. Engineers must be taught that there is a limit to the speed at which trains can be run when taking sharp curves. They must be familiar with every rod of the track which they have to cover and must moderate the speed when they are approaching sharp curves.

The article in the Century Magazine deals with the question of signals. The writer makes the statement that the night signals, consisting of red, green and white lights, are unsafe; that men who are not color blind cannot always distinguish between a white and a red light. We know that in passing through switchyards the engineer has to deal with a multitude of lights which he passes at lightning speed. If the night happens to be dark or foggy, or there is a sudden emission of steam from the engine, the engineer cannot with certainty distinguish signals. He must either stop the train or take his chance of finding the block ahead of him clear. In the case of the frightful accident in the New York Central tunnel, which resulted in the banishment of steam locomotives from that tunnel, so that electric locomotives only are now used there, the engineer was unable to distinguish the signal owing to the condensation of steam. He took his chances that the block ahead of him was clear. He guessed wrong, and the consequence was a frightful loss of life.

The writer of the Century article suggests that the night signals ought to be a modification of the semaphore used in the day time. That is to say, the semaphore should be illuminated either by lamps or electricity, and the engineer should be guided by its position as he is by day—whether it is horizontal, perpendicular, or midway between. Signals of this kind could easily be distinguished and would be likely to prevent many accidents. It is manifest that there will be no absolute safety as far as signals are concerned until there is some automatic way of communicating with the cab of the engine and informing the engineer whether the block ahead of him is clear or not. There is need of great improvement in the running of railroad trains in America, where the science of maintaining with safety a high rate of speed, even on a good track, is imperfectly understood.

## RAILWAYS IN AUSTRALIA.

Two Transcontinental Bonds to be Built in the Future.

The agreement for the transfer to the Commonwealth of the Northern Territory of Australia, which was signed by the State and Federal Premiers, provides for the construction of a transcontinental railway, linking the Northern dependency to South Australia. Should the agreement be ratified by the State and Federal Parliaments, the Commonwealth will assume the responsibility for the Northern Territory debt of \$3,000,000, and the annual deficit of \$135,000; it will take over the railway from Port Augusta to Oodnadatta, upon which the State is leasing \$85,000 per annum, and it will agree to build a line joining Hergott with Pine Creek, via Queensland—costing between \$2,000,000 and \$3,000,000. South Australia, for its part, agrees to the construction of a line by the Commonwealth from Port Augusta to Kalbarrie, a line which has been almost vehemently championed by West Australia. If constructed, these two transcontinental lines will bridge Australia from north to south and from east to west, linking Perth to Sydney and Melbourne to Port Darwin.

## THE MYSTERIES OF SCENT

VAGARIES WHICH HUNTERS CANNOT EXPLAIN.

Theories That Have Been Advanced—Good and Bad Hunting Days.

If there is one thing more than another that has vexed the minds of sportsmen through countless centuries, it is the question of "scent"—that remarkable commodity which is so necessary to the success of the hunter. And yet even in this twentieth century, says the London Daily Mail, with all the accumulated knowledge of successive generations, the hunter is still doubtful whether he knows much more about the mysteries of scent than did Nimrod, who, so far as we know, was the mightiest hunter of early days.

As to Nimrod and his methods of hunting we are actually told but little, for he is only referred to twice in all the writings of ancient days that are given to us, and no mention is made of his hounds. But we have records of one Marri—who is held by many old-time writers to be one and the same as the mighty hunter of Genesis—and he certainly hunted with hounds. The latter fact is invariably mentioned with his name. At that very remote period, therefore, the usefulness of the hound as a tracker of wild beasts had been recognized, and doubtless everything was done then, as it is to this day, to encourage the natural instinct of the canine race in this particular with a view to aiding man in the chase. Yet after all these days there is not an M.F.H. in the land, or a huntsman either, who can tell you why it is that under precisely similar meteorological conditions hounds can run on a burning scent all day on the Monday, and can scarcely raise a whimper on the Tuesday, though the fox be but

HALF A FIELD AHEAD OF THEM.

Many theories have been advanced to explain the vagaries of scent, but none of them is entirely satisfactory. Some no doubt still pin their faith to the words of the poet who declared that:

A southerly wind and a cloudy sky  
Proclaim a hunting morning.

But as a matter of fact neither the one nor the other will make scent "hang" if so be that Providence wills it otherwise. You cannot indeed lay down any hard and fast rule concerning so variable and intangible a thing as scent, which is generally at its best when you least expect it.

Take for instance the behavior of scent during the present season. Prior to Christmas the sport enjoyed with most packs had been up to the average and rather better than that with some. With Christmas came the first spell of winter, and hunting was abandoned throughout the length and breadth of the kingdom. After that the thaw and with it a period of striding gallops day after day such as are seldom chronicled within the space of a few days in any season. Hardly a pack went out that week without a good run every time hounds left kennel, and many a huntsman went home with as many as three or four good gallops to his credit in a single day and as many masks dangling from sundry saddles.

Shortly afterward the frost returned and again broke up. To all intents and purposes the weather were once more the same—the atmosphere clear and heavy, little or no wind, showers of rain at intervals, and the ground cold and wet. But none of the brilliant runs of a few days before were to be had.

Hounds found as frequently as usual, and as frequently, after running on a faint line for a few hundred yards, threw up their heads in

DISAPPOINTMENT AND DISGUST.

A holding scent during a thaw after severe frost has usually been regarded as the rule, but the exceptions have been more marked this season than was needed to prove it.

A year ago there was considerable discussion among hunting men as to the why and the wherefore of good and bad scenting days, and among the many suggestions that were put forward was that which has become to be known as the condensation theory. The argument is this: When evaporation is going on in the air scent should be good, while when the opposite process—condensation—is in progress, scent must be bad or wanting. The basis of this theory may be correct, but it is no more infallible than many another.

Scent certainly at times hangs well in a high wind, just as certainly as on a very still day it will unaccountably disappear all of a sudden. But there are days when the wind is high and the ground wet, and at such times there must be plenty of evaporation going on, but never a vestige of scent is to be discovered, although half a dozen foxes may leave covert before your very eyes.

Country folk will frequently tell you that scent is never good during the fall of the leaf in nature, and indeed, until the fallen leaves have become rotten. The reason given in support of this argument is that the fox while running turns over the leaves as he goes along—accidentally or of course—and so conceals his tracks, as it were, behind him. It must be true that a fox could accomplish this slight feat of foot work to a degree of accuracy, and a poor pack of hounds that could not own his scent through the shallow density of a withered leaf. But the yoke is quite right up to the neck of the fox in his argument. Scent is very often at its worst during the leaf fall, but that is because the smell of the decaying leaves themselves is so pungent that it baffles the noses of the pack unless the fox carry

A VERY PRONOUNCED ODOR

of his own. Perhaps it is because like the countryman, we sometimes forget side issues of this description that we are often puzzled by the mysteries of scent. One point in particular in regard to scent seems impossible of solution. A fox slips away on one side of a covert while hounds are drawing on the other. Somebody sees him and shouts a view hallo! Along comes the huntsman at

his best speed and lays on his hounds at the spot where the foremost person shouts that the fox left the wood, but not a hound in the pack will own the line; never a whimper breaks in upon the expectant silence of the eager field. And after cast in the net, but for the purpose, and eventually the huntsman moves off to resume his draw, muttering to himself that he "don't believe there weren't no fox at all."

For all that, twenty minutes later, when he should happen again to be passing that way toward the next covert, suddenly there is a whimper here and another there, and away they go like a pack possessed right across the field and through the very gap in yonder hedge that had been pointed out to the unbelieving huntsman. "Well, I never!" remarks that worthy, "and to old Mr. Stiggins was right after all."

Later in the day, when horses are jogging homeward, the incident is referred to, but nobody has any explanation to offer. And sometimes when a fox passes within a few yards of the hounds, an imperfect oratory of mere man—so vastly inferior to the true beast in this respect—are positively offended by the faintest atmosphere. Verily to the mysteries of scent there is no end.

## LORD STRATHCONA.

"Uncle Donald's" Railroad Building Turned His Hair White.

At half-past nine o'clock on the morning of November 7, 1885, at Craigellachie, British Columbia, an old man, whose hair was snowy white, drove a golden spike into the cedar tie upon which the rails met from east and west.

The man was Donald Smith. The spike completed the Canadian Pacific. In the terrible five years of its building, from 1880 to 1885, he had changed from a strong, black bearded, sturdy man to a white-haired veteran.

In the year following Mr. Smith was rewarded for his services with knighthood in the Order of St. Michael and St. George. His cousin, Mr. Stephen, had already been recognized with a baronetcy, and both had been immortalized in the names of two of the greatest mountains of the Canadian Rockies, Mount Donald and Mountain Stephen.

Since the completion of the Canadian Pacific Railway, Lord Strathcona's appearance has scarcely altered. At the age of 84, says a writer in the World's Work, his eyes are as clear as they were thirty years ago. His hair is slightly bent with age, but he still walks with firm and steady step. He looks fresh and brightly on the topics of the day, though never committing himself on matters of state, and he always makes his visitor feel at his ease from the moment he begins conversation to the time when he bids him a cheery "Good-by."

It is this sense of persistent kindness that has won for him such a host of friends. Since you have experienced it, you will not wonder that he is loved and the Queen of England dispense with all formality where he is concerned—why they call him "Uncle Donald." You feel that he is "Uncle Donald" to you and to all people who come within the circle of his friendship. This characteristic sums up the man as he is to-day.

There is one little feature which may mean much or little, but which a visitor to Lord Strathcona cannot but notice. When he is engaged in conversation, he is always with a high, crooked, or crooked on the top of his head to cover the place where the once abundant hair has disappeared.

Why he wears this little cap nobody seems to know, but there must be some reason of no ordinary nature, for it gives him a great deal of trouble, slipping over his head whenever he turns with a quick movement, as he often does when engaged in a conversation which interests him. He always balances it again carefully.

It may be some gift of the olden days, some memento of a faithful Indian friend during his long and lonely sojourn in the Canadian wilds, or it may be the work of his wife's hands. Certain it is that some interesting history attaches to it, and that Lord Strathcona sets a high value on the little square of worked silk.

Lord Strathcona sits close by his visitor and sometimes lays his hand on your knee with a gesture of paternal friendliness. At other times he will lean back with folded arms, his bright, deep-set, keen eyes twinkling with a merry light. The bushy, over-arching white eyebrows and the kindness of the man's whole countenance.

## BABY CONTROL.

Little Chinese Kid Whose Father is Amusing Londoners.

Daintily little "Bamboo Blossom," an almond-eyed young lady of four, who has just arrived in London, England, is a born conjurer.

When she is in the tiny daughter of Chung Ling So, the Chinese magician, now appearing at the New Cross Empire, and she could conjure long before she could speak.

In the few gardens of her own land "Bamboo Blossom" can perform all her tricks freely in public, but in London she has just learned that she is far too young to be granted a license.

This strange prohibition has bewildered "Bamboo Blossom," who cannot understand why she should not come on the stage like her father, and pull rabbits out of hats, and make her own amusement as she does at home.

When the reporter went to see "Bamboo Blossom" she completely mystified him with her slight-of-hand tricks. Holding half a dozen cards in her chubby fist, she invited a choice, and then, with astonishing ease, produced the chosen cards in the most unlikely places.

A five-shilling piece placed in paper in the five separate shillings, and "Bamboo Blossom" chuckled in infantile delight. Cards laid in a box in the "magic baby's" custody, were at once changed into different suits, and articles disappeared and reappeared all around her.

Mr. Carnegie has offered to pay for a Palace of Peace to be erected at the Hague, and the prize of 12,000 florins for his design has been won by M. Gordon-

## THE GREAT HIDDEN GIANT

WHAT WOULD HAPPEN IF WE COULD "HARNESS" ELECTRICITY.

Then the World Would Be a Vastly Different Place From What It Is To-day.

Unless some new power greater than electricity is discovered—an unlikely contingency, indeed, when we remember that the current can describe a circle round the earth in a second or two—a century hence will see our great towns one gigantic maze of wires, over which the mysterious "fluid" will rush to perform a million functions.

Clocks as we know them now will have vanished, a few specimens being retained in the British Museum. In their place will be dials round which hands will be urged by electricity regulated at some central depot, and the man who is rushing out to catch a train will have no need to ask whether the clock is "right." Its movements will coincide unerringly with those of all other clocks.

## NO MORE PAVEMENTS.

Footpaths will also have joined the limbo of things partly forgotten in the great world. For short journeys we shall merely step upon the electric sliding platform, which will convey us up the street at a good pace, and longer journeys will be accomplished in the inevitable electric aeroplane. Trains will not disappear altogether, for though passengers will travel in the sun-bath above the clouds, yet goods will be whisked along the electric road-rail at the rate of two or three miles a minute.

The man who learns how to utilize the colossal forces of electricity that at present lie neglected in the earth, who, in other words, dares to harness lightning, will cause a greater revolution in the conduct of the world than one could picture in his wildest imaginings. Electricity as a motive power will then cost nothing, excepting the upkeep of wires, and so bewilderingly great is Nature's store of the power that it could be made to do the whole of the world's hard work and still be affected as little as a giant would be if made to carry a cigarette paper.

The throb of huge pistons in mill and factory would cease. Instead, there will be the great cables ending from Mother Earth, through which the strength of a million horses will steal silently and perpetually.

Everyone will have a motor car of some sort, for the cost of propulsion will be nil. Small accumulators that some genius of the future will certainly devise will hold a charge sufficient to keep the automobile running for a thousand miles. When empty, it will merely be taken to one of the taps from the earth, and, hey presto! it will drive the car another thousand miles.

## OVER THE ATLANTIC.

Those who do not care to fly across the Atlantic will be taken by electrically-driven boats. How long the journey will occupy is a matter which must be left to the ingenuity of a future race—perhaps it will take a day, or possibly eight, for the new ships to skim across from Liverpool to New York. As all the present handicap of coal and boilers will be absent, the possibilities of speed will be infinite.

Entirely new "rules of the road" at sea will be framed, for were two of these vessels to collide at such an enormous speed, nothing would be left of either but a few splinters, and there would not be enough time for the passengers to justify the holding of an inquest.

Manual agricultural labor will become entirely obsolete, both in the case of the big farmer and the little suburban amateur gardener. If the latter wishes to turn up the soil of his little plot, by 1211, from plot, he will only need to use an electrical appliance, which will, by touching a button, set a number of little spikes, rakes, and so on, to work.

Meanwhile, all that is necessary to turn these wonderful things into every-day realities is the discovery how to take from the earth that power which has been waiting to be taken ever since the earth first revolved on its axis.

## TAMING A HUSBAND.

The daughter of a certain statesman has a husband who is disposed to be critical. Most of his friends are men of great wealth, who live extremely well, and his association with them has made him somewhat hard to please in the matter of cooking. For some time the tendency has been growing on him. Scarcely a meal at his home table passed without criticism from him.

"What is this meant for?" he would ask after tasting an omelette his wife had cooked for him.

"What on earth is this?" he would say when dessert came on.

"Is this supposed to be a salad?" he would inquire sarcastically when the lettuce was served.

The wife stood it as long as she could. One evening he came home in a particularly capricious humor. His wife was dressed in her most becoming gown and fairly bubbled over with wit. They went in to dinner. The soup tureen was brought in.

"What on earth is this?" he would say when dessert came on.

"Is this supposed to be a salad?" he would inquire sarcastically when the lettuce was served.

The wife stood it as long as she could. One evening he came home in a particularly capricious humor. His wife was dressed in her most becoming gown and fairly bubbled over with wit. They went in to dinner. The soup tureen was brought in.

## NEW CHANCE FOR BLIND

TRAINING SAVES THEM FROM DEGRADATION AND POORHOUSE.

Many Trades in Which They Succeed—New York Institution for Training.

In its campaign for the sightless, the New York Association for the Blind has sent a circular telling of the work already done, and of immediate needs. The workshop, started on May 29th, 1906, has provided work in chair-caning and broom-making for twenty-two men, and has kept a number from beggary and pauperism. The officers of the association say that they could practically treble the capacity of the workshop and open matting-making and willow-weaving departments and a salesroom for the wares, if the means permitted.

The expenditures of the plant to February were \$5,193; wages paid to blind men amounted to \$1,957, the total receipts therefore being \$7,150. As the receipts from sales, etc., amounted to \$3,779, the net cost of the shop for ten months was \$3,371.

## COST OF WORK.

It is estimated that \$3,000 would maintain a workshop for forty blind men; \$2,500 would establish workshops for blind women, and that \$3,000 would pay for the teaching in their homes of men and women who are not able to go out to work. To continue the educational campaign the ticket and registration bureau and the distribution of leaflets for the prevention of infantile blindness \$2,000 is required. It is a matter of encouragement that results of last year's work have appealed so strongly to friends of the association that they have urged a permanent endowment, and have themselves already offered \$26,550 towards it, if the balance of \$100,000 can be secured.

## IN BUSINESS OFFICES.

In a recent address, Miss Winifred Holt, secretary of the association, discussed the manual education of the blind and showed pictures illustrating the work they are able to do. One picture showed a blind telephone operator who successfully manages a switchboard in a business office where many sighted people are employed. She keeps a list of more than 200 names, the usual calls which may be wanted in the office, and she finds them as quickly as any sighted person. Furthermore, she transcribes messages on the typewriter.

"When I first asked the telephone people to give me a switchboard for the blind to learn on, they thought I was crazy," said Miss Holt. "The presence of Miss Holt, who had successfully operated a switchboard in a hospital for about a year gave me courage to persuade them that I was not, and finally a switchboard was installed in our house."

## BLIND TELEPHONE GIRLS.

There are now working in New York in positions of respect three blind switchboard operators. For a long time the life of sighted people has depended on the quickness and faithfulness of our pioneer blind switchboard operator, as she answers the ambulance calls at the telephone in Lebanon Hospital. The third is an equally responsible position in one of the largest hospitals in the country.

The association has two other trained operators ready to take positions. Another of Miss Holt's studies showed a blind Columbia student, operating a shorthand machine. In England several stenography and typewriting offices for the blind have given excellent financial returns, notably one in Birmingham, situated near the railroad station. Frequently business men drop in at this office or write their letters to a blind stenographer, and later receive them typewritten.

## BLIND MASSEURS.

A third picture was that of a blind masseur. "It is a strange and not agreeable fact," said Miss Holt, "that while Yokohama alone has 900 blind masseurs, most of whom are able to earn a satisfactory livelihood, we have not been able to secure enough work yet from the sighted public for our blind masseurs."

London has recently received a college of massage for the blind, and there should be no objections to a blind masseur, while his sense of touch is infinitely finer than the average sighted person's. I will add here that the properly educated blind are exceptionally fastidious about their personal appearance, and as a rule a refined blind person is a cleaner and tidier than the average sighted person.

## OTHER EMPLOYMENTS.

According to Miss Holt, women are able to make bead work, and work baskets, and they can successfully operate power machines, making mattresses, pillows, and other upholstery. Sightless men make cord-ladders, while even weak-minded blind children can weave noticeable rugs and make other simple articles.

"Don't you think a cookery-book is fascinating reading?" "Glance!" "Yes, indeed. It contains so many stirring incidents."

During the cross-examination of a witness at the Tombs, New York, the district attorney asked him where his father was, to which the witness, with a melancholy air, responded, "Dead." "How did he die?" "He died of old age." "What was the next question?" "Foul play, sir. The sheriff imposed on his unconscious nature, and getting him to go up to a platform to look at a select animal, suddenly he knocked a trap-door out from under him."

Over-shrewd lawyers often furnish adversaries with weapons. "Did you see this tree that has been mentioned by the roadside?" "Yes, sir, I saw it very plainly." "It was conspicuous, then?" "The witness seemed puzzled by the new word. He repeated his former answer. "What is the difference," sneered the lawyer, "between plain and conspicuous?" "But he was held on his own point." The witness promptly answered, "I can see you plainly, sir, among the other lawyers, though you are not a bit conspicuous."

Truth is better than falsehood, but false teeth are better than no teeth at all.

## SUBSTITUTE FOR RAZOR

SHAVING WITH PENNIBS AND BITS OF GLASS.

Remarkable Ingenuity Shown by Men Who Wanted a Clean Face.

An amusing story has been told by a convict, lately released from Parkhurst Prison, England, of how he managed to have a clean shave everyday, to the astonishment of the governor and warders. When employed in the tinmithy shop of the jail he secreted an ordinary razor on a double edge equal to the best on the wall by covering it with a flattened piece of soap, which happened to be of the same curious drab color as the wall, and when his tin of water came round he reserved a portion for shaving purposes.

The ingenuity of this man calls to mind that of some soldiers during the South African War, who, having no razors, resorted to all sorts of expedients in order to get rid of the stubble which bothered their chins. Strips of bullock-horn, rolled to an edge on stones, were the favorite substitutes for razors, although some of the men had a preference for a bit of glass.

As a matter of fact, the latter is excellent for shaving purposes, providing it is used with care and patience. The writer's father, an old soldier, demonstrated the capabilities of a piece of

## ORDINARY SHEET-GLASS

in shaving himself with it in ten minutes.

"I often used such a razor in barracks," he said, "and I might mention that in the military prisons glass razors are very largely used by the prisoners in lieu of the better article."

Impossible though it may sound, the writer has also heard of a man shaving himself with a nail. It was of the ordinary wire pattern, about one-eighth of an inch in thickness. With a hammer he flattened it out sufficiently to put an edge on it with a file, and added a keenness to his unique razor by rubbing it on a stone. In order to make the job complete he then fixed the "blade" in a small wooden handle, and declared the implement to be equal to the costliest razor.

Probably the most curious shaving competition which ever took place was that conducted at a hotel hall in the North of London two years ago. The hall of a certain barber having been booked, he offered to shave ten men with ten penknives in quicker time than any other (non-artist) could perform the same feat with razors.

The challenge was taken up, and on the night of the contest ten men, each with three days' growth of beard, were arranged down either side of the platform. An assistant induced each man in turn, while the barbers performed the shaving operations.

## THE MAN WITH THE PENKNIFE

moved so dexterously that he finished his ten men, with but three cuts amongst them, in six and a half minutes. The other man not only taking half a minute longer, but also cutting five of his victims.

Appropos of the by the Japanese "dry" shaving process, which is being introduced into this country, one of the virtues of which is that after three months only one shave a fortnight is necessary, it might be mentioned that a shave which will last a lifetime is procurable by those who are prepared to pay the price.

It is done by means of the same kind of electric-nib machine as that which removes moles and other blemishes from the face. The operation is a costly one, the fee asked being usually one hundred guineas, and is, in addition, lengthy as well as painful. The use of the machine ends the days of the "wet" shave, so that the individual who has once submitted to the process is absolved from ever growing a beard again.

## THESE COMMON SAYINGS.

These common sayings make me laugh. For they are never true by half; These foolish sayings, which each day, The common run of people say.

"I'm frozen stiff," we've often heard; It true they couldn't say a word, All broke up," a man will say, Yet tend to business every day.

"The wind blew through me," mind you, through I! How queer they'd look if it were true, "She dropped her eyes," would not that "I never slept a wink last night," Is an exaggeration quite.

"The rain came down in bucketsful" Is but another of these bulls. And so they go from day to day, These foolish things that people say. To get them all in print, I think, Would take a barrel full of ink.

"I'm busted," a financial break, A hundred times you've heard men make, "I caught the train," you said it well, What did you catch it with, pray tell!

"She cut me dead the other day," You've often heard some fellow say, "Worse still, you've heard some one aver, "She's slept on him," or "he on her,"

"I never slept a wink last night," Is an exaggeration quite. "The rain came down in bucketsful" Is but another of these bulls.

And so they go from day to day, These foolish things that people say. To get them all in print, I think, Would take a barrel full of ink.

A certain Irishman was very proud of a large building he possessed, which was his constant companion. One day a friend met him without the dog, and looking very dissatisfied, he asked, "And how is that dog of yours?" "Oh, he's dead," he said. "The dog?" "No, the house," he said. "He died of the dog!" "No, the house," he said. "He died of the dog!"

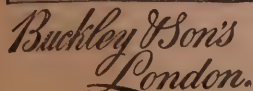






\$1.00 PER ANNUM IN ADVANCE.  
\$1.95 IF NOT PAID IN ADVANCE.

Vol. XXVIII, No. 25



Headquarters for Men's Fine Ordered Clothing, Haberdashery, Etc.

 Two Houses to rent.

**H. HADLEY,**  
WATCHMAKER, JEWELER, & OPTICIAN



## Hymeneal

STIRLING, HAVELOCK, MARMORA.  
STIRLING BRANCH. W. R. HOWSON, Manager.



## Foxboro Notes

**J. R. HOWSON, Manager.**

Direct Importer of Staple and Fancy Dry Goods and  
Retailer of Everything to wear for Everybody.

## C. H. WINTER.

We are prepared to supply the public with first-class Meats of all kinds at lowest cash prices.

**Lax-ets 5 C Sweet to Eat**  
A Candy Bowl Laxative







# ARE HE?

OR, A SAD LIFE STORY

CHAPTER XXIX.—(Continued.)

In the course of the past week each member of the family has confided to him separately how far more she or he misses Amelia than can be possible to either of the others. Upon this head Sybil's lamentations are the loudest and most frequent. She had at first refused to admit that there was anything at all the matter with her sister, but has now fallen into the no less trying opposite extreme of refusing to allow that there is any possibility of her recovery, talking of her as if she were almost beyond the reach of human aid. Sybil's grief for her sister is perfectly genuine; none the less so that it is complicated by irritation at her own deposition from her post as first invalid, at having been compelled to confess the existence in the bosom of her own family of a traitor, with an indisputably higher temperature and more wavering pulse than she.

"It is ridiculous to suppose that a person in such rude health as Cecilia can miss her as I do," she says querulously; "I was always her first object, she always knew by instinct when I was suffering than usual; who cares now?—breaking into a deluge of self-complacent tears—"whether I am suffering or not?"

Then when next he happens to be alone with Cecilia, it is her turn to assert her right to a superiority of woe; a superiority claimed with still more emphasis the next half hour by the father. With a patience which would have surprised those persons who had seen him only in his former relations with the family of his betrothed he tries to soothe the sorrow of each—even that of Sybil—in turn; but to his own heart he says that not one of their griefs is worthy to be weighed in the balance with his. In the case of none of theirs is the woe crossed by the hideous warp of self-reproach that is woven inextricably into his. They have worked her to death, they have torn her to pieces by their conflicting claims; their love has been exacting, selfish, inconsiderate; but at least it has been love; they have prized her almost her full worth while they had her.

In the intervals—neither long nor many—between his ministrations at the Anglo-American, Burgoyne hurries back to the Minerva to find that Byng has not blown his brains out. In the present state of mind of that young gentleman this catastrophe does not appear to be among the least likely ones. He has refused to leave Florence, always answering the suggestion with the same question, "Where else should I go?" pressed, adding indignantly, "I am as good as dead, employed by him on the first day of his loss, when his friend had urged the advisability of his removing his countenance from the doomed school—"Where shall I find such recent and authentic traces of her as here?"

He passes his time either on the Lung Arno, staring at the water, or stretched face downwards on his bed. He walks about the town most of the night, and Jim suspects him of beginning to take choral. Occasionally he rouses up into a quick and almost passionate sympathy with his friend's trouble, asking for nothing better than to be sent on any errand, however trivial, or however tiresome, in Amelia's behalf. But no sooner have the immediate effects of the appeal to his kind-heartedness died away than he sinks back into his lethargy, and Jim is at once too much occupied and too miserable to use any very strenuous endeavors to shake him out of it. But yet the consciousness of the fact, engendered under the weight of his own already sufficiently ponderous burden.

It is the ninth day since Amelia fell sick, that ninth day which, in maladies such as hers, is, or is at least reckoned to be, the crisis and turning-point of the disease. Jim has been up all night, and has just rushed back to the Minerva for the double purpose of taking a bath, and of casting an uneasy eye upon his charge. He finds the latter not in his room, but leaning over the little spiky balcony, out of his window, hanging over it so far, and so absently, that he does not hear his friend's approach, and starts violently when Jim lays a hand on his shoulder.

"What are you looking at?" "I? Oh—nothing particular! What should I be looking at? What is there to look to? I was only—wondering, as a mere matter of curiosity, how many feet it is from here to the pavement? Sixteen? eighteen? twenty?"

Jim's only answer is to look at him steadily and sternly; then he says coldly: "I do not recommend it; it would be a clumsy way of doing it."

"What matter how clumsy the way so that one attains the end?" asks Byng extravagantly, throwing off even the thin pretence he had at first assumed; "who cares how bad the road is, so that it leads him to the goal?"

hatless to the scorch of the Tuscan sun, "for you will certainly get a sunstroke." So saying, he takes him quietly, yet decidedly, by the arm, and leads him within the room. Either his matter-of-fact manner, or the sight of his face, upon which, well-seasoned as it is, vigil and sorrow have begun to write their unfavorable marks, brings the young man back to some measure of sense and self-control.

"I had no fixed intention," he says, apologetically, still looking white and wild; "you must not think I meant anything, but, even if I had—do you know—have you ever happened to read anything about the statistics of suicide? Do you know what an increasing number of people every year find life intolerable?"

"I know that you are fast making my life intolerable," answers Jim, fixing his tired, sleepless eyes with melancholy severity upon his companion. "Amelia is—yes, you are well aware of it I am—probably dying, and yet even now, thanks to you, into my thoughts of her I am continually pushing the fear that I may have to tell your mother that you have had the colossal selflessness to rush out of the world, because, for the first time in your pampered life, the joy you cried for has not been put into your hand."

Burgoyne's hopes have not been high, as to any salutary result of his own philippic while uttering it. But our words, sometimes, to our surprise, turn from wooden swords to steel daggers in our hands. For a moment Byng starts as if stunned; then he breaks up into a tornado of sobs and tears, such tears as have often before angered his friend, but which now he welcomes the sight of, as perhaps precursors of a sinner's mood.

"Oh, my dear old chap!" he cries, catching at Jim's unresponsive hand, and wringing it hard, "she is not dying really? You do not mean it? You are only saying it to frighten me? Oh! dear, kind Amelia. Not dying? not dying?"

"I do not know, to-day is the turning point, they say; even now it may have come."

"And why are not you with her? Why do not you go back to her?" cries Byng, in a broken voice of passionate excitement, the tears still racing down his face.

"And leave you to go tomfooling out there again," asks Jim, with a nod of his head towards the balcony, seen from where they stand, grilling in the mid-day blaze.

The verb employed, if closely looked into, bears a ludicrous proportion to the intended action indicated, but neither of the men sees anything ridiculous in it.

"I will Byng," in a eager asseveration, "I give you my word of honor I will not; if you do not believe me, take me with you! Keep me with you all day! Do you think that I, too, do not want to know how Amelia is? Do you think that I am indifferent as to whether she lives or dies? Poor, good Amelia! When I think of that drive to Valombrosa, only ten days ago! They were sitting side by side, so happy, laughing and making friends with each other!"

He covers his face with his hands, and through them the scalding drops trickle; but only for a moment. In the next, he has dashed them away, and is moving restlessly about the room, looking for his hat.

"Let us go this instant," he says urgently; "my poor old man, do you think I would willingly add a feather-weight to your burden? I should never forgive myself if I kept you a second longer from her at such a time; let us go at once."

Burgoyne complies; but, under pretext of making some change in his dress, escapes from his friend for just the few minutes necessary to write and despatch a telegram to the young man's mother. It runs thus:

"No cause for alarm, but come at once. He is perfectly well, but needs you."

If, as it is hoped, Mrs. Byng is still in London awaiting the succession to the old relative, whose death-bed she has quitted Florence to attend, his message will bring her hither within forty-eight hours, and the burden of responsibility, now grown so insupportable, will be shifted from his shoulders. Until those forty-eight hours have elapsed, he must not again let Byng out of his sight.

The day rolls by, the critical ninth day rolls by on its torrid wheels to eventide, and when that eventide comes it finds Cecilia Wilson running down from Amelia's room, to give the last news of her to the three men and one woman waiting below.

"I think he seems quite satisfied," she says, in answer to the silent hungry looks of question addressed to her, and adding to the doctor, who is still with the patient; "the strength is maintained; the temperature lower." What a dreadful parrot-sound the two phrases, so familiar to us all in the newspaper bulletins of distinguished men on their deathbeds, have, during the last week, assumed in Burgoyne's ears; "you can speak to him yourself when he comes down, of course, Jim; but I am sure he is satisfied."

"Who is better? Is he saved?" cries Byng, rushing forward and snatching both Cecilia's hands—"do you say that she is really saved?"

"Oh, are you here still, Mr. Byng? how very kind of you!" replies Cecilia, a ring of color rushing over her mealy face—her face, ten days ago, clothed in so many roses—"well, I am afraid he does not go quite so far as that, but he says it is as much as we can expect, and even I can see that she is not nearly so restless."

"Thank God!—thank God!"

ing them, a fact of which he is entirely unaware, but so is not she, and who knows, even at that serious moment, what tiny genial hope may slide into her plump heart.

Again this night Burgoyne does not go to bed, from a superstitious fear that he does, if he seems to take for granted an improvement, that very taking for granted may annul it—may bring on a relapse. But when the next morning finds no such backslidings to have taken place, when each hour through the cheerfully broadening day brings falling fever and steady pulse, then indeed he cautiously opens the door of his heart to let a tiny rose-pinked hope creep in; then at last, on the third night, he stretches his tired limbs in deep slumber upon his bed.

He has received a brief telegram from Mrs. Byng to announce her arrival as fast as boat and train can bring her; relapse. But when the next morning he having sent his despatch to her on the previous Wednesday—finds him pacing the platform of the railway station awaiting the coming of the morning train from Turin. He is pacing it, for he has thought it best not to reveal to her son the fact of her expected return, not being at all sure in what spirit he will receive it, nor whether indeed the news of it might not even drive him to some desperate act.

The morning air, in its early clear coolness, blows sweet here, under the station-roof, unconquered even by engine smoke, and on Jim's face as he walks up and down—careworn as it still is—there comes, now and again, a half-smile. He is never quite so happy as now. He is never now—now that yet another night has been prosperously tided over, there can, even to him, seem no reasonable ground for doubt that Amelia has turned the corner. Amelia, with the corner turned—Byng, in five minutes wholly off his hands! The only wonder is, that the small smile never comes quite to the birth.

The train is punctual, and almost at its due moment draws up in dusty length at the platform. Its passengers are comparatively few; for at this late evening season most of the English are winging home to their rocky woods; and he has no difficulty in at once discovering among them the tall smart figure—smart even after forty-eight hours of the unluxurious luxury of a Wagon-Lit—of the lady he is awaiting. As he gives her his hand to help her to cross his mind of the admiring thought crosses his mind of a large quantity of fatigue, dust, and uneasiness of mind a radically good-looking Englishwoman, in radically good clothes, can undergo without seeming much the worse for them. Before her neat narrow foot has touched the pavement, a brace of eager questions shoos out of her mouth.

"Am I in time? Am I too late?" "In time for what? Too late for what?" "He has done anything—anything irretrievable? Is he—is he? I suppose that horrid woman has got hold of him? I suppose that is why you sent for me?"

By this time she is safely landed at his side, which is possibly the reason why he at once lets fall her hand.

"I am not aware that there is any 'horrid woman' in the matter what I call her, cries the mother, fast becoming frantic at the delay in answering her passionate questions. "I will call her what you please; you know perfectly well whom I mean; she has got hold of him, I suppose. I always knew she would! Did not I tell you so? But is it too late? Is there no way of getting him out of Mrs. Byng's hands?"

Now that Burgoyne has a nearer view of Elizabeth, and sees that she has a more ragged and travel-worn air than he had at first supposed, and her dusty eyes are fastened upon him with such a hunger of interrogation, that, angered and jarred as he is by her tone, he has not the heart any longer to keep her in suspense.

"If you are alluding to Miss Le Marchant, I may as well tell you at once that she has run away for good."

"Left Florence! Do you mean to say that she has run away with some one else?"

She puts the question in all good faith, her lively imagination having easily made the not very wide jump from the fact already established in her own mind of Elizabeth being an adventuress, to the not much more difficult one to swallow, of her having devoured another filis de famille, as well as Mrs. Byng's own.

For a moment, Burgoyne turns away, voice and countenance alike beyond his control. He has by no means perfectly recovered either, when he answers—"Yes, with some one else—she has run away with the very first of leaving Florence with her mother."

"She is gone?" cries Mrs. Byng, with an accent of the highest relief and joy; "gone away altogether, do you mean?" "Oh, thank God!"—then, with a sudden large into alight, she adds rapidly—"and he is gone after her—he is not here."

"No, he is here."

"Then why has not he come to meet me?"—suspiciously.

"He did not know you were expected."

"You did not tell him?"

"No."

"Why did not you tell him?"

"I did not know how he would take it."

"Do you mean to say?"—falling from her former rapidity of utterance to a dismayed incredulous slowness—"that he has been in the house, and that Willy will not be glad to see me?"

"I mean to say that I am afraid you will not find him very much in sympathy with you; I do not think he will find it easy to hear you speak of Miss Le Marchant in the terms in which you imply about her that you did just now," replies Jim, availing by this sentence the wrongs done to Elizabeth, and doing it so well, that a moment later a feeling of compunction comes over him at the success of his own attempt at retributive justice.

Mrs. Byng turns pale.

"Then she has got hold of him?" she says under her breath.

"Got hold of her?" repeats Jim, his face averted again no sooner than allured by this mode of expression; "you certainly have the most extraordinary way of misconceiving the situation! Got hold of him? When she had to leave Florence at a moment's notice to escape his importunities!"

"Thank God!"

In the order of his thanksgiving he presses her hands closer, instead of dropping them.

## ON THE FARM.

KEEPING FIELD ACCOUNTS.

Many pages of agricultural literature have been wisely devoted to urging farmers to keep account of the different members of their dairy in order to find the cows that do not show a profit may be disposed of, and those that show a proper balance be used to advantage in building up a more profitable herd, writes Mr. E. K. Mooreland. In all probability, farmers who have followed this advice carefully and consistently for a few years have found the practice much to their advantage. In no other way than by a careful account can a farmer tell which of his cows is kept at a loss and which, by their superior productivity, are bearing the burden of a lot of worthless animals in order to show a little profit for the entire dairy.

But there is another way in which the practice of keeping such an account may well result in great profit. Our farm is divided into fields of different sizes for the convenience of diversified agriculture. Different portions of the farm may thus be pastured or devoted to grain or stock growing. It is doubtful if many farmers know, except in a general way, which of their fields are most productive, or the extent to which they are so, and which fields barely pay the cost of taxes and cultivation.

Not a great way from the barn the ordinary farmer may have a field which will, in ordinary seasons, give from two to three tons of cured hay to the acre. Half a mile from the barn may be a considerable area that will not average over half a ton. But every acre on the farm pays an equal amount of taxes, and it takes just as much time and labor to plow an acre of the poor land as it does of the more fertile, and the reason for this condition of fertility or lack of fertility comes from the fact that the fields closer to the farm buildings have in times past received more than their fair share of fertilizers and have been devoted to crops that would pay better than the more remote fields.

At this time of the year, the farmer, if he is thoughtful and takes care to plan out his work carefully for the future, should consider this subject carefully and keep an account this year of just what each field costs in the way of labor, seed and fertilizer and at harvest time just what such a field produces in the way of crops.

I dare say that on many farms the farmer, if he pursues this idea carefully and continuously, will find a large portion of his farm is actually not paying expenses of cultivating. Generally speaking, the fact that one choice acre of the farm will produce two and a half or three tons of cured hay per acre and another acre more remote from the barn will produce only half a ton, ought to convince a thoughtful farmer that he himself is responsible for the deficiency. Other things being equal, the remote acre should produce as much in the way of crops as any other acre. It is certainly a slipshod way of carrying on the farm, that the barnyard manure should be dumped around in the fields near the farm buildings because too much labor is required to draw it to the more distant parts of the farm. These being, in all probability, actually hungry for the manure, would respond more freely to generous use of manure and more thorough cultivation.

The farmer himself, when this is called to his attention, may have a general idea of the different results from the different parts of the farm, but the systematic and careful method of keeping account with the different fields of the farm will be the best way to bring this directly home to the farmer himself and result more quickly in a change of treatment.

### GROWING YOUNG CHICKS.

The first feed for young chicks should be bread soaked in sweet milk, squeezed dry in the hand and crumbled. After the first feed gives some good prepared chick feed. Keep water before them from the very first, a drinking fountain. Give them a small grass run as soon as possible, and enlarge it as the chicks learn the way back to the brooder. One can give free range very early, and the chicks will run home to the brooder whenever they get cold. Keep good beef scrap, grit and pure water where they can get it always. On hot summer days shade is absolutely necessary, trees and bushes making the best.

As the chickens grow larger, wheat cracked corn and good wheat or pea screenings can be mixed with the chick feed, and finally the chick feed stopped entirely, other grains taking its place. Be sure always to give a variety of feed if possible. When the chicks no longer need the warmth of the brooder, remove and place in light, clean and airy houses. They grow so fast that they soon outgrow their houses unless these are large. Keep the coops sweet, clean and free from lice. To prevent all kinds of ailments. Birds cannot pick bugs and worms enough to supply all animal matter they require. What if your neighbor does raise 25 or 50 on corn and neglect and laugh at beef scraps, wheat, etc? Where such flocks are raised, bugs and worms will be sure to supply needed animal food, 100 would be half starved. Underfed flocks would be the result. Always supply with green feed, such as cabbage, lettuce, etc. Milk is very good for young as well as old stock, but should never take the place of water.

### CONTRASTS.

"Yes," sighed Mrs. Gollifer, "I suppose Gerald and I missed a great deal of romance. We were married without ever having been engaged."

"Still," pensively answered Miss Welton, "it seems to me it must be much more unromantic to be engaged a long time without ever being married."

### NOT A FREAK.

Little Ethel: "There was a strange man here to see you yesterday, papa."

Papa: "Who was he?"

Little Ethel: "No, papa, just a plain man."



**RAMSAY'S PAINTS**

TO paint YOUR HOUSE inside and out with just the right touch of color for freshness, beauty and strength.

TO keep YOUR HOUSE cheerful and bright throughout summer and winter.

TO brand YOUR HOUSE with a quiet elegance amongst its fellows.

Price just right for the parrot and best.

Write for our Post Card Series of C. 1 showing how some houses are painted.

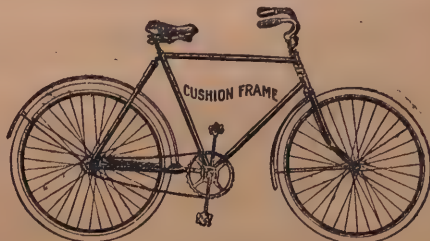
A. RAMSAY & SON CO., - Montreal, Est. 1845 45 PAINT MAKERS

THE RIGHT PAINT TO QUOTE, RIGHT

## THE JOY OF LIVING

If you want to realize all the joy there is in living in this Canada of ours at Springtime you should ride a wheel; it brings you in touch with nature, it gives you Exercise, Fresh Air, Sunshine. So

RIDE A GOOD WHEEL AND FEEL THAT YOU ARE ALIVE



The Massey "Silver Ribbon," Cleveland, Perfect, Branford, Imperial, Rambler, and Blue Flyer—with the latest improvements, guaranteed always smooth, easy and pleasant going. Manufactured and guaranteed by

CANADA CYCLE AND MOTOR CO., LIMITED,

MAKERS OF THE WORLD'S BEST BICYCLES.

Toronto Junction,

Canada,

Branches—Winnipeg, Vancouver, Melbourne, Aust.

## FOR SAKE OF FREEDOM

WHAT PRISONERS WILL DARE FOR SWEET LIBERTY.

Stories of Escape From the French Penal Settlement of New Caledonia.

In the mind of every convict the idea of freedom stands first. This was proved a little while ago at Darlmoor, when a man named Searle, who had served the greater part of his sentence and would in the ordinary course of things have regained his liberty in a comparatively short time, made a sudden dash through the mist of a rainy evening. He spent many hours of cold and hunger in the soaking downpour, though he must have known his chances of getting clear away were not one in ten thousand, and though he was well aware that when recaptured he would suffer severely and lose the ordinary remission of sentence. In May last the German steamer Wilhelms brought back to Sydney a story which well illustrates the desperate risks that men will run for the sake of freedom. The Wilhelms had just returned from the Bismarck Islands, and there she discovered, in a remote part of New Britain, six French convicts in a deplorable state of starvation and want. These were the survivors of eleven men who, nearly twelve months before, had escaped from the French penal settlement of New Caledonia on two rafts, chiefly composed of

### THE STAVES OF BEER BARRELS.

On one of these craft rigged with sails these six desperate adventurers had succeeded in crossing nearly two thousand miles of stormy sea, only to find themselves cast away on a savage island. New Britain is a very large island lying just north of New Guinea, and for sixteen long weeks those wretched men tramped along the coast until at last they were picked up and delivered back into bondage.

There are many true stories of escape from the penitentiary of New Caledonia. There is an Arab there now who, fourteen years ago, stole a little sixteen-foot boat, and with a bunch of a tree for a mast, and an old shirt for a sail, succeeded in reaching Australia, more than a thousand miles away. He walked 1,500 miles to Sydney, shipped as a sailor, reared at liberty, working as a seaman. Then a French merchant (a spy) wormed his secret out of him, and for the sake of the reward

### GAVE HIM UP TO JUSTICE.

The Dutch Government recently transported about 200 convicts from the big penal settlement in Sumatra to Mequense, the new pearl fishing village in Dutch

New Guinea. The men were kept in a stockade, and every one of them knew that to remain there was their only chance of safety. The surrounding country was infested with head-hunting savages. One night a large number of the prisoners cut the wire and made a dash for freedom, running straight inland. Every one of them fell into the hands of the savage Tugaris, and all that was ever seen of them again by the expedition sent in search was their decapitated heads stuck on poles, mule but grimly eloquent recorders of the horrors they had gone through.

The horrors of Russian revolutionary goads have driven men to take strange risks. On a bitter day in February, 1905, a Swedish fishing vessel sighted a small boat tossing on the grey waves off Heronsand. In the bottom was a man, half-dead, and, and nearly dead from hunger and exposure. When he recovered he told his rescuers that for six days he had been rowing or drifting through

### SNOWSTORMS AND GALES.

He had been arrested at Vasa, in Finland, brought to St. Petersburg, and thence had made his escape. Death he had expected, but that, he added, was preferable to Siberia.

A couple of years ago eight convicts made an extraordinary escape from the United States ship Grant, while she lay in Manila Harbor. Breaking the chains of their handcuffs, they climbed an air shaft and slid down the anchor chains into the water.

The peril from sharks was well known to them all, and they were all weighted with big stones, yet they attempted to escape ashore. One was pulled down, but the others, after hours in the water, succeeded in finding a boat and pulled off along the shore.

### FORGETFULNESS.

"John," said his wife, "pov, you needn't tell me you mailed the letter I gave you this morning."

"Of course I did. What makes you think I didn't?"

"I didn't give you any."

### USE FOR THE CHILDREN.

Your wife used to sing and play a great deal. I have not heard her lately."

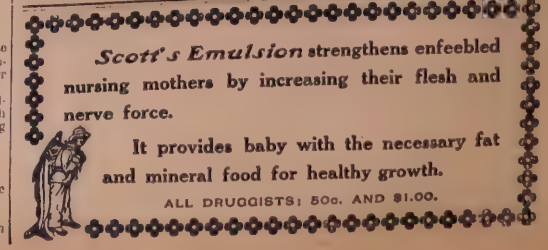
"Since we have had children she has had no time."

"Ah, children are such a blessing!"

"What's the matter across the way?" asked the tailor of a bystander, as the ambulance backed up to the door of his rival. "A customer came to the hospital," they were taking him to the hospital."

Was the reply. "That's strange," said the tailor; "I never knew a customer to get a fit in that establishment before!"

Among the Italian Crown Jewels is an emerald 6 inches long and 3 inches thick. Upon it is engraved a picture of "The Last Supper."



**Scott's Emulsion** strengthens enfeebled nursing mothers by increasing their flesh and nerve force.

It provides baby with the necessary fat and mineral food for healthy growth.

ALL DRUGGISTS; 50c. AND \$1.00.



THURSDAY, MAY 16, 1907.

## The Fruit Prospects

The cold, cloudy weather of the past month has resulted in keeping the buds back. This, on the whole, has been probably for the best. The opening of the bloom, coming later than usual, will make the crop much safer from late frosts.

This certainly is in marked contrast with the gloomy reports coming from the western and southern States, where fruit has been in bloom at temperatures as low as fourteen above zero, the result being widespread damage throughout these wide areas of fruit production. This is only another instance showing that our Canadian climate for fruit growing is much safer from frosts than that of the United States. What occurred this year frequently occurs on the other side of the line.

The backward condition of fruit here has also been a great advantage in enabling growers to catch up with the late pruning which is due to scarcity of labor.

## Electrical Energy

Mr. Edison, who has made so many discoveries in the use of electricity states that it is his belief that the world knows only the beginnings of what this mysterious force can do for mankind. For one thing, Mr. Edison says that the transformation of coal directly into electricity without the medium of a steam engine can be accomplished, and at a time not far in the future. At the present time, when coal is burned and its energy is transmuted into steam, and from the steam into the dynamic force of the wheel, and from the wheel into the electrical power of the dynamo, nine-tenths of the coal's energy is wasted. When a means is found which will utilize the full power of coal, he says, the steam engine will be relegated to the scrap heap, all railroad trains will be run by electricity, all factories will be operated electrically, all lighting will be done by electricity. At the mouths of the coal mines great electrical power houses will be established, which will transmit power direct to the great centres of industry. The cumbersome coal train will be a thing of the past. Instead of the tons of fuel now hauled to New York from Pennsylvania great copper conduits "will pipe the power direct to the metropolis," as Mr. Edison once put it. Direct electricity would also make it possible, he says, to run an express train from New York to Buffalo with two bushels of coal, and to drive a 20,000 horsepower steamship across the Atlantic in three days.

## Prohibitory Legislation

## A Word of Warning

In the last issue of The Pioneer, over the initials "F. S. S.," the following "Word of Warning" to temperance workers is given:

"We are sometimes a little too boastful of the strength of Canadian temperance sentiment. It is true that in general sobriety and in readiness to impose rigid restrictions upon the liquor traffic our people are further advanced than are other communities. It is also true our movement and tendency are of even more importance than is our present position. We are in danger of giving too much attention to what has been done, and too little to what there is yet to do."

"It is, therefore, wise to look carefully into the matter of the trend of custom and purpose, and the present condition and activity of the agencies and forces through which have been attained the results which give us so much satisfaction."

"If this is done we may be less jubilant, and if the sobering process stir us to a revival of some of the important work that self-complacency may cause us to neglect, the outcome of our consideration will be helpful to a great movement that just now is somewhat imperilled by our concentration on the harvesting of a crop that we cannot have without timely sowing and careful cultivation."

"The present sentiment in favor of prohibitory legislation is largely the result of total abstinence practice, the training of children and other young people in temperance principles by Public schools, Sunday schools and temperance societies, the old-fashioned pledge signing that was formerly so continuously advocated, and the faithful preaching of temperance by clergymen of many denominations."

"The church is still a stronghold of temperance teaching, but it must be admitted there is a startling diminution in the extent and energy of the other educative agencies named. This slackening of effort is perhaps more marked in Canada than in any other country in which systematic warfare against the liquor traffic is being carried on."

"The responsibility for this lessening of agitation is as general as is the evil which we regret to have to record. We are not now discussing the cause of the trouble or the method by which it may be remedied. We appeal to those who see the danger involved, earnestly urging them to take up the question, give it their best thought, suggest methods of dealing with the situation, and take the practical steps which they must be convinced it demands."

## Sore Nipples

Any mother who has had experience with this distressing ailment will be pleased to know that a cure may be effected by applying Chamberlain's Salve as soon as the child is done nursing. Wipe it off with a soft cloth before allowing the babe to nurse. Many trained nurses use this salve with best results. For sale by J. S. Morton.

## COMMUNICATION

## Early Closing

To the Editor of the News-Argus.

Mr. Editor.—Referring to the letter of "One of the Slaves" re early closing, I notice he says "let us close our places of business three nights in the week and turn the key in the door at ten o'clock on Saturday night." I say we should go even farther and do what the times demand and what other places are doing, close every night at six o'clock, and Saturday night at nine o'clock, and not wait until Sunday morning, as we have been doing.

The excuse given is that the farmers cannot get here in the day time. But, Mr. Editor, how do the farmers living near the towns and cities manage? I think they are making as much money as other farmers, and they find time to do their shopping between 8 o'clock a.m. and 6 o'clock p.m., and they do not have until midnight on Saturday either. The farmers living eight and ten miles from our village always do their business here in the day time, and why then can not those living nearer find time to do likewise.

But it is not the farmers who are our latest customers. It is in most cases the village people, and very often those living nearest the store, which goes to show that it is all a habit. If they knew the stores closed at six o'clock, to stay closed for the night, they would and could be there before that hour.

It is the season now coming on which is the most trying to humanity, and when we suffer the most; when the long hot days come and clerks and merchants have to be on their feet from seven o'clock in the morning until ten and eleven o'clock at night. And I do not see how merchants can expect their clerks to be as efficient and painstaking as they would be were they allowed to quit at six o'clock, and come next morning fresh and rested. I think the merchants would enjoy a change as well as the clerks.

Some one may say "it would drive business away from the town." That same one said the same thing six years ago when we began closing three nights in the week, and the business of the town has increased instead of decreased. The writer would be the last one to advocate any change that would be injurious to our village.

The ministers of the gospel complain that we do not attend church on Sunday mornings, but when we have to work until Sunday morning it takes most of Sunday forenoon to get the usual amount of rest.

The farmers may say "we work late too." They do through the summer months, but the merchants and clerks are at it all the year. I venture to say that if a farmer has a good horse he thinks considerable of and worked him hard all day, he would hitch up another to come to town at night, but the same clerk that works hard all day must keep at it half the night, and look pleasant all the time.

I think, Mr. Editor, if our merchants are in earnest in the objects and aims of their Retail Merchants' Association, to better their conditions, they will consider this one of the conditions that needs improving, both as regards themselves and their help, and at the next meeting adopt a resolution to make some effort to improve present conditions. We will make as much money and enjoy life better.

Thanking you, Mr. Editor, for the space in your paper.

ANOTHER OF THE SLAVES.

## Stirling Telephone Company

In order to have this company begin business at once it has become necessary to re-organize the company on new lines. Several of the Directors are resigning, and a new Board will have to be appointed at a meeting of the stockholders to be held on Tuesday evening, May 21st. The re-organized company will begin business as soon as one-fifth of the stock has been subscribed. The stock will consist of \$4,000 of 7% preferred stock, and the remaining \$6,000 will be common stock. The rates for phones will be not more than \$10 in the country for a first class day and night service. We can confidently assure the public that this company will begin business before fall, and it is the intention to have canvassers out through the country at once to secure subscribers for the stock. We would like to have every one who uses a phone take at least one share of this stock, and the amount that can be taken in this company being unlimited, there is no reason why anyone who holds six shares or more should not get his phone free and get good dividends besides.

S. G. Scott, Organizer.

The Lake St. John Railway in the twenty-five years of its existence, has never had a wreck, and not a passenger train has been killed or even hurt. This is a record which is not paralleled by that of any other railway in the world.

The news of a railway disaster in the United States comes from California, where a special train, carrying Mystic Shrimpers excursionists from Pennsylvania and New York was derailed, and twenty-nine of the passengers killed, and twenty more terribly, many fatally injured.

## Good Words for Chamberlain's Cough Remedy

People everywhere take pleasure in testifying to the good qualities of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. Mrs. Edward Phillips of Barclay, Md., writes: "I wish to tell you that I can recommend Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. My little girl, Catherine, who is two years old, has been a cold since she was two months old. About a month ago I contracted a dreadful cold myself, but I took Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and was soon as well as ever." This remedy is for sale by J. S. Morton.

## HAMPTON COURT.

Stories of the Haunted English Royal Palace.

Tales of uncanny happenings cling to Hampton Court, the English royal palace on the Thames built by Cardinal Wolsey. Not long ago a policeman asserted that he saw "a ghostly funeral procession" there. The London Chronicle remarks: "The most definite of these old stories concerns Mistress Sibell Penn, who was Edward VI's nurse and died at the palace in 1562. She was buried in Hampton church, and a monument was erected which was irreverently destroyed when the old church was pulled down in 1820. Soon after this strange noises as of a woman working a spinning wheel were heard through the wall of one of the rooms in the southwest wing of the palace. When search was made by the office of works an ancient chamber was discovered in which an antique spinning wheel was found, the old oak planks being worn away where the treadle struck the floor. After this Mrs. Penn's ghost is said to have appeared to many occupants of the palace; but, according to Law, the historian of Hampton Court, she has not been seen since 1889, when her tall, gaunt form, dressed in a long gray robe, nearly frightened a young soldier to death."

"Another well accredited story relates how a certain lady of title who lived on the west side of the Fountain Court in 1870 was frequently conscious of the presence in her room of two invisible beings, and she was greatly disturbed by the mysterious sounds that emanated from various quarters of her apartments. She addressed a formal complaint to the lord chamberlain. This gentleman referred her to the office of works, which, however, declined to interfere on the ground that there were no funds at their disposal for any such purpose and that the jurisdiction of the first commissioner did not extend to the spirit world."

"At last, however, on Nov. 2, 1871, some workmen, while excavating in the cloister of the Fountain Court, came upon two perfect skeletons of full grown men opposite to Lady —'s door. They were given Christian burial in Hampton church, and the mysterious noises immediately ceased. Now the only ghost that is seen in the palace is that of Jane Seymour, queen of Henry VIII., which, some residents say, still occasionally wanders, with a lighted taper in her hand, in the neighborhood of Silver Stick gallery."

## POINTED PARAGRAPHS.

A reasonable probability is the only certainty.

Every man makes a good husband for awhile.

The clothes don't make a professional nurse by a long shot.

Occasionally imposition travels around under the garb of friendship.

When a man says money will do anything, that settles it; he hasn't any.

The boy who plays truant from school never has as much fun as he anticipates.

Every day a man submits to some injustice he vowed yesterday he would never stand.

About the toughest thing that can happen to a man is to go contrary to his wife's judgment and then make a failure.

## Nervous New Yorkers.

"If anybody needs to be convinced that New Yorkers are a nervous lot, just let him peep under dining room tables at mealtime and see the position of the feet and he will have all the proof he wants," remarked the proprietor of a popular restaurant. "Not one person in a hundred sits with his feet planted squarely on the floor while eating. Some twist their feet around the legs of tables and chairs, some sit with them crossed, others rest the feet on the tips of the toes, while still others bear their whole weight down on the heel. Since it is only the faintly planted foot that indicates an equable temperament, it is easy to see what a nervous, irresponsible crowd the army of diners out really is."

## Her Sorrow.

Young Widow (tearfully)—Yes, I loved my husband, but I cannot stand this cheerless life, and I must marry again.

Friend—You are in comfortable circumstances, with plenty of servants and—

Young Widow—Servants! Yes, that's it, my friend. I can't go on keeping house and squabbling with servants without a husband to tell all my troubles to.—London Telegraph.

## Walrus and Bullets.

The most vulnerable spot in which to hit a walrus is the back part of the skull. The forehead, being several inches thick in bone, almost invariably turns bullets even if solid ones are used in a big rifle, as should always be done. Besides the head, with the exception of the heart, there is hardly a vital spot in these huge brutes' bodies, and bullets may be fired ad libitum into these masses of flesh and blubber without seeming to have much effect.

## A Change.

"John," said Mrs. Spenders, "I've got lots of things I want to talk to you about."

"Glad to hear it," snapped her husband, "usually you want to talk to me about lots of things that you haven't got."—Exchange.

## An Interested Couple.

If there is anything in this world more anxious than the look on the face of a bachelor who has been beguiled into holding the baby, it is the look on the face of the baby's mother eagerly watching him as he does it.—Clips.

## Fighting For Fire.

A great ceremony in Jerusalem is on Easter Saturday, and commemorates the ancient tradition of the celestial fire that was said to rise from the tomb of Christ. The Greek patriarch enters the sanctuary of the sepulchre, the door closes behind him, and the surging, tossing, tumultuous multitude await the coming of the fire. Suddenly out of the right hand window in the wall of the sepulchre shoot flames of fire, and in an instant every one of the thousands has produced a candle and dashes madly forward to light it at the mystic fire. The light thus taken from the holy sepulchre is instantly carried to all the Christian villages round about Jerusalem, and fleet footed young men vie with one another in being first to light their local shrines with the divine flame. The writer has seen two rival runners put down their candles and indulge in a sanguinary battle with knives and sticks until the light of one of them is put out. There is no joke meant here, but each is striving desperately to extinguish the flame of the other.—Travel Magazine.

## A New Orleans Dish.

The greatest, the most toothsome and sustaining of all dishes is the gombo file one encounters in New Orleans—not at public eating houses, but in private residences. It is a strange yet halcyon compound of five different integers, each cooked separately and afterward joined in a most delectable and fragrant mess. There are fried chicken, broiled bacon, stewed oysters, peppers and smothered onions, all prepared with unutterable skill. These one by one are emptied into a pot of most celestial "stock," and then when the conglomeration is complete for service the presiding genius of the kitchen pours into the ecstatic confection a shower of fine green dust—the powdered leaf of the annatto—and here you have a plate that would have made Lucullus gasp in simple wonder. There is none like it nor shall be till our summers are deceased.

## The Eagle.

According to Washington Irving, the Delaware Indians had a superstitious reverence for the eagle, believing that a guardian spirit in the form of this bird watched over them, hovering in the sky far out of sight. When pleased with their actions, he sent abundant crops and made them have great success in hunting, but when displeased he would vent his rage in the thunder, which was his voice, and the lightning, which was the flashing of his eye, and strike dead the object of his displeasure. They also believed that the feathers of this bird would render the wearer invisible and invulnerable.

## Some Big Numbers.

If you fill a tiny vessel one centimeter cube with hydrogen corpuscles, you can place therein, in round numbers, five hundred and twenty-five octillions (525,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000) of them. At least so Professor Brahe said in an address delivered at Lehigh university. If these corpuscles are allowed to run out of the vessel at the rate of 1,000 per second, it will require seventeen quintillions (17,000,000,000,000,000) of years to empty it.

## Suspiciously Bad Cold.

"Why do you ask me where I was last night?" he queried. "Didn't I phone you specially that I was nearly dead with a cold and was going straight home and go to bed?"

"Yes," she assented, "and I would have believed you, too, if you hadn't coughed so terribly over the phone."

## A Good Talker.

He—I am afraid you have made a mistake in engaging this cook. She says herself she was in ten families last year.

She—That's why I engaged her. Just think of what she can tell.—Bombs.

There has been a lot of happiness missed in this world by worrying about getting it.—Florida Times-Union.

Fire in a mine in the State of Durango, Mexico, is believed to have caused the death of ninety miners.

The treatment of the Alaska Indians by the United States officials was denounced by Major Greely before a Chicago audience on Saturday night, as of a piece with their conduct to all aborigines wherever they meet them. They never treat them fairly, said Major Greely, and the Eskimo they have set straight on the road to ruin.

## My Hair is Scraggly

Do you like it? Then why be contented with it? Have to be? Oh, no! Just put on Ayer's Hair Vigor and have long, thick hair; soft, even hair. But first of all, stop your hair from coming out. Save what you have. Ayer's Hair Vigor will not disappoint you. It feeds the hair-bulbs; makes weak hair strong.

The best kind of a testimonial—"Sold for over sixty years."

Made by J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Also manufactured by SARGENT & WELCH, PHILADELPHIA, PA.

CHERRY PECTORAL.



## A REMARKABLE INVENTION FOR THE CULTURE OF HAIR

THE EVANS VACUUM CAP is a practical invention constructed on scientific and hygienic principles by the simple means of which a free and normal circulation is restored throughout the scalp. The minute blood vessels are gently stimulated to activity, thus allowing the food supply which can only be derived from the blood, to be carried to the hair roots, the effects of which are quickly seen in a healthy, vigorous growth of hair. There is no rubbing, and as no drugs or chemicals of whatsoever kind are employed there is nothing to cause irritation. It is only necessary to wear the Cap three or four minutes daily.

## 60 DAYS FREE TRIAL!

## The Company's Guarantee.

An EVANS VACUUM CAP will be sent you for sixty days' free trial. If you do not see a gradual development of a new growth of hair, and are not convinced that the Cap will completely restore your hair, you are at liberty to return the Cap with no expense whatever to yourself. It is requested, as an evidence of good faith, that the price of the Cap be deposited with the Chancery Lane Safe Deposit Company of London, the largest financial and business institution of the kind in the world, who will issue a receipt guaranteeing that the money will be returned in full, on demand without questions or comment, at any time during the trial period.

The eminent Dr. I. N. LOVE, in his address to the Medical Board on the subject of Alopecia (loss of hair) stated that if a means could be devised to bring nutrition to the hair follicles (hair roots) without resorting to any irritating process, the problem of hair growth would be solved. Later on, when the EVANS VACUUM CAP was submitted to him for inspection, he remarked that the Cap would fulfil and confirm in practice the observations he had previously made before the Medical Board.

Dr. W. MOORE, referring to the invention, says that the principle upon which the Evans Vacuum Cap is founded is absolutely correct and indisputable. An illustrated and descriptive book of the Evans Vacuum Cap will be sent, post free, on application.

THE SECRETARY, EVANS VACUUM CAP CO., LTD., REGENT HOUSE, REGENT STREET, LONDON, W.

## The Mutual Life Co. OF CANADA.

## 37 Years' Record.

## Results Speak Louder Than Words.

|   |                 |
|---|-----------------|
| Total Payments for Death Claims, Matured Endowments, Surrendered Policies, etc. | \$ 7,476,529.26 |
| Add present Assets  | 10,385,539.84   |
| Amount paid to policyholders and held for them                                  | \$17,862,069.10 |
| Total Premiums received   | 17,338,715.05   |
| Excess of Assets and Payments to Policyholders over Premium receipts            | \$523,354.05    |

## S. BURROWS,

AGENTS WANTED.

General Agent, Belleville.

"Could the consumptives of any given community be seen at one time, or pass in panorama before the people, public consciousness of the magnitude of the affliction might be aroused. A physical disaster shocks the world and lets loose the sympathy of millions. A few thousand deaths are nothing as compared with the deaths from consumption." LAWRENCE F. FLICK, M.D., Medical Director of Henry Phipps Institute for the Study, Treatment and Prevention of Tuberculosis.

Many reasons surely must influence men and women to help in the great work being carried on by the

## MUSKOKA FREE HOSPITAL FOR CONSUMPTIVES.

Other hospitals refuse the consumptive. This institution cares for them.

Not a single applicant has ever been refused admission to the Muskoka Free Hospital for Consumptives because of his or her poverty.

Seven hundred and thirty-eight patients have been cared for since the Free Hospital was opened in 1902. Take a week's record:

63 patients in residence; 37 absolutely free, not paying a copper toward their maintenance; 15 paying 50 cents a day or less; 5 paying \$4.00 a week; 4 paying \$5.00; one paying \$7.00.

These figures tell plainly of a large deficit on maintenance

account each month. To cover this the trustees are dependent upon the contributions that come to them from friends in all parts of Canada.

Not since the days of George Muller has so great a work of faith been carried on.

## WILL YOU HELP DIVIDE THIS LOAD WITH THE TRUSTEES?

Contributions may be sent to SIR WM. R. MEREDITH, Kt., Chief Justice, Osgeoda Hall, Toronto, or W. J. Gage, Esq., 54 Front Street, W., Toronto.

Applications for admission and all information from J. S. ROBERTSON, Secretary National Sanitarium Association, (Saturday Night Building), 25 Adelaide Street, W., Toronto, Canada.



PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

E. F. PARKER,  
ISSUER OF  
**Marriage Licenses**  
STIRLING, ONT.

**Marriage Licenses.**  
GEO. E. CRYER, Issuer.  
Residence: Stirling House, Stirling.  
J. S. MORTON,  
OPTICIAN, GRADUATE CANADIAN  
Optician (College). Member Canadian  
Association of Opticians.  
Eyes examined and imperfect sight cor-  
rected with glasses.  
At MORTON & HAIGHT'S Drug Store.

CHAS. F. WALT, D.D.S., L.D.S.  
FIRST CLASS HONOR GRADUATE IN  
Dentistry of the University of Toronto.  
Graduate of the Royal College of Dental Sur-  
geons, of Ontario.  
OFFICE—Over Sovereign Bank.  
Open every day. Evenings by appointment  
only.

J. EARL HALLIWELL, M.A.,  
BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, NOTARY,  
Public Commissioner, Conveyancer, &c.  
OFFICE:—In Sovereign Bank Building.

G. G. THRASHER,  
SOLICITOR, NOTARY PUBLIC, CONVEY-  
ANCER, &c. Office in W. S. Martin's  
Block, Mill Street.

L. O. L. NO. 110  
Meets in Lodge Room, the first Friday  
evening of each month at 8 o'clock.  
W. H. RODGERS,  
Secretary.

**STIRLING LODGE**  
NO. 239,  
I. O. O. F.  
Meets in the lodge room,  
Conley block,  
EVERY WEDNESDAY EVENING  
At 8 o'clock. L. MEIKLEJOHN, R. S.

**Notice to the Public**  
THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING TAKEN  
out license as Auctioneer for the County  
of Hastings is prepared to attend all sales of  
short notice. Terms as low as the lowest,  
and satisfaction guaranteed. Orders left at  
the News-Argus office or addressed to me at  
Stirling, will be promptly attended to.  
WM. RODGERS.

**Fire, Accident & Plate  
Glass Insurance.**

Guardian Fire Insurance Co.  
Norwich Union Fire Insurance Co.  
Liverpool, London & Globe  
Sun Insurance Company.  
Core Insurance Co.  
Lloyd's Plate Glass Insurance Co.  
Ontario Accident Insurance Co.  
W. S. MARTIN,  
Insurance Agent, STIRLING.

**A Vast Territory**  
Some idea of the great extent of Can-  
ada's heritage in the western provinces  
may be formed when it is stated that  
there is about two hundred and twenty-  
five million acres suitable for farming.  
An Ottawa despatch says:  
During the present season the surveys  
branch of the Department of the Interior  
will map out an area of some twelve  
to fifteen million acres in Manitoba,  
Saskatchewan and Alberta, so as to  
make the same available for settlement.  
This surveying work has been proceed-  
ing for some years at the rate of ten to  
twelve million acres a year, the depart-  
ment doing its best to keep ahead of the  
tide of immigration, which of late years  
has increased enormously. There have  
been 112,000,000 acres of the Canadian  
west surveyed to date, and the opinion  
of Mr. Deville, surveyor-general, who  
has a wide knowledge of conditions on  
the Canadian prairies, is that an area of  
at least 112,000,000 acres more of land  
suitable for farming still remains to be  
surveyed and taken up.

A new company has been formed in  
Toronto to build a thousand houses for  
working men.  
An American expert, after an ex-  
haustive investigation, makes the state-  
ment that the main causes of the great  
number of accidents on railways in the  
United States are negligence, greed and  
absolute apathy in adopting appliances  
which would greatly lower the danger  
of catastrophe. "Boughten speaking,"  
says this expert, "there is about ten  
times as much danger of losing one's  
life on an American train as on an En-  
glish train. The fact cannot be denied  
that American railroads are twenty  
years behind England, France, Ger-  
many, and other civilized lands in the  
matter of safety appliances."

**Clubbing List.**  
THE NEWS-ARGUS will club with the  
following papers at the rates mentioned:  
The Weekly Globe.....\$1.50  
The Weekly Mail & Empire.....1.80  
The Family Herald & Weekly  
Star, with premium picture. 1.70  
The Weekly Star, with picture and book. 1.85  
The Toronto News (Daily).....2.25  
The Toronto Star (Daily).....2.25  
The Toronto Globe (Daily).....4.50  
The Farmers' Advocate, weekly \$2.25  
We recommend our readers to sub-  
scribe to the Farmers' Advocate, Home  
Magazine, the best Agricultural  
Journal in America.

Let me mail you free, to prove merit,  
samples of my Dr. Shoop's Restorative,  
and my book on either Dyspepsia, The  
Heart, or The Kidneys. Address me, Dr.  
Shoop, Racine, Wis. Troubles of the  
Stomach, Heart or Kidneys are merely  
symptoms of a deeper ailment. Don't  
make the common error of treating sym-  
ptoms only. Symptom treatment is treat-  
ing the result of the ailment, and not the  
cause. Weak stomach nerves—the inside  
nerves—means stomach weakness, always.  
And the heart and kidneys as well have  
their controlling or inside nerves. Weak  
these nerves, and you inevitably have  
weak vital organs. Here is where Dr.  
Shoop's Restorative does its life-giving  
work. It not only remedies even claims to treat  
the inside nerves. Also for bloating, bilious-  
ness, head aches or complexion, use Dr.  
Shoop's Restorative. Sold by J. S. Morton.

**METHODIST CHURCH**  
W. G. CLARKE, B.A., Pastor

This space is engaged for weekly an-  
nouncements. Keep posted.

**SUNDAY, MAY 10th**  
9.30 A.M. Early Prayer Meeting.  
10.30 A.M. "Consider the Lilies." Les-  
son, Matthew 6.  
11.30 A.M. Class Meeting.  
2.30 P.M. Sunday School.  
7.00 P.M.—"Knew Thyself Pure." One-  
standard of morals for men and women.  
1 Timothy 5: 22  
8.15 P.M. Weekly Reunion and Family  
Worship in the Sunday School room.

**Week Evening Meetings:**  
MONDAY—8 P.M. Epworth League.  
WEDNESDAY—8 P.M. Teachers' Meeting.  
THURSDAY—7.30 P.M. Prayer Meeting.  
FRIDAY—8 P.M. Choir Practices.

**ADVERTISING NOTICES.**  
In the local column will be charged as follows:  
To Regular Advertisers—Three lines and un-  
der, 25 cents each insertion; over three lines,  
10c per line. Matter set in larger than the or-  
dinary type, 10c per line.  
To Transient Advertisers—10c per line each  
insertion. No insertion less than 25c.

**RAILWAY TIME TABLE**  
Trains calling at Stirling station as follows—  
GOING WEST. GOING EAST.  
Mail & Ex. 6.27 a.m. Passenger. 10.17 a.m.  
Passenger. 6.42 p.m. Mail & Ex. 8.43 p.m.

**The Stirling News-Argus.**  
THURSDAY, MAY 10, 1907.

**LOCAL MATTERS.**

Mr. Percy J. Morton, a former well-  
known student of our High School, left  
on Tuesday morning for Antler, Sask.,  
where has secured a good position. We  
wish him success.

Mr. Gerald Clute has been invited to  
take charge of the choir of the Metho-  
dist Church at Saskatoon, Sask., at a  
good salary. He has accepted the posi-  
tion, and will leave for there next week.

The contract for the excavating and  
stone work, and also for the brick work  
in the new manse has been given to Mr.  
James Drewry by the building commit-  
tee of St. Andrew's Church, and work  
will be commenced in a few days.

House and lot for sale on Front street.  
PHILIP CONLEY.

The Sunny South Co. had a good at-  
tendance at their entertainment on Fri-  
day evening last, but there was con-  
siderable dissatisfaction expressed by  
many who paid 85 cents for the privilege  
of standing up during the whole per-  
formance.

From information received by the  
committee we have reason to expect one  
of the largest demonstrations in Stir-  
ling on the 12th of July next ever held  
in this part of the country. Ample  
provision is being made for the accom-  
modation of an immense crowd.

**GIRL WANTED** to do general house  
work. Good wages to good girl. Apply to  
Mrs. M. SHEA, Stirling.

What about the weekly half holiday?  
Since the communication of two or three  
weeks ago the matter seems to have  
been dropped. We are informed that  
at least some of our merchants would  
welcome it as a needed relaxation from  
the pressure of business, and it would  
benefit all.

A number of the members of the W.  
M. S. of the Methodist Church attended  
the annual district convention of the  
Society at Campbellford on Wednesday.  
Miss Ella Currie was the delegate from  
the local Society, and Miss Violet Ut-  
man from the Mission Band. The latter  
read a paper at the morning session.

**SOMETHING NEW**  
Buggies with patent self-rolling dirt-  
proof axles. Call and see them. Prices  
very reasonable.  
W. J. GRAHAM.

At a recent meeting of the session of  
St. Andrew's Church the pastor asked  
permission to obtain pulpits supply for  
three Sundays beyond the regular vaca-  
tion allowed. Mr. Robinson intends  
visiting his mother in England. Dur-  
ing his absence the pulpits will be sup-  
plied by the Rev. J. A. McKenzie, B.A.,  
and the Rev. Jas. Cumberland, M.A.  
Mr. Robinson is to leave New York on  
July 3rd.

The new postal treaty between the  
United States and Canada went into  
effect last week. We are now com-  
pelled to place a one cent stamp on every  
copy of THE NEWS-ARGUS sent singly  
to subscribers in the United States.  
Heretofore we have paid half a cent a  
pound in bulk. All United States sub-  
scribers must now pay \$1.50 strictly in  
advance. Those in arrears are request-  
ed to square their accounts at once.  
All who have already paid will receive  
the paper to the end of the term paid  
for, after which the rate, as before  
stated, will be \$1.50 per annum, strictly  
in advance.

**Concert**  
The Young People's Union will hold  
a concert at the Sidney Baptist Church  
on Wednesday evening next, May 22nd.  
A good program has been provided, for  
which a number of talented artists have  
been secured, and an excellent evening's  
entertainment is promised.

**Stirling Cheese Board**  
At the first regular meeting of the  
Stirling Cheese Board held on Tuesday  
afternoon last there was a good attend-  
ance of factorymen. There were only  
25 boxes of cheese offered, and Mr.  
Bird bought the lot at 11c. The Board  
will meet next Tuesday at 4 p.m.

The home of Mr. W. Collins has been  
greatly improved by the addition of a  
kitchen and veranda.

Mr. Jas. Juby has erected a neat  
veranda at the front of his house, which  
adds greatly to the appearance of the  
place.

Morgan & Sons of Spring Brook have  
recently put in a 40 horse power engine  
to enable them to keep up with their  
increasing business.

A dastardly piece of vandalism has  
been done by some person or persons in  
stripping the bark from a young maple  
tree near the corner of the Sovereign  
Bank building.

The entertainment in the Methodist  
Church last Friday night was one of  
the most delightful given in Stirling in  
many years. The entertainment was  
given by talent from Albert College,  
Belleville, and consisted of college glee,  
quartettes, solos, readings, etc. Miss  
Angie, the eleventh year, made her first  
appearance before a Stirling audience,  
and received an enthusiastic reception.  
Her artistic work was above criticism.  
The following is the personnel of the  
College company: Misses Ingle, Dyer,  
Thompson, Kennedy, and Wilson, and  
Messrs. Ransome, Fennel, Hunter,  
Dyer, Piper, Williams, Ingle, Campbell  
and Griffith. The program was as fol-  
lows:

Chairman's Remarks.  
Quartette, "Steal Away."  
Solo, J. S. Dyer.  
Reading, Miss Ingle.  
Solo, A. Ransome.  
Reading, R. Piper.  
Solo, J. B. Hunter.  
Quartette, "The Soldier's Farewell."  
Solo, A. Ransome.  
Reading, Miss Ingle.  
Quartette, "Hark, There Comes a  
Whisper."  
Solo, J. S. Dyer.  
Quartette, "Levee Song."  
Reading, Miss Ingle.  
Solo, J. S. Dyer.  
God Save the King.

At the last meeting of the official  
Quarterly Board of the Methodist  
church, the following resolution in refer-  
ence to the death of the late James  
Martin was passed:

It was moved by T. G. Clute, seconded  
by W. Thompson, and carried by an  
unanimous standing vote.  
That this May session of the Quarterly  
Official Board of the Stirling Circuit place  
on record its appreciation of the life and  
labors of the late lamented brother James  
Martin, who, full of years and full of honor  
has passed to his reward at the ripe old  
age of eighty-seven years. Brother Mar-  
tin, in the Wesleyan branch of Methodism  
before the union, and in the united Metho-  
dism since, was in labors abundant for  
the Master whom he loved to serve. His  
time, his talents, and his earthly store  
were freely given in his Master's service.  
Servant of God, well done,  
Thy glorious warfare's past,  
The fight is fought, the race is won,  
And thou art crowned at last.  
T. G. CLUTE, Rec. Sec.

**Obituary**  
JAMES MARTIN.

James Martin departed this life at  
Stirling on May 3rd inst. He was born  
on August 5th, 1819, in the same year  
as our late illustrious Queen Victoria.  
His parents were from the old country,  
his father being in the artillery and  
stationed at Kingston, Ont., at the time  
of his birth. James Martin was mar-  
ried sixty-two years ago in Picton,  
Prince Edward County, to Sarah Wil-  
liams, of Athol township of the same  
county, and who predeceased him five  
years ago. After living in various  
places in this Midland section he took  
up his residence in Stirling in 1858, and  
remained an honored citizen of this  
place until the time of his death. His  
conversion took place when but a lad,  
and for seventy-five years he was de-  
voted to the church of his choice. He  
was a class leader in the early Wesleyan  
Church before the first union of 1874.  
This office he held until the advanc-  
ing infirmities of age forced him to desist  
from active duty, although he retained  
his place as honorary leader until the  
end. No soldier was ever more faithful  
at his post of duty than was Brother  
Martin during those many years of  
active service for his Master. His home  
was with his son, Mr. W. S. Martin.  
His last days were full of trust and  
confidence in God. He longed to de-  
part to be with his Lord, but waited  
patiently for the summons, which came  
on Friday morning, May 3rd. The  
funeral was conducted by his pastor,  
Rev. W. G. Clarke, on Sunday morn-  
ing in the Methodist church, the text  
chosen being Rev. 14: 13, "Blessed are  
the dead," etc. The mortal remains  
were laid at rest in the beautifully situ-  
ated cemetery at Stirling, where they  
await the resurrection of the just.

**A Costly Wreck**  
A despatch from Toronto states that  
a number of suits in connection with  
the railway wreck near Guelph a few  
weeks ago, have been settled by the  
Grand Trunk Railway Company. The  
aggregate sum is close upon fifty thou-  
sand dollars so far, and includes settle-  
ments up to eight thousand dollars.  
A number of the larger claims are yet to  
be settled. J. R. L. Clark has also a  
cured settlement in the suit against the  
company for unstated damages for in-  
juries received in the wreck. Miss Starr  
of Halifax was on a visit to Toronto,  
and left for a short visit to St. Mary's.  
She received a severe shaking up and  
has been ill ever since. Settlement  
was effected by the company agreeing  
to pay two thousand dollars and costs.

**Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and  
Diarrhoea Remedy**  
There is probably no medicine made that  
is relied upon with more implicit confi-  
dence than Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera  
& Diarrhoea Remedy. During the United  
States of America in which it has been in use,  
people have learned that it is the one  
remedy that never fails. When reduced  
with water and sweetened it is pleasant  
to take. For sale by J. S. Morton.

Let me send you free, for Catarrh, just  
to prove merit, a trial size box of Dr.  
Shoop's Catarrh Remedy. It is a snow  
white cream, healing antiseptic balm.  
Containing such healing ingredients as  
Oil Eucalyptus, Thymol, Menthol, etc. It  
gives instant and lasting relief to Catarrh  
of the nose and throat. Make the free  
trial, and see for yourself what this prepa-  
ration can and will accomplish. Address Dr.  
Shoop, Racine, Wis. Large jars 50c. Sold  
by J. S. Morton.

**Card of Thanks**  
Mrs. Green desires to express her thanks  
to friends and neighbors for the many ser-  
vices and kindnesses rendered during the  
illness and after the death of her late hus-  
band, Mr. Darius Green.

**PERSONALS.**  
Mr. and Mrs. R. P. Hamilton of Belle-  
ville were guests of Mrs. Elias Green,  
Rawdon.

Mrs. Sutton has returned to her home  
in Toronto, after spending three weeks  
with Mrs. W. H. Munter.

Mr. Gerald Clute, who is at home on a  
visit preparatory to coming to St. West,  
will sing at the service in the Methodist  
Church on Sunday evening.

Mrs. J. D. Bissonnette and Mrs. F. A.  
Robinson are attending the annual con-  
ference of the Wesleyan Methodist Church  
at W. F. M. S. The gathering is being held  
in Picton.

**Births.**  
MARTIN—In Stirling on May 12th, to Mr.  
and Mrs. Cephus Martin, a daughter.  
LITZ—In Rawdon, on May 15th, to Mr. and  
Mrs. Jas. C. Litz, a daughter.

**Married.**  
ACKERMAN—HEWAT.—At Christ Church  
Cathedral, Montreal, on Wednesday, May 8th,  
William Clair Ackerman to Edith Mabel  
Hewat.

**L.O.L. DISTRICT No. 3**  
The semi-annual meeting of Loyal Or-  
ange District Lodge No. 3, Central Has-  
tings, will be held at West Huntingdon  
on Saturday, June 1st, at 7.30 p.m.

A. M. BURNETT, D.R.S.  
HENRY WALLACE, W.D.M.

**NOTICE**  
A meeting of the stockholders of the  
Stirling Telephone Company, Limited, will  
be held in the Grand Hotel, Stirling, on  
Tuesday evening, May 21st, at 8 o'clock,  
for the re-organization of the company,  
and election of a new Board of Directors.  
S. G. SCOTT, Organizer.

**Notice to Farmers**  
I will take in cattle on the Island to pas-  
ture on May 15th. Terms, yearling cattle  
\$1.50, and two years old at \$2.00 for the  
season.  
DAVID BENEDICT.

**Notice to Creditors.**  
In the matter of the estate of Darius Green,  
late of the township of Stirling, in the county  
of Hastings, farmer, deceased.  
Notice is hereby given pursuant to the pro-  
visions of the revised Statutes of Ontario,  
chap. 129, sec. 38, to all creditors and other  
persons having claims against the estate of Da-  
rius Green, farmer, deceased, who died on or  
about the 25th day of April, 1907, to send by  
post, prepaid, or otherwise deliver to Louis  
J. Green or Elias Green, Stirling, possessors  
of the executrix and executor, or their solicitor  
hereunder, on or before the 13th day of June,  
A.D. 1907, a statement in writing of their  
names and addresses and full particulars of  
their claims and demands proven by affidavit  
and nature of security, if any, held by them.  
And notice is further given that after the  
date mentioned the said executors will pro-  
ceed to distribute the assets of the said de-  
ceased among the persons entitled thereto,  
having regard only to the claims of which  
notice has been given as required.  
And further notice is also given that all  
persons indebted to the above estate either by  
note, account, or otherwise, are notified to  
hand the amount of their indebtedness to the  
said executors or their solicitor, G. G. Thrasher,  
at Stirling, on or before the 13th day of May, 1907.  
G. G. THRASHER,  
Solicitor for Executors.

**WILKES STALLION**  
Is by Arkland; Arkland by Guy Wilkes.  
Guy Wilkes record, 2:13.  
Wilkes stands 15-3 hands high, weighs  
1150 pounds. Dam by Volunteer Clay.  
Second dam Heir-at-Law. He is one of  
the best knee actors in the country, and  
trotted a mile in 3 minutes before he was  
half broken.  
Terms, to insure \$8.00.  
FRED. FANNING,  
Wellman's Corners.

**For Service**  
A pure bred Berkshire Boar, and a pure  
bred Tamworth Boar. Terms reasonable.  
URBANE HEATH,  
Harold.

**Kentucky Bred Wilkes Stallion**  
**VROWSKY**  
Record 2:18. Reg. 8166.  
The fastest Trotting Stallion between Toronto  
and Montreal. Stands 16 hands, weighs 1200  
pounds.  
STANDARD BRED  
STANDARD BY PERFORMANCE  
STANDARD BY HIS PROGENY  
Three of the highest qualifications obtainable.  
Sire of five with records from 2:25 to 2:47. Sire  
of many High Class Knee Actors.  
Vrowsky has won 1st prize and Silver Medal  
at Toronto Exhibition, competing against all  
Canada.  
Will beat the Kirby Horse, Stirling every  
Monday night. At Frankford Tuesday noon.  
PHIL. EMMERT, FRED. PEAKE,  
in charge. Proprietor.

**Fresh Lime**  
The subscriber has for sale a kiln of fresh  
burned Lime. Price at kiln 20 cents per  
bushel.  
JAS. COURTS.  
Lot 14, con. 4, Rawdon.

**Court of Revision.**  
VILLAGE OF STIRLING  
Notice is hereby given that the Court of  
Revision for the municipality of the Vil-  
lage of Stirling, will be held in the Council  
Chamber in said village on

**Monday, May 27th,**  
at the hour of 8 o'clock, p.m., for the pur-  
pose of hearing and determining all com-  
plaints against the assessment for the  
current year.  
All parties concerned will please take  
notice and appear in person or by counsel.  
J. EARL HALLIWELL, Clerk.  
Stirling, May 8th, 1907.

**Stirling's New Store.**  
The one price to all—all the time

**WARM WEATHER REQUIREMENTS**  
Fancy Muslins, large assortment at 10c., 15c., and 25c.  
Ginghams, all size checks, regular 12c., our price 10c. yd.  
" " " " 15c., " " 12c. yd.  
Extra heavy Print, 32 inches wide, regular 12c., our price  
only 10c. per yard.  
Very fine Print 32 inches wide, the best in the market, our  
price 12c. per yard.  
Chambrays, 10 different shades, 12c. per yard.  
A good assortment of Valenciennes Lace, insertion to match.  
Ladies and children's Cotton Hosiery from 10c. up to 50c. pr.  
Long Gloves, elbow length, black and white Lace and Lisle  
Thread, and white Silk, from 35c. to \$1.00 per pair  
Perrin's Kid Gloves, every pair guaranteed, at \$1.00 and  
\$1.25 pair, dressed and undressed.

**MEN'S DEPARTMENT**  
Fancy Print Shirts, Balbriggan and Merino Underwear,  
Hats, Caps, Half Hose, Fancy Vests, at the lowest prices.

**HOUSE FURNISHINGS**  
Carpets, Linoleums, Oilcloths, Curtains, Poles, Lace Curtains,  
Tapestry and Chenille Curtains, Table Covers, Window Shades.  
We make Window Shades to order, and guarantee them for  
two years.

**DO NOT FORGET THAT WE SELL  
GROCERIES OF ALL KINDS**  
Our 25c. Tea has no equal. Try a pound.  
Quaker brand canned goods are the best.  
Corn and Peas, 3 cans for 25c.  
15c. Package Orange Meat,—10c. each.

**G. W. ANDERSON.**  
Produce taken in exchange for goods or for cash. PHONE No. 29.

**Boots and Shoes for Every One  
AT THE LOWEST PRICES.**

Boots for Men, Women, Children and Babies.  
**Black Shoes  
White Shoes  
Tan Shoes  
Red Shoes**  
We can satisfy you both in quality and price.  
Black, Tan and White Shoe Dressing always in stock.  
**BOOTS MADE TO ORDER.**  
Repairing neatly done. Butter and Eggs taken in exchange.

**J. W. BROWN**  
RELIABLE BOOT & SHOE MERCHANT

**Farm for Sale  
or To Let**  
First class Dairy farm, partly situ-  
ated in the Village of Stirling.  
Particulars from  
DR. POTTS, Stirling.

**CARLOAD OF  
McLAUGHLIN CARRIAGES**  
JUST ARRIVED  
Now is the time to secure your Buggy,  
as I have just opened up a carload of Mc-  
Laughlin Carriages, consisting of  
Steel tired Corning Box Buggies  
Steel tired Piano Box Buggies  
Mikados, Democrats  
And a good assortment of  
Rubber tired Buggies  
This is, without a doubt, the finest as-  
sortment of Carriages that has ever been  
shown in Stirling. A call solicited.  
Also some Pianos, Organs, Sewing Ma-  
chines, Harness, etc., at rock bottom prices.  
A full line of Massey-Harris Farm Im-  
plements always on hand. Three Massey-  
Harris Binders at a bargain.

**N. LANKTREE,**  
Mill Street, Stirling.  
P.S.—One one-horse Wagon, one two-  
horse Delivery Wagon, newly new, and  
one Horse for sale.

**Farm Laborers and Domestics**  
I have been appointed by the Dominion  
Government to place immigrants from the  
United Kingdom in position as farm la-  
borers or domestic servants in this vicinity.  
Any person requiring such help should  
notify me by letter, stating fully the kind  
of help required, when wanted, and wages  
offered. The number arriving may not be  
sufficient to supply all requests, but every  
effort will be made to provide each ap-  
plicant with help required.  
T. G. CLUTE,  
Canadian Gov't Employment Agent,  
Stirling P.O.

**Wedding Invitations**  
NEATLY PRINTED IN THE  
BEST STYLE AT THE  
NEWS-ARGUS OFFICE.

**Let us Figure it Out**  
Bring us the measure of your  
rooms. We'll figure out how  
much paper it will take to  
make a new home of your  
house. Then we'll show you  
the paper you want. We  
have it. We have the papers  
everybody will want, at prices  
to suit you and everybody  
else. See them. You have  
not seen the equal this spring.

**Showroom:**  
In G. W. Anderson's Store  
**S. A. MURPHY.**

**Lax-ets 5** C Sweet to Eat  
A Candy Bowl Laxative.



# 35 DIE IN TRAIN WRECK

## Mystic Shriners Killed in Wreck on Southern Pacific.

A despatch from Santa Barbara, California, says: Twenty-eight dead and a score injured on Sunday night comprise the casualties due to the wreck at Honda on Saturday of the Ismailia special train of New York and Pennsylvania Nobles of the Mystic Shrine, who were returning home from the annual meeting of the Imperial Council of the Nobles of the Mystic Shriners at Los Angeles.

The train, carrying 145 Shriners and friends from Ismailia Temple, Buffalo; Rajah Temple, Reading, Pa., and neighboring cities, was running north at fifty miles an hour on the Southern Pacific coast line, when the locomotive struck a defective switch at the sand-sweep, siding at Honda, near the Pacific Ocean, along which the railroad runs, for a hundred miles north of Santa Barbara. The locomotive turned a somersault into the sands. The cars landed on the wrecked locomotive, and the coaches were crushed and took fire, but the flames were soon extinguished by uninjured persons from the two rear coaches. As Honda is isolated, it was not till late on Sunday that definite information of the wreck could be obtained. The bodies of twenty-five of the victims are now at Santa Barbara, and the others at San Luis Obispo. The injured, many of whom are terribly hurt, and some of whom may die, are

in two sanitariums at San Luis Obispo.

### RUNNING AT TERRIFIC SPEED.

The wreck occurred at 2.35 o'clock, an hour and forty minutes after the convective visitors, forming a merry party, left Santa Barbara. They had speeded the morning there sightseeing. The train was making terrific speed when it struck the defective track. It came out by the fact that it covered the 61 miles of crooked track from Santa Barbara to Honda in 100 minutes. The locomotive in leaving the rails for the track, badly twisting the steel up the track, badly twisting the steel up the track, badly twisting the steel up the track.

### SCALDED TO DEATH.

The dining car, in which were 32 persons eating luncheon, bounded into the air and fell directly on the demolished locomotive. Nearly every person in the dining car was instantly killed. Scores were scalded by steam escaping from disconnected pipes.

The rear coaches were hurled into the wreckage, killing or injuring those who might otherwise have escaped. Several persons perished in the debris were scalded alive.

Engineer Frank Champain was pitched with the cab 25 feet beyond the engine. He got up and ran a mile, seeking help, before he discovered that his arm was broken and that he was severely scalded.

## LEADING MARKETS

### BREADSTUFFS.

Toronto, May 14.—Call board quotations are:—Wheat—Ontario—No. 2 winter, 77c bid, C. P. R. east; 80c asked in store. Montreal: No. 2 goods, 75c asked, outside.

Wheat—Manitoba—No. 2 northern, 82c asked, spot North Bay. Corn—No. 3 yellow, 55c asked, spot Toronto.

Other prices are:—Wheat—Manitoba—Lake ports—No. 1 hard, 90c; No. 1 northern, 88½c; No. 2 northern, 86½c. Wheat—Ontario—No. 2 white winter, 76c to 77c; No. 2 red, 76c to 77c; No. 2 mixed, 75c.

Oats—No. 2 white, 40c to 40½c, outside; No. 2 mixed, 39c to 39½c. Peas—74c to 75c. Corn—No. 3 yellow American, 55c to 55½c, lake and rail, 57½c all rail; Ontario, 48c, Chatham freights. Rye—Dull at 61c to 62c. Barley—No. 2, 53½c to 54c, outside; No. 3 extra, 52½c to 53c; No. 3, 51½c to 52c.

Flour—Ontario—90 per cent. patents, \$2.75 bid; Manitoba, first patents, \$4.50, seconds, \$4; bakers', \$3.90, Toronto. Bran—\$21 to \$22; shorts quoted at \$22 to \$23, outside.

### COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Butter—Receipts are increasing, and the market is easy at quotations. Creamery, prints .... 28c to 29c do solids .... 24c to 25c Dairy, prints .... 23c to 25c do tubs .... 21c to 22c Cheese—Unchanged at 12½c for large and 13c for twins, in job lots here. Eggs—Steady at 17c to 17½c. Honey—Pails, 11c to 12c; combs, \$1.50 to \$2.50 per dozen, according to quality.

Beans—\$1.50 to \$1.55 for hand-picked and \$1.35 to \$1.40 for primes. Potatoes—Ontario, 85c to 90c; eastern, \$1.05 to \$1.10 in car lots on track here, Ontario, nominal. Baled Hay—\$12.50 to \$13 per ton for No. 1 timothy and \$10 to \$11 for second grade, in car lots here. Baled Straw—Easier, at 67½ to 87 per ton, in car lots here.

### PROVISIONS.

Dressed Hogs—\$9 for lightweights and \$8.50 for heavies, farmers' lots, Car lots nominal. Pork—Short cut, \$23.50 to \$24 per barrel, smok, \$21 to \$21.50. Smoked and Dry Salted Meats—Long clear bacon, 11c to 11½c for lots and

cases; hams, medium and light, 13½c to 16c; heavy, 14½c to 15c; hocks, 16½c to 17c; shoulders, 11c to 11½c; rolls, 11½c out of pickle, less than smoked. Lard—Easier. Tierces, 12½c; tubs, 12½c; pails, 12½c.

### MONTREAL MARKETS.

Montreal, May 14.—The local market for oats is firm, and 45c is now quoted for No. 2 white Manitoba and 44c for the same grade Ontario.

Buckwheat—55c to 56½c per bushel. Corn—No. 2 yellow, 55c; No. 3 mixed, 50c, ex-store. Peas—Boiling peas, \$1 in carload lots, \$1.10 in jobbing lots.

Flour—Manitoba spring wheat, \$4.25 to \$4.60; strong bakers', \$4 to \$4.10; winter wheat patents, \$4.10 to \$4.25; straight rollers, \$3.60 to \$3.70; do, in bags, \$1.65 to \$1.75; extras, \$1.50 to \$1.55.

Milled—Manitoba bran, in bags, \$20 to \$22; shorts, \$22 to \$22.50; Ontario bran, in bags, \$20 to \$21; shorts, \$22 to \$22.50; milled moultie, \$21 to \$22; straight grain, \$28 to \$29 per ton. Rolled Oats—Per bag, \$1.90 to \$2. Hay—No. 1, \$13.50; No. 2, \$12.50; No. 3, \$11.50; clover, mixed, \$11; pure clover, \$10.50 to \$11 per ton in car lots.

Provisions—Barrels, short cut mess, \$2.50; \$2.55; half barrels, \$1.75 to \$1.95; clear fat backs, \$24 to \$24.50; long cut heavy mess, \$20.50 to \$22; half barrels do, \$10.75 to \$11.50; dry salt long clear bacon, 11½c to 12c; barrels plate beef, \$13 to \$14; half barrels do, \$7 to \$7.50; barrels heavy mess beef, 10c; half barrels do, \$5.05; compound lard, 9½c to 10c; pure lard, 12½c to 13c; kettie rendered, 13c to 13½c; hams, 13½c to 15c, according to size; breakfast bacon, 15c to 16c; Windsor bacon, 15c to 16c; fresh killed abattoir dressed hogs, \$9.50 to \$9.75; alive, \$7 to \$7.25.

Butter—Some sales were made at 22½c, and for extra choice lots were quoted at 23c and 23½c.

Cheese—The English market is stronger, and shows an advance of 1s, while being now quoted at 63s and colored 65s.

Eggs—Prices are steady at 17½c to 18c.

### BUFFALO MARKET.

Buffalo, May 8.—Flour—Firm. Wheat—Spring; dull; No. 1 Northern, 93½c; Winter stronger; No. 2 white, 90c. Corn—Dull; No. 2 yellow, 55c; No. 3 white, 54½c. Oats—Dull; No. 2 white, 47c; No. 2 mixed, 44½c. Rye—Firm; No. 1 in store, 74c c.i.f. Barley—Nothing doing.

### NEW YORK WHEAT MARKET.

New York, May 14.—Spot, steady; No. 2 red, 90½c elevator; No. 2 red, 90½c f.o.b. afloat; No. 1 northern, Duluth,

\$1.00½ f.o.b. afloat; No. 2 hard winter, 93c f.o.b. afloat.

### LIVE STOCK MARKETS.

Toronto, May 14.—Though the offerings of cattle were moderately large, trade was active at the Western Market to-day.

Exporters' cattle were more active, and prices were firm to strong. Choice cattle sold from \$5.10 to \$5.40, and medium from \$4.90 to \$5.05 per cwt.

Choice butchers' cattle sold at \$5 to \$5.20; fair to good butchers', at \$4.50 to \$4.90; good cows, \$3 to \$4.50, and medium cows, \$3.50 to \$4 per cwt.

Heavy feeders, 1,050 to 1,100 lbs., sold at \$4.50 to \$4.75; short-keeps brought \$4.70 to \$4.85, and stockers were selling at \$3.25 to \$3.75 for fair, and \$3.90 to \$4.25, for good ones.

Good graded lambs are quoted at \$7.50 to \$8 per cwt.; common lambs at \$5.50 to \$6 per cwt.; spring lambs, \$3 to \$8 each; export ewes firm at \$6 to \$6.50; bucks, \$4.50 to \$5.50.

Liberal deliveries of hogs were recorded. The prices of select were firm at \$8.50, and lights and fats brought \$6.25 per cwt.

### BLOOD SUCKED FROM BODY.

Extraordinary Death of a Man in Refrigerator Pipe.

A despatch from Chicago says: Walter Hunter, engineer for Armour and Company, met his death on Friday in an unheard of manner, when his blood was almost instantly drawn from his body by suction pressure of 400 pounds to the square inch in a refrigerator pipe on the roof of the Armour power plant at the Stock Yards. Physicians who examined the body declare that no similar case of violent death had ever come to their attention. Hunter's life having been literally drained from him by the resistless suction power, just as air would be drawn from a vessel by a vacuum pump. Hunter had been sent to repair a leak in a pipe through which the water runs from the refrigerating machinery to the reservoir. The enormous suction pressure in the pipe is believed to have drawn his leg into one of the pipes, where he was found dead five minutes after he had ascended to the roof. Examination disclosed that his blood had been drained through the shattered arteries of his leg, which was destroyed by the terrific suction force, a power greater than is utilized to drive the swiftest locomotive.

### NINETY VICTIMS OF MINE FIRE.

Supposed to Have Perished in Mexican Copper Workings.

A despatch from Mexico City says: Ninety men are supposed to have lost their lives in a fire which started in the Tenares Copper Mine, at Velardena, in the State of Durango, last Friday night. The fire is still raging and is said to be beyond control. Thirty-five bodies have been recovered. Seventeen miners are known to have escaped. This information has been conveyed in a despatch to Mexico City. The burning mine belongs to the Guggenheims.

### AFRAID OF SMALLPOX.

Precautions Will Be Taken to Guard Training Camps.

A despatch from Ottawa says: A militia order issued on Saturday states that owing to the presence of smallpox in certain parts of the Dominion none but individuals who are considered to be protected will be allowed to go into camp. This applies especially to the following countries in Ontario: Essex, Huron, Middlesex, Oxford, Bruce, and Leeds.

### JEALOUS, TOOK HIS OWN LIFE.

Ottawa Bartender, Married Three Weeks, Shoots Himself.

A despatch from Ottawa says: Olivier Deslauriers, a bartender, resident on Cooper Street, shot himself to death on Saturday evening by shooting himself in the head with a revolver. Deslauriers had only been married three weeks, and it is said was led to commit the act through jealousy.

### REV. E. H. HINE DROWNED.

Methodist Missionary Loses His Life in Saskatchewan.

A despatch from North Portal, Sask., says: Rev. E. Hine, Methodist missionary on this circuit, while driving to his appointment on Sunday afternoon, was drowned crossing a shallow near Roche Perce. The horse was also lost. Mr. Hine came from England last summer, and was much respected in this district. He was twenty years of age.

### TWENTY YEARS FOR BURGLAR.

Magistrate Daly, of Winnipeg, Taking Steps to Stop Crime.

A despatch from Winnipeg says: Fred C. Hawkins, alias Stephens, convicted of a series of nine daring burglaries, was sentenced to twenty years in penitentiary by Magistrate Daly on Monday morning, the sentence being the heaviest ever given in the Police Court here. Several criminals of his class have been operating here lately, and Mr. Daly determined to set a salutary example. When the sentence was pronounced Hawkins clutched spasmodically at the dock railing, as though on the verge of collapse, and then gazed fiercely from the court to the Crown prosecutor, and upon the interested faces of the room full of spectators. Another burglar, named Stirling, is at present in the cells awaiting hearing.

### SAID TO BE A BURGLAR.

Insurance Company Employee Arrested at Winnipeg.

A despatch from Winnipeg says: F. Stephens, an employee of the Sun Life Insurance Company, was arrested on Thursday night charged with being the principal of a gang of burglars who have been operating here. The police have been on the trail for several days. He is a young Englishman, whose right name is believed to be Hawkins.

### KILLED WIFE AND CHILDREN.

Gananogue Farmer Crushed the Skulls of His Sleeping Family.

A despatch from Gananogue says: William Waldo, aged 38, a farmer, living two miles east of Gananogue, killed his wife and two children with a hammer on Monday morning, knocking their brains out while asleep. The children were aged two and four years. He then went downstairs and wrote a note, which he left on the table, and then went upstairs again and cut his own throat from ear to ear. He told the hired man, Shipman, who went to the factory with milk, that if he did not see him when he came back to go upstairs and he would find him. Not finding him, Shipman went upstairs, as requested. He gave the following description of the scene before him:

"In the room is one bed and a cot. In the bed is lying the man who did the deed, his head lying outside of the bed. Beside him lies his wife with a dent in her head, and the two children lying in the cot are the two children who were holes in their heads, and dead. The floor of the bedroom is a complete mass of blood. In front is a looking-glass where Waldo stood while cutting his throat. Then he laid himself alongside his wife on the bed, putting his head on his pillow to allow free run of the blood."

Following is a copy of the note he left on the table:

"Upstairs will be found the work of a mental and physical wreck, a maniac for the last two years, unknown to anyone but myself, I suspect. Would to God I had never been born. I have killed the dearest woman, an unborn baby and the two sweetest of children. I had intended to kill only myself, but I could not at the last leave them to the scold of the world. I have been hoodwinked by those who should have been my friends, and can see no future, as I am utterly unable to manage myself or to accomplish my work.—William Waldo."

### BAD FIRE AT CLINTON.

Blyth and Stratford Brigades Aided in Checking Flames.

A despatch from Clinton, Ont., says: Fire on Monday afternoon laid in ashes the factory of the Clinton Thresher Co., destroyed the Belvedere Hotel and sample rooms adjoining, and spread to the Wesley Methodist Church, and a number of other buildings, one of which, the residence of Dr. Evans, was totally consumed. For a time it looked as if the whole town was doomed, but hard work on the part of the local brigade, assisted by those from Blyth and Stratford, succeeded in getting the flames under control. The fire was first discovered in the roof of the Thresher Company's building, and spread with such rapidity that it was impossible to check it. Assistance was asked from Blyth and Stratford, to which a prompt response was given, and the fire was finally extinguished in all the buildings, but the factory, the hotel and the doctor's residence, though some of them suffered considerable damage. The total loss is about \$73,000.

### STRIKE AT MONTREAL.

Fifteen Hundred Longshoremen Quit Work.

A despatch from Montreal says: Fifteen hundred longshoremen are on strike in the Port of Montreal. At six o'clock on Monday evening they scowed the wharves on the banks of the ocean vessels in course of unloading in port and left work quietly. The trouble came suddenly. There was not a breath of dissatisfaction since the season began until the New York strike loomed large on the horizon. In the morning a letter was sent to the Allan Line, the Robert Redford Co., Limited, (operating the Donaldson and the Thompson Line), the Dominion and Leyland Lines, and the C. P. R., that the longshoremen of Montreal wanted thirty cents an hour for day work up to six o'clock, and after that thirty-five cents an hour for night work. Sundays the pay demanded was sixty cents up to six and seventy cents after six.

### WHEAT UP IN WINNIPEG.

Volume of Trade Largest in the Market's History.

A despatch from Winnipeg says: The Winnipeg market was the scene of great excitement on Monday, the great advance recorded and the strength of foreign markets, coupled with a number of bullish reports from Western Canada, telling of the great deal in season, causing an advance here of large proportions. The day's total volume of trade was the largest in the history of the local exchange, aggregating in the neighborhood of 7,500,000 bushels. Some reports received by reliable sources here stated that seedling in the greater part of the country was so delayed through the unfavorable weather conditions that even at this late date not more than 10 to 20 per cent. is in, and advances sent from here to Minneapolis and Chicago predicted that the wheat area of Canada would be reduced this year fully 50 per cent. Predictions were freely made that Monday's advance would not be the end in the upward trend.

### ANOTHER FAST TRAIN.

Montreal to Vancouver in Eighty-Five Hours.

A despatch from Montreal says: The C. P. R. have decided to add a new fast train to their transcontinental service, making three instead of two trains on Monday, Wednesday and Friday. The new train will be faster by twelve hours than the present Imperial train that now leaves Windsor station morning and evening for the west. It will cover the distance from Montreal to Vancouver in eighty-five hours. The matter has for some time engaged the consideration of the management and traffic department, and the schedules are now being worked out under the direction of Mr. J. W. Leonard, Assistant General Manager. It is understood that the new service will cover the route on June 15, and at first—probably for the whole of this season—it will be run three times a week, but that it will ultimately become daily the officials entertain no doubt.

# GRAVE SITUATION IN INDIA

## Armed Natives Crowding Into Lahore—British Troops Concentrating.

A despatch from London says: Friday was the 50th anniversary of the outbreak of the Indian Mutiny, which began at Meerut on May 10, 1857. The coincidence is somewhat alarming. The news of the present happenings in the Indian Empire awakes here. That Sir Denzil Ibbelton, Lieutenant-Governor of the Punjab, whom Chief Secretary Marley the other day described in the House of Commons as one of the ablest and most experienced administrators in India, should have summoned big military reinforcements to Lahore and postponed his own departure from that city, is regarded as adding to the gravity of the situation. The India Office has issued nothing on the situation, although it is understood it is in the closest communication with the Viceroy. Pending some official declaration the newspapers comment sparingly, but print their own and the news agencies' news conspicuously. Such comments as printed call for firm action by the Government.

Some recent statements in the House of Commons by Mr. Morley and his approval of the deportation of Lala Lajpat Rai betray no sign that he is disposed to underestimate the possibilities of the situation.

### ALSO IN EASTERN BENGAL.

Although for the moment the Punjab seems to be the chief centre of the trouble, it is noteworthy that there is increasing unrest among the natives in Eastern Bengal. This seems to centre in the Mythen Singh district of the latter province, which is a thousand miles

distant from Lahore. Here, according to a newspaper despatch, the Local Government realizes fully the extreme peril of the situation, and is prepared for military operations on a large scale. Nevertheless, its failure to check the sedition movement promptly has, it is added, resulted in a state of revolt. Thousands of Muslims, consisting of both Hindus and Mohammedans, are roaming in the Mythen Singh district, plundering and burning villages, and killing loyal natives, many of whom have been murdered.

### MANY AGITATORS ARRESTED.

Thirty-seven agitators have been arrested by the military police, who are trying to stamp out the movement. The despatch further says that seditious literature has been spread broadcast through Eastern Bengal, and that the rioting at Haveli Pindi has been distorted into a triumph of the natives against the British.

Loyal natives of the better class are writing to the newspapers and authorities, urging the necessity for prompt measures. They declare that the European movement has gained immense strength in Bengal since the resignation of the late Lieutenant-Governor, Sir Bampfylde Fuller, who was forced to relinquish his post because he tried to suppress the present agitation in the native schools.

The participation of Mohammedans in the Mythen Singh outrages shows clearly that the movement is directed against British rule instead of being a fight between Hindus and Muslims, as was at first supposed.

### QUEEN DAYS IN LIVING TOMB.

Miner Rescued—Parallel Case to Saving of Hicks.

A despatch from Victoria, B.C., says: The steamer Manuka, from Australia, brought news of the rescue of an Italian miner, Varischetti, from an Australian mine by divers under circumstances similar to the rescue of Hicks at Bakersfield, California, a few months ago. He was nine days imprisoned in the mine, which flooded during a heavy rain, cutting off his retreat. Pressure of water gathered a reservoir of air where the Italian took refuge, and he stayed there for nine days in a living tomb while divers tried heroically to rescue him by wading the flooded mine. Hughes and Hearn, divers of the Bonnie Vale Mine, made many trips, supplying the Italian with light and food and writing material, with which he sent a pathetic message to the outside world. After nine days rescue was accomplished by Hughes, whose gallantry has been applauded throughout Australia. The miner was almost dead, being too weak to stand and unable to get from the cage without assistance.

### DEATH OF MISS CLEMOV.

Young Ottawa Lady Found Dead With Wound in Head.

A despatch from Ottawa says: Miss Allen Clemov, one of the best-known young ladies of the city, was found dead in bed at noon on Thursday with a revolver by her side and a bullet wound in her mouth. The tragedy occurred at the home of her mother, Mrs. Francis Clemov, Slater Street. Temporary insanity is given as the cause of her death by Dr. Kennedy, who was in attendance on her. Miss Clemov had been in ill-health for the last two years, and had been quite ill for the past week. Her relatives had been out of her mind for some time. It was the intention to send her to a sanitarium at St. Catharines tomorrow. She was in her twenty-seventh year. Coroner Baplle was summoned, and decided that an inquest was unnecessary. Miss Clemov was a granddaughter of the late Senator Clemov, and her death by suicide has caused a great sensation among society people in Ottawa.

### WORST PEST TO ORCHARDS.

Brown Tail Moth Discovered for First Time in Canada.

A despatch from Halifax says: The brown tail moth, one of the worst pests that orchardists have to meet, has made its appearance in the Annapolis Valley of Nova Scotia. A specimen of what was thought to be this insect was discovered some weeks ago in King's County, and was sent to the Agricultural Department at Ottawa for report. The experts there have positively identified it as the dreaded

ed brown tail moth. Since then a number of specimens have been found in Digby and other points in the fruit region of this province. Principal Canning of the Nova Scotia Agricultural College, says this is the first invasion of any part of Canada by this pest, and he adds that the danger that it will spread and do untold damage is very real. He is sounding an alarm and calling on all farmers and orchardists to be very vigilant in searching for the insect and destroying it. He tells them that in this way alone can the splendid orchards of the Annapolis Valley be saved from terrible ravages. Agents of the Department of Agriculture are holding meetings and pointing out to the orchardists what they must do. None of them ever before saw the brown tail moth, a pest that has brought much damage in New England, and that attacks not only fruit trees, but shade and forest trees.

### HEIR TO SPANISH THRONE.

King Edward's Niece Gives Birth to a Male Child.

A despatch from Madrid says: Queen Victoria gave birth on Friday to a son who becomes heir to the throne of Spain. The birth of a royal babe has been awaited with eager interest throughout Spain. The son born to King Alfonso and Queen Victoria will, according to a decree of the Spanish Government, bear the title of Prince of the Asturias, in possession of the title of Prince of Wales, given to the eldest sons of English kings.

### FOUND HANGING IN DEN-HOUSE.

Old Employee of Government Suicides at Ottawa.

A despatch from Ottawa says: William Bulford, for the past 30 years an employee of the Electrical Department of the Dominion Government, was found on Wednesday morning hanging from a beam in the fowl-house in the rear of his residence, Russell Road. The body was discovered by his wife. He had been dead some time. The deceased had been suffering from fits of despondency, and had endured periods of mental derangement for some years. He was a native of the West of England, and came to this country some 35 years ago.

### TWO NUGGETS OF GOLD.

Twenty-five Pounds Picked Up in Larder Lake District.

A despatch from Sault Ste. Marie, says: Murdoch McCleod, a well-known mining man, discovered two nuggets of gold, near the Larder Lake district. He also reports gold finds in the hills north of the Soo, near Lake Superior. Great interest is taken in these reports.

# \$250,000 FIRE AT BELLEVILLE

## Corby's Distillery and Grist Mill Destroyed.

A despatch from Belleville says: At an early hour on Sunday morning the large stone distillery and grist mill of the H. Corby Company was reduced by fire to a mass of smouldering ruins. The premises are situated at the Village of Corbyville, which is upwards of five miles north of the city. The distillery was built upon the banks of the River Moira many years ago by the late Mr. Henry Corby, and was a four-story stone structure with a basement. The stone-built grist mill adjoins, and was only separated by a stone fire wall. At about 4.30 the night fireman, named D. Hubbs, upon the premises, smelled smoke, and upon opening a door leading from the engine-room to the distillery proper was quickly driven back by flames, which almost enveloped him. Hubbs escaped and raised the alarm. He was severely burned about the face and head, and was subsequently removed to the city for medical treatment.

In a few minutes the entire premises were a mass of flames. The city fire brigade were notified and a steam engine, with a number of men and a quantity of hose, was despatched to the scene, and worked all day on the ruins. Owing to there being no wind at the time other large buildings, such as tank and warehouses, were saved. A tank containing 3,700 gallons of whiskey in process of manufacture was destroyed, and upwards of 200,000 pounds of barley, rye and corn. An empty box car belonging to the Grand Trunk Railway Company, left standing in front of the distillery, was destroyed.

It is estimated the loss will be in the vicinity of \$250,000, and the insurance will be in the vicinity of \$100,000 less than the loss. The work of rebuilding will be commenced as soon as the matter of insurance is settled. It will be an up-to-date building, equipped with all modern appliances. The fire is thought to have originated by spontaneous combustion.







# INTERNATIONAL STANDARD VARNISHES

For OUTSIDE DOORS For BOATS  
INSIDE FINISHING Extra Fine Hard Oil  
Finish  
Special Preparation for Linoleums. Every Can  
guaranteed.

English Multiplier Onions, 2 lbs. for 25c.

## SEEDS:

JAPANESE MILLET SEED.

Field Corrot.  
Mammoth Long Beet.  
Improved Mangel.

American Wonder Peas.  
Mammoth White Cory Corn.  
Turnip Seed—White Globe,  
Greystone, Purple Top, Jumbo.

HENRY WARREN & SON  
Hardware Phone 25



## Our Shoes are Winners

We lead all others in  
Fit, Quality, Price  
and Durability.

This is what those who are wearing our Shoes say.  
Ladies' white Canvas Oxfords, covered heel, for \$1.25,  
\$1.50, \$1.75.  
Ladies' Patent Colt Oxfords, lace and button, from  
\$3.00 up.  
Misses' and Girls' White, Chocolate, Red, and Black  
Slippers, from \$1.00 up.  
Men's Patent Colt Boots from \$3.50 to \$5.00.  
Infants' "soft sole" Boots, finest variety in town, from 30c. up.  
Lacrosse and Outing Shoes, men's and boys', lowest prices.  
Fine Prunella Gaiters and Slippers, 50c. and 60c.  
Shoe Polish from 5c. up. Shoe repairing a specialty.

CEO. E. REYNOLDS,  
SHOE KING.

P. S.—Butter and Eggs taken in exchange.

There was a heavy snow storm in  
New York state on Friday last.

The property owners of Norwood have  
by a majority of 53 carried a by-law to  
raise \$10,000 for cement walks, and to  
erect an addition to and improve the  
town hall.

The most wonderful bird flight noted  
is the migratory achievement of the  
Virginia plover, which leaves its haunts  
in North America and, taking a course  
down the Atlantic, usually from four to  
five hundred miles east of the Bermudas,  
reaches the coast of Brazil in one un-  
broken flight of fifteen hours, covering  
a distance of over three thousand miles  
at the rate of four miles a minute.

## Indigestion

Stomach trouble is but a symptom of, and not  
in itself a true disease. We think of Dyspepsia,  
Heartburn, and Indigestion as real diseases, yet  
they are symptoms only of a certain specific  
Nerve sickness—nothing else.

It was this fact that first correctly led Dr. Shoop  
in the creation of that now very popular Stomach  
Remedy—Dr. Shoop's Restorative. Going direct  
to the stomach nerve, alone brought that success  
and favor to Dr. Shoop and his Restorative. With-  
out that original and highly vital principle, no  
such lasting accomplishments were ever to be had.  
For stomach distress, bloating, biliousness, bad  
breath and sallow complexion, try Dr. Shoop's  
Restorative—Tablets or Liquid—and see for your-  
self what it can and will do. We sell and cheer-  
fully recommend

Dr. Shoop's  
Restorative  
MORTON & HAIGHT.

Spring Brook Medical,  
Surgical and X Ray  
Institute,  
SPRING BROOK, ONT.

All Difficult and Chronic Diseases diag-  
nosed and special treatment given.

DISEASES OF LUNGS, THROAT, EAR AND  
NOSE. FITTING OF GLASSES.

Diseases of Women, Piles, Constipation,  
Prostatic Diseases of Men, Rectal Troubles,  
Catarrh of the Nose and all Acute and  
Chronic Diseases treated by the most ap-  
proved, scientific principles.

All in doubt of their ailments should  
have an X RAY Examination.

R. ELGIN TOWLE, M.B., M.D.C.M.,  
Physician-in-Charge.

Office Hours 12 to 3 p.m. Drug Store in  
connection.

We have had considerable cold weather  
this spring but there are some places  
that can beat our record. A despatch  
from Laramie, Wyoming, dated May  
10th, says: "For twenty-four days a  
snowstorm has raged in the Southern  
Wyoming mountains, and snow is seven  
feet deep on a level. Since April 15 the  
sun has not shone a moment. The tem-  
perature has been between zero and ten  
degrees below during that time."

Carmen Sylva, writing of the Jews,  
pays this tribute to Moses: "The Jews  
are the only people who have not de-  
clined. They remained steadfast and  
firm, united, helpful towards one an-  
other, healthy, fruitful and powerful.  
And for all this they can thank one  
man, the greatest ruler that the world  
has ever seen, the king of kings, the  
wisest of physicians, the greatest of  
psychologists that ever existed, Moses.  
Who can live on a throne without  
kneeling in adoration before Moses?  
He was a ruler that first made his nation  
and built it so that it would be able to  
withstand all storms. If the world had  
accepted the Mosiac laws, it would  
have been free from tuberculosis, cancer,  
diphtheria and many other infectious  
diseases."

## Health Insurance for Women.

"Woman's work is never done."  
There is always something to do—  
running up and down stairs,  
lifting, bending, straining—no  
wonder the Kidneys become  
affected. That is why so many  
women suffer with headaches,  
lame back, dragging pains  
through the hips, nervousness,  
weak spells. When the Kidneys  
are weakened or strained, the  
delicate female organs are dis-  
turbed and inflamed, bringing on  
a train of female complaints.

Bu-Ju  
The Gentle Kidney Pill

Insures health to women who  
work. Bu-Ju keeps the Kid-  
neys strong and healthy, purifies  
the blood supply, and acts as a  
gentle, strengthening tonic on  
the delicate female organs.

"I was not able to do my own work in  
the house, and was barely able to dress  
myself. My fingers and hands were all  
swollen up with pain. I think there is  
nothing like Bu-Ju. Am able to do  
my own work now with comfort, which I  
was not able to do before taking Bu-Ju."  
Mrs. Jas. McLINCHY.

Bu-Ju is invaluable during preg-  
nancy. All expectant mothers should take  
a Bu-Ju Pill at bedtime, to insure her  
own health and that of the child. See a  
large box. At all druggists, or from  
THE CLAFIN CHEMICAL CO., LIMITED  
WINDSOR, ONT.

## ANIMALS AND POISON.

Some Species Are Immune to the  
Most Deadly Drugs.

### MYSTERY OF THE HEDGEHOG.

This Bristly Little Creature Can Make  
a Meal of Arsenic or Opium and  
Wash It Down With a Draft of  
Prussic Acid Without Discomfort.

Poison is surely one of the most  
weird of nature's bizarre contrivances.  
A tiny speck of an innocent looking  
white powder on the tip of the tongue  
means instant death if that powder  
happens to be the deadly drug aceto-  
nitrile. A moment's whiff of unseen va-  
por, and if that vapor rises from pure  
prussic acid all human aid is too late.  
The strangest fact about this curious  
group of bodies called poisons is that  
sometimes they are not poisons. Of  
course every one knows that when  
kept under control by the skillful hand  
of the physician poisons are most val-  
uable medicines. But few persons are  
aware of the still more curious fact  
that poisons when taken by certain an-  
imals even in large quantities are quite  
harmless.

Yet, strange as it may seem, this is  
perfectly true. Take, for instance, the  
hedgehog. This bristly little animal is  
absolutely poison proof. It can eat  
without discomfort as much opium as a  
hardened Chinese can smoke in a  
fortnight and can wash a meal down  
with as much prussic acid as it is ca-  
pable of swallowing arsenic with just  
as much relish as it eats cockroaches.  
It is quite immune to the venom of the  
snake, though the prickly hedgehog has  
little need to fear the approach of  
such a reptile. It has even been stated  
that it can swallow corrosive subli-  
mate, and yet this is a virulent poison  
which human beings must handle with  
caution, for even a solution of it ex-  
ternally applied has been known to cause  
death.

Cyanide of potassium is another  
deadly substance of which the hedge-  
hog need have no fear, and yet the  
merest trace of the poison is sufficient  
to cause a full grown man to foam at  
the mouth and lose the power of his  
limbs. Truly the hedgehog is a strange  
freak, and yet not so inexplicable as  
the poisons by which he refuses to be  
poisoned.

Man is said to resemble the monkey  
in more ways than one; but, whatever  
characteristics they may have in com-  
mon, the ape differs from the human  
being in this respect—he can take with  
impunity as much strychnine as would  
kill two men instantly. The monkey,  
curiously enough, shares the immunity  
to strychnine poisoning with inverte-  
brate animals. Another phenomenon is  
the rat. The number of rat poisons  
sold by druggists is legion, but there is  
one poison which never enters into  
their composition—namely, digitilin,  
the active principle of the foxglove.  
One-half grain of this poisonous prin-  
ciple suffices to kill a man within three  
quarters of an hour, but the rat abso-  
lutely refuses to let it kill him.

When it is discovered that a human  
being has swallowed oxalic acid, the  
first thing the doctor does is to give his  
unfortunate patient a good dose of  
chalk, technically known as calcium  
carbonate. Strange to relate, chickens  
are not poisoned by oxalic acid, for the  
simple reason that their intestines con-  
tain the antidote in the form of quan-  
tities of calcium, which combine with  
the poison and render it quite harm-  
less. It is interesting, however, to  
mention that if oxalic acid is injected  
into the blood of a fowl it would be  
poisoned. It is only when given by the  
mouth that the acid comes in contact  
with the antidote. However, as chick-  
ens are not provided with hypodermic  
syringes, they are not likely to run any  
danger.

If China were inhabited by pigeons  
instead of by people who speak pigeon  
English, a costly war and no end of  
controversy might have been averted,  
for pigeons are not demoralized by  
opium. You cannot put a pigeon to  
sleep with the "drowsy giant," simply  
because there is something in the bird's  
interior which resists the narcotic in-  
fluence of the morphine to which  
opium owes its activity.

There is little to connect the Russian  
peasant with a goat—unless it be beard  
—yet nevertheless both have one trait  
in common—neither is harmed by hen-  
lock. It was the juice of the henlock  
so we have been told until we are tired  
of hearing it, that killed Socrates. Ever  
since then it has been on the poison list  
as far as civilized beings are concern-  
ed; but, all the same, roots of henlock  
are eaten as food by the Russian peas-  
ants—and by goats.

In one respect the peasant of the  
Austrian Tyrol resembles the hedge-  
hog, because he can take in one dose  
as much arsenic as would kill several  
Americans. This is not because the  
peasant is provided with any special  
means of combating the effects of the  
drug, but because he habituates him-  
self to it. The Tyrolean finds that ar-  
senic increases his power of endurance.  
He commences by taking an eighth  
part of a grain for a dose, which is  
gradually increased until he can take  
without any ill effect five or more  
grains at a time.

Experts have not been able to make  
up their minds why these people be-  
come tolerant to the drug. The most  
plausible theory put forward up to the  
present is that an antitoxin is formed  
by the administration of the poison  
which immunizes the subject, just as  
calf lymph immunizes us against  
smallpox.

## "TAPPING" STEEL.

The Way Manufacturers Conceal De-  
fects in the Casting.

It might very naturally have been  
thought that if there was one trade  
which could be said to be free from  
trickery and guile it was that of steel  
manufacture. The mere fact that steel  
is synonymous with strength would  
seem to bear out this view. And yet  
methods are sometimes adopted in the  
making of steel which once again illus-  
trate the saying that there are tricks  
in every trade.

At the same time it must be ad-  
mitted that some of these tricks when  
carried out do not necessarily mean a  
lessening in the soundness and quality  
of the material. For instance, it some-  
times happens that in casting a piece  
of steel what is known as a "blow-  
hole" occurs. Often this is not noticed  
until the steel has been cut and trim-  
med for the required purpose. In such  
a case the hole is usually "tapped off,"  
and a well fitting screw inserted, the head  
of the latter being filed off so closely  
to the metal that it needs an expert  
eye to detect any unusual feature.  
This is a trick which makes no differ-  
ence in the strength of the metal and  
consequently is quite harmless.

Sometimes, however, a crack ap-  
pears in a piece of metal which it is  
impossible to remedy by the usual ex-  
pedients of hammering and rolling.  
The careful manufacturer will put the  
piece on one side and make a fresh  
casting, for if such a piece of metal  
were used as a crank shaft, for in-  
stance, it might split at a time of extra  
strain and so bring untold disaster.

On the other hand, the manufactur-  
er may decide that he cannot afford to  
throw the faulty casting on one side,  
and in order to cover the defect it is  
put in the open air to rust. The weath-  
er will most likely be found to have  
filled the crack by the time the cast-  
ing is required, and no one outside the  
foundry will have known of its exist-  
ence until perhaps it causes a vessel to  
become disabled. And, as it is almost  
impossible to tell afterward how the  
crack originated, the maker is quite  
secure from blame.

One of the most sensational scandals  
which have agitated the engineering  
world for some years past came to  
light not long ago in connection with  
the building of a great battleship.  
After a trial trip she was found to be  
somewhat leaky, and an examination  
of some of the plates forming the side  
of the vessel revealed the startling fact  
that the rivets had been put in the  
holes cold and simply calked.

When a ship's plates are riveted to-  
gether, it is usual not only of course to  
drive the rivets in red hot, but also to  
calk them over with a special composi-  
tion as an extra caution against leak-  
age. In the case mentioned the build-  
er was working under contract and in  
order to save time resorted to the trick  
described. The result was that the  
strain on the plates quickly loosened  
the calking, and some of the rivets  
actually dropped out of the holes—  
London Tit-Bits.

### Senate Gavel Handleless.

It is an odd fact that the gavel used  
by the presiding officer of the senate  
has no handle, like that used by the  
speaker of the house. It is an ivory  
contrivance, modestly ornamented, of  
cylindrical shape and about four inches  
long. In wielding it the vice president  
has to hold the gavel in his hand as if  
it were a small hammer without a han-  
dle. How the custom originated of  
providing the vice president with a  
handleless gavel is not known, though  
the oldest senate attaché cannot re-  
member when it was otherwise, just as  
the oldest senate attaché cannot re-  
member when the gold snuffbox that  
occupies its ancient niche at the right  
of the vice president's raised desk was  
not dutifully filled every morning, al-  
though no statesman now patronizes  
that once popular box for a gentle  
sneeze.

### Barbarians and Perfumes.

Though perfume may be the outcome  
of civilization and were lavishly used  
by nations well to the front in man-  
ner and polish, there are instances of  
people of great demoralization who  
use it in some of their horrible cus-  
toms. The fetich men of Ashanti sup-  
ply an illustration of this, who, for the  
benefit of young soldiers, concoct a  
mixture of blood, of human hearts and  
of fragrant herbs, and Betsany, quot-  
ing from Beecham, says, "All who have  
never before killed an enemy in battle  
of the preparation, it being believ-  
ed that if they did not their energy  
would be secretly wasted by the haunt-  
ing spirits of deceased foes."

### A Bad Practice.

"T've a good notion," said Plodding  
Pete, "to join this forestry association."  
"What for?"  
"I want to see trees preserved in all de-  
venerable beauty. I want to see de-  
monstrations of the wilderness left un-  
disturbed in their peaceful majesty. It's  
time this practice of handling a man  
an ax 'n' telling him to chop wood was  
stopped."

### The Great Difference.

Poornam—Of course there's a big dif-  
ference between a botanist and a florist.  
Asenim—Is there, really? Poornam—  
Yes; a botanist is one who knows all  
about flowers, and a florist is one who  
knows all about the prices people will  
pay.

### Not a Chance!

Married men will certainly appre-  
ciate the grin humor of the Staten Is-  
land schoolboy who wrote in an epic,  
"Their faces in front, their wives be-  
hind—impossible was flight."

It is well there is no one without a  
fault, for he would not have a friend in  
the world.—Hazlitt.

## The Battered Hobbyhorse.

A scented and battered hobbyhorse,  
with one eye missing, its tale and mane  
reduced to ragged wisps of hair and a  
little leather saddle worn almost to  
fragments on its back, formed a part  
of the baggage carried by an aged cou-  
ple in the Union station waiting room  
at St. Louis the other evening. It cap-  
tured the interest of a crowd that gathered.  
The old man listened to the com-  
ments, some of them unkind jests.  
Then he spoke, almost in a tone of  
apology. "We're going to Texas, and we  
couldn't leave it behind," he explained.  
"You see, it belonged to our little boy  
that's dead. He used to set a night's  
store by that old horse, and now it's all  
we've got to remember him by. We  
kept it all these years back in Indiana,  
and then when things got bad and our  
daughter down in Texas sent for us,  
why, we just packed up and started.  
Had to leave lots of things back there,  
but not that. We couldn't leave that,  
could we?" He turned to his wife.  
"No; we couldn't leave the horse," she  
said.

### Buying Clothes.

"I suppose everybody has some plan  
of making purchases," said a man hold-  
ing a list of wearing apparel that he  
was about to buy. "Do you see those  
two articles I have crossed off? I am  
not going to buy them till the end of  
the season, when the price will be cut.  
For the same reason I am not going to  
lose a day in securing the articles not  
crossed off. The two articles I cut out  
I can wait for without much inconven-  
ience. As for the others, since I have  
to buy them in season and pay the  
regular price, I will buy them at once  
and have at least a month and a half's  
extra use of them. That makes me  
break even with the end of the season.  
I save by purchasing early and late,  
though the early purchases I deem  
most economical, particularly in things  
where style is a consideration."

### The Seat of Authority.

It is an unwritten law on shipboard,  
and especially on men-of-war, that the  
quarter deck is for the exclusive use of  
officers, and all good seamen remem-  
ber it in spite of their ambitions. It  
once happened that an ancient mar-  
iner, a "five striper," while on shore  
leave captured a mule. Not without  
difficulty he mounted the animal and  
perched himself as near the tail as pos-  
sible. The mule objected in every way  
known to a mule and in ways several  
and unexpected.

"Jack, sit more amidships," called  
out an engineer officer who happened  
past; "you'll ride easier."

"Captain," grinned the old salt, "this  
is the first craft I ever commanded,  
and it's a pity if I can't stay on the  
quarter deck."

### Stanton Could Swear.

One day President Lincoln saw Sen-  
ator Fessenden coming toward his of-  
fice room. Mr. Fessenden had received  
the promise of some appointment in  
Maine for one of his constituents. The  
case had been overlooked. As soon as  
Mr. Lincoln caught sight of the sen-  
ator he saw Fessenden was angry and  
called out, "Say, Fessenden, aren't you  
an Episcopalian?" Mr. Fessenden,  
somewhat taken aback, answered,  
"Yes, I belong to that persuasion, Mr.  
President." Mr. Lincoln then said: "I  
thought so. You swear so much like  
Seward. Seward is an Episcopalian.  
But you ought to hear Stanton swear.  
He can beat you both. He is a Presby-  
terian."

### An Odd Mistake.

Captain Amundsen, having lost sev-  
eral dogs in his expedition to the ar-  
ctic regions, told some of the Netschil-  
le tribe that he would purchase one from  
them. The suggestion caused conster-  
nation and was promptly refused. An  
explanation was demanded. The man  
applied to returned next day with a  
chubby, laughing boy on his back.  
"Such we do not sell," he said. Amund-  
sen was astonished. "You wished to  
purchase one," said the man, seeing  
Amundsen's perplexity. Finally it was  
discovered that the Greenlandic term  
for "dog" was equivalent to "child" in  
the Netschilic language.

### His Last Chance.

"Did you ever notice," said Mrs. N.  
Peck, "that about half the pictures in  
the photographers' windows are of  
bridal couples? I wonder why they  
always rush off to the photographer  
as soon as the knot is tied."  
"I guess the husband is responsible  
for it," said Mr. Peck. "He realizes  
that it is about his last chance to ever  
look pleasant."

### A Word For Herself.

The young widow of an old husband  
inscribed the following words upon  
her dear departed's tomb:  
"To the memory of Mathurin Bezu-  
quet, who left this vale of tears at the  
age of ninety-nine years, eleven months  
and twenty days, deeply grieved at  
having to leave behind him the most  
charming and faithful of wives."  
Pele Mele.

### Professional Ethics.

The acquitted woman (young and  
pretty) kissed her lawyer.  
"Madam," said he, with an attempt  
at firmness, "my stipulation was that  
there should be no fee in this case.  
You must permit me to return it."

### Three Sick Men.

It is a curious fact that three of the  
men who did most to revolutionize the  
world had always bad health. These  
were St. Paul, Julius Caesar and Ma-  
riette, the real originator of the French  
revolution.

O Fortune, what a jade you are to  
distribute your favors at haphazard as  
you do!—La Sage.

# HARDWARE!

Just placed in stock:  
200 Barrels Belleville Port-  
land Cement.

400 Gallons Elephant and  
Sherwin Williams Paints.

A car of Asbestos Plaster.

A car of Wire Nails.

300 Screen Doors and Win-  
dows, all newest patterns.

My Store and Warerooms  
are filled with Hardware.

Prices right.

L. MEIKLEJOHN.



## OUR TAILORING

insures satisfaction as to  
Style, Fit and Fabric of any gar-  
ment you may order. Each coat,  
suit and overcoat is fashioned  
with care and skill.

## OUR PRICES

speak for themselves. You will  
find it hard to duplicate our offer-  
ings.

JOHN M. MCGEE,  
Next door to H. Warren & Son's Hardware  
Store.

## A Special Offer

THE BUSY MAN'S  
MAGAZINE  
(The Cream of the World's Magazines  
reproduced for Busy People)

AND  
THE NEWS-ARGUS

will be sent to any  
address, one year, for \$2.00

The Subscription price of the Magazine  
alone is \$2 per year.

50 YEARS'  
EXPERIENCE

## PATENTS

TRADE MARKS  
DESIGNS  
Copyrights &c.  
Anyone securing a sketch and description may  
quickly ascertain our opinion free whether any  
invention is probably patentable. Communi-  
cations strictly confidential. Handbook on Patents  
sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents.  
Patents taken in U.S., Spain, France, Germany,  
England, etc., without charge, in the

## Scientific American.

A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest cir-  
culation of any scientific journal. Terms, \$5  
per year. Four numbers make a volume. Sold by all  
newsdealers. MUNN & CO., 361 Broadway, New York  
Branch Office: 625 F St., Washington, D. C.

## PATENTS PROMPTLY SECURED

Write today for a free copy of our interesting book  
"Inventors' Road" and "How you are awarded."  
We have extensive experience in the intricate pa-  
tents of 50 foreign countries. Send sketch, make up  
photo for free advice. MUNN & CO. 361 BROADWAY,  
New York. Also, 625 F St., Washington, D. C.

## THE Stirling News-Argus

Is published every Thursday morning at the  
office of publication, North street, Stirling  
at door north of Parker's drug store, by  
JAMES CURRIE.

Subscription Price, \$1.00 per year.

If paid in advance. If not so paid, \$1.25 will  
be charged.

Correspondence is invited on all legitimate  
subjects, the real name of the writer to be  
furnished the editor in every case. This rule  
can have no exception.

### ADVERTISING RATES.

For ordinary business advertisements:  
Charge PER INCH per week  
when inserted for

1 year 2.00, 3 mos. 1.50,  
Half year 1.00, down to 25 cts. 10 cts.

If inserted less than three months 1 cent ex-  
tra on above rates. If less than two months 2  
cents extra on above rates. If less than one  
month 3 cents extra on above rates.

These rates to be confined to the ordinary  
business of the commercial houses, and for  
special notices, limited to six lines, \$4 per  
month. Removals, Co-partnership notices, Pri-  
vate Advertisements of individuals, members of  
clubs, societies, etc., to be for sale, etc.

Two inches, \$10 per year; \$5 for six months;  
\$4 for three months; \$3 for two months; \$2  
for one month. One inch, \$5 per year. Pro-  
portional cards, limited to six lines, \$4 per  
year. A column measures twenty inches.

Advertisements may be changed at the or-  
der of advertiser without extra charge.  
Transient advertisements, 10c. per line first  
insertion, 5c. per line each subsequent inser-  
tion.

Advertisements without specific insertion  
inserted if not for sale, and charged accord-  
ingly.  
Births, Marriages and Deaths inserted free  
JOB PRINTING of every description exe-  
cuted in neat and fashionable style, and on  
short notice.



# THE STIRLING NEWS-ARGUS.

\$1.00 PER ANNUM IN ADVANCE.  
\$1.35 IF NOT PAID IN ADVANCE.

STIRLING, HASTINGS COUNTY, ONT., THURSDAY, MAY 23, 1907.

Vol. XXVIII, No. 18.



**The King Hat**  
CROWNS  
the World

## Before Deciding

on that New Hat ask to see  
our Buckley, King, Carter and  
Wilkinson

## STIFF HATS

each has style, quality and

## VALUE

that makes the the crown head  
of all other Hats.

## Fine Light Weight

## Fur Felt Hats

you will find the Leaders here,  
Wilkinson, Christy, Belmont,  
Borsalino, anything that is  
good in

## HATS and CAPS

**FRED T. WARD,**

Headquarters for Men's Fine Ordered Clothing, Haberdashery, Etc.

## THE PEOPLE'S STORE

Call and see our Bargains.

Colored Muslins, from 10 cts. up.  
White Curtain Muslins, 8 cts. up.  
Curtain Nets and Serim.  
White and Black Underskirts—all kinds.  
Ladies' Suits.  
White Blouses from 75 cts. up.  
Boys' Bathing Suits at 50 cts.  
Cotton Hose, 10 cts. up.  
Good Seamless Hose, 2 for 25 cts.  
Cashmere Hose, 25 cts. up.  
Men's Socks, 10 cts. up. Men's Cashmere Socks, 20 cts. up.  
Figs, 5 lbs. for 25 cts.  
Prunes, 3 lbs. for 25 cts.  
Cleaned Currants, 3 lbs. for 25 cts.  
Raisins, 3 lbs. for 25 cts.  
Oatmeal, 8 lbs. for 25 cts.  
Heintz Sweet Pickles, per quart 25 cts.  
Maple Syrup, per bottle 25 cts.  
Christie's and Telfer's Biscuits, per box 25 cts.  
Cornstarch, 3 boxes for 25 cts.  
Fresh Oranges and Lemons.  
Bee Hive Corn Syrup.  
A few Raincoats left. A bargain while they last.

Highest price for Butter and Eggs.

**C. F. STICKLE.**

## The Jewelry Store

IS THE PLACE TO BUY YOUR

## Stationery and Optical Goods

and while you are buying them we feel  
quite sure that you will be convinced  
that it is the place to buy anything else  
that you require in our line.

## Repairs Solicited

and prompt attention guaranteed.

**H. HADLEY,**  
WATCHMAKER, JEWELER, & OPTICIAN

In  
Ten  
Minutes

spent in a visit  
here you can do  
more towards  
choosing a Suit  
than in days of  
thinking and  
guessing at home.



## CALL

Go down through the rows  
of our fine Tweed and Worsted  
Suits.

Keep one eye critical, the  
other economical, and stop only  
when you have exactly met  
your idea of what's right, at  
the price you intended to pay.

## Spring Overcoats

\$8.50 to \$12.00, for as dressy  
a garment as you ever saw in  
your life.

The Ward Brand of Ready-  
to-Wear Suits are the Leaders  
for well dressed Men and Boys.

## Electric Light and Fire Protection

A public meeting to consider the question of electric light and fire protection was held in the Town Hall last evening. It was called on short notice and possibly this may account for the rather small attendance, though many of the leading citizens were present.

Owing to the nearness of the hour of going to press we can give but a very brief synopsis of the proceedings. Mr. W. R. Mather, reeve, occupied the chair, and after a few remarks, called upon Col. Halliwell, one of the deputation who went to Wellington to inspect the plant there, to speak. Mr. Halliwell spoke in general terms of the advantages of electric light over other systems of lighting; and was most favorably impressed with the cheapness with which the Wellington plant was operated, the cost for fuel, a most important item, being only about \$450 per annum.

Mr. Meiklejohn, the other member of the deputation, was next called upon, and he went more into the matter of cost and probable revenue. He thought a plant similar to that at Wellington could be installed for about \$10,000, or at the outside \$12,000. The operating expenses would be for man \$600, coal \$450 to \$500, and other incidentals possibly \$200 or \$300. The revenue was estimated to amount to \$8,200, but even if reduced to \$2,500, it would leave a balance that would more than meet the yearly amount required to pay off the indebtedness necessary to be incurred.

Mr. W. S. Martin thought a thorough canvass should be made to find out the amount of revenue that could be depended upon.

The reeve said this matter had been discussed in Council, and it was understood that this would be done.

Mr. Rollins was in favor of fire protection rather than electric light if we could not afford both.

Mr. McKee thought that some better system of lighting should be provided. Stirling was behind other towns in electric light and fire protection.

Mr. Morton thought the Council should give all the information possible on both these questions.

Mr. Martin gave some further information in reference to fire protection and reduction of insurance rates. Though the cost of installing a good steam fire engine, with sufficient hose, tanks, etc., would amount to about \$5,000.

Mr. Mather was in favor of electric light if absolutely self-sustaining. He was decidedly in favor of good fire protection.

Mr. Coulter and others spoke in favor of electric light and especially favored better fire protection.

A motion was then passed asking the Council to take immediate action in reference to better fire protection, either by themselves or by calling another public meeting.

A motion was also passed expressing satisfaction with the information respecting electric light and asking the Council to get further information on the question.

## Village Council.

A special meeting of the Council was held in the Council Chamber on Friday evening. Members all present.

The meeting was called by the Reeve for the consideration of the question of electric lights.

The committee appointed to examine the electric light in Wellington reported their experience to the Council.

After discussion it was moved by Mr. Meiklejohn, seconded by Mr. Coulter, that a public meeting be called for Wednesday evening, May 22nd, at 8 o'clock, in the Town Hall, to discuss the question of electric light and fire protection. —Carried.

Council adjourned.

The annual meeting of shareholders of the Central Ontario Railway was held at Trenton on Saturday, when the old board of directors and officials were all re-elected. Directors: S. J. Ritchie, C. E. Ritchie, Geo. Collins, R. Fraser, J. H. Stewart, W. S. Jacques, and S. S. Lazier. Officers: S. J. Ritchie, President; C. E. Ritchie, Vice-President; Geo. Collins, Manager; J. D. Rowe, Treasurer.

## Relief From Rheumatic Pains

"I suffered with rheumatism for over two years," says Mr. Roland Curry, a patrolman, of Key West, Fla. "Sometimes it settled in my knees and I could hardly walk, at other times it would be in my feet and hands so I was incapacitated for duty. One night when I was in severe pain and lame from it my wife went to the drug store here and came back with a bottle of Chamberlain's Pain Balm. I was rubbed with it and found the pain and swelling going during the night. I kept on using it for a little more than two weeks and found that it drove the rheumatism away. I have not had any trouble from that disease for over three months." For sale by J. S. Morton.

## Wellman's Corners

The Women's Institute held their monthly meeting at the residence of Mrs. John Snarr on the 16th inst. There were a large number present. The President, Mrs. R. Totton, occupied the chair. After the reading of the minutes Mrs. Totton gave an excellent paper, the subject of which was "The little foxes that spoil the vines." An animated discussion followed. Mrs. T. Hubbell gave an interesting reading. Miss Nellie Totton contributed a solo, and Miss Emma Morton some instrumental music. The following officers elected for the coming year: President, Miss Wootton; Vice-Pres., Mrs. Bert Nix; Secretary, Mrs. J. Snarr; district representatives, Miss Morton and Mrs. Fred Snarr. The sum of \$10 was contributed to the Chinese famine fund, 85 of which was voted from the funds of the Institute, and the rest contributed by the members. There was also the usual collection taken for the Sick Children's Hospital, which amounted to 95 cents. The next meeting will be held at the residence of Mrs. Fred Snarr on the 20th of June. The usual vote of thanks was given to the hostess and entertainers, and the meeting was closed by singing God Save the King.

The Women's Missionary Auxiliary of this place held their monthly meeting at the church on the afternoon of Friday, the 17th.

On Sunday last the Sunday School at Wellman's donated \$10 to the Chinese famine fund.

Mr. Percy J. Morton of this place, having received his diploma at the Belleville Business College, where he stood second of his class, has gone to the west. He has a situation at Antler, Sask., with a prominent coal and lumber dealer of that place, at a salary of \$600 for the first year. We heartily congratulate our young citizen, and hope that he may have great success in his new home.

Mr. and Mrs. Haight, of Belleville, who were last week the guests of Mr. Wm. Morton, have returned to their home.

The rifle company here intend having a shoot on Victoria Day.

A medicine and soap vendor is holding entertainments this week in the Orange Hall, and offering prizes to those who obtain the largest number of votes for the prettiest baby, and for several other things. Those who pay the largest amount for his nostrums are entitled to the greatest number of votes, and the amount of competition is amusing, where the verdict is given, not by the looks of the child, but by the number of cakes of soap you buy.

Mr. Burrell Fanning, sporting a fine new buggy, which he purchased from our local dealer, Mr. Herbert L. Mack.

The Orangemen held a Royal Arch meeting on Wednesday last week.

There have been a couple of weddings in this vicinity lately, to which a charity party turned out, something we have not had here in 20 years. It is a pity that a practice that is at once so silly and disreputable should have any resurrection.

Word reached here on Sunday of the death of Mr. Milton Scott, of Harold. The young man was well known here, and the greatest sympathy is felt for the parents and friends of the deceased in their great affliction.

Notwithstanding the cold weather the farmers are very busy seeding, and the housekeepers are housecleaning.

Mrs. French is adding a new kitchen to her home.

## Chatterton Chips

This is a very cold and backward spring; the wild plums are just coming in blossom.

The Eclipse Cheese Co. paid their April dividend on Friday at \$25.30 per standard, and also divided the insurance on the old factory among the former stockholders. The new company gets praise on all sides for the up-to-date factory they built last winter. Its a dandy.

Our new blacksmith is getting all he can do. W. D. Smith has made quite an improvement to his barn by putting a new hip roof on it.

Our public school can now boast of a library, due mostly to our energetic teacher, Miss Leafe Johnson.

Chemists say that all records written with the ordinary ink now in use will be completely faded out in 70 years.

In Kenora on Saturday there was a live meeting not only of citizens but of men from as far as Fort Frances and Dilke, to agitate for the secession of the New Ontario from the old to set up provincial housekeeping on its own account.

Files get quick and certain relief from Dr. Shoop's Magic Ointment. Please note it is made alone for Files, and its action is positive and certain. Itching, painful, protruding or blind piles disappear under its use. Sold by J. S. Morton.

## £ Sterling Hall

Now that the "Merry Month of May" has brought summer weather, the summer girl will be expecting us to make good with the latest creations for her summer attiring. We stand ready to show the goods. The looking is easy, so too, are the prices.

## Ladies' Covert and Tweed Short Coats.

These are correct city styles for summer evenings.

Ladies' Black Cloth Jackets at \$5.00, \$7.00, \$10.00.

Ladies' Fawn Covert Jackets at \$7.00.

Ladies' Grey Tweed Jackets at \$5.00, \$7.00, \$9.00.



## Summery Tweed Skirts

There's a big bouquet of good values in our Skirt department just now, both in plain Blacks and light Tweeds.

The goodness of the values will be appreciated on sight.

Dark Grey Tweed Skirts, extra value, at \$2.50.

" " " " " " at \$4.00.

Light and Medium Fancy Tweed and Homespun Skirts extra value, at \$4.00 and \$5.00.

## WHITE MUSLIN UNDERWEAR

Our assortment and values in this line are incomparably better than ever shown in Stirling before. Prices on Lawn, Laces and Embroideries, and cost of labor, have been rapidly advancing for many months, but our contracts placed before these advances bring us values which our customers will readily appreciate on sight.

WHITE MUSLIN CORSET COVERS, both Lace and Embroidery trimmed, at 25c., 35c., 50c., 75c., \$1.00.

WHITE MUSLIN DRAWERS, Lace and Embroidery trimmed, at 25c., 35c., 50c., 75c., \$1.00.

WHITE LAWN GOWNS, dainty Lace and Embroidery effects, at 50c., 75c., \$1.00, \$1.25, \$1.50, \$2.00.

WHITE LAWN SKIRTS, all lengths and styles, at 75c., \$1.00, \$1.25, \$1.50, \$2.00.

## WHITE LAWN WAISTS

There's nothing prettier or more stylish in White Waists than our showing, else we would have them.

Made in fine Persian Lawns, of good wearing and washing qualities, and trimmings—well, just a dreamland of beautiful effects. They are ready for showing at 75c., \$1.00, \$1.25, \$1.50, \$1.75, \$2.00, \$2.50, \$3.00.



## CHARMING DISPLAY of NEW PARASOLS

Have a look at the display of new sun shades in our East window. It puts in the shade all our previous Parasol efforts. The range is a complete summer one in White, Fancy and Black, in Ladies, and Fancies in Children's.

**W. R. MATHER,**

Direct Importer of Staple and Fancy Dry Goods and Retailer of Everything to wear for Everybody.

## For Sale

The subscriber offers for sale ten acres of land, with good house and barn, situated on the east side of Henry street, just outside the corporation of the village of Stirling. For terms and further particulars apply to

C. H. WINTER.

**Lax-ets 5 C Sweet to Eat**  
A Candy Bowl Laxative.

## MEAT SHOP

Under new management. The business formerly carried out by A. H. SIKLEY, is now changed to

**SEELEY & HATTON**

We are prepared to supply the public with first-class Meats of all kinds at low cash prices.

**SEELEY & HATTON.**

## THE SOVEREIGN BANK OF CANADA

Notice is hereby given that a dividend of one and one-half per cent. (1½) for the current quarter, being at the rate of six per cent. (6) per annum on the capital stock of this bank, has been declared, and that the same will be payable at the head office and at the branches, on and after the 16th day of May next.

The transfer books will be closed from the 1st to the 15th of May, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board,

D. M. STEWART,

General Manager.

Toronto, 30th March, 1907.

STIRLING, HAVELOCK, MARMORA.  
STIRLING BRANCH. W. R. HOWSON, Manager.



hearer. "Oh, I'm learning to get used to it," was the prompt reply.







### Trouble Over Postal Rates

A despatch from Washington says: Through Postmaster-General Lemioux the Government of Canada has notified the Post-office Department here that it will be impossible for the Canadian Postal Department to handle second-class mail matter sent to that country from the United States by either express or freight, and mailed there.

Some time ago a commission was sent to Canada to adjust, if possible, the differences between the two countries respecting the handling of second-class mail. The result of the commission's work was indecisive. Afterward American publishers suggested that they might send their publications from the United States by Canada either by express or by freight, and have them mailed in Canada at the second-class rate, one cent for four ounces.

Postmaster-General Meyer took the matter up with the Canadian officials, urging strongly that the suggested arrangement be made. The Canadian Postal Department, however, replied that their facilities and equipment would not admit of it.

The Canadian second-class rate is lower than the second-class rate of this country. Postmaster-General Meyer explained to-day that as soon as a specific case of refusal on the part of the Canadian Government to handle American second-class is called to his attention he will be forced, in the circumstances, to issue an order that Canadian publications in the United States cannot be handled at the second-class rate.

### A STATEMENT FROM OTTAWA

An Ottawa despatch dated May 21st says: The Deputy Postmaster-General made the following statements to-day:

In reference to the statement contained in the Associated Press despatches from Washington that the Postmaster-General of Canada had notified the Postmaster-General of the United States that it would be impossible for the Canadian Post-Office Department to handle second-class mail matter sent into this country from the United States by express or freight and remailed here, I might state that no such prohibition has been made. The United States has the same privilege of remailing to-day in Canada under the present convention as it had under the old convention, with the exception that instead of the rate being one cent per pound it is one cent per four ounces, or four cents per pound.

The fact that the rate has been raised from one to four cents is, in the opinion of this department, a natural sequence of the amended convention.

### An Unprecedented Success

On Thursday afternoon, May 9th, in the Albert Hall, Grand Block, was assembled the most representative gathering of fruit growers that Trenton ever witnessed, of the first annual meeting of the Canadian Apple Exporters, Limited, over eighty of the ninety-four stockholders being present, from north, south, east and west, principally from the townships of Rawdon, Sidney, Murray and Ameliasburg.

President G. A. Snarr was in the chair. The minutes of the last meeting were read and approved.

It will be remembered that this organization started one year ago, and that day the secretary, J. S. Dench, who was the prime mover in bringing the organization into life, was proud to report the total quantity of apples handled by the company was 10,064 barrels.

Net average for all fall apples, Duchesa, Wealthies, etc., \$1.87 per barrel. Net average for winter apples, \$2.29 per barrel.

Highest average attained, Russets, No. 1, \$3.53 per barrel.

Lowest average attained, Talmans Sweeties, No. 1, \$1.61.

Moved by E. R. Mallory, seconded by W. S. Dracup, that an expression of opinion be taken as to whether this Association continue, and on being put, it was carried unanimously, apparently every member rising to his feet.

Moved by R. N. Bird, seconded by Watson Ireland, that a vote of thanks be tendered the Vice-President and Manager, W. H. Dempsey and Secretary-Treasurer J. S. Dench, for their zealous efforts in furthering the interests of the company during the past year.—Carried.

Election of officers was proceeded with and the old staff were elected by acclamation and Alex. H. Anderson was elected to fill the place of D. L. Jones, resigned.

F. J. Carley, government fruit inspector, gave an interesting address on the work of other associations and stated that this association was only beaten in prices by one other in Ontario this year, and that very slightly by the Georgian Bay where the crop was excellent last season, whereas the crop in this district was poor, it being the off year.

Many of the visiting growers inspected the Cold Storage premises, and seemed greatly pleased with the shipping arrangements.

The future of the Canadian Apple Exporters is certainly bright and great credit is due to Walter Dempsey and J. S. Dench, and the membership is expected to greatly extend before another season, and if the company can make such a showing in one of the worst apple years over experienced, what can they do in an average year, to say nothing of a good season.

### Sore Nipples

Any mother who has had experience with this distressing ailment will be pleased to know that a cure may be effected by applying Chamberlain's Salve as soon as the child is done nursing. Wipe it off with a soft cloth before allowing the babe to nurse. Many trained nurses use this salve with best results. For sale by J. S. Morton.

The cold, unseasonable weather which has prevailed this spring has not been confined to any one locality, but has been general, not only over Canada and the United States, but also in Europe. This has had a tendency to create fears for a short crop, and in consequence the price of wheat has advanced very considerably within the past two weeks. Should the weather turn warm and favorable for growth during the remainder of May and June there would likely be a fair average crop, notwithstanding the present backward conditions. In Manitoba and the Northwest provinces the seeding, though late, is now about completed, and all that is required to secure a good crop is fine warm weather. The farmers there feel hopeful that there is a well-known fact that there are many millions of bushels of last year's crop in the farmers' hands, so that they are not worrying over the prospects.

A despatch from Halifax deliciously worded claims that the Dominion Iron and Steel Company has "earned" four hundred thousand dollars in bounties during the past four months. Ariel, Carlyle and Barnum have all said in effect "what fools these mortals be," and we prove it in our own persons, for not but a daft nation would be led astray by such a use of words. At the same time we read that the Japanese government has ordered from the United States Steel Corporation seventy-five pound rails for a hundred miles of the South Manchuria Railway, with fastenings, a total of 18,000 tons, the price to be \$29 a ton, which is said to be the best price paid to the corporation by foreign buyers for a number of years. Our government, however, not only highly protects the iron mills, so that we in Canada, in the hour of our greatest demand have to pay \$35 for rails; it not only gives them exceedingly heavy bounties, but it has actually itself made a contract to pay them \$35 a ton for rails, so that for a hundred miles of rails instead of paying the Japanese price of \$377,000, our government will have to pay \$455,000, or twenty percent more.

On these terms, the Japanese would pay some \$11,810,000 for three thousand miles of rails in Manchuria, while we would have to pay \$18,650,000 for the same length of Canadian transcontinental railway, or \$2,840,000 more than we could buy them for, in addition to the government bounty of \$3.75, making in all \$3,802,500 that we lose by the transaction. And yet we almost boast of our sanity.—Montreal Witness.

### Canada's Finances

An Ottawa despatch says: In spite of the generous expenditures of the Dominion Government on all the public services, the progress of large public works in both the east and west, the progress of the national transcontinental railway, the improvement of Canadian harbors and transportation routes, the maintenance of a vigorous immigration propaganda and the development of Canadian agriculture and dairying along the most scientific lines, the returns for the nine months up to the end of March will show a surplus of at least eighteen million dollars and a reduction of seven or eight millions in the public debt of the country.

In his budget speech of last winter the Hon. Mr. Fielding expressed the hope that the nine-month period up to end of March would show a surplus of twelve and a half millions and a reduction in the public debt of a million and a half. But the actual result puts to shame even this carefully prepared anticipation. Mr. Fielding expected a revenue for the nine months of sixty-five millions. But instead there has been a revenue of sixty-eight millions. On the other hand instead of expenditures on consolidated fund account of fifty-two millions the outlay on these services will not exceed forty-nine millions. From every point of view the record is one of which Canadians may feel justly gratified. The largest previous surplus on record was \$15,056,989 in 1903, but that was for twelve months, while in the present instance, owing to the change of the fiscal year, the returns are for only nine months.

### Canada's Northern Riches

There is a settlement at Fort Vermilion on the Peace River, seven hundred miles north of Edmonton. This is the most northerly point in Canada at which agriculture is pursued as a regular occupation. This fort is the distributing point for an area of six hundred miles in length by two hundred in width. The region is very fertile, harvests of wheat, oats and other cereals are constant and good. They are said to equal in quality and quantity the harvests per acre of Manitoba or Saskatchewan.

The warm currents from the Pacific cross the mountain and find their way down the mountain passes and maintain a fairly even temperature. The district is said to be rich in mineral, but so far the pursuits have been agricultural.

The Government has vetoed a license granted in Port Arthur for a saloon in the neighborhood of a sawmill where between 300 and 400 men are employed. The Government is also considering the veto of another saloon license which was granted by the local Commissioners on a site in the midst of Port Arthur's residential district.

### Good Words for Chamberlain's Cough Remedy

People everywhere take pleasure in testifying to the good qualities of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. Mrs. Edward Phillips of Barclay, Md., writes: "I wish to tell you that I can recommend Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. My little girl, Catherine, who is two years old, has been taking this remedy whenever she has had a cold since she was two months old. About a month ago I contracted a dreadful cold myself, but I took Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and was soon as well as ever." This remedy is for sale by J. S. Morton.

### A Weather Prediction

A weather man in the States, Mr. W. T. Foster, made a prediction of the weather for April which proved pretty accurate, and in reply to inquiries as to the basis of his predictions, and of the weather in the future he says:

"As I see it the planet Mars is the immediate cause. For the past three months the earth has been moving rapidly toward that planet and this approach of the two planets caused the electrical forces and the magnetic system of the earth to be excited.

"The giant of the worlds, the great planet Jupiter, is now forty million miles nearer the sun than it was six years ago; Saturn is at its equinox where it forms its magnetic connection with the sun and Mars is nearer the earth than for fifteen years. The relations cause an increased magnetic activity, the latter causes extremes of temperature, one of these extremes having occurred in April and the other will come in June.

"These causes also have some relations to the tornadoes and other radical weather events and also a relation to sunspots and earthquakes."

### Immigration to Canada

During the nine months which constituted the last fiscal period 84,659 persons came to Canada from the United States, and of these 2,500 were returning Canadians. During the last four years more than 150,000 persons from the United States have settled in Canada, about 15,000 of the number being returned Canadians.

The immigrants from Great Britain numbered 55,791, an increase of almost 19,000 over the same period in the year before. Of the British total, 41,658 came from England and Wales, 10,729 from Scotland, and 3,404 from Ireland.

From Newfoundland 1,029 persons came to Canada.

There were arrivals of Russian and other European Jews in the period numbering about 6,000. Over half of them settled in the province of Quebec. Italy sent about 5,115 immigrants, and more than half settled in Ontario. Arrivals of other nationalities were 16,273.

### Toronto to Hudson Bay

The Ontario Government, according to the Globe, is seriously contemplating an extension of the Temiscamingue Railway so as to give a complete service with the help of the Grand Trunk from Toronto to James Bay. The distance from North Bay to James Bay is 474 miles, and 114 miles of this is covered by that portion of the line already open, while 140 miles is under construction. Thus provision would have to be made for 220 miles more at the north end of the line. From Toronto to North Bay the Grand Trunk already provides a service which is in connection with the Provincial line. Up to the end of 1906 over nine and one-half millions had been spent by the Province on the Temiscamingue road, and it is believed an equal amount would cover the extension to James Bay.

## COMING! OPERA -- HOUSE ONE NIGHT ONLY MONDAY, MAY 27TH ... The Big Success ... THE LIGHTS OF GOTHAM



Including Little Marjorie Southwell  
FOUR ACT COMEDY DRAMA

NEW SONGS SPECIALTIES  
Carry Our Own Scenery  
Beautiful Costumes

PRICES: Children 15 cts., Adults 25 cts., Reserved Seats 35 cts. On sale at Norton's Drug Store.

### Harold

On Sunday, May 11th, the home of Mr. and Mrs. Robert Scott was filled with sadness when their eldest son, Milton, passed from this life at the early age of 19 years. Death was caused by typhoid pneumonia, from which he had suffered for a period of three weeks.

Possessed of a lively, genial disposition, Milton made many friends, who sympathized with the bereaved family in their great loss.

The funeral on Tuesday was one of the largest ever seen in these parts, and was under the auspices of the Independent Order of Foresters, representatives attending from all the neighboring lodges. The funeral sermon was preached in Bethel church by Rev. F. A. Robinson, Presbyterian minister of Stirling, in the absence of the pastor, Rev. D. Hallowell, after which the remains were interred in the Stirling cemetery.

Among the many beautiful floral tributes were a wreath from Wellman's Co. and a bouquet of carnations from Spring Brook Epworth League, and a cross from Court Eldorado I. O. F., of which deceased was a member.

The children of Mr. John West are improving rapidly. Mr. Mackintosh visited our school on Friday last, and pleased the children by granting them a half holiday.

### Spring Brook.

Milton Scott, son of Mr. and Mrs. Robt. Scott, passed away on Sunday, after a three weeks' illness of typhoid pneumonia. The remains were laid to rest in Stirling cemetery on Tuesday, the sermon being preached by Rev. Mr. Robinson, in the absence of Rev. Mr. Balfour. A beautiful floral cross was presented by Court Eldorado I. O. F., and a bouquet of white carnations from Spring Brook Epworth League, he being a member of both societies. The parents and family have the sincere sympathy of the community in their sad bereavement.

The friends of Mr. and Mrs. John West will be pleased to learn that their three children are recovering from their long illness of typhoid fever.

Women's Institute will be held in the I. O. F. hall on Wednesday, May 29th, at 2 p.m. As this will be a business meeting, the members are requested to attend.

A baby girl has been left at the home of Mr. and Mrs. S. Mason. We know now why Sid is all smiles.

### SPRING BROOK MARKET

Eggs buying at 18c., selling at 16c. per dozen.

We once heard a story of an Irishman who was dealing in potatoes, buying at 60c. and selling at 50c. a bushel. An acquaintance asked him how he could do business that way. Says the Irishman, "I know, sir, I am not making anything by the sale, but it enables me to handle an enormous quantity. Why, begorra, I am handling ninety-nine bushels for every van me hated competitor up strate touches."

Mr. William Stewart, of Ottawa, a well known contractor and builder, has been awarded the contract for the erection of the new drill shed at Belleville. His tender was the lowest of many received, the amount being \$37,777.



## A REMARKABLE INVENTION FOR THE CULTURE OF HAIR

THE EVANS VACUUM CAP is a practical invention constructed on scientific and hygienic principles by the simple means of which a free and normal circulation is restored throughout the scalp. The minute blood vessels are gently stimulated to activity, thus allowing the food supply which can only be derived from the blood, to be carried to the hair roots, the effects of which are quickly seen in a healthy, vigorous growth of hair. There is no rubbing, and as no drugs or chemicals of whatsoever kind are employed there is nothing to cause irritation. It is only necessary to wear the Cap three or four minutes daily.

### 60 DAYS FREE TRIAL!

### The Company's Guarantee.

An EVANS VACUUM CAP will be sent you for sixty days' free trial. If you do not see a gradual development of a new growth of hair, and are not convinced that the Cap will completely restore your hair, you are at liberty to return the Cap with no expense whatever to yourself. It is requested, as an evidence of good faith, that the price of the Cap be deposited with the Chancery Lane Safe Deposit Company of London, the largest financial and business institution of the kind in the world, who will issue a receipt guaranteeing that the money will be returned in full, on demand without questions or comment, at any time during the trial period.

The eminent Dr. I. N. LOVE, in his address to the Medical Board on the subject of Alopecia (loss of hair) stated that if a means could be devised to bring nutrition to the hair follicles (hair roots) without resorting to any irritating process, the problem of hair growth would be solved. Later on, when the EVANS VACUUM CAP was submitted to him for inspection, he remarked that the Cap would fulfil and confirm in practice the observations he had previously made before the Medical Board.

Dr. W. MOORE, referring to the invention, says that the principle upon which the Evans Vacuum Cap is founded is absolutely correct and indisputable. An illustrated and descriptive book of the Evans Vacuum Cap will be sent, post free, on application.

THE SECRETARY, EVANS VACUUM CAP CO., LTD.,  
REGENT HOUSE, REGENT STREET, LONDON, W.

## The Mutual Life Co. OF CANADA.

### 37 Years' Record.

### Results Speak Louder Than Words.

|   |                 |
|---|-----------------|
| Total Payments for Death Claims, Matured Endowments, Surrendered Policies, etc. | \$ 7,476,529.26 |
| Add present Assets  | 10,385,539.84   |
| Amount paid to policyholders and held for them                                  | \$17,862,069.10 |
| Total Premiums received   | 17,338,715.05   |
| Excess of Assets and Payments to Policyholders over Premium receipts            | \$523,354.05    |

### S. BURROWS,

AGENTS WANTED. General Agent, Belleville.

"Could the consumptives of any given community be seen at one time, or pass in panorama before the people, public consciousness of the magnitude of the affliction might be aroused. A physical disaster shocks the world and lets loose the sympathy of millions. A few thousand deaths are nothing as compared with the deaths from consumption." LAWRENCE F. FLICK, M.D., Medical Director of Henry Phipps Institute for the Study, Treatment and Prevention of Tuberculosis.

## MUSKOKA FREE HOSPITAL FOR CONSUMPTIVES.

Other hospitals refuse the consumptive. This institution cares for them.

Not a single applicant has ever been refused admission to the Muskoka Free Hospital for Consumptives because of his or her poverty.

Seven hundred and thirty-eight patients have been cared for since the Free Hospital was opened in 1902. Take a week's record:

63 patients in residence; 37 absolutely free, not paying a copper toward their maintenance; 15 paying 50 cents a day or less; 5 paying \$4.00 a week; 4 paying \$5.00; one paying \$7.00.

These figures tell plainly of a large deficit on maintenance account each month. To cover this the trustees are dependent upon the contributions that come to them from friends in all parts of Canada.

Not since the days of George Muller has so great a work of faith been carried on.



### WILL YOU HELP DIVIDE THIS LOAD WITH THE TRUSTEES?

Contributions may be sent to SIR WM. R. MEREDITH, Kt., Chief Justice, Osgoode Hall, Toronto, or W. J. Gage, Esq., 54 Front Street, W., Toronto.

Applications for admission and all information from J. S. ROBERTSON, Secretary National Sanitarium Association, (Saturday Night Building), 25 Adelaide Street, W., Toronto, Canada.



PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

E. F. PARKER,  
INSURER OF  
**Marriage Licenses.**  
STIRLING, ONE.

**Marriage Licenses.**  
GEO. E. CRYER, ISSUER,  
Residence - Stirling House, Stirling.  
**J. S. MORTON,**  
OPTICIAN, GRADUATE CANADIAN  
Ophthalmic College. Member Canadian  
Association of Opticians.  
Eyes examined and imperfect sight cor-  
rected with glasses.  
At MORTON & HAIGHT'S Drug Store.

**CHAS. F. WALT, D.D.S., L.D.S.**  
FIRST CLASS HONOR GRADUATE IN  
Dentistry of the University of Toronto.  
Graduate of the Royal College of Dental Sur-  
geons, Ontario.  
Office—Over Sovereign Bank.  
Open every day. Evenings by appointment  
only.

**J. EARL HALLIWELL, M.A.,**  
BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, NOTARY,  
Public Commissioner, Conveyancer, &c.  
Office—In Sovereign Bank Building.

**G. G. THRASHER,**  
SOLICITOR, NOTARY PUBLIC, CONVEY-  
ANCER, &c. Office in W. S. Martin's  
Block, Mill Street.

**L. O. L. NO. 110**  
Meets in Lodge Room, the first Friday  
evening of each month at 8 o'clock.  
W. H. RODGERS,  
Secretary.

**STIRLING LODGE**  
NO. 239,  
I. O. O. F.  
Meets in the Lodge room,  
Conley block,  
**EVERY WEDNESDAY EVENING**  
At 8 o'clock. L. MEIKLEJOHN, R. S.

**Notice to the Public**  
THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING TAKEN  
out license as Auctioneer for the County  
of Hastings is prepared to attend all sales of  
shortest notice. Terms as low as the lowest,  
and satisfaction guaranteed. Orders left  
at the News-Argus office or addressed to me at  
Stirling, will be promptly attended to.  
WM. RODGERS.

**Fire, Accident & Plate**  
**Glass Insurance.**  
Guardian Fire Insurance Co.  
Norwich Union Fire Insurance Co.  
Liverpool, London & Globe  
Sun Insurance Company.  
Gore Insurance Co.  
Lloyd's Plate Glass Insurance Co.  
Ontario Accident Insurance Co.  
W. S. MARTIN,  
Insurance Agent, STIRLING.

**PERSONALS.**  
Miss Jennie Baker spent Sunday at her  
home in Napanee.  
Mrs. Elizabeth Kennedy of Toronto, is  
visiting her daughter, Mrs. Geo. Bailey.  
Mrs. D. Martin left on Monday night to  
spend some time with her daughters in  
Dresden.  
Mrs. James Mayhew is again under the  
doctor's care. We hope she will soon be  
quite recovered again.

Miss Bessie Parker, of Plainfield, N. J.,  
arrived home on Saturday evening, and  
will spend some time here.  
Mr. Butler Rupert left for Kingston and  
Bath on Thursday of last week, where he  
will remain for a few days.  
Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Hughes and little  
son, and Mrs. O'Neill, of Marquette, spent  
Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Haight.

Misses Carrie Skitch and Jessie Baker,  
and Messrs. Don Bird and Wm. Laycock,  
spent Sunday at the latter's home in Mar-  
quette.  
Mr. E. T. Williams and Misses Camp-  
bell, Skitch, and Baker, attended the  
North Hastings teachers' convention in  
Madison on Wednesday.

Revs. W. G. Clarke and D. Balfour, Mr.  
J. S. Morton, and Mr. Valentine Green at-  
tended the Campbellford district meeting  
at Norwood on Tuesday.

At the Belleville cheese board on Sat-  
urday 2,205 boxes of cheese were offered.  
The sales were 780 at 12 9/16c., and 860  
at 12 1/2c. The balance had previously  
arranged sale at 12 1/2c.

The Secretary of the Lord's Day Al-  
liance has notified that the making of cheese  
on Sunday is unlawful, and intimating that  
if attempted it would result in actions  
being entered.

A stone house is not so durable as one  
of brick. A brick house wall constructed  
with outlast one built of granite.

**Clubbing List.**  
THE NEWS-ARGUS will club with the  
following papers at the rates mentioned:  
The Weekly Globe.....\$1.80  
The Weekly Mail & Empire,  
with premium picture.....1.90  
The Family Herald & Weekly  
Star, with premium picture.....1.70  
with picture and book.....1.85  
The Weekly Sun.....1.80  
The Toronto News.....2.25  
The Toronto Star (Daily).....2.25  
The Toronto Globe (Daily).....4.20  
The Farmers' Advocate, weekly \$2.25

We recommend our readers to sub-  
scribe to the Farmers' Advocate, and  
Home Magazine, the best Agricultural  
Journal in America.

Let me send you free, to prove merit,  
samples of my Dr. Shoop's Restorative,  
and my book on either Dyspepsia, The  
Heart, or The Kidneys. Address Dr.  
Shoop, Racine, Wis. Troubles of the  
Stomach, Heart or Kidneys are merely  
symptoms of a deeper ailment. Do not  
make the common error of treating sym-  
ptoms only. Symptom treatment is treat-  
ing the result of the ailment, and not the  
cause. Weak stomach nerves, the inside  
of the heart and kidneys as well have  
their controlling or inside nerves. Weak-  
ness of these nerves, and you inevitably have  
weak vital organs. Here is where Dr.  
Shoop's Restorative has made its fame.  
No other remedy ever claims to treat the  
"inside nerves." Also for bloating, bilious-  
ness, bad breath or complexion, use Dr.  
Shoop's Restorative. Sold by J. S. Morton.

METHODIST CHURCH

W. G. CLARKE, B.A., Pastor  
This space is engaged for weekly an-  
nouncements. Keep posted.

**SUNDAY, MAY 26th**  
9.30 A.M.—Early Prayer Meeting.  
10.30 A.M.—Object Lesson to the Young.  
11.30 A.M.—Class Meeting.  
2.30 P.M.—Sunday School.  
7.00 P.M.—The Memory and Influence  
of Victoria, Queen and Mother.  
8.15 P.M.—Weekly Reminon and Family  
Worship in the Sunday School rooms.

**Week Evening Meetings:**  
MONDAY 8 P.M., Epworth League. Patri-  
otic evening. Special music.  
WEDNESDAY—8 P.M., Teachers' Meeting.  
THURSDAY—7.30 P.M., Prayer Meeting.  
FRIDAY—8 P.M., Choir Practice.

**ADVERTISING NOTICES.**  
In the local column will be charged as follows:  
To Regular Advertisers.—Three lines and un-  
der 25 cents each insertion; over three lines,  
7c. per line. Matter set in larger than the or-  
dinary type, 10c. per line.  
To Transient Advertisers.—10c. per line each  
insertion. No insertion less than 25c.

**RAILWAY TIME TABLE.**  
Trains call at Stirling station as follows:—  
GOING WEST. GOING EAST.  
Mail & Ex. 6.27 a.m. Passenger. 10.17 a.m.  
Passenger. 6.42 p.m. Mail & Ex. 8.43 p.m.

**The Stirling News-Argus.**  
THURSDAY, MAY 23, 1907.  
**LOCAL MATTERS.**

To-morrow is Victoria Day, and will  
be generally observed as a holiday.  
Mr. Mason Clarke has been engaged to  
superintend the carpenter work on the  
Presbyterian manse.

Golden Millet Seed for sale by J. S. MOR-  
TON.  
A large number of hogs were brought  
in for shipment on Tuesday. The price  
paid was \$6.50 per hundred pounds.

Mr. W. R. Mather has had installed in  
his store a complete steam heating  
system. It was put in by the firm of  
John Lewis & Co., Belleville.  
English Liquid Paints, Varnishes, Lead,  
Oil, etc., for sale by J. S. MORTON.

Mr. W. R. Howson is spending an  
hour a day with the pupils of the Pub-  
lic and High Schools for the purpose of  
giving the boys the advantage of mili-  
tary drill.  
Some of our villages think it would  
be a good thing to have a public weigh  
scales, and not be dependent on private  
parties. The Council might take this  
into consideration.

A social in aid of the W. M. S. will be  
held on Mr. Emanuel Mayhew's lawn at  
Wellman's Corners on Wednesday eve-  
ning, June 5th. Admission, 10 cents.

At the Stirling cheese board on Tues-  
day only seven factories were represent-  
ed, and 325 boxes of cheese were offered.  
Mr. Whitton offered 12 1/16c for the  
board, but only 130 were sold.

Although an unusually large gathering  
is anticipated here on the 12th of  
July next, arrangements are being com-  
pleted to care for all comers without  
delay, inconvenience or discomfort.  
The Presbyterian manse and lots adjoin-  
ing will be sold by public auction at 2  
o'clock on the afternoon of June 15th. The  
whole property will be sold in one lot or in  
parcels to suit the purchaser.

Miss Alma Montgomery left town on  
Wednesday morning to commence a  
course of training in the Ann Arbor  
Hospital. About twenty of her friends  
gathered at the station to say good-bye  
and to wish her success in her new  
sphere of work.

The managers of the West Hunting-  
don Presbyterian Church have given the  
contract for cement steps and walks to  
Mr. Jas. W. Cummings. The entrance  
to the Sunday School room is to be  
changed from the east side of the  
church to the south side.

House and lot for sale on Front street.  
PHILIP CONLEY.  
It is announced that Mr. D. M. Stew-  
art, Joint Manager of the Sovereign  
Bank, has resigned from that institu-  
tion. Mr. F. J. Jemmett was recently  
appointed associate General Manager.  
It is probable that he will now be ap-  
pointed General Manager.

The Conference in the interests of  
Sunday School and Young People's  
work, to be held in St. Andrew's church  
on June 19th, is to be addressed by the  
Rev. J. C. Robertson, B.D., of Toronto,  
who is the General Secretary of the  
movement. Addresses are also to be  
delivered by the Rev. Wm. Shearer, of  
Picton, and by Mrs. A. Dickson.

**GIRL WANTED** to do general house  
work. Good wages to be paid. Apply to  
Mrs. M. SHAW, Stirling.

The June WOMAN'S HOME COMPANION  
reaches the high-water mark in the im-  
portance of its many departments.  
Grace Mayhew Gould contributes sev-  
eral pages devoted to the latest fashions,  
notably an illustrated article on the  
new linen gowns; Evelyn Parsons  
writes of lingerie waists and collars;  
Margaret E. Sangster continues her  
valuable talks with mothers; Herbert  
D. Ward treats of the medical inspec-  
tion of schools, and Anna S. Richardson,  
in her monthly department "For  
the Girl Who Earns Her Own Living,"  
tells how commendable day can be  
connected with business. The Daniel  
Boone Club page contains a forecast  
of the club's representation at the  
Jamestown Exposition.

A little learning is a dangerous thing,  
but a lot of ignorance is still more dan-  
gerous.

Fishing and Shooting

The Canadian Pacific Railway Co.  
have just issued a handsomely printed  
and profusely illustrated booklet, of a  
size convenient for the pocket, and en-  
veloped in a beautiful colored cover,  
which tells all about the fishing and  
shooting resorts along or near their  
lines. A large and clearly printed map  
accompanies the book, copies of which  
can be obtained by enclosing four cents  
in stamps to W. T. Robson, advertising  
agent C. P. R., Montreal.

**Coming Soon**  
The "Lights of Gotham," a four act  
comedy, will be presented at the Opera  
House, Stirling, for one night only,  
Monday, May 27th, by Little Marjorie  
Southwell and her company of New  
York players. High class vaudeville  
between acts. No long waits, but a  
continuous performance. 140 laughs in  
140 minutes. New songs, new dances,  
new music, elegant costumes. Prices,  
children under 12 years 15 cents, adults  
25 cents. Reserved seats 85 cents, on  
sale at Morton's drug store.

**Mitts—McCaughan**  
On Wednesday evening, promptly at  
seven o'clock, Minnie, the youngest  
daughter of James McCaughan, was  
united in marriage to Walter Manley  
Mitts, of Crookston. The ceremony  
was performed by Rev. F. A. Robinson,  
and took place on the veranda at the  
bride's home in Rawdon. Between  
seventy and eighty guests were present,  
and after a bountiful repast was par-  
taken of, the company spent a few hours  
in social intercourse.

**Whitty—Hough**  
A very quiet wedding took place at  
the R. C. Church at Frankford at 9.30  
o'clock on Wednesday morning, when  
Mr. William Whitty, eldest son of Mr.  
and Mrs. Geo. Whitty, and Miss Nellie  
Hough, eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs.  
A. L. Hough, all of Stirling, were united  
in marriage by Rev. Father Mc-  
Kiernan.

The bride was attired in a travelling  
suit of grey tweed with black trimmings,  
and hat to match. She was attended  
by Miss Marguerite Whitty, the groom's  
sister, who wore red silk, with a white  
lace hat. Mr. Wm. McMillan, of the  
Sovereign Bank staff, performed the  
duties of groomsmen.

The groom's gift to the bride was a  
gold watch and chain, to the brides-  
maid a pearl crescent, and to the  
groomsmen a gold stick pin.  
After the ceremony the party drove  
to Trenton, where Mr. and Mrs. Whitty  
took the 11.40 train for Toronto. On  
their return they will reside at the  
Stirling House.

Both bride and groom are popular  
residents of Stirling, and their many  
friends wish them a happy wedded life.

**Blown to Pieces**  
A terrible and fatal accident took  
place shortly before six o'clock last  
Friday evening in the township of Hal-  
lowell, in the county of Prince Edward,  
which resulted in the death in a horrible  
manner of Mr. Elisha Huff, one of the  
most prominent and successful resi-  
dents of the county.

Mr. Huff is one of the partners of the  
Huff and Sprague Telephone Company,  
and it was while engaged in work in  
connection therewith that he met his  
untimely death.

A number of the workmen were en-  
gaged in digging holes for the telephone  
poles, and in one of them Mr. Huff had  
placed a charge of dynamite for the  
purpose of blasting. After putting in  
the charge he ignited the fuse and coolly  
sat down on a stone. The other work-  
men, who were amazed at such a fool-  
hardy action, shouted warnings to him.  
Then Mr. Huff arose and, instead of  
seeking safety in getting away, he de-  
liberately walked back and reached his  
arm down into the hole. Just as he did  
so a terrific explosion took place, and  
Mr. Huff was literally blown to pieces,  
which were thrown in all directions.  
Half of his head was blown off and his  
arms and legs were all broken, and  
nearly all the clothing was stripped  
from his body.

The deceased was a man highly re-  
spected throughout the community, and  
had been a prosperous resident of the  
county all his life time, and the news of  
the terrible accident was heard with  
deep sorrow, not only in Prince Ed-  
ward, but in this city also. He leaves  
a wife and three grown up sons.—Belle-  
ville Ontario.

Hon. Mr. Roblin, Premier of Mani-  
toba, is visiting his native city, Prince  
Edward, shortly, and it has been  
decided to tender him a public  
banquet at Picton on June 12th.

The difficulty so long found in bond-  
ing together new and old concrete has  
been obviated by a recent patent. This  
bond consists of an extract of coal tar  
used instead of water as the mixing  
agent for Portland cement. The mix-  
ture is laid in one-eighth inch to one-  
quarter inch layers on the old concrete  
surface, and immediately followed by  
new concrete and mortar. The inventor  
says that the compound is entirely  
insoluble, and forms a complete and  
monolithic bond between the old and  
new work.

**Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and  
Diarrhoea Remedy**  
There is probably no medicine made that  
is relied upon with more implicit confi-  
dence than Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera  
and Diarrhoea Remedy. During the third  
of a century in which it has been in use,  
people have learned that it is the only  
remedy that never fails. When reduced  
with water and sweetened it is pleasant  
to take. For sale by J. S. Morton.

Let me send you free, to prove merit,  
a trial size box of Dr. Shoop's Restorative.  
It is a snow  
white cream, healing antiseptic balm.  
Containing such healing ingredients as  
Oil Eucalyptus, Thymol, Menthol, etc., it  
gives instant and lasting relief to Catarrh  
of the nose and throat. Make the free  
test and see for yourself what this prepa-  
ration can and will accomplish. Address Dr.  
Shoop, Racine, Wis. Large jars 50c. Sold  
by J. S. Morton.

Forty-one thousand Englishmen came  
to Canada to settle last year.  
**Auction Sale**  
TUESDAY, JUNE 4th.—On lot 5, con. 5,  
Rawdon, the farm stock and implements  
belonging to Mr. Michael Downs. Sale at  
12.30 sharp. Wm. Rodgers, auctioneer.

**Births.**  
MASON.—At Spring Brook, on May 18th, to  
Mr. and Mrs. Stuart, a daughter.  
HOLDEN.—In Rawdon, on May 10th, to Mr.  
and Mrs. S. Holden, Jr., a daughter.  
**Deaths.**  
MCUTCHEON.—In Sidney, on Friday, May  
17th, John McUTCHEON, aged 87 years, 1  
month and 5 days.  
SCOTT.—In Rawdon, on May 19th, Robert  
Milton Scott, eldest son of Mr. Robert Scott,  
aged 19 years, 3 months and 17 days.

**Dressmaking**  
The undersigned has opened a dressmak-  
ing establishment in Spring Brook in the  
premises lately occupied by Miss Rupert,  
and solicits the patronage of the public.  
GERTIE LINN.

**NOTICE**  
A meeting of the stockholders of the  
Stirling Telephone Company, Limited, will  
be held at the office of W. S. Martin, Stirling,  
on Monday evening, June 3rd, at 8  
o'clock, to complete by-laws, fill vacancies  
on the Board of Directors, and general  
business.  
W. S. MARTIN,  
Managing Director.

**Annual Meeting**  
The annual meeting of the shareholders  
of the Stirling Creamery Association will  
be held at the Creamery on Wednes-  
day, June 5th, at 1.30 p.m., when the usual  
business will be transacted. Every one  
interested should be present, as some im-  
portant matters are to be considered.  
M. W. SINE, President.  
Sine, May 23, 1907.

**L.O.L. DISTRICT No. 3**  
The semi-annual meeting of Loyal Or-  
ange District Lodge No. 3, Central Has-  
tings, will be held at West Huntingdon  
on Saturday, June 1st, at 7.30 p.m.  
ADAM BURNETT, D.R.S.  
HENRY WALLACE, W.D.M.

**Notice to Creditors.**  
In the matter of the estate of Darius Green,  
late of the township of Sidney, in the county  
of Hastings, farmer, deceased.  
Notice is hereby given pursuant to the pro-  
visions of the revised Statutes of Ontario,  
chap. 129, sec. 8, to all creditors and other per-  
sons having claims against the estate of Dar-  
ius Green, farmer, deceased, who died on or  
about the 25th day of April, 1907, to send by  
prepaid, or otherwise, their claims to Louis  
G. Green of Stirling, Stirling postoffice, the  
executor and executor, or their solicitor  
hereunder, on or before the 15th day of June  
A.D. 1907, a statement in writing of their  
names and addresses and full particulars of  
their claims and demands proven by affidavit  
and nature of security, if any, held by them.  
And notice is further given that after the  
date mentioned the said executor will pro-  
ceed to distribute the assets of the said de-  
ceased among the persons entitled thereto,  
having regard only to the claims of which  
notice has been given as required.  
And further notice is also given that all  
persons indebted to the above estate either by  
note, account, or otherwise, are notified to  
bring the amount of their indebtedness to the  
said executor or their solicitor, G. G. Thrasher,  
at Stirling, on or before the 15th day of May, 1907.  
G. G. THRASHER,  
Solicitor for executor.

**WILKES STALLION**  
Is by Arkland; Arkland by Guy Wilkes.  
Guy Wilkes record, 2.15.  
Wilkes stands 15-3 hands high, weighs  
1150 pounds. Dam by Volunteer City.  
Second dam Heir-at-Law. He is one of  
the best knee actors in the country, and  
trotted a mile in 3 minutes before he was  
half broken.  
Terms, to insure \$3.00.  
FRED. FANNING,  
Wellman's Corners.

**For Service**  
A pure bred Berkshire Boar, and a pure  
bred Tamworth Boar. Terms reasonable.  
URBANE HEATH,  
Harold.

**Kentucky Bred Wilkes Stallion**  
**VROWSKY**  
Record 2.18. Reg. 8166.  
The fastest Trotting Stallion between Toronto  
and Montreal. Stands 16 hands, weighs 1200  
pounds.  
STANDARD BRED  
STANDARD BY PERFORMANCE  
STANDARD BY HIS PROGENY  
Three of the highest qualifications obtainable.  
Sire of five with records from 2.35 to 2.17. Sire  
of many High Class Kueo Actors.  
Vrowsky has won 1st prize and Silver Medal  
at Toronto Exhibition, competing against all  
Canada.  
Will be at the Kirkby House, Stirling every  
Monday night. At Frankford Tuesday noon.  
PHIL. FLEMING, in charge. FRED. PEAKE, Proprietor.

**Fresh Lime**  
The subscriber has for sale a kiln of fresh  
burned Lime. Price at kiln 20 cents per  
bushel.  
JAS. COULTS,  
Lot 14, con. 4, Rawdon.

**Court of Revision.**  
VILLAGE OF STIRLING  
Notice is hereby given that the Court of  
Revision for the municipality of the Village  
of Stirling, will be held in the Council  
Chamber in said village on  
Monday, May 27th,

at the hour of 8 o'clock, p.m., for the pur-  
pose of hearing and determining all com-  
plaints against the assessment for the  
current year.  
All parties concerned will please take  
notice and govern themselves accordingly.  
J. EARL HALLIWELL, Clerk,  
Stirling, May 8th, 1907.

Stirling's New Store.

The one price to all—all the time

WARM WEATHER REQUIREMENTS

Fancy Muslins, large assortment at 10c., 15c., and 25c.  
Ginghams, all size checks, regular 12 1/2c., our price 10c. yd.  
Extra heavy Print, 32 inches wide, regular 12 1/2c., our price  
only 10c. per yard.  
Very fine Print 32 inches wide, the best in the market, our  
price 12 1/2c. per yard.  
Chambrays, 10 different shades, 12 1/2c. per yard.  
A good assortment of Valenciennes Lace, insertion to match.  
Ladies and children's Cotton Hosiery from 10c. up to 50c. pr.  
Long Gloves, elbow length, black and white Lace and Lisle  
Thread, and white Silk, from 35c. to \$1.00 per pair  
Perrin's Kid Gloves, every pair guaranteed, at \$1.00 and  
\$1.25 pair, dressed and undressed.

MEN'S DEPARTMENT

Fancy Print Shirts, Balbriggan and Merino Underwear,  
Hats, Caps, Half Hose, Fancy Vests, at the lowest prices.

HOUSE FURNISHINGS

Carpets, Linoleums, Oilcloths, Curtains, Poles, Lace Curtains,  
Tapestry and Chenille Curtains, Table Covers, Window Shades.  
We make Window Shades to order, and guarantee them for  
two years.

DO NOT FORGET THAT WE SELL  
GROCERIES OF ALL KINDS

Our 25c. Tea has no equal. Try a pound.  
Quaker brand canned goods are the best.  
Corn and Peas, 3 cans for 25c.  
15c. Package Orange Meat,—10c. each.

G. W. ANDERSON.

Produce taken in exchange for goods or for cash. PHONE No. 29.

SEASONABLE SHOES  
IN CORRECT STYLES

You can afford to buy Fine Shoes  
when you get them at our prices.  
**Shoes for Women and Girls**  
Ladies' Patent Colt Oxford, lace and button, \$2.50, \$3.00, \$3.25.  
" and Misses' Patent Slippers, \$1.50.  
" Dongola Fancy Strap Slippers, \$1.25, \$1.50, \$1.75.  
Misses' Chocolate Oxfords, \$1.25.  
Ladies' and Misses' White Canvas Oxfords, \$1.25, \$1.50, \$1.75.  
Children's Red Kid Boots, \$1.00.  
" Chocolate Bluchers, 80 cts. to \$1.25.

**Shoes for Men**  
Men's Patent Colt Bluchers, \$3.00 to \$5.00.  
" Dongola and Box Calf Bluchers, \$1.75 to \$4.00.  
Boys' Patent Colt Bluchers, \$3.50.  
STRONG BOOTS for men, \$1.25 to \$2.50.  
Don't forget the "EMPRESS" and "CINDERELLA" SHOES for Women.  
SHOE DRESSING—5c, 10c, 15c, 25c.  
Repairing neatly done. Butter and Eggs taken in exchange.  
**J. W. BROWN**  
RELIABLE BOOT & SHOE MERCHANT

Farm for Sale

First class Dairy farm, partly situ-  
ated in the Village of Stirling.  
Particulars from  
DR. POTTS, Stirling.

CARLOAD OF  
McLAUGHLIN CARRIAGES

JUST ARRIVED  
Now is the time to secure your Buggy,  
as I have just opened up a carload of Mc-  
Laughlin Carriages, consisting of  
Steel tired Cornish Box Buggies  
Steel tired Piano Box Buggies  
Mikados, Democrats  
And a good assortment of  
Rubber tired Buggies

This is, without a doubt, the finest as-  
sortment of Carriages that has ever been  
shown in Stirling. A call solicited.  
Also some Fine Organized Sewing Ma-  
chines, Harness, etc., at rock bottom prices.  
A full line of Massey-Harris Farm Imple-  
ments always on hand. Three Massey-  
Harris Binders at a bargain.

**N. LANKTREE,**  
Mill Street, Stirling.  
P.S.—One one-horse Wagon, one two-  
horse Delivery Wagon, nearly new, and  
one Horse for sale.

Farm Laborers and Domestic

I have been appointed by the Dominion  
Government to place immigrants from the  
United Kingdom in position as farm la-  
borers or domestic servants in this vicinity.  
Any person requiring such help should  
notify me by letter, stating fully the kind  
of help required, when wanted, and wages  
offered. The number applying may not be  
sufficient to supply all requests, but every  
effort will be made to provide each appli-  
cant with help required.  
T. G. CLUTE,  
Canadian Gov't Employment Agent,  
Stirling P.O.

Wedding Invitations

NEATLY PRINTED IN THE  
BEST STYLE AT THE  
NEWS-ARGUS OFFICE.

**Lax-ets 5 C Sweet to Eat**  
A Candy Bowl Laxative.



# GIRLS RESCUED BY FIREMEN

## Fire Damages Large St. John Dry Goods Store.

A despatch from St. John, N. B., says: One of the most serious fires St. John has had in years was discovered a few minutes after noon on Friday in MacAuley Bros.' big dry goods establishment on King Street, and in a very short time thousands of dollars' worth of damage was done, and several young women employed in the millinery rooms on the fourth floor of the large building, had their means of escape cut off until the firemen placed ladders to the rear windows on South Market Street and carried the frightened girls to safety.

The fire started in the basement at the King Street front of the store, presumably in a quantity of cotton, but what caused it is not definitely known. Mr. B. R. MacAuley visited the basement about 11.30 o'clock, but at that time there was no sign of what eventually developed into the most serious conflagration in the firm's history.

A few minutes after noon, while the big showrooms were well filled with customers, an employee smelled smoke and a second later saw a curl of smoke from a fixture directly behind him. Word was soon passed to the customers and the store was emptied of all but employees without the slightest disorder. In the meantime dense smoke had filled the basement and

the elevator shaft to the upper floors. It being dinner hour, many clerks were away from the store. Three or four girls working as dressmakers on the upper floor, were nearly suffocated. One girl kept crying out, "I am going to hold on." At last the big girls rescued, nearly exhausted. Another girl was taken out of the front of the store by two of the firemen. The girls were rescued almost overcome with smoke. While the firemen were rescuing these girls by the rear window another young woman appeared at a big bow window on the King Street side of the third floor. It was feared she would jump to the street, but the firemen came to her rescue.

The flames were confined to the basement where the fire started. The whole of the splendid plate glass front was shattered by the fire, and much of the flooring on the lower floor was ripped up.

Firemen who were working in the cellar had a very narrow escape about 2 o'clock. They had just gotten out of the cellar when the first floor gave way, and fell into the cellar.

The loss is in the vicinity of \$100,000 with insurance of \$100,000, \$80,000 on the stock and \$20,000 on the building.

## LEADING MARKETS

### BREADSTUFFS.

Toronto, May 21.—Call board quotations are—  
Wheat—Ontario—No. 2 white, 78c bid, outside; No. 2 mixed, 77c bid, outside.  
Wheat—Manitoba—No. 1 northern, 96c asked, track Godrich.  
Barley—No. 3, 55c asked outside, 50c bid.  
Oats—No. 2, 80c asked, outside, 78c bid.  
Oats—No. 2 white, 43c bid for 10,000 bushels, 42c asked for 5,000 bushels.  
Rye—No. 2, 72c asked, outside.  
Prices are—  
Wheat—Manitoba—Lake ports—No. 1 hard, 98c; No. 1 northern, 96c; No. 2 northern, 94c.  
Wheat—Ontario—No. 2 white winter, 78c to 80c; No. 2 red, 78c to 80c; No. 2 mixed, 78c to 80c.  
Oats—No. 2 white, 41c, outside; No. 2 mixed, 40c.  
Corn—No. 3 yellow American, 57½c to 58c; lake and rail, 59c to 59½c; all rail, Ontario, 48c; Chatham, freightless.  
Rye—Quito dull, 65c to 66c.  
Barley—No. 2, 53½c to 54c, outside; No. 3 extra, 52½c to 53c; No. 3, 51½c to 52c.  
Flour—Ontario—90 per cent. patents, 53 to 53½ bid; Manitoba, first patents, 54½; second, 54 to 54½; bakers', 54½.  
Bran—\$21 to \$22; shorts quoted at \$22 to \$23, outside.

### COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Butter—Supplies are heavy, and increasing daily.  
Creamery, prints ..... 25c to 26c do solids ..... 23c to 24c Dairy, prints ..... 22c to 23c do tubs ..... 18c to 19c Cheese—13c for large and 13½c for twins.  
Eggs 17c to 17½c.  
Honey—Pails, 10c to 12c lb.; combs, \$1.50 to \$2.50 per dozen, according to quality.  
Beans—\$1.50 to \$1.55 for hand-picked and \$1.35 to \$1.40 for primes.  
Potatoes—Ontario, 85c to 90c; east-ern, \$1.00 to \$1.10 in car lots on track here, Ontario, nominal.  
Baled Hay—Steady at \$12.50 to \$13 per ton for No. 1 timothy and \$10 to \$11 for secondary grades, in car lots here.  
Baled Straw—Steady at \$6.75 to \$7 per ton, in car lots here.

### PROVISIONS.

Dressed Hogs—Firm at \$9.25 for lightweights and \$8.75 for heavies, farmers' lots. Car lots nominal.  
Pork—Short cut, \$23 to \$23.50 per barrel; mess, \$21 to \$21.50.  
Smoked and Dry Salted Meats—Long clear bacon, 11c to 11½c for tons and cases; hams, medium and light, 15½c to 16c; hams, 14½c to 15c; hams, 10½c to 11c; shoulders, 11c to 11½c; rolls, 11½c; cut of pickle, 1c less than smoked.  
Lard—Easier; tierces, 12½c; tubs, 12½c; pails, 12½c.

### MONTREAL MARKETS.

Montreal, May 21.—The local market for oats is very much stronger, and for No. 2 white Manitobas 46½c to 47c is now quoted, while for Ontario same grade 46c to 46½c is being quoted quite freely.  
Buckwheat—55c to 56½c per bushel.  
Corn—American No. 2 yellow, 55c; No. 3 mixed, 55c ex store.  
Pens—Bolling pens, \$1 in carload lots and \$1.10 in jobbing lots.  
Flour—Manitoba spring wheat, \$1.25 to \$1.30; strong bakers', \$1.40 to \$1.45; winter wheat patents, \$1.40 to \$1.45; straight rollers, \$3.50 to \$3.70; do, in bags, \$1.65 to \$1.75; extras, \$1.50 to \$1.55.  
Millfeed—Manitoba bran in bags, \$20 to \$22; shorts, \$22 to \$22.50; Ontario bran in bags, \$20 to \$21; shorts, \$22 to \$23.50; milled moultie, \$21 to \$22; straight grain, \$23 to \$24 per ton.  
Rolled Oats—Per bag, \$1.90 to \$2.  
Hay—No. 1, \$13.50; No. 2, \$12.50; No. 3, \$11.50; clover mixed, \$11; pure clover, \$10.50 to \$11 per ton in car lots.  
Cheese—Firm at 12½c.  
Butter—The market shows an easier feeling, and 21½c is freely quoted.  
Eggs—Prices are unchanged at 17½c to 18c.  
Lard—Compound lard, 9½c to 10½c; kettle lard, 13c to 13½c; pure lard, 12½c to 13½c.  
Pork—Barrel heavy Canada short cut mess pork, \$22.50; tierces, heavy

## GUELPH BANK SWINDLE.

Forger Works the Trick on Five Local Banks.

A despatch from Guelph says: Six local banks are reported to have been victimized by a slick stranger passing himself off as John Gillies, of Malden. By forging the nation's name to notes in banks where Mr. Gillies is well known the fellow succeeded in securing \$1,400, and, although the first notes were cashed last February, the forgery has only just leaked out. The banks concerned are the Metropolitan, Royal, Traders, Faculty and Commercial, and Dominion. The crime was discovered when the notes in the Royal and Metropolitan Banks matured, and when it was found that Mr. Gillies, of Malden, knew nothing about them. Those in the other four banks are not yet due so that Mr. Gillies has not been called upon to settle them. Not until these are due will these banks have his pronouncement upon them. In the meantime the banks are following up an active chase in an effort to locate the fictitious Mr. Gillies.

## BIG STRIKE AT BUFFALO.

Nearly 2,000 Freight Handlers Have Quit Work.

A despatch from Buffalo says: Nearly two thousand freight handlers on the docks quit work on Monday morning demanding an increase of wages from seventeen and one-half cents to twenty cents an hour. The freight house of the New York Central was the principal one affected. It is said that the strike affects all the transportation companies having freight houses along the docks and that the strike was in the nature of a surprise to many of the leading officials of the freight houses. It has been known for some time that the men were dissatisfied, but it is said that there was a general belief that all difficulties had been smoothed out and that there would be no strike. The strikers are what are known as inside men and are mostly Italians. They are said to be well organized. Neither the outside men nor the longshoremen are affected.

## FREE DELIVERY IN CITIES.

Post-office Department Arranging to Start in Seven.

A despatch from Ottawa says: Arrangements are being made for the establishment of the free postal delivery system in a number of Canadian cities which have never enjoyed that great postal convenience. Hon. Mr. Lemieux intimated some time ago that free delivery would be given in all cities of 12,000 population where the annual postal revenue is \$20,000 or more. It is understood that the revenue rule will not be too rigidly adhered to in granting delivery, as the revenue of most of the offices is growing very fast. The list of cities in which the free delivery system will be established has not been made yet, but a beginning is to be made in Windsor, Stratford, Sherbrooke, Guelph, Charlottetown, Edmonton, and Calgary.

## NEW YORK WHEAT MARKET.

New York, May 21.—Wheat—Spot easy; No. 1 red, 98½c in elevator and 99½c f.o.b. afloat; No. 1 northern Duluth, \$1.09 f.o.b. afloat; No. 2 hard-winter, \$1.02 f.o.b. afloat.

## CATTLE MARKET.

Toronto, May 21.—Prices were slightly higher on an active demand for cattle at the Western Market to-day. Values ranged from \$5.10 to \$5.40 for good to choice exporters, and from \$4.90 to \$5.05 for fair to good ones.

Choice selected butchers' cattle sold at \$4.90 to \$5.20; light to good butchers' cattle brought \$4.40 to \$4.85; common, \$4 to \$4.35; cows, \$3.25 to \$4.40 per cwt.

Good grain-fed lambs, \$7.50 to \$8 per cwt; common lambs very slow and all most unsaleable; spring lambs \$3 to \$8 each; export ewes firm at \$6 to \$6.50 each; bucks, \$4.50 to \$5.50.  
Heavy feeders, 1,050 to 1,150 lbs, were in steady demand at \$4.50 to \$4.75 per cwt. Short hogs brought \$4.75 to \$4.90 per cwt.  
Calves were steady at \$3 to \$7.50 each. Hogs were unchanged at \$6.62½ for select, and \$6.37½ for lights and fets per cwt.

## AWFUL RAVAGES OF PLAGUE.

Nearly Half a Million Deaths in the Past Three Months.

A despatch from London says: The Lancet's India correspondent reports that during the week ending April 13 there were 87,161 cases of plague and 75,472 deaths, the decrease of 14,000 in the number of cases, and 12,000 in the number of deaths from the previous week. From October, 1896, to December, 1906, the total deaths from the plague were 411,342, and during the first three months of 1907, no less than 455,000 deaths are known to have occurred. There has also been increased mortality from other causes. The death rate for the whole of India has increased steadily for the past five years from 29 per thousand in 1901 to 36 in 1905.

## A PLUCKY RESCUE.

Double Drowning at Galt Was Narrowly Averted.

A despatch from Galt says: Charlie Vroman, the 6-year-old son of Robbie Vroman, Bond Street, while playing at the race-way near, while playing at the race-way near, while playing at the race-way near, fell in. Robert Elliott, who works at the electric light works, jumped in to save the drowning boy, who held tight to his rescuer, Harvey Corbeau, who also had hurried to the scene, plunged in and succeeded in landing both.

## STOLE REGISTERED LETTERS.

Winnipeg Letter Carrier Pleaded Guilty and Got Three Years.

A despatch from Winnipeg says: Wm. M. Candline, a letter carrier, was charged in the Police Court on Monday morning with stealing registered letters. He pleaded guilty to six separate charges, and was given three years in the penitentiary on each charge, the terms to run concurrently.

## KING EDWARD'S GIFT.

Will Present Spanish Royal Baby With Artistic Silver Cup.

A despatch from London says: Prince Arthur of Connaught started for Madrid on Wednesday evening, taking with him King Edward's christening gift, a silver gilt cup of artistic design.

## CONDENSED NEWS ITEMS

HAPPENINGS FROM ALL OVER THE GLOBE.

Telegraph: Briefs From Our Own and Other Countries of Recent Events.

### CANADA.

Hamilton laborers are to receive 20 cents per hour.  
Toronto City Council fixed Monday, August 5, as Civic Holiday.  
D. S. Curry, compiler for Winnipeg, for 23 years, has resigned.

Only one-ninth of the Doukhobors have become Canadian citizens.  
Cotton operatives in St. John have been given an increase of ten per cent.  
Canada's trade for the twelve months ending March 31st, was \$912,581,351.

The Rainy River settlers endorse the movement for secession from Ontario.  
Calgary endorsed a by-law the other day to raise \$125,000 to install municipal phones.

Mr. D. B. Hanna has been appointed General Manager of the Canadian Northern Railway.

New permanent cavalry corps are to be established in Alberta and Saskatchewan.

Dr. Walter Murray English has been appointed Superintendent of Hamilton Asylum.

The Government has decided to prosecute a number of firms found selling oleomargarine as butter.

Burglars got \$1,200 in diamonds in a raid on DeLoe's jewellery store, Fort William, on Saturday night.

Immigration returns show that Ontario is getting the bulk of the arrivals from the continent of Europe.

From the estate of the late Harrison Corey of Petrolia the Government has received \$12,300 in succession duties.

The Minister of Education is considering the adoption of legislation to prevent the spread of tuberculosis in the schools.

The purchase by the C.P.R. of the New Brunswick Southern Railway from St. Stephen to St. John is announced.

Six C.P.R. telegraphers at Winnipeg gave a message boy their cheques amounting to \$400 to cash, and he did, but failed to return.

The old windmill at Prince Albert, which was used as a lookout by troops in the Northwest rebellion, was blown down on Friday.

James Dixon, an Indian near Nanton, Alberta, died of drinking whisky to excess, and Dan McDonald, who is accused of supplying it, is in jail.

Inspector Jarvis and four men of the R. N. W. M. P. are at Edmonton on their way to Herschell Island, where they will live for the next two years.

By a decision of Judge Morson of Toronto a restaurant-keeper may sell fruits, candies and ice cream on Sundays and allow the purchases to be taken from the premises.

The Railway and Municipal Board ordered that the Toronto Railway Company construct from ten to fifteen additional miles of double tracks and one hundred new cars.

James Clarke, for twenty years a conductor on the Canada Atlantic Railway, with the unique record of never having had a wreck or a serious accident of any description on his train, has been appointed by the Railway Commission an inspector of accidents and rolling stock. He will be stationed at Winnipeg.

An English lad of 17, becoming suddenly demented, escaped from the immigration hall in Edmonton, Alta., clad only in an undershirt. In this attire he twice swam the river, but was finally captured.

### GREAT BRITAIN.

The birth rate for 1906 of England and Wales is the lowest on record.

England is facing a railway strike, as the men demand recognition of their union.

The Colonial Conference endorsed the proposal of an all-British mail route to Australia, via Canada.

With one exception, the members of the West Ham Board of Guardians and workhouse officials have been sent to prison for accepting bribes.

Right Hon. Henry Chaplin, Unionist, was elected for Wimbledon, England, over Bertrand Russell, the suffragist candidate, by almost 7,000 majority.

### UNITED STATES.

One thousand young men of Chicago have formed a league to check drinking.

Abraham Ruef, the San Francisco boss, has pleaded guilty to the charge of extortion.

Fourteen men were killed by a pre-mature dynamite explosion near Marion, N. C.

Mr. Roderick Cochrane, who sent the first plough to Manitoba, is dead at Washington.

Smallpox has been taken into the towns of Derby and Ansonia, Conn., by gypsies.

210,000 farms in Iowa have the proud record of not one crop failure in 50 years.

John Hansen was fined \$100 at New York for showing moving pictures of the Thaw-White tragedy.

The United States submerine Octopus and Lake were kept 24 hours beneath the surface as an endurance test.

French state officials must not join labor organizations, it is announced, and school teachers are so classed.

Three persons were trampled to death and many injured in a panic in a negro school in Indiana Territory on Friday.

Harry Marshall, a bystander, was shot and killed during a riot among the striking longshoremen at New York on Friday.

Within six months after he began to smoke cigarettes, a fourteen-year-old George Miller, of Bridgeport, Conn., became insane.

Extensive forest fires have been raging since Sunday in Venango county, Pa. The fires cover an area of ten square miles and have already done damage amounting to \$75,000.

A well-known Chicago stock broker announced that he would not shave again until wheat rose to \$1.50 a bushel and cotton to \$14.00 a pound.

According to advices from leading cotton mills of southern New England, fully 85,000 operatives will have their wages advanced about 10 per cent., beginning May 27th.

# PLOT AGAINST LIFE OF CZAR

## Soldier Confesses That He Accepted Bribe to Assist in Murder.

A despatch from St. Petersburg says: A terrorist conspiracy directed against the life of Emperor Nicholas, the existence of which has been suspected for some time past, has been revealed by the arrest at Tarskoe-Selo of a soldier of the Guard Regiment. The man confessed to the acceptance of a large money bribe to assist in the murder of his Majesty.

According to the details of the plot, the existence of which has been confirmed by one of the highest officials of the court, suspicion was directed to the soldier by the fact that he was seen to have in his possession considerable sums of money. He was at once placed under observation. When he noticed that he was being shadowed he became panic-stricken and sought the authorities. He then broke down and voluntarily made his confession, after which he begged for protection.

All the threats of this conspiracy, which is radically different from former attempts of this nature, are not yet in the hands of the secret service men. A few underlings have been apprehended, but the real instigators of the crime, and the men who furnished the blood money, have not yet been identified.

It is thought that the money used is part of the proceeds of several political robberies committed during last Fall in Moscow. Many of the participants in these so-called expropriations have been arrested and executed, but the loot was never located.

The police officials maintain a mysterious silence when questioned regarding this conspiracy. They refuse to either affirm or deny the story, and limit themselves to stating that there is indication that the men arrested last week in this city were connected with this conspiracy.

This statement coincides with information obtained in revolutionary circles, where it is declared that the men apprehended last week were occupied with the reorganization of the fighting bands of the revolutionists, which the police succeeded last year in breaking up, and that the authors of the present conspiracy must be sought outside of St. Petersburg.

hended, but the real instigators of the crime, and the men who furnished the blood money, have not yet been identified. It is thought that the money used is part of the proceeds of several political robberies committed during last Fall in Moscow. Many of the participants in these so-called expropriations have been arrested and executed, but the loot was never located.

The police officials maintain a mysterious silence when questioned regarding this conspiracy. They refuse to either affirm or deny the story, and limit themselves to stating that there is indication that the men arrested last week in this city were connected with this conspiracy.

This statement coincides with information obtained in revolutionary circles, where it is declared that the men apprehended last week were occupied with the reorganization of the fighting bands of the revolutionists, which the police succeeded last year in breaking up, and that the authors of the present conspiracy must be sought outside of St. Petersburg.

## LEASING OF COAL LANDS.

New Regulations for the Western Provinces are Approved.

A despatch from Ottawa says: The Governor-General-in-Council has approved of new regulations concerning the leasing of coal lands in Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta, the Yukon, the Northwest Territories, and the railway belt of British Columbia. They provide that coal areas may be leased for a period of 21 years, at an annual rental of \$1 in advance; that no application shall be for more than 2,500 acres; that priority of legal possession shall ensure within 12 months; that a royalty of five cents per ton shall be paid, and that actual settlers shall be allowed to buy coal for their own use at the price not to exceed \$1.75 per ton at the pit's mouth.

## DRIVE STICK THROUGH BRAIN.

Dynamite Killed Workman on Construction East of Kenora.

A despatch from Kenora says: Another serious dynamite accident occurred on Wednesday at Parry Camp, about 40 miles east of here, on the C.P.R. construction work, under Foley Brothers, whereby Alex. McDonald, who has been in employment of the company for only three weeks, was killed. He was loading a hole with dynamite when the explosion occurred. The loading stick struck him under the chin, penetrating through to the brain. He was brought in to the Royal Jubilee Hospital in an unconscious state.

## THE DEADLY ROLLER.

James Torrance, a Young Man, Killed Near Lucknow.

A despatch from Lucknow says: A sad accident occurred on Friday morning resulting in the death of James, eldest son of Mr. Peter Torrance, near this village. The young man was engaged rolling in the field, and, although to one saw the accident, it appears that the horses, possibly frightened by a passing train, became unmanageable and ran away. When found Mr. Torrance was still alive but unconscious, and died shortly after. Deceased was about 24 years of age.

## JUDGE RIDDELL'S REPORT.

Attorney-General's Department Receives Letter Regarding Case.

A despatch from Toronto says: The Attorney-General's Department has received a communication from Mr. Justice Ridgell in reference to his judgment in which he sentenced Conductor Thompson who was in charge of the Grand Trunk train wrecked at Guelph, to three years' imprisonment. The judge in his letter asks that some action be taken by the department to learn what officials of the railway were responsible for allowing the man to work a longer number of hours in one day than the law allows. Some action will, it is understood, be taken by the department in accordance with the suggestion of the judge.

## CUTS OFF THIRTEEN LICENSES.

Decision of the Government Affecting Rainy River District.

A despatch from Toronto says: The Government has decided, according to Hon. Mr. Hanna, to suspend the liquor licenses in the Rainy River district between Fort William and Kenora during the double tracking of 200 miles of the C.P.R. between those points, on which thousands of laborers will be employed. The licensees at Kenora are exempted, that being an incorporated town, but the following licenses will go: Keewatin, three taverns, one shop; Wabigoon, two taverns and one shop; Dryden, two taverns; Vermilion Bay, Dindrie, Gold Rock and Ignace, one tavern license each, a total of thirteen licenses.

## BRITISH TRADE GROWS.

Exports and Imports for 1906 Exceed Those of Previous Year.

A despatch from London says: The statistics of the Board of Trade for the United Kingdom in 1906 show that the total imports from foreign countries and British possessions, valued at \$1,825,000,000, an increase of \$1,825,000,000 in 1905, while the exports were \$1,877,876,690 in 1906, as compared with \$1,271,170,500 in 1905. The total value of the imports from British possessions and protectorates in 1906 was \$710,826,200. The total exports to British possessions and protectorates were valued at \$606,706,390.

## TRAGEDY IN THE FAR NORTH.

A Trader Loses His Wife and Three Children.

A despatch from Duck Lake, Sask., says: Word comes here by a trader from the far north of a terrible drowning accident in which the wife and three children of G. Cardinal, another independent trader, perished. Cardinal and his family were crossing Galt Lake on a snowshoes, he being accompanied by a sled dog, when a severe storm, he turned, only to find the entire family perishing in the water, his desperate efforts to save them being without avail.

## LORD'S DAY ACT IN MANITOBA.

Deputation Asks Government That Certain Clauses Be Not Enforced.

A despatch from Winnipeg says: A deputation consisting of over one hundred restaurant keepers, wholesale men, retailers, fruit men and others, waited upon the Government on Wednesday morning and asked that certain clauses of the Lord's Day Act be not enforced, as it was in the best interests of the general public. The Government promised the deputation every consideration possible and intimated that after the decisions handed out at Toronto and Hamilton recently it would not be likely that restrictive measures would be enforced in Manitoba.

# CANADA'S BRIGHT PROSPECTS

## Population of Eighty Millions Before End of Century.

some empire, the same people permeated with a deeper sense of unity.

The Archbishop of Canterbury spoke of the immense and grave problem of Canada. A new underlying spiritual force are going there in quite inadequate numbers. The difficulty is as great as any the Church has had in the past. The Bishop of Montreal said all the wit and wisdom of England would be needed to solve the problem how to perpetuate the magnificent

loyalty now animating the Canadians







## We are Headquarters for FISHING TACKLE

### JOINTED RODS

All prices, from 25 cts. to \$4.00, in Bamboo, Split Bamboo and Steel.

### TROUT AND BASS FLIES

SILK LINES DELANEY BAITS  
TROLLING SPOONS ARCHER SPINNERS  
LEADER CASTS REELS  
CINCINNATI BASS HOOKS TAKE THE LEAD

See our line of SHIELD BRAND PIPES—the best 25c. Pipe on the market.

### CASED PIPES

Best English Briar, guaranteed, from \$1.75 to \$3.50.

**HENRY WARREN & SON**  
Hardware Phone 25



## Our Shoes are Winners

We lead all others in  
Fit, Quality, Price  
and Durability.

This is what those who are wearing our Shoes say.

Ladies' white Canvas Oxfords, covered heel, for \$1.25, \$1.50, \$1.75.

Ladies' Patent Colt Oxfords, lace and button, from \$3.00 up.

Misses' and Girls' White, Chocolate, Red, and Black Slippers, from \$1.00 up.

Men's Patent Colt Boots from \$3.50 to \$5.00.

Infants' "soft sole" Boots, finest variety in town, from 30c. up.

Lacrosse and Outing Shoes, men's and boys', lowest prices.

Fine Prunella Gaiters and Slippers, 50c. and 60c.

Shoe Polish from 5c. up. Shoe repairing a specialty.

**GEO. E. REYNOLDS,**  
SHOE KING.

P. S.—Butter and Eggs taken in exchange.

The steamer "Naomi," of the Crosby Transportation Company, was burned to the water's edge at 1:30 o'clock Tuesday morning, while on her way from Grand Haven to Milwaukee, across Lake Michigan. Fifty passengers were taken off by the steamer "Stratford" and transferred to the steamer "Kansa," of the same line. Four members of the crew were burned to death. Among the injured is Mr. J. M. Rhodes, of Detroit, who is in a hospital badly burned. He will probably die. Those rescued were taken off in small boats. The dead men were all coal passers. The loss on the "Naomi," which was in command of Captain Thomas Traill, is estimated at \$225,000.

## Constipation

Baked sweet apples, with some people, bring prompt relief for Constipation. With others, coarse all-wheat bread will have the same effect. Nature undoubtedly has a vegetable remedy to relieve every ailment known to man, if physicians can but find Nature's way to health. And this is strikingly true with regard to Constipation.

The bark of a certain tree in California—Cascara Sagrada—offers a most excellent aid to this end. But, combined with Egyptian Senna, Slippery Elm Bark, Solid Extract of Prunes, etc., this same Cascara bark is given its greatest possible power to correct constipation. A toothsome Candy Tablet, called Lax-ets, is now made at the Dr. Shoop Laboratories, from this ingenious and most effective prescription. Its effect on Constipation, Bilelessness, Sour Stomach, Bad Breath, Bowel Complication, etc., is indeed prompt and satisfying.

No grating, no unpleasant after effects are experienced, and Lax-ets are put up in beautiful lithographed metal boxes at 5 cents and 25 cents per box.

For something new, nice, economical and effective, try a box of

**Lax-ets**  
MORTON & HAIGHT.

**Spring Brook Medical,  
Surgical and X Ray  
Institute,**  
SPRING BROOK, ONT.

All Difficult and Chronic Diseases diagnosed and special treatment given.

DISEASES OF LUNGS, THROAT, EAR AND NOSE. FITTING OF GLASSES.

DISEASES OF WOMEN, PILES, CONSTIPATION, PROSTATIC DISEASES, GONORRHOEA, Catarrh of the Nose and all Acute and Chronic Diseases treated by the most approved, scientific principles.

All in doubt of their ailments should have an X RAY Examination.

R. ELGIN TOWLE, M.D., M.D.C.M., Physician-in-Charge.

Office Hours 12 to 3 p.m. Drug Store in connection.

### Canada's Example

In a speech in Manchester last week, Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman, Premier of Great Britain, quoting Sir Wilfrid Laurier's description of Europe as "an armed camp," spoke of the 4,000 miles of frontier between the United States and Canada without a fortress or warship along the line. "What," said Sir Henry, "could be finer than this high truce of God under which the two free sister nations have resolved to live within the security of that defenceless barrier, to banish these symbols of strife, prejudice, and suspicion, from their highway frontier? Is the relationship so established less noble than those which subsist between the nations of the old world, nations which still hug the ancient blasphemy that armed force is the only title to respect, the only guarantee of security? I think not. The new world has shown us a more excellent way. Heaven help these great confederations of free people. May they continue to prosper, and to go on in all that makes for real strength of State, to maintain in all its radiance their bright example."

### Georgian Bay Canal

Some time ago a commission was appointed for the purpose of preparing an estimate of the cost of a twenty-one foot waterway from the Georgian Bay to Montreal via French River, Lake Nipissing and the Ottawa River. This commission has almost completed its work, and estimates the cost of a canal such as is called for at \$105,000,000. The total length of the waterway is 460 miles, but over half of it is already suitable for any of the larger lake vessels, and the excavation work for the canal proper will be less than forty miles in length. If the canal is built it will practically make Fort William an ocean port, shorten the distance from Fort William to Montreal by 400 miles, and, it is estimated, reduce the cost of carrying grain from the West to the tide water by at least 85 cents per bushel. In addition to this it will make water power available for electrical development purposes to the extent of 500,000 horse-power, and should make of the Ottawa Valley, rich as it is in timber and iron ore, a great manufacturing centre.

### OF COURSE YOU CAN CURE YOUR RHEUMATISM!

No matter how long you have suffered or what remedies you have tried without relief, Bu-Ju will cure you. We know what Bu-Ju has done for people, bedridden and helpless. We know what Bu-Ju is doing every day for people tortured with Rheumatism, Sciatica, Lumbago, Neuralgia, Bu-Ju, The Gentle Kidney Pill, cures Rheumatism because it acts directly on the kidneys and stops the poisonous deposit of uric acid in the blood, which causes Rheumatism. Bu-Ju will cure your Rheumatism. Take it on our guarantee that your money will be refunded should it fail, see a large box, At all drug stores or by mail from The Bu-Ju Chemical Co. Limited, Windsor, Ont.

### THE COLD BATH.

Many Men Say They Like It, but They Don't Like It.

In a paper read at a meeting of an association for the study of tuberculosis an eminent doctor said that one of the curious facts connected with the practice of the cold bath in the morning is that so many of its votaries positively declare that they enjoy it. He contends that they do not and cannot enjoy it. The doctor is doubtless right as far as he goes, but he does not go far enough. He misses the main point, perhaps the only point worth emphasizing.

There is abundant reason to believe that the most curious fact connected with the cold bath in the morning is that so many people who insist that they enjoy it do not take it. There is vicarious atonement, and there is also vicarious bathing, and it is a very easy matter to enjoy a bath that is not taken, the bath of somebody else. Almost anybody gifted with a little imagination can sing the praises of a cold bath in the morning. There are the pleasant, even delightful, shudders of the first dip and splash; the brisk rub with a coarse crash towel; the warm, health giving glow; the new man feeling, exhilarating, uplifting, as one gets into his attire for the day's work, and, above all, the sense of cleanliness imparted by the cold bath every morning.

And it is equally easy to take a cold bath every morning. It only remains to turn on the hot water faucet and enter the tub. Or both faucets may be turned on and, without entering the tub, one may stir the water violently with his hands, draw long breaths and shiver perceptibly, but audibly. It will all sound remarkably lifelike, this performance, wonderfully like taking a cold bath. Even an alert and suspicious sentinel, stationed at the door, his ear delicately attuned to what is going on within, may be readily deceived by the cold bath in the morning.

Contemplate, some brooding August forenoon, the man who tells you that he fairly revels in the cold bath on winter mornings as he gingerly steers his bare feet through the ripples that are lazily lapping the beach at a shore resort, and believe in him and trust him if he you can. Watch him advance as if he were going to meet his doom, hesitate, glance shoreward longingly, retreat, immersing himself slowly, reluctantly, inch by inch. Suddenly he remembers that he must wet his head if he would avoid a chill, and he pauses to shampoo his hair in the sad sea waves—this hero of a thousand frigid baths on a thousand frozen mornings! As a matter of fact, what a man may do alone with his spouse in his bath room no other man may know, and what he pretends he does may be as "false as dicers' oaths."

### CULINARY CONCEITS.

Apples will not turn dark when pared if dropped into water to which lemon juice has been added.

When cooking rabbit always remove the kidney fat and the flavor of the meat will be greatly improved.

For a green omelet mix minced parsley with the beaten egg before turning it into the pan, and then cook without browning.

Instead of stuffing dates with nuts try filling them with cream cheese for an afternoon tea relish. Finely chopped nuts mixed with the cheese is an addition.

When frying croquettes or doughnuts in fat it is well to drop in small bit of bread when smoke begins to rise. If in about five minutes the bread begins to brown, the fat is ready for use.

Into the pot of boiling mutton drop an onion into which a clove has been stuck, a small carrot and a small bit of bay leaf. If the liquor is to be used for a soup, add a couple of tablespoonfuls of barley.

### Things Not to Do at Table.

Erasmus, the old Dutch philosopher and theologian, in his curious essay "On Behavior at Meals," remarks that it is "very rude to blow one's nose on the tablecloth" or to "wipe one's fingers on one's neighbor's coat." He also advises the guest "not to give dogs your bones to gnaw under the table or feed the cat or encourage animals to jump on the table. This may offend your host and lead to the soiling of his carpet." An admonition that might well be observed in the present day. "Above all," he says, "do not lick your plate. It is an act that ill becomes a cat, let alone a gentleman."

### Dogs and Drinking Water.

Who has not at some time or other envied the impunity with which a dog drinks brackish water that no human being dare touch? Civilized communities have solved the problem of a pure water supply so completely that they cannot get on without pure water power, by elimination of those most readily poisoned by bad water have become as a race immune to bad water. In this case the checking of natural selection does not matter, because the supply of good water can probably always be secured.—London Post.

### Not Impressed.

Bibliophile (angst)—I beg your pardon, madam, but that book your little girl is playing with is an old and exceedingly rare first edition. Caller—Oh, that's all right, Mr. Vibbert. It will amuse her just as much as if it were also new and new.

### How Did She Know?

"You've been making love to some other girl."

"How do you know?"

"Because you've improved so."—Life.

A good conscience is heaven: a bad one, hell.—German Proverb.

### ACADEMIC CO.

Square Cap or Berretta Hood Survival of the Ancient Cops.

Academic costume was originally the ordinary dress of the period in which it was prescribed. Medieval statutes were directed not to the wearing of any particular robe, but against extravagant taste or of deficiencies of dress. At Heidelberg, for instance, students were forbidden to go out without boots "unless clad in a garment reaching to the heels." The most purely academic part of the costume was the square cap or berretta, with a tuft on the top (in lieu of the very modern tassel), which was the distinctive badge of the mastership. Its possession was much coveted, and, according to one authority, "it is only in post medieval times that the berretta, first without, then with the sacred 'apex,' has been usurped, first by bachelors, then by undergraduates and now (outside the universities) by mere choristers or school boys." The gown, or toga, on the other hand, was an official robe or cassock of various colors, the favorite at Oxford being "green, blue or blood color."

The hood is a survival of the ancient cappa, or cope, which is still to be seen in the official robes of the chancellor of Cambridge. It formed part of the garment, like the cowl of a monk's robe, and was not restricted to graduates, being the ordinary clerical dress, and not even exclusively clerical. "It is only the material of the hood which was characteristic of degree or office," the use of miniver, for instance, being confined to masters. "Silk hoods came in perhaps toward the end of the fourteenth century as a summer alternative for masters, whose winter fur hoods were something more than an honorary appendage in the unwarmed schools and churches of medieval times." At Oxford undergraduates lost their hoods in 1480, but it was not till "about the beginning of Queen Elizabeth's reign" that the masters and stewards of incorporated societies, who also wore them, "cast them off their heads and hung them on their shoulders."—Dundee Advertiser.

### TAILORS IN A RIOT.

Refused to Permit a Performance That Satisfied Their Craft.

In 1769 Foote had produced a burlesque, the author of which has never been discovered, entitled "The Tailors; a Tragedy For Warm Weather." Dowton announced the revival of this piece for his benefit. As the title implies, it was a satire upon the sartorial craft, and upon the bills being issued an indignation meeting was convened by the knights of the needle, who vowed to oppose the performance by night and main.

Menacing letters were sent to Dowton telling him that 17,000 tailors would attend to his piece, and one, who signed himself "Death," added that 10,000 men could be found if necessary. These threats were laughed at by the actors, but when night came it was discovered that the craft were in earnest and that with few exceptions they had contrived to secure every seat in the house, while a mob without still squeezed for admission. The moment Dowton appeared upon the stage there was a hideous uproar and some one threw a pair of shears at him.

Not a word would the rioters listen to, nor would they accept any compromise in the way of changing the piece. Within howled and hissed without intermission hundreds of exasperated tailors; outside howled and belabored thousands of raging tailors, who attempted to storm the house. So formidable did the riot wax that a magistrate had to be sent for and special constables called out, but these were helpless against overwhelming odds, so a troop of life guards was ultimately summoned, who, after making sixteen prisoners, put the rest to flight.

### His Sense of Touch.

"A country grocer," said a lecturer, "was talking to a throng of customers about the wonderful sense of touch that the blind have. 'Here comes old blind Henry Perkins now,' said the grocer. 'Well test him.' As he took a scoopful of sugar and extended it to the old man, 'Feel this, Henry,' he said, 'and tell us what it is.' 'The blind man put his hand in the scoop, passed its contents through his fingers and said in a firm, confident tone, 'Sand.'"

### Dainty Deer.

How sensitive deer are in the matter of food was proved once again during the hearing of a case at Feltham, England, where three men were charged with sleeping in a deer pen in Bushey park. A keeper said they had pulled down from the racks about ten shillings' worth of hay, which the deer would not afterward touch because it had been lain upon. In fact, the deer would not go near the pens, as the men had slept there.

### Looking Forward.

"Do you think the time will ever come when every one will fly?"

"It may. But if it does I hope I'll not have to live near the people who use our next door neighbors now. I know they would be running in every day or two to borrow our wings."

### A Confirmed Pessimist.

Mrs. Cheerle—Well, auntie, you're looking much improved today. Are you feeling better? Mrs. Kronicke—No, I ain't no better. Maybe I'm not so bad as I was, but I ain't a bit better.

Cleverness is serviceable for everything, sufficient for nothing.—Amdel.

### WHEN BOSTON SHOOK.

An Earthquake That Rocked the City of November, 1755.

On November 18, 1755, "a little after 4 on a serene and pleasant night," Boston was roused by an earthquake which lasted nearly five minutes. A writer of the times gives an account of the catastrophe, and Rev. Henry White quotes it in his "Early History of New England."

One hundred chimneys were leveled to the roofs of the houses and fifteen hundred were shattered in part. The streets were covered with bricks which had fallen. The ends of brick houses were thrown down.

It was first introduced with a noise like several coaches rattling over pavements, or rather like many cart loads of paving stones thrown down. The first motion was a strong pulsation, which threw my house upward. Immediately after a tremor succeeded; then instantly a quick vibration with sudden jerks followed.

The first view I had was of the steeples of the churches, and I was glad to see them standing; but the spade and vane of Faneuil Hall market were thrown down.

Many persons ran into the streets, shrieking with apprehension of its being the last day or the judgment, and some thought they heard the last trumpet sounding and cried for mercy. The beast creatures loved, the birds fluttered in surprise, and all the animal creation was filled with terror. Every face looked ghastly, and many knees smote together. Never was such a scene of disaster in New England before.

### DON'T BORROW MEDICINE.

Physician Points Out the Grave Danger of Such a Course.

"And whatever you do," said a doctor to a poor patient, "don't take any borrowed medicine."

"Wasn't that an unnecessary caution?" asked a woman who happened to be present.

"Not in this neighborhood," said the doctor. "It is a common thing for people down here to lend medicine. They do it, of course, to help each other along. So far as I know, no one has paid the penalty of this neighborly kindness with his life, but it is the greatest wonder in the world that one-half the people in the neighborhood hasn't poisoned the other half."

"The first thing a sick person does is to describe his symptoms to his friends. He is pretty sure to find somebody in the crowd who has been afflicted with apparently the same ailment. Usually the former patient has some of the medicine left and straightway it is proffered as a possible cure."

"You might just as well have it," says the kindly neighbor. "It will be pretty sure to help you and will save doctor's bills."

"Of course it doesn't do anything of the kind. Nine times out of ten the stuff taken was prescribed for an entirely different ailment and makes the patient worse than he was in the beginning, but until the altruistic spirit results in some serious accident the practice is likely to continue."

### The Chatty English.

Every Englishman likes to be alone and have things to himself. If he cannot choose his company, he would rather have none. Englishmen are proud of the national idiosyncrasy, yet here comes one who, knowing all this, pays it no deference, but sets the national tradition at defiance and forces his intrusive presence on you. Why does this denationalized Englishman, when he may be as solitary as you wish to be yourself, not act as every true Englishman ought and go into the next carriage or take a seat at the other side of the room as far away as he can get from you? By all acknowledged laws of English intercourse he ought as much to dislike being near you as you dislike to be near him.—London Saturday Review.

The Hon. Rodolphe Lemieux says he has no intention of altering the recent new postal laws between Canada and the United States. Canada, he says, has far too long carried United States mails for almost nothing.

The president of the Manitoba Provincial Woman's Christian Temperance Union declares that there is in Manitoba more drunkenness than in any other province in the Dominion, and that the blame rests with the provincial government.

## For the Children

To succeed these days you must have plenty of grit, courage, strength. How is it with the children? Are they thin, pale, delicate? Do not forget Ayer's Sarsaparilla. You know it makes the blood pure and rich, and builds up the general health in every way.

The children cannot possibly have good health unless the blood is in proper condition. Give your children Ayer's Sarsaparilla. All vegetable sugar coated.

Made by J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass. Also manufactured by H. A. VIGOR, CHERRY PECTORAL.

We have no secret! We publish the formulae of all our medicines.

## HARDWARE!

Just placed in stock:

200 Barrels Belleville Portland Cement.

400 Gallons Elephant and Sherwin-Williams Paints.

A car of Asbestos Plaster.

A car of Wire Nails.

300 Screen Doors and Windows, all newest patterns.

My Store and Warerooms are filled with Hardware.

Prices right.

**L. MEIKLEJOHN.**



### OUR TAILORING

insures satisfaction as to the Style, Fit and Fabric of any garment you may order. Each coat, suit and overcoat is fashioned with care and skill.

### OUR PRICES

speak for themselves. You will find it hard to duplicate our offerings.

**JOHN M. McGEHEE,**

Next door to H. Warren & Son's Hardware Store.

## A Special Offer

### THE BUSY MAN'S MAGAZINE

(The Cream of the World's Magazines reproduced for Busy People)

### AND THE NEWS-ARGUS

will be sent to any address, one year, for \$2.00

The Subscription price of the Magazine alone is \$2 per year.

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

## PATENTS

TRADE MARKS, COPYRIGHTS & C.

Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. Handwritten or printed, free of charge. We secure patents for inventors, and receive special rates for those who are in need of them.

Scientific American.

A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, \$5 a year; four months, \$1.50. By mail, \$2.00.

MUNN & Co., 361 Broadway, New York.

Branch Office, 625 F St., Washington, D. C.

## PATENTS PROMPTLY SECURED

Write today for a free copy of our interesting book "Inventors' Help" and "How you are awarded." We have extensive experience in the successful prosecution of all foreign patents. Send sketch, model or photo for free analysis. We are in New York, London, Paris, Berlin, Vienna, and all other cities.

THE STIRLING NEWS-ARGUS

is published every Thursday morning at the office of publication, North street, Stirling.

First door north of Parker's drug store, by JAMES CURRIE.

Subscription Price, \$1.00 per year.

If paid in advance. If not so paid, \$1.25 will be charged.

Correspondence invited on all legitimate subjects, the real name of the writer to be furnished the editor in every case. This rule can have no exception.

### ADVERTISING RATES.

For ordinary business: 10 lines for 2 months: 10 lines for 3 months: 10 lines for 4 months: 10 lines for 5 months: 10 lines for 6 months: 10 lines for 7 months: 10 lines for 8 months: 10 lines for 9 months: 10 lines for 10 months: 10 lines for 11 months: 10 lines for 12 months: 10 lines for 13 months: 10 lines for 14 months: 10 lines for 15 months: 10 lines for 16 months: 10 lines for 17 months: 10 lines for 18 months: 10 lines for 19 months: 10 lines for 20 months: 10 lines for 21 months: 10 lines for 22 months: 10 lines for 23 months: 10 lines for 24 months: 10 lines for 25 months: 10 lines for 26 months: 10 lines for 27 months: 10 lines for 28 months: 10 lines for 29 months: 10 lines for 30 months: 10 lines for 31 months: 10 lines for 32 months: 10 lines for 33 months: 10 lines for 34 months: 10 lines for 35 months: 10 lines for 36 months: 10 lines for 37 months: 10 lines for 38 months: 10 lines for 39 months: 10 lines for 40 months: 10 lines for 41 months: 10 lines for 42 months: 10 lines for 43 months: 10 lines for 44 months: 10 lines for 45 months: 10 lines for 46 months: 10 lines for 47 months: 10 lines for 48 months: 10 lines for 49 months: 10 lines for 50 months: 10 lines for 51 months: 10 lines for 52 months: 10 lines for 53 months: 10 lines for 54 months: 10 lines for 55 months: 10 lines for 56 months: 10 lines for 57 months: 10 lines for 58 months: 10 lines for 59 months: 10 lines for 60 months: 10 lines for 61 months: 10 lines for 62 months: 10 lines for 63 months: 10 lines for 64 months: 10 lines for 65 months: 10 lines for 66 months: 10 lines for 67 months: 10 lines for 68 months: 10 lines for 69 months: 10 lines for 70 months: 10 lines for 71 months: 10 lines for 72 months: 10 lines for 73 months: 10 lines for 74 months: 10 lines for 75 months: 10 lines for 76 months: 10 lines for 77 months: 10 lines for 78 months: 10 lines for 79 months: 10 lines for 80 months: 10 lines for 81 months: 10 lines for 82 months: 10 lines for 83 months: 10 lines for 84 months: 10 lines for 85 months: 10 lines for 86 months: 10 lines for 87 months: 10 lines for 88 months: 10 lines for 89 months: 10 lines for 90 months: 10 lines for 91 months: 10 lines for 92 months: 10 lines for 93 months: 10 lines for 94 months: 10 lines for 95 months: 10 lines for 96 months: 10 lines for 97 months: 10 lines for 98 months: 10 lines for 99 months: 10 lines for 100 months: 10 lines for 101 months: 10 lines for 102 months: 10 lines for 103 months: 10 lines for 104 months: 10 lines for 105 months: 10 lines for 106 months: 10 lines for 107 months: 10 lines for 108 months: 10 lines for 109 months: 10 lines for 110 months: 10 lines for 111 months: 10 lines for 112 months: 10 lines for 113 months: 10 lines for 114 months: 10 lines for 115 months: 10 lines for 116 months: 10 lines for 117 months: 10 lines for 118 months: 10 lines for 119 months: 10 lines for 120 months: 10 lines for 121 months: 10 lines for 122 months: 10 lines for 123 months: 10 lines for 124 months: 10 lines for 125 months: 10 lines for 126 months: 10 lines for 127 months: 10 lines for 128 months: 10 lines for 129 months: 10 lines for 130 months: 10 lines for 131 months: 10 lines for 132 months: 10 lines for 133 months: 10 lines for 134 months: 10 lines for 135 months: 10 lines for 136 months: 10 lines for 137 months: 10 lines for 138 months: 10 lines for 139 months: 10 lines for 140 months: 10 lines for 141 months: 10 lines for 142 months: 10 lines for 143 months: 10 lines for 144 months: 10 lines for 145 months: 10 lines for 146 months: 10 lines for 147 months: 10 lines for 148 months: 10 lines for 149 months: 10 lines for 150 months: 10 lines for 151 months: 10 lines for 152 months: 10 lines for 153 months: 10 lines for 154 months: 10 lines for 155 months: 10 lines for 156 months: 10 lines for 157 months: 10 lines for 158 months: 10 lines for 159 months: 10 lines for 160 months: 10 lines for 161 months: 10 lines for 162 months: 10 lines for 163 months: 10 lines for 164 months: 10 lines for 165 months: 10 lines for 166 months: 10 lines for 167 months: 10 lines for 168 months: 10 lines for 169 months: 10 lines for 170 months: 10 lines for 171 months: 10 lines for 172 months: 10 lines for 173 months: 10 lines for 174 months: 10 lines for 175 months: 10 lines for 176 months: 10 lines for 177 months: 10 lines for 178 months: 10 lines for 179 months: 10 lines for 180 months: 10 lines for 181 months: 10 lines for 182 months: 10 lines for 183 months: 10 lines for 184 months: 10 lines for 185 months: 10 lines for 186 months: 10 lines for 187 months: 10 lines for 188 months: 10 lines for 189 months: 10 lines for 190 months: 10 lines for 191 months: 10 lines for



# THE STIRLING NEWS-ARGUS.

\$1.00 PER ANNUM IN ADVANCE.  
\$1.25 IF NOT PAID IN ADVANCE.

STIRLING, HASTINGS COUNTY, ONT., THURSDAY, MAY 30, 1907.

Vol. XXVIII, No. 37.



**The King Hat**  
CROWNS  
the World

## Before Deciding

on that New Hat ask to see our Buckley, King, Carter and Wilkinson

## STIFF HATS

each has style, quality and VALUE

that makes the the crown head of all other Hats.

## Fine Light Weight

## Fur Felt Hats

you will find the Leaders here, Wilkinson, Christy, Belmont, Borsalino, anything that is good in

## HATS and CAPS

**FRED T. WARD,**

Headquarters for Men's Fine Ordered Clothing, Haberdashery, Etc.

## THE PEOPLE'S STORE

Call and see our Bargains

Colored Muslins, from 10 cts. up.  
White Curtain Muslins, 8 cts. up.  
Curtain Nets and Scrim.  
White and Black Underskirts—all kinds.  
Ladies' Suits.  
White Blouses from 75 cts. up.  
Boys' Bathing Suits at 50 cts.  
Cotton Hose, 10 cts. up.  
Good Seamless Hose, 2 for 25 cts.  
Cashmere Hose, 25 cts. up.  
Men's Socks, 10 cts. up. Men's Cashmere Socks, 20 cts. up.  
Figs, 5 lbs. for 25 cts.  
Prunes, 3 lbs. for 25 cts.  
Cleaned Currants, 3 lbs. for 25 cts.  
Raisins, 3 lbs. for 25 cts.  
Oatmeal, 8 lbs. for 25 cts.  
Heintz Sweet Pickles, per quart 25 cts.  
Maple Syrup, per bottle 25 cts.  
Christie's and Telfer's Biscuits, per box 25 cts.  
Cornstarch, 3 boxes for 25 cts.  
Fresh Oranges and Lemons.  
Bee Hive Corn Syrup.  
A few Raincoats left. A bargain while they last.

Highest price for Butter and Eggs.

**C. F. STICKLE.**

## The Jewelry Store

IS THE PLACE TO BUY YOUR Stationery and Optical Goods

and while you are buying them we feel quite sure that you will be convinced that it is the place to buy anything else that you require in our line.

## Repairs Solicited

and prompt attention guaranteed.

**H. HADLEY,**  
WATCHMAKER, JEWELER, & OPTICIAN

In Ten Minutes

spent in a visit here you can do more towards choosing a Suit than in days of thinking and guessing at home.



## CALL

Go down through the rows of our fine Tweed and Worsted Suitings.

Keep one eye critical, the other economical, and stop only when you have exactly met your idea of what's right, at the price you intended to pay.

## Spring Overcoats

\$8.50 to \$12.00, for as dressy a garment as you ever saw in your life.

The Ward Brand of Ready-to-Wear Suits are the Leaders for well dressed Men and Boys.

### Rawdon Council.

Rawdon Town Hall, May 27, 1907. Council met pursuant to adjournment. Members all present. Minutes of last regular meeting were read and confirmed.

W. J. Meiklejohn, asked that the sum of \$25 be granted to be expended in placing gravel on Seymour town line, 10th and 11th concessions. Moved by Mr. Dracup, seconded by Mr. Eggleton, that the amount be granted, provided that Seymour Council grant a similar amount. Carried.

James Williams presented a bill for building a tile culvert on Seymour town line, amounting to \$1.25. Rawdon's share, one-half of this amount, was ordered paid.

John E. Thompson asked for a grant on Seymour town line, 14th con., to supplement a similar grant made by Seymour Council. The sum of \$50 was granted.

Louis Radcliff and Benjamin Stiles asked that aid be given to draw and spread gravel on side road between lots 18 and 19, con. 11. \$15 was granted.

David McComb was instructed to repair the hill at lot 9, con. 11.

The sum of \$5 was granted to be expended by Walter Spry on side road between lots 6 and 7, con. 14.

Twenty-five dollars was granted on road front of lots 3 and 4, con. 11, to be expended by John Bateman, and \$10 to be expended by Robert Cassidy in front of lot 7, con. 11.

Moved by Mr. Moore, seconded by Mr. Eggleton, that the amount of fines paid to the township Treasurer in the case of King vs. Towle, be set apart for the enforcement of the Liquor License Act in this township. Carried.

The Council instructed the road surveyor to inspect the sidewalks at Spring Brook and Bellview and have the same repaired forthwith.

The following amounts were ordered to be paid:

Elizabeth McMullen, support of P. Smith to April 26th.....\$15.70

M. C. Sine, support of P. Smith to date.....8.50

J. S. Williams, half share tile drain Seymour town line.....2.13

Mrs. Orser, medicine.....1.50

Walter Martin, gravel.....6.02

Assessors, attending Court of Revision.....8.00

T. G. McConnell, books for township.....8.80

S. Armstrong, support Mrs. Orser.....14.75

H. W. Sabine, half year's printing \$80, printing by-laws \$25.....55.00

D. Gordenier, support Mrs. Watson.....11.00

Council adjourned to meet on Monday August 5th.

THOS. C. McCONNELL, Clerk.

### Cheaper School Books

The tenders for the publication for eighteen months, from June next, of the public school readers, has been awarded to the Canada Publishing Company, of Toronto, of which Mr. S. G. Beatty is president. This decision was announced by the Hon. Dr. Pyne, Minister of Education, at the close of a cabinet meeting on Thursday afternoon. The prices offered by the company are far lower than even the most sanguine members of the cabinet had hoped for. In the case of part one of the First Reader the company's tender for retail price is five cents, which is exactly one-half of the present price. For the other four readers of the series the price is in every instance, below one-half. In addition, there is a discount of twenty-five percent on one or more copies bought direct from the publishers, and an extra discount of ten percent on all quantities purchased of the value of \$250 and upwards. On the basis of the official reports of last year's attendance, it was figured out by one cabinet minister that if only one reader is purchased by every pupil in the respective forms, there will be an actual aggregate cash saving to the parents who have to provide the money for the books of \$60,000 a year. As showing the difference in cost, it may be stated that while a set of the old readers cost \$1.15, under the new contract the price will be just 49 cents.

### Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy

There is probably no medicine made that is relied upon with more implicit confidence than Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. During the third of a century in which it has been in use, people have learned that it is the one remedy that never fails. When reduced with water and sweetened it is pleasant to take. For sale by J. S. Morton.

### Wellman's Corners

The fakir who was holding forth in the Orange Hall has left for pastures new, carrying with him a considerable amount of cash, and leaving behind, besides his nostrums, a good deal of ruffled feelings among those who were contending for his prizes. It seems strange that people cannot see that they are being gulled out of their money by such foolish competition.

Mrs. Jas. Parks is very ill.

Mr. Charles Totton is home from Toronto University, visiting his parents and other friends.

Mr. Daniel Wootton who has been ill, is convalescent.

Miss Hume of Burnbrae was the guest of Miss Mary Sharpe on Victoria Day.

Mrs. James Maybee is able to be out again.

Inspector Mackintosh visited the school here last week.

The annual meeting of Wellman's Sabbath School was held on Thursday evening of last week. The old staff of officers and teachers were elected, with the exception of Mr. W. S. Dracup being made teacher of Class No. 4. Three assistant teachers were appointed, Mrs. E. Maybee, Miss Nellie Totton, and Mr. Wm. Morton.

The Rifle Company had their shoot on Victoria Day, and the score was as follows:

Captain T. Wootton 58, B. Nix 48, E. Jackson 46, R. Totton 12, W. Pounder 40, F. Matthews 37, J. Woodward 34, G. Watson sr. 16, J. Snarr 25, A. Wellman 42, J. McOnie 15, V. Taylor 15, A. Sharpe 37, W. Johnston 15, S. Dracup 25, C. Dracup 42, W. Garrison 7, B. Anderson 31, R. Walker 17, S. Wallace 33, M. Johnson 32, T. Brennan 42, R. Reid 41, W. Anderson 46, J. Harrison 22, B. Totton 37, G. Bailey 12, T. Reid 42, H. Morton 4, C. Morton 6, W. Westcott 8, J. Rainie 3, U. Clancy 41, I. Clancy 55, W. Snarr 2, G. Whitton 7, J. Farrell 17, T. Matthews 8, H. Hoover 27, J. Parks 9.

### Refused a License

License Inspector Hugh Walker and the Board of License Commissioners for West Hastings were in Frankford for the purpose of considering the granting of a license to the North American hotel, owned by Mr. Cambridge, but leased by a Mr. Smith. The latter was given 80 days from the 1st of May to sell out. Mr. McMahon asked for a transfer of the license to him, and the owner of the building favored Mr. McMahon, but the commissioners refused to grant the request and now there are only two hotels in Frankford instead of three, as formerly.

### The Raw Material

A barroom cannot be run without material. The raw material is the boys and young men of our homes. Whose home is furnishing this material? What father or mother says "I don't care, the barroom does not injure me or my home." Where are the drunkards and paupers produced? Tell us how much happiness, thrift, manliness and moral character are produced by the barrooms.

Every poorhouse is a protest against liquor selling, for three-fourths of the poor are victims of the traffic. Every jail is an indictment against the business, for four-fifths of the criminal are the finished products of the liquor business. Three out of four of all the dollars paid in taxes by the people are simply the contribution which the people are compelled to make to defray the running expenses of the barroom. Is this common sense?

Dr. and Mrs. Sing, living in Thurlow, near Belleville, narrowly escaped being burned to death in their residence, which was totally destroyed by fire on Saturday morning last. The couple are about 70 years of age. There was an insurance on the building of \$2,800.

The Reformed Episcopal Church of the Dominion of Canada held their annual meeting of synod in Belleville last week. All the reports were satisfactory especially the report of the committee on the state of the church, which showed an increase of twenty-five per cent. in communicant membership.

### Relief From Rheumatic Pains

"I suffered with rheumatism for over two years," says Mr. Roland Curry, a palmerman of Key West, Fla. "Sometimes it settled in my knees and lamed me so I could hardly walk, at other times it would be in my feet and hands so I was incapacitated for duty. One night when I was in severe pain and lame from it my wife went to the drug store here and came back with a bottle of Chamberlain's Pain Balm. I was rubbed with it and found the pain had nearly gone during the night. I kept on using it for a little more than two weeks and found that it drove the rheumatism away. I have not had any trouble from that disease for over three months." For sale by J. S. Morton.

## £ Sterling Hall

Now that the "Merry Month of May" has brought summer weather, the summer girl will be expecting us to make good with the latest creations for her summer attiring. We stand ready to show the goods. The looking is easy, so too, are the prices.

### Ladies' Covert and Tweed Short Coats.



These are correct city styles for summer evenings.

Ladies' Black Cloth Jackets at \$5.00, \$7.00, \$10.00.

Ladies' Fawn Covert Jackets at \$7.00.

Ladies' Grey Tweed Jackets at \$5.00, \$7.00, \$9.00.

### Summery Tweed Skirts

There's a big bouquet of good values in our Skirt department just now, both in plain Blacks and light Tweeds.

The goodness of the values will be appreciated on sight.

Dark Grey Tweed Skirts, extra value, at \$2.50.

" " " " " " at \$4.00.

Light and Medium Fancy Tweed and Homespun Skirts extra value, at \$4.00 and \$5.00.

### WHITE MUSLIN UNDERWEAR

Our assortment and values in this line are incomparably better than ever shown in Stirling before. Prices on Lawn, Laces and Embroideries, and cost of labor, have been rapidly advancing for many months, but our contracts placed before these advances bring us values which our customers will readily appreciate on sight.

WHITE MUSLIN CORSET COVERS, both Lace and Embroidery trimmed, at 25c., 35c., 50c., 75c., \$1.00.

WHITE MUSLIN DRAWERS, Lace and Embroidery trimmed, at 25c., 35c., 50c., 75c., \$1.00.

WHITE LAWN GOWNS, dainty Lace and Embroidery effects, at 50c., 75c., \$1.00, \$1.25, \$1.50, \$2.00.

WHITE LAWN SKIRTS, all lengths and styles, at 75c., \$1.00, \$1.25, \$1.50, \$2.00.

### WHITE LAWN WAISTS

There's nothing prettier or more stylish in White Waists than our showing, else we would have them.

Made in fine Persian Lawns, of good wearing and washing qualities, and trimmings—well, just a dreamland of beautiful effects. They are ready for showing at 75c., \$1.00, \$1.25, \$1.50, \$1.75, \$2.00, \$2.50, \$3.00.



### CHARMING DISPLAY of NEW PARASOLS

Have a look at the display of new sun shades in our East window. It puts in the shade all our previous Parasol efforts. The range is a complete summer one in White, Fancy and Black, in Ladies, and Fancies in Children's.

**W. R. MATHER,**

Direct Importer of Staple and Fancy Dry Goods and Retailer of Everything to wear for Everybody.

### For Sale

The subscriber offers for sale ten acres of land, with good house and barn, situated on the east side of Henry street, just outside the corporation of the village of Stirling. For terms and further particulars apply to

C. L. WINTER.

**Lax-ets 5 C Sweet to Eat**  
A Candy Bowl Laxative.

### MEAT SHOP

Under new management. The business formerly carried on by A. H. SERLEY, is now changed to

**SEELEY & HATTON**

We are prepared to supply the public with first-class Meats of all kinds at lowest cash prices.

SEELEY & HATTON.

## The Sovereign Bank of Canada.

Current Accounts and Savings Deposits received at all Branches at best rates consistent with conservative banking.

Interest paid 4 times a year on Savings Deposits.

STIRLING, HAVELOCK, MARMORA.

STIRLING BRANCH.

W. R. HOWSON, Manager.











THURSDAY, MAY 30, 1907.

The weather which has prevailed during the past two months, while the coldest for the season of which any record is found, presents some peculiar features. The weather-man at the Toronto Observatory says: "It is interesting to note that while in Ontario and Quebec have been shivering with the cold, the more favored dominions of the sub-Arctic circle have been enjoying weather that would melt the pole of a polar bear. In Yukon the temperature has been in the neighborhood of 70 degrees for the past month, and, on several occasions, it has soared above 80 degrees."

The Dominion Railway Commission has been doing some good work of late investigating the causes of railway accidents, particularly the over-working of employees and to defective rails. The frequency of serious railway accidents on this continent is not much credit to our civilization. It is fully time that a serious effort was made to put a stop to them. That many of them are preventable is becoming more and more apparent. The responsibility should be properly placed in every case, whether on the employee, the employer, or the manufacturer of defective rails. It is easy enough to reach the employee; it may be more difficult to reach the others; but it should not be impossible. The Woodstock Sentinel-Review is of the opinion that a vigorous prosecution of a manufacturing concern for selling imperfect rails, even if it did not result in a conviction, would probably result in more care being taken in the future. The probability is that in the end most of the railway accidents could be traced to human greed.

### Crop Conditions in the West

Very encouraging reports have recently been made to the Manitoba Free Press regarding the crop situation in Western Canada. Wednesday night saw the completion of wheat seeding in the Regina district. May 24 is considered early, instead of late, for the completion of wheat seeding there, where the land is heavy. Cold nights are said to have assisted rather than delayed the getting in of the grain, as the frost has not come out too rapidly. The average of Manitoba will be about 10 per cent, less than last year, but Saskatchewan will show an increase. The majority of reports are that earlier sown wheat is from one to two inches above ground, and the plants are vigorous. The soil is said to be in good condition and the seed well put in. Reports from some points in Alberta state that fall wheat there is in prime condition. The season is late, but with the growing possibilities of the West, good weather from now on will ensure an excellent, if not a bumper, crop.

The Minister of Agriculture for Manitoba says the conditions under which the seed was sown had not been so good for years, and there is yet ample time to mature the best crop in ten years. Hon. W. R. Motherwell, speaking for Saskatchewan, considers the conditions under which the wheat was seeded, hold out the prospect of a bumper yield. Merchants of Winnipeg say they are doing 50 per cent. more business than they were at this time last year. The Council of the Regina Board of Trade are taking energetic steps to correct the erroneous impression which seemed to prevail in Eastern Canada, Great Britain and other parts, in regard to the alleged lateness of spring seeding in the West, and prospect of a straightened position.

### Peace vs. War

The advocates of international peace who are meeting at The Hague suffer sneers and discouragements enough, but they have time on their side. A few centuries ago a reformer who proposed to abolish the death penalty for witchcraft, or heresy would have been branded as an enemy of God and man. Still more recently the men who tried to bring about the abolition of the death penalty for petty theft were regarded as visionaries and disturbers of the established order of society.

The champions of war in this age are full of notions as absurd as those of witchcraft. The American Consul in Winnipeg, intending to show courtesy by hoisting the Canadian flag, did something that was interpreted as a symbol that Canada was a conquered country. To avenge this insult, the American flag was pulled down. This is another "international insult" in the language of the jingoists, and war is the only means of wiping it out. Nothing in the history of witch-finding or heresy hunting is more ridiculous than the idea that two nations should fight over such a cause.

Only a shade less ridiculous is the idea that Japan and the United States should go to war because San Francisco will not allow Japanese boys to attend her schools. The action is, no doubt, wrong and illiberal; but to allow it to embroil two great nations in war would be nothing short of criminal insanity, such as might fitly characterize two communities of Thugs. Ridiculous has been heaped on the phrase "Japenita Americana," but a nation acting on the same motive of revenge is lauded by the jingoists as exemplifying the highest patriotism.

Reports made to the Department of Agriculture state that fall wheat has suffered greatly from the frost in April, and the crop will not be a good one. Vegetation is about two weeks behind the usual record. Fruit trees are also about two weeks later than usual in coming into bloom.

### Teachers' Association

The North Hastings Teachers' Association held their annual meeting in the Town Hall, Madoc, on May 22nd and 23rd. The meeting was called to order at 10 a.m. Wednesday, with Mr. Mackintosh, the president in the chair.

After roll call the minutes of the last meeting were read and adopted. The first paper was on "Grammar to III Forms" by Miss Breckell. She read a short sketch showing her method of teaching the subject without reference to formal grammar and the use of technical terms. She then illustrated her method by teaching a most interesting lesson on Case to a class of her pupils.

A discussion followed in which many useful suggestions were made.

#### AFTERNOON SESSION

The Association resumed work at 1.00 p.m., the president in the chair. The election officers for the ensuing year then took place by open vote and resulted as follows:

President—Mr. E. T. Williams  
Vice-President—Miss Breckell  
Secretary—Miss Feeney  
Treasurer—Mr. J. B. Morton  
Executive Committee—Misses Faulkner, Thompson and Bishop, and Messrs. Macdonald, Moore, Jordison, McConeil and Greave.

It was decided to hold the next annual convention at Bancroft, the date to be fixed by the Executive Committee.

Geography to Fourth Forms was then very fully discussed in an interesting paper by Mr. Williams. He showed that to get the best results the work must be systematized and the underlying principles of Geographic knowledge be placed upon a sound foundation, that is as far as the pupils' ken will permit. He urged the frequent use of the globe, especially in teaching the relative positions of continents, countries, and places. The pupils should be led to see that each geographic feature or agent, such as mountains, plateaus, plains, rivers, glaciers, winds or ocean currents, has its effects or influence upon history, economic relations and social life. Here it was shown to be practically impossible to divorce geography from history—one is the cause, the other the effect.

Dr. Goggin of Toronto was at this time introduced, and gave an interesting and practical address on Literature. After giving several definitions of Literature, he proceeded to show the different objects of studying the subject, and why it is taught. The method of teaching must depend on the age of the child. The young child first reads for the pleasure of the story, then he tests its conformity to truth, while later on he reads for the pleasure derived from truths lying underneath the surface.

The speaker laid great emphasis on the importance of infusing of patriotism in the hearts of the children. Instruct them rather than decorate them with symbols; have the spirit back of the symbol.

He closed this instructive address by outlining a method of teaching Longfellow's poem, "Excelsior."

Miss Bishop read an excellent paper on Art, which was very practical. She had several specimens of work that had been done in her school during the present year. These won the admiration of the teachers and showed what might be done in the way of teaching the subject in all schools.

In the evening a large audience listened to a most interesting, practical, and suggestive address on "Success" by Dr. Goggin. Music was furnished by Misses O'Hara and Kerr and Mr. Alexander, of Madoc. The chair was filled by Mr. A. F. Wood.

#### THURSDAY, MAY 23RD

The Association resumed work at 9 a.m., the president in the chair. After the roll call the minutes of the last session were read and approved.

Mr. R. Weir then dealt with a very important subject—fifth classes in rural schools. He showed that what could be done by the teachers toward encouraging pupils to attend school after passing the entrance examination, and showed the benefit such a class was to the teacher and also to the other classes. Fifth classes open a wide field for both pupils and teacher, and every teacher should hail this opportunity with delight as it opens to him a field in which he or she may be a teacher in the true sense of the term. In many cases pupils are likely to have older pupils for their ideals rather than grown people. In having the fifth class in the school we lift their approachable ideal one step further. He thought one of the best tests of a country teacher was his fifth class. He showed that time might be saved for other classes by having this class, and urged the teachers to do what they could towards keeping up a fifth class.

Dr. Goggin took up Primary Reading in a most practical way. Special care should be taken to give the child a making use of his former experiences. Let the child do something—he is anxious to be busy and he will teacher should make use of this desire by directing the impulse. He showed that in an extremely short time children might be taught to read.

Miss Henderson gave a very valuable paper on Geography to first and second forms. In the early stages the subject should be taught entirely by observation—things seen are mightier than things heard. She urged the advisability of having the children find out their own definitions. This was to be done by making excursions with the pupils to points of interest to be taught.

#### AFTERNOON SESSION

At 1.30 the association again resumed work. Dr. Goggin gave another of his most excellent addresses, this one being on Nature Study.

Nature deals with man's environments, therefore he should have some knowledge of it.

The teacher must take the child to nature—let them use their eyes and ears.

#### Good Words for Chamberlain's Cough Remedy

People everywhere take pleasure in testifying to the good qualities of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. Mrs. Edward Phillips of Barclay, Wis., writes: "I wish to tell you that I can recommend Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. My little girl, taking this remedy whenever she has had a cold, has been well ever since. About a month ago she contracted a dreadful cold myself, but I took Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and was soon as well as before. This remedy is for sale by J. S. Morton."

then when these have done all they can for them let them use their hands. He illustrated some lessons on the relation of plant life to human life, and spoke of the necessity of the protection of birds for the country's good.

The teacher should give the children a permanent love and interest in nature and lead them to the evidence of God in all.

It was then moved by Mr. Williams, seconded by Miss Bishop, that a hearty vote of thanks be tendered Dr. Goggin for his very able address.

Mr. Huxley gave a short talk on Primary writing.

Writing is the common form of visible expression, and is very generally neglected. He stated that causes of bad writing were insufficient attention on the part of the teacher, and lastly the utter neglect of the speed element.

The means of overcoming bad writing were to have the foundation laid in the lower classes, special attention to be paid to proper material, position of the pupil, and the proper movement of muscles.

The meeting was brought to a close by singing the national anthem.

### COMMUNICATION

#### Rural Telephones

Saskatoon, May 16, 1907.

To the Editor of the News-Argus.

DEAR SIR,—Having seen in the News-Argus the sons of the business men of Stirling have formed a company to install a rural telephone line in that district. I would like to give them my very best wishes for success in the enterprise.

Rural telephones are something that all farm residents need, and too much cannot be done to push the good work along. There are a great many such systems out here in Manitoba and Saskatchewan, and everyone is well satisfied. At the present time the Bell Telephone Company own the most of these lines, but the people are beginning to build lines of their own, and in rural telephone service local membership is the best.

I was connected with the Bell Company for nearly eighteen months, but about four months ago I came to this prosperous city of Saskatoon, and am working in connection with the Automatic Telephone Company of Chicago, who have a system here. It is something decidedly new in this country, but it is very well liked. The automatic telephone does away with a person to attend the switch-board, and the connections are made much quicker than on a manual exchange.

As Stirling is my home town I like very much to see it pushing ahead, and as long as it tries to better itself the future looks bright indeed.

At this age telephony has been reduced to such a science, and there are so many companies making telephone supplies, that one has a very wide range from which to choose the kind of system they wish to install. I might say from experience that a full metallic system is the very best, and is the cheapest in the long run. It is very hard to say what make of telephones are the best, for they all have to come up to the standard in order to draw custom.

I would again like to give my best wishes for the success of the Stirling Telephone Company, as do others of the Stirling boys who are located here. Thanking you very kindly for this space, I remain, with sincere regards,

Yours truly,

BERT WESTCOTT.

Sask. Tel. and Elec. Supply Co., Saskatoon, Sask.

P. S.—I would recommend the Stromberg-Carlson, the Kellogg or Dean Telephone Supply Companies to get the best satisfaction, not only in prices, but durability of the instruments. You will find these people's advertisements in either "Sound-Voice" or "Telephony," magazines devoted to telephone service. The latter is published in the Manhattan Building, Chicago, Ill.

### The Weekly Half-Holiday

To the Editor of the News-Argus.

DEAR SIR,—There has been considerable discussion on the street and through the press regarding the advisability and the desirability of closing the places of business in our town for one half day a week during the hot summer months of July and August, and I feel that too much cannot be said in favor of it.

It is generally conceded by those who accomplish the greatest amount in any line, that more and better work can be done in eleven months of the year than in twelve. By this is meant, of course, that by working hard when on duty, and then taking a recreation in which body and mind are rested, that much more can be efficiently accomplished. It is with this object in view that many institutions that are the worst grinders and take the most out of their employees, make it obligatory for them to take a vacation every year.

I do not believe that it is at all necessary to enlarge upon the advantages derived, mentally, physically, and morally, by getting away for a short time from the ordinary round of daily toil, as I think everyone fully appreciates them. We all know the pleasure afforded by a diversion of labor, or by a change from labor to refreshment; therefore I think that if everyone would take this matter into his serious consideration that the unanimous conclusion would be that no one class receives all the advantages, but that both employer and employee are mutually benefited.

If by eight half days' rest a year a merchant prolongs his life five years, secures a life time for outside reading and brain food, and gives his clerks a new incentive to work more industriously and with greater consideration for the success of the business and the interests of his employer, can anyone say that the scheme is not a good one? Let us consider this matter from every side as to how it will affect each of us personally, not only at the present, but

for all time to come, and act upon two twentieth century business methods.

It should not be necessary for us to refer to what other towns do, as we should be leaders instead of followers, but in this matter we are assuredly behind, as almost all our neighbors have established the custom and found it to their advantage. Campbellford closes its stores on Friday afternoons, Trenton, Belleville, and Hawkesbury, on Wednesday, Marmora, Madoc, and Two Rivers, the matter under consideration, and should Stirling not act? We are proud of our town, its appearance, situation, and surroundings, and why should we be slow to act in a matter which is so clearly a step toward the betterment of human conditions and business development?

No business will be lost, and on the other hand consider to what advantage this time could be put by all.

A CITIZEN.

There will be a big celebration at Bancroft on July 1st.

It was decided to hold a national dairy show in Toronto during the last week of January next.

A deputation of the Western Dairy-men's Association asked the Government to have the testing of milk and prosecuting conducted by the inspectors solely.

A by-law was submitted at Campbellford on Monday and carried by a majority of 85, authorizing the town to grant a bonus of fifteen thousand dollars in the way of a loan to Dickson Bros., bridge manufacturers for the purpose of extending their works.

A hundred-guinea diamond ring, priced at 24. 8d., was exposed for sale in an East End, London, pawnbroker's window for five days, as a result of a wager. The pawnbroker was confident that no one would buy it, just as no one will buy real sovereigns offered at a penny—and no one did.

Toronto Star: The Kingston cadets have started on their hundred and seventy mile march to the Petawawa camp. We have no doubt that these spirited young men know a great deal about tactics and mathematics and fortification, and such, but do they know enough, under the circumstances, to rub the heel of each sock with brown soap so save themselves sore feet?

The Canadian Locomotive works at Kingston will use coal gas for power uses, as Mr. C. Benningham, managing director, says he can produce power at \$12.50 a horse power per year. This is much cheaper than the Hydro-Electric Power Commission has offered to power Kingstonians. He advises consumers of power to generate it themselves.

The last chartered bank statement shows deposits to be \$367,987.05. According to last week's Canada Gazette the Government savings bank accounts show \$14,766,828 deposits, while the Post Office savings banks hold \$46,897,724. The per capita savings in the United States is about \$41; in Canada, \$19.

The flow of immigrants to America since January 1st has been at such a rate as it promises to eclipse all previous high marks. Recent statistics from New York show that as many as 15,000 immigrants have passed through Ellis Island in one day, while a compilation of travel business shows that as many as 50,000 immigrants have landed in one day in United States and Canada. Steamship companies are now booked to the end of June, and could carry no more passengers.

## When the Hair Falls

Then it's time to act! No time to study, to read, to experiment! You want to save your hair, and save it quickly, too! So make up your mind this very minute that if your hair ever comes out you will use Ayer's Hair Vigor. It makes the scalp healthy. The hair stays in. It cannot do anything else. It's nature's way.

The best kind of a testimonial—  
"Sold for over sixty years."


Made by J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.  
Also Sold Everywhere.

SARSAPARILLA PILLS.  
CHERRY PECTORAL.

#### Clubbing List.

THE NEWS-ARGUS will club with the following papers at the rates mentioned:  
The Weekly Globe.....\$1.50  
The Weekly Mail & Empire, with premium picture.....1.80  
The Family Herald & Weekly Star, with premium picture.....1.70  
The Weekly Sun.....1.85  
The Toronto News (Daily).....2.25  
The Toronto Star (Daily).....2.25  
The Toronto Globe (Daily).....4.50  
The Farmers' Advocate, weekly \$2.25  
We recommend our readers to subscribe to the Farmer's Advocate and Home Magazine, the best Agricultural Journal in America.

Let me mail you free, to prove merit, samples of my Dr. Shoop's Restorative, and my book on either Dyspepsia, The Heart, or the Kidneys. Address me, Dr. Shoop, Racine, Wis. Troubles of the Stomach, Heart or Kidneys are merely symptoms of a deeper ailment. Don't make the common error of treating symptoms only. Symptom treatment is treating the result of the ailment, not the cause. Weak stomach nerves—their insensibility means stomach weakness, always. The heart and kidneys as well have their controlling or inside nerves. When these nerves, and you inevitably have weak vital organs. Here is where Dr. Shoop's Restorative does its work. No other remedy ever claims to treat the inside nerve. Also for blotting, biliousness, and breath or complexion, use Dr. Shoop's Restorative. Sold by J. S. Morton.



**A REMARKABLE INVENTION FOR THE CULTURE OF HAIR**

THE EVANS VACUUM CAP is a practical invention constructed on scientific and hygienic principles by the simple means of which a free and normal circulation is restored throughout the scalp. The minute blood vessels are gently stimulated to activity, thus allowing the food supply which can only be derived from the blood, to be carried to the hair roots, the effects of which are quickly seen in a healthy, vigorous growth of hair. There is no rubbing, and as no drugs or chemicals of whatsoever kind are employed there is nothing to cause irritation. It is only necessary to wear the Cap three or four minutes daily.

### 60 DAYS FREE TRIAL!

The Company's Guarantee.

AN EVANS VACUUM CAP will be sent you for sixty days' free trial. If you do not see a gradual development of a new growth of hair, you are at liberty to return the Cap with no expense whatever to yourself. It is requested, as an evidence of good faith, that the price of the Cap be deposited with the Chancery Lane Safe Deposit Company of London, the largest financial and business institution of the kind in the world, who will issue a receipt guaranteeing that the money will be returned in full, on demand without questions or comment, at any time during the trial period.

The eminent Dr. L. N. LOVE, in his address to the Medical Board on the subject of Alopecia (loss of hair) stated that if it was proved to be devised to bring nutrition to the hair follicles (hair roots) without resorting to any irritating process, the problem of hair growth would be solved. Later on, when the EVANS VACUUM CAP was submitted to him for inspection, he remarked that the Cap would fulfil and confirm in practice the observations he had previously made before the Medical Board.

Dr. W. MOORE, referring to the invention, says that the principle upon which the Evans Vacuum Cap is founded is absolutely correct and indisputable. An illustrated and descriptive book of the Evans Vacuum Cap will be sent, post free, on application.

THE SECRETARY, EVANS VACUUM CAP CO., LTD.,  
REGENT HOUSE, REGENT STREET, LONDON, W.

## The Mutual Life Co. OF CANADA.

### 37 Years' Record.

Results Speak Louder Than Words.

|   |                 |
|---|-----------------|
| Total Payments for Death Claims, Matured Endowments, Surrendered Policies, etc. | \$ 7,476,529.26 |
| Add present Assets  | 10,385,539.84   |
| Amount paid to policyholders and held for them                                  | \$17,862,069.10 |
| Total Premiums received   | 17,338,715.05   |
| Excess of Assets and Payments to Policyholders over Premium receipts            | \$523,354.05    |

### S. BURROWS,

AGENTS WANTED. General Agent, Belleville.

"Could the consumptives of any given community be seen at one time, or pass in panorama before the people, public consciousness of the magnitude of the affliction might be aroused. A physical disaster shocks the world and lets loose the sympathy of millions. A few thousand deaths are nothing as compared with the deaths from consumption." LAWRENCE F. FLICK, M.D., Medical Director of Henry Phipps Institute for the Study, Treatment and Prevention of Tuberculosis.

## MUSKOKA FREE HOSPITAL FOR CONSUMPTIVES.

Other hospitals refuse the consumptive. This institution cares for them.

Not a single applicant has ever been refused admission to the Muskoka Free Hospital for Consumptives because of his or her poverty.

Seven hundred and thirty-eight patients have been cared for since the Free Hospital was opened in 1902. Take a week's record:

63 patients in residence; 37 absolutely free, not paying a copper toward their maintenance; 15 paying 50 cents a day or less; 5 paying \$4.00 a week; 4 paying \$5.00; one paying \$7.00.

These figures tell plainly of a large deficit on maintenance account each month. To cover this the trustees are dependent upon the contributions, that come to them from friends in all parts of Canada.

Not since the days of George Muller has so great a work of faith been carried on.

ADMINISTRATION BUILDING, MUSKOKA FREE HOSPITAL FOR CONSUMPTIVES.

### WILL YOU HELP DIVIDE THIS LOAD WITH THE TRUSTEES?

Contributions may be sent to SIR WM. R. MEREDITH, Kt., Chief Justice, Osgoode Hall, Toronto, or W. J. Gage, Esq., 64 Front Street, W., Toronto.

Applications for admission and all information from J. S. ROBERTSON, Secretary National Sanitarium Association, (Saturday Night Building), 28 Adelaide Street, W., Toronto, Canada.



## PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

**E. F. PARKER,**  
ISSUER OF  
**Marriage Licenses**  
STIRLING, ONT.

**Marriage Licenses.**  
GEO. E. CRYER, Issuer,  
Residence: Stirling House, Stirling,  
Ontario.

**J. S. MORTON,**  
OFFICIAL, GRADUATE CANADIAN  
Optician, College. Member Canadian  
Association of Opticians.  
Eyes examined and imperfect sight cor-  
rected with glasses.  
At MORTON & HAIGHT'S Drug Store.

**CHAS. F. WALT, D.D.S., L.D.S.**  
FIRST CLASS HONOR GRADUATE IN  
Dentistry of the University of Toronto.  
Graduate of the Royal College of Dental Sur-  
geons of Ontario.  
Office—Over Sovereign Bank.  
Open every day. Evenings by appointment  
only.

**J. EARL HALLIWELL, M.A.,**  
BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, NOTARY,  
Public Commissioner, Conveyancer, etc.  
Office—in Sovereign Bank Building.

**G. G. THRASHER,**  
SOLICITOR, NOTARY PUBLIC, CONVEY-  
ANCER, etc. Office in W. S. Martin's  
Block, Mill Street.

**L. O. L. NO. 110**  
Meets in Lodge Room, the first Friday  
evening of each month at 8 o'clock.  
W. H. RODGERS,  
Secretary.

**STIRLING LODGE**  
No. 239,  
I. O. O. F.  
Meets in the Lodge room,  
Conley block,  
EVERY WEDNESDAY EVENING  
At 8 o'clock.  
L. MEIKLEJOHN, R. S.

**Notice to the Public**  
THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING TAKEN  
out license as Auctioneer for the County  
of Hastings is prepared to attend all sales of  
shortest notice. Terms as low as the lowest,  
and satisfaction guaranteed. Orders left at  
the News-Argus office or addressed to me at  
Stirling, will be promptly attended to.  
WM. RODGERS.

**Fire, Accident & Plate**  
**Glass Insurance.**  
Guardian Fire Insurance Co.  
Norwich Union Fire Insurance Co.  
Liverpool, London & Globe  
Sun Insurance Company.  
Gore Insurance Co.  
Lloyd's Plate Glass Insurance Co.  
Ontario Accident Insurance Co.  
W. S. MARTIN,  
Insurance Agent, STIRLING.

**PERSONALS.**  
Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Morton spent Wednes-  
day in Belleville.  
Miss Florence Hewat is visiting rela-  
tives and friends in town.  
Mr. Alf. Judd, of Fort Stewart, spent a  
few days at his home here.  
Mr. Gerald Clute left on Friday last to  
fill a position in Saskatchewan, Sask.  
Mrs. Clint. McGee spent a few days with  
friends in Oshawa during the week.  
Miss Lena Lagrow visited relatives in  
Gananoque from Thursday to Monday.  
Mrs. Anderson, of Belleville, visited her  
mother, Mrs. A. Judd, during the week.  
Mrs. Jas. Howatson, of Prince Edward,  
spent a few days last week at F. T. Ward's.  
Miss Edith Conley returned to Toronto  
on Monday after a brief visit at her home  
here.  
Miss E. G. Wallace of Tweed was the  
guest of Miss A. M. Sealey a few days last  
week.  
Mrs. (Dr.) Ross, of Kingston, was a guest  
at her mother's, Mrs. F. B. Parker, during  
the week.  
Mr. Will Spry and Mr. Curtis, of Mont-  
real, were guests at the former's home on  
Victoria Day.  
The Misses Donald, of Campbellford,  
were guests of Dr. and Mrs. Bissonnette  
on Victoria Day.  
Mr. Donald Bissonnette, of the Sover-  
eign Bank, Montreal, spent a few days  
under the parental roof.  
On Thursday last Mrs. David Sealey at-  
tended the funeral of her brother, the late  
John Hoffman of Napanee.  
Misses Annie and Jennie Martin, of  
Campbellford, were guests of Mr. and Mrs.  
J. W. Haight for a few days.  
Mrs. Conlin and little daughter, of Ome-  
ca, were guests of her brother, the Rev.  
D., and Mrs. Balfour from Friday to Mon-  
day.  
Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Ashley and Miss Be-  
sie, of Foxboro, spent Saturday and Sun-  
day at Stirling, the guests of Mr. and Mrs.  
Matt. Sine.  
Miss Stella Frederick, of Campbellford,  
visited friends here during the week, and  
gave two very pleasing solos in the Meth-  
odist church on Sunday.  
Miss Muriel Waddell, of Dunedin, New  
Zealand, is spending week with her  
cousins, Mrs. Robinson and Miss Needler,  
at the Presbyterian manse.  
The Rev. W. H. Stevens, a former pastor  
of the Baptist Church here, has taken up  
his residence near Anson Station, and will  
again minister to the congregations at  
Hubble Hill and Stirling.  
Miss Conant and Miss Gene Caldwell, of  
Belleville, and Miss Nora Bell, of Winni-  
peg, who is attending Branksome Hall,  
Toronto, spent a few days of the past week  
as guests of Mrs. (Dr.) Fots.  
Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Jones and children,  
Ellis and Thelma, of Merriton, arrived  
here on Friday last. Mr. Jones returned  
home on Monday, and Mrs. Jones will re-  
main for some time with her parents, Mr.  
and Mrs. J. Arthur.  
Mr. Chas. E. Heard and bride arrived in  
Stirling last evening on a visit to his par-  
ents, Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Heard. The  
bride and groom are en route to the James-  
town Exhibition, where the bride will join  
her father and return to Portland, Ore.  
Mr. Heard has been manager of the Hub  
Clo. Co. of Portland for the last two years.

**Sore Nipples**  
Any mother who has had experience  
with this distressing ailment will be pleased  
to know that a cure may be effected by  
applying Chamberlain's Salve as soon as  
the child is done nursing. Wipe it off with  
a soft cloth before allowing the babe to  
nurse. Many ladies have used this salve  
with best results. For sale by J. S. Morton.

## METHODIST CHURCH

W. G. CLARKE, B.A., Pastor  
This space is reserved for weekly an-  
nouncements. Keep posted.

**SUNDAY, JUNE 2nd**  
9.30 A.M.—Early Prayer Meeting.  
10.30 A.M.—The Captain of our Salva-  
tion. Lessons Psalm 121, 1 Peter 2.  
11.30 A.M.—Class Meeting.  
2.30 P.M.—Sunday School.  
7.00 P.M.—Song Service "Heirs of  
Glory."  
8.15 P.M.—Weekly Renison and Family  
Worship in the Sunday School rooms.

**Week Evening Meetings:**  
MONDAY—8 P.M., Epworth League.  
WEDNESDAY—8 P.M., Teachers' Meeting.  
THURSDAY—7.30 P.M., Prayer Meeting.  
FRIDAY—8 P.M., Choir Practice.

**ADVERTISING NOTICES.**  
In the local column will be charged as follows:  
To Regular Advertisers.—Three lines and under,  
25 cents each insertion; over three lines,  
75c per line. Matter set in larger than the  
ordinary type, 10c. per line.  
To Transient Advertisers.—10c. per line each  
insertion. No insertion less than 25c.

**RAILWAY TIME TABLE.**  
Trains calling at Stirling station as follows:—  
GOING WEST. GOING EAST.  
Mail & Ex. 6.27 a.m. Passenger, 10.17 a.m.  
Passenger, 6.42 p.m. Mail & Ex. 3.43 p.m.

**The Stirling News-Argus.**  
THURSDAY, MAY 30, 1907.

**LOCAL MATTERS.**  
The County Council will meet in  
Belleville on Tuesday, June 11th.

No pains will be spared to make the  
demonstration in Stirling on the 12th of  
July next, a complete success.

Business of importance demands the  
presence of every member of Stirling  
Lodge, I. O. O. F., No. 239, next Wednes-  
day evening at 8 o'clock.

House and lot for sale on Front street.  
PHILIP CONLEY.

The Court of Revision for Stirling  
met on Monday evening but did not  
complete their work and adjourned  
until next Monday evening.

The monthly song service, which has  
brought the Torrey-Alexander hymns  
into many Stirling homes, will be held  
next Sunday evening in St. Andrew's  
Church.

At the Stirling cheese board on Tues-  
day last 540 boxes of cheese were offered.  
All were sold at 12½c, 310 to Mr.  
Morton and 230 to Mr. Whitton. Board  
meets next Tuesday at 4 o'clock.

**GIRL WANTED** to do general house  
work. Good wages to good girl. Apply to  
Mrs. M. SHEA, Stirling.

Dr. Sprague is in Toronto, attending  
the annual meeting of the Medical As-  
sociation. The Doctor is one of the  
Board of Medical Examiners of stu-  
dents of the University, which also  
meets there this week.

The military camp in Eastern Onta-  
rio will be held this year at Kingston.  
Any men desirous of enlisting in No. 2  
Company, which has its headquarters  
here, should communicate with Lieut.  
W. R. Howson or Major T. H. McKee.

Dr. Faulkner and Mr. C. W. Thomp-  
son visited Oshawa last week to inspect  
the method of heating and ventilating  
the schools there. They obtained much  
valuable information, and their report  
will be submitted to the School Board  
at its regular session on Tuesday even-  
ing next.

**FOR TWO WEEKS** Mrs. Martin will  
reduce the prices of her Millinery stock,  
also giving 25% off every hat sold.

Mr. Michael Downs informs us that  
the sale of farm stock and implements  
which he purposed having on June 4th  
has been cancelled. He had condition-  
ally bargained for the sale of his farm  
to Mr. Thos. Ryan, but by mutual  
agreement this was not completed, and  
in consequence the auction sale of chat-  
tels will not take place.

The Bay of Quinte Conference of the  
Methodist Church will meet in Bow-  
manville next week, the ministerial ses-  
sion commencing on Wednesday, and  
the general session, which includes the  
lay representatives, on Thursday. Rev.  
D. Balfour is appointed to the stationing  
committee from the Campbellford dis-  
trict. This committee meets on Mon-  
day next. Mr. J. S. Morton is the lay  
delegate from Stirling, and Mr. Valen-  
tine Green from Rawdon.

A social in aid of the W. M. S. will be  
held on Mr. Emanuel Maybes' lawn at  
Wellman's Corners on Friday evening,  
June 7th. Admission, 10 cents.

The Baptist Church is undergoing re-  
pairs preparatory to the holding of regu-  
lar services by Rev. W. H. Stevens,  
who has resumed the work on the Stirling  
and Hubble Hill fields. Mean-  
while the pulpit is being regularly occu-  
pied in the church at Hubble Hill.  
Covenant meeting will be held there  
on Saturday at 9 o'clock, sharp, and the  
Lord's Supper will be observed at the  
close of the preaching service on Sun-  
day afternoon, which will be held at  
2.30 o'clock. All are welcome.

A large congregation was present at  
St. Andrew's Church on Sunday night.  
During the service Miss Edith Conley  
rendered the solo "Crossing the Bar,"  
with splendid effect. Possessed natu-  
rally of a voice of exceptional range and  
quality, Miss Conley is showing the ad-  
vantage of having the splendid tuition  
she is now receiving in Toronto from  
Mr. R. S. Pigott, a recognized leader in  
Canadian musical circles. Her many  
friends in Stirling are deeply interested  
in her musical career, and wish her the  
success she so well deserves.

The Spring Assizes opened in Bel-  
leville on Monday last before Mr. Justice  
Clute.

At the Belleville cheese board on Sat-  
urday last 2,202 white and 100 colored  
cheese were offered. The white sold at  
12½c, and 12 1/16c.

A lacrosse match between Stirling  
and Trantons Juniors was played on the  
grounds here yesterday evening and  
resulted in a victory for Stirling by a  
score of six to three.

The Presbyterian manse and lots adjoin-  
ing will be sold by public auction at 2  
o'clock on the afternoon of June 2nd. The  
whole property will be sold in one lot or in  
parcels to suit the purchaser.

**FRED ROLINS.**  
If any of our readers have been touch-  
ed by the crying needs of famine strick-  
en China, and wish to forward anything  
to relieve the destitution there, they  
will be pleased to know that funds  
handed to Dr. Bissonnette or paid in to  
the Sovereign Bank, will be forwarded  
to Toronto for this purpose free of ex-  
pense.

**"Challenge of the Mountains."**  
This is the title of an attractive book-  
let issued by the Canadian Pacific Rail-  
way, and giving a description of the  
magnificent scenery along the line  
of the railway. It is handsomely illus-  
trated, with map, and may be had for  
the small sum of four cents (in stamps)  
by mentioning this paper and sending to  
W. T. Robson, advertising agent of  
C. P. R., Montreal.

**North Hastings Women's Institute**  
Will hold special meetings at Spring  
Brook, June 24th, Wellman's Corners,  
June 25th, and Queensboro, June 26th.  
There will be afternoon and evening  
sessions, at which addresses will be  
given by Miss J. MacIntyre, of Spring-  
field, and Miss I. Rife, of Hespeler, on  
subjects of interest to all. Men will be  
welcome at the evening meetings at  
which the addresses will be interspersed  
with vocal and instrumental music.

**A Fight with Thieves**  
Three men, who are believed to have  
robbed a jewelry store at Alexandria  
on May 15, turned up at Bancroft on  
Monday morning, and terrorized the  
entire population of that village. They  
entered a general store, kept by Mr.  
Lavigne, and one of them wanted to  
trade a watch for a pair of boots. The  
men were suspected of being the Alex-  
andria thieves, and Constable Steinberg  
tried to arrest one of them. The others  
drew revolvers and fired, wounding a  
couple of men. The crowd scattered,  
and the robbers got away.  
At night a crowd of men surrounded  
the robbers' camp in the woods, armed  
with military rifles. Shots were ex-  
changed, but the desperate men escaped  
again. The thieves got about \$4,000  
worth of watches and jewelry in Alex-  
andria.

**Millions Behind Sovereign Bank**  
In looking up the enormous resources  
of the Dresdner Bank and J. P. Morgan  
& Co., the two interests now behind the  
Sovereign Bank, Mr. H. M. P. Eckardt,  
a prominent banker of Montreal, brings  
out some interesting figures.  
The Dresdner Bank has a capital of  
\$45,000,000, and in 1906 showed net pro-  
fits of \$1,400,000.  
The Morgan interests cannot be given  
in figures, as they are practically limi-  
tless. Two of the so-called Morgan  
banks, however, show assets of over  
\$800,000,000.  
It is not generally believed that either  
the Morgan or Dresdner interests will  
directly invade Canada with a bid for  
business.  
"In all probability," says Mr. Eck-  
ardt, "their sole object is to render  
their investment in the shares of the  
Sovereign Bank more secure in their  
own eyes by acquiring a voice in its  
management."

**Another Weather Prediction**  
An old trapper and hunter from north  
of Peterboro County visited Havelock  
recently. He has successfully predi-  
cated the weather of former years, and last  
fall told exactly what kind of a winter  
it would be.  
When asked what kind of weather  
we would have during the summer, he  
said that according to the actions and  
appearances of several animals, he  
could tell that the weather will remain  
exactly as it has been during the past  
month until the first of July, when it  
will become very warm, and will con-  
tinue so until far into the fall, allowing  
the farmers plenty of time for a good  
crop.

The Bancroft fall fair will be held  
this year on Oct. 2nd and 3rd.

Bridge Street Methodist church, Bel-  
leville, celebrated its 22nd anniversary on  
Sunday by special services.

The officers of the 49th Hastings  
Rifles are making active preparations  
for the annual training camp. The look-  
ing is that the regiment will have a  
full muster.

Bancroft Times: "The village con-  
stable has been instructed to collect all  
dog taxes before the first day of June.  
After that date all canines that cannot  
produce a certificate of good standing  
will be destroyed."

A deputation from this county last  
week waited upon the Premier and  
other members of the Cabinet at Toronto  
in regard to matters connected with  
the county's desire to share in the good  
roads appropriations. The County  
Council is fully determined upon a  
county system of improved roads.

Piles got quick and certain relief from  
Dr. Shoop's Magic Ointment. Please note  
it is made alone for Piles, and the action is  
positive and certain. Itching, painful,  
protruding or blind piles disappear like  
magic by its use. Large jars capped  
glass jars 50c. Sold by J. S. Morton.

Let me send you free, for Catarrh, just  
to prove merit, a trial size box of Dr.  
Shoop's Catarrh Remedy. It is a snow  
white creamy, healing antiseptic balm.  
Containing such healing ingredients as  
Oil of Eucalyptus, Thymol, Menthol, etc., it  
gives instant and lasting relief to Catarrh  
of the nose and throat. Make the free  
test and see for yourself what this prepara-  
tion can and will accomplish. Address Dr.  
Shoop, Racine, Wis. Large jars 50c. Sold  
by J. S. Morton.

**Births.**  
SIMPSON.—At Dresden, on May 23rd, to Mr.  
and Mrs. C. F. Simpson, a daughter.

**FOR SALE**  
Fifty acres of land, with good buildings  
and well watered, three miles north-east  
of Stirling. One-quarter mile from school,  
half mile from cheese factory. Apply to  
MRS. WM. CRAGG, Stirling.

**Dressmaking**  
The undersigned has opened a dressmak-  
ing establishment in Spring Brook in the  
premises lately occupied by Mrs. Rupert,  
and solicits the patronage of the public.  
GERTIE LINN.

**NOTICE**  
A meeting of the stockholders of the  
Stirling Telephone Company, Limited, will  
be held at the office of W. S. Martin, Stirling,  
on Monday evening, June 3rd, at 8  
o'clock, to complete by-laws, fill vacancies  
on the Board of Directors, and general  
business.  
W. S. MARTIN,  
Managing Director.

**Annual Meeting**  
The annual meeting of the shareholders  
and patrons of the Sine Creamery Association  
will be held at the Creamery on Wednes-  
day, June 5th, at 1.30 p.m., when the usual  
business will be transacted. Every one  
interested should be present, as some im-  
portant matters are to be considered.  
M. W. SINE, President.  
Sine, May 23, 1907.

**L.O.L. DISTRICT No. 3**  
The semi-annual meeting of Loyal Or-  
ange District Lodge No. 3, Central Has-  
tings, will be held at West Huntington  
on Saturday, June 1st, at 7.30 p.m.  
ADAM BURNETT, D.R.S.  
HENRY WALLACE, W.D.M.

**12th JULY**  
**At FRANKFORD**  
1907

**48th HIGHLANDERS' BAND**  
In attendance. Come and see their  
fancy street drill parade. Acknow-  
ledged by all one of the best on the  
continent.  
See large posters for the days' pro-  
grammes.  
Proceeds in aid of Sick, Funeral,  
Widows and Orphans Fund.  
Single fare rates on all railways.  
Tickets good from 11th to 13th.

W. F. ELLIOTT, W. H. REYNOLDS,  
Secy. of Com. Treasurer.

**Interior Decorating**  
We do all kinds of Painting,  
Graining, Hardwood Finishing,  
Paper Hanging, Etc., and will  
guarantee perfect satisfaction  
in every instance. We have  
the newest and most artistic  
Wall Paper from leading for-  
eign and Canadian manufactur-  
ers, and will be pleased to show  
you these goods and give an es-  
timate for decorating one room  
or your whole house.  
S. A. MURPHY.

**Granitine**  
**Floor Finish**  
For Linoleum, Oil Cloth, Hard-  
wood Floors, Etc.

**Household Enamel**  
For any Metal or Wood sur-  
face. In all colors.

**Varnish Stains**  
Gives new appearance to old  
Furniture or Woodwork.

**LIQUID STOVE DRESSING**  
Everything in PAINTS, OILS,  
Varnishes, Etc. We stock only  
with the best in the market.

**WALL PAPER**  
In price and quality to suit all  
customers.

**J. S. MORTON**  
Successor to Morton & Haight  
Druggist, Stationer, Etc.

## Stirling's New Store.

The one price to all—all the time

**WARM WEATHER REQUIREMENTS**

Fancy Muslins, large assortment at 10c., 15c., and 25c.  
Gingham, all size checks, regular 12½c., our price 10c. yd.  
" " " " 15c., " " 12½c. yd.  
Extra heavy Print, 32 inches wide, regular 12½c., our price  
only 10c. per yard.

Very fine Print 32 inches wide, the best in the market, our  
price 12½c. per yard.  
Chambrays, 10 different shades, 12½c. per yard.

A good assortment of Valenciennes Lace, insertion to match.  
Ladies and children's Cotton Hosiery from 10c. up to 50c. pr.  
Long Gloves, elbow length, black and white Lace and Lisle  
Thread, and white Silk, from 35c. to \$1.00 per pair

Perrin's Kid Gloves, every pair guaranteed, at \$1.00 and  
\$1.25 pair, dressed and undressed.

**MEN'S DEPARTMENT**  
Fancy Print Shirts, Balbriggan and Merino Underwear,  
Hats, Caps, Half Hose, Fancy Vests, at the lowest prices.

**HOUSE FURNISHINGS**  
Carpets, Linoleums, Oilcloths, Curtains, Poles, Lace Curtains,  
Tapestry and Chenille Curtains, Table Covers, Window Shades.  
We make Window Shades to order, and guarantee them for  
two years.

**DO NOT FORGET THAT WE SELL**  
**GROCERIES OF ALL KINDS**

Our 25c. Tea has no equal. Try a pound.  
Quaker brand canned goods are the best.  
Corn and Peas, 3 cans for 25c.  
15c. Package Orange Meat,—10c. each.

**G. W. ANDERSON.**  
Produce taken in exchange for goods or for cash. PHONE No. 29.

**SEASONABLE SHOES**  
**IN CORRECT STYLES**  
You can afford to buy Fine Shoes  
when you get them at our prices.

**Shoes for Women and Girls**  
Ladies' Patent Colt Oxford, lace and button, \$2.50, \$3.00, \$3.25.  
" and Misses' Patent Slippers, \$1.50.  
" Dongola Fancy Strap Slippers, \$1.25, \$1.50, \$1.75.  
Misses' Chocolate Oxfords, \$1.25.  
Ladies' and Misses' White Canvas Oxfords, \$1.25, \$1.50, \$1.75.  
Children's Red Kid Boots, \$1.00.  
Chocolate Bluchers, 60 cts. to \$1.25.

**Shoes for Men**  
Men's Patent Colt Bluchers, \$3.00 to \$5.00.  
" Dongola and Box Calf Bluchers, \$1.75 to \$4.00.  
Boys' Patent Colt Bluchers, \$3.50.  
STRONG BOOTS for men, \$1.25 to \$2.50.

Don't forget the "EMPRESS" and "CINDERELLA" SHOES for Women.  
SHOE DRESSING—5c, 10c, 15c, 25c.  
Repairing neatly done. Butter and Eggs taken in exchange.

**J. W. BROWN**  
RELIABLE BOOT & SHOE MERCHANT

**Notice to Creditors.**  
In the matter of the estate of Darius Green,  
late of the township of Sidney, in the County  
of Hastings, farmer, deceased.  
Notice is hereby given pursuant to the pro-  
visions of the revised Statutes of Ontario,  
chap. 129, sec. 38, to all creditors and other  
persons having claims against the estate of Dar-  
ius Green, farmer, deceased, who died on or  
about the 25th day of April, 1907, to send by  
note, prepaid, or otherwise deliver to Louise  
J. Green or Silas Green, Stirling postoffice,  
the executor and executrix, or their solicitor  
hereunder, on or before the 13th day of June,  
A.D. 1907, a statement in writing of their  
claims and demands, with full particulars of  
their claims and demands, proven by affidavit  
and nature of security, if any, held by them.  
And notice is further given that after the  
date mentioned the said executor will pro-  
ceed to distribute the assets of the said de-  
ceased among the persons entitled thereto,  
having regard only to the claims of which  
notice has been given as required.  
And further notice is also given that all  
persons indebted to the above estate either by  
note, account, or otherwise, are notified to  
bring the amount of their indebtedness to the  
hand of the executor or their solicitor, G. G. Thrasher,  
at Stirling, on or before the 13th day of May, 1907.  
G. G. THRASHER,  
Solicitor for Executors.

**Farm for Sale**  
or To Let  
First class Dairy farm, partly situ-  
ated in the Village of Stirling.  
Particulars from  
DR. POTTS, Stirling.

**CARLOAD OF**  
**McLAUGHLIN CARRIAGES**  
JUST ARRIVED

Now is the time to secure your Buggy,  
as I have just opened up a carload of Mc-  
Laughlin Carriages, consisting of  
Steel tired Corning Box Buggies  
Steel tired Piano Box Buggies  
Mikados, Democarts  
And a good assortment of  
Rubber tired Buggies

This is, without a doubt, the finest as-  
sortment of Carriages that has ever been  
shown in Stirling. A call solicited.  
Also some Planes, Organs, Sewing Ma-  
chines, Harness, etc., at rock bottom prices.  
A full line of Massey-Harris Farm Imple-  
ments always on hand. The Massey-  
Harris Binders at a bargain.

**N. LANKTREE,**  
Mill Street, Stirling.  
P.S.—One one-horse Wagon, one two-  
horse Delivery Wagon, nearly new, and  
one Horse for sale.

**Farm Laborers and Domestic**  
I have been appointed by the Dominion  
Government to place immigrants from the  
United Kingdom in position as farm lab-  
orers or domestic servants in this vicinity.  
Any person requiring such help should  
notify me by letter, stating fully the kind  
of help required, when wanted, and wages  
offered. The number receiving such help  
sufficient to supply all requests, but every  
effort will be made to provide each appli-  
cant with help required.

T. G. CLUTE,  
Canadian Gov't Employment Agent,  
Stirling P.O.

**WILKES STALLION**  
Is by Arkland: Arkland by Guy Wilkes.  
Guy Wilkes record, 2:15½.

Wilkes stands 15½ hands high, weighs  
1150 pounds. Dam by Volunteer Clay.  
Second dam Helix-Law. He is one of  
the best knee actors in the country, and  
trots a mile in 3 minutes before he was  
half broken.

Terms, to insure \$3.00.  
FRED. FANNING,  
Wellman's Corners.

**For Service**  
A pure bred Berkshire Boar, and a pure  
bred Tamworth Boar. Terms reasonable.  
URBANE HEATH,  
Harold.

**Kentucky Bred Wilkes Stallion**  
**VROWSKY**  
Record 2:15½. Reg. #100.

The fastest Trotting Stallion between Toronto  
and Montreal. Stands 16 hands, weighs 1200  
pounds.  
STANDARD BRED  
STANDARD BY PERFORMANCE  
STANDARD BY HIS PROGENY

Three of the highest qualifications obtainable  
of any High Class Race Horse.  
Vrowsky has won last prize and Silver Medal  
at Toronto Exhibition, competing against all  
Canada.

Will be at the Kirby House, Stirling every  
Monday night. At Frankford Tuesday noon.  
PHIL. ELMHIST, FRED. PEAKE,  
in charge. Proprietor.

**Welding Invitations**  
NEATLY PRINTED IN THE  
BEST STYLE AT THE  
NEWS-ARGUS OFFICE.







## A RHEUMATIC WRECK.

After Hospital Treatment Failed Dr. Williams' Pink Pills Cured Him.

"I suffered the greatest agony from rheumatism. Leading physicians prescribed many medicines, but with unsatisfactory results. I was compelled to go to an hospital, but even the treatment there failed. Then I took Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and to-day I am a well man."

These words were spoken by Clifford L. Forbes when interviewed at his home in Port Maitland, N. S. Mr. Forbes is a fisherman and had always been very healthy, until some three years ago while fishing off Newfoundland he was seized with a very severe attack of rheumatism. In his own words he says: "I was fishing on the Grand Banks in the spring of 1903 when I was stricken with rheumatism. I could not work or sleep, and the pain was almost unbearable. My case became so serious that I had to be landed and for weeks I lay in a Cape Breton hospital as helpless as a cripple. The hospital doctors prescribed different remedies, but they did not cure me. I then left the hospital and was taken home with rheumatism apparently completely fastened upon me. Day and night I suffered. Nothing but the most trouble seemed to help me, and I became dependent and down-hearted. Then a friend advised me to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. I was skeptical, but my friend praised the pills so highly that I determined to try them, with the result you see to-day. I am fully cured and have not since had even a twinge of that dreaded affliction. I cannot say too much in favor of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and I urge all rheumatic sufferers to try them."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills cured Mr. Forbes because they struck straight at the root and cause of his crippling rheumatism. They don't act on the mere symptoms like ordinary medicine. They don't act on the bowels. They do only one thing, but they do it well—they actually make new blood. In that way they root out all common blood diseases like anemia, headaches and backaches, rheumatism, sciatica, neuralgia, and the secret ailments of girls and women who suffer unaccountably when the richness and regularity of their blood becomes disturbed. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are sold by all dealers in medicine, or sent by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50 by writing The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

## WHEN ELECTRICITY RUNS AMUCK.

This Subtle, Mysterious Force Is a Good Servant But a Bad Master.

Similarly, on the electrified underground railway in Paris, some few years back, a short circuit started a fire, which brought about the deaths of nearly a hundred passengers; while at the Dingle Station of the Liverpool Overhead Electric Railway, on December 23rd, 1901, a conflagration having its origin in precisely the same cause resulted in six lives being sacrificed.

Many other catastrophes of a like nature might be cited, all due to short circuits; but it is the "sneak current" which is most destructive to property. What is known as a "sneak current" from an electric wire or conduit corresponds to a leakage in the case of a gas or water main. It was this kind of an electrical leakage which blew up half the Euston Road in the spring of 1901, and caused the inhabitants of North London to imagine that they had been suddenly visited by a peculiarly destructive and virulent type of earthquake.

Perhaps, however, the accident which occurred at the huge electricity works of the Manchester Corporation on September 10th, 1899, shows more conclusively than anything how easily great events may spring from little causes when dealing with this volatile force. A tiny "sneak current" escaped from an unnoticed pinhole in the insulating covering of a wire, and was attracted to the bronze rivets which held together the two ends of a leather band. These it fused, the band parted, the flywheel of the engine it controlled started revolving at a terrific speed, and presently burst, and in the twinkling of an eye the whole interior of the splendid power-house, with all the costly machinery it contained, was reduced to ruin.

## DRUGGING CHILDREN.

All so-called "soothing" syrups and most of the powders advertised to cure childhood ailments contain poisonous opiates and an overdose may kill the child. When the mother uses Baby's Own Tablets she has the guarantee of a government analyst that this medicine contains no opiate or narcotic. They can be given with absolute safety to a new born baby. They cure indigestion, constipation, colic, diarrhoea and other minor ailments of children. Mrs. G. Collins, Hirkella, Man., says: "Baby's Own Tablets are the most satisfactory medicine I have ever used for the minor ailments of children. I always keep the Tablets in the house." Sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

## ONE FOR THE BARRISTER.

A certain well-known judge was once violently attacked by a young and very impudent counsel. To the surprise of everyone, the judge heard him right through, unconscious of what was said by those present, and made no reply.

After the adjournment for the day, and when all were assembled at the hotel where the judge and many of the court folk had their refreshments, someone asked the judge why he did not rebuke the impudent fellow.

"Permit me," said the judge, loud enough to attract the attention of the whole company, among whom was the barrister in question. "Permit me to tell you a little story. My father, when he lived in the country, had a dog—a mere puppy, I may say. Well, this puppy would go out every moonlight night and bark at the moon for hours together."

The judge paused as if he had finished. "Well, what of that?" exclaimed half a dozen of the audience at once.

"Oh, nothing—nothing; but the moon kept on shining just as if nothing had happened."

## AN ODE TO EMPIRE.

Under a night of dim and alien stars,  
With homeless heart and angry tears  
I cried:  
"Is this the land of immemorial pride?  
Of sainted chivalry and heroic wars?  
Of happy vales and glooms of witchery?  
My farborn boyhood's land of dream  
and song?"

Of manhood's faith and sternest loyalty,  
Britannia the just and strong?  
O heart defrauded, what is here to cheerish?

And what to hope amid this wide disgrace  
Where hunger stalks and where the faithful perish.  
While sullen sluggards crowd the marketplace?

Britannia's sons across the seas are calling,  
Joyous and strong from many a fruitful plain;  
On heedless ears their love and cheer are falling,  
Their birthright bartered for a cold disdain.

But they of British sires were born,  
And they shall answer scorn for scorn:  
Nor long shall fools their youth deride,  
Sons of the proud are born to pride."

## II.

"O, for an hour of the ampler stainless spaces  
That breathe the health of nations,  
Where the sun's rays  
Spread his wide tent upon the halcyon waves."

That lovel's long battle with the waste has won.  
Give me my birthland, still unknown to story,  
Dearest than dream remembered from afar,  
Where love and plenty yield a golden glory.

That shames the cruel barren pomp of war,  
And O ye spirits of that world unsung,  
That serve the god of solitude, once more

Send me the vision though with faltering tongue  
I voice your music on a friendless shore.  
Strike your wide harp and to Æolian numbers  
March the legions of the patient dead.

From noiseless fields whereon their lives were sped,  
Where harvest winds and birdsong lull their slumbers;  
Call them again that men may see  
Heroes of bloodless victory;

May see and learn to love and bless  
The silent vanguard of the wilderness."

## III.

A rousing wind among the wintry trees  
Made ancient murmuring and the huddling night  
Thrilled with the fear of whispered mysteries;

When lo, around me fell the olden light  
And rank on rank I saw them marching by,  
With cloudless brow and dreadless eye.

The heroes of my eager youth,  
Druid and saint and kings of chivalry;  
Fierce plunderers of the uncharted sea,

Unknown alike to fear and ruth;  
Warriors and minstrels and the lords of truth,  
All memory's roster of idolatry.

And not from guarded graves they came,  
But from the lands where honor leads,  
Where still they serve and by their fame  
Urge humble hearts to mighty deeds,  
And through that vision at their side  
My brothers marched with fearless stride

And voiced with that heroic throng  
The choral music of prophetic song.

## IV.

Fool, to be wroth with but a noteless day,  
To heed its spawn or have their scorn in mind,  
The dead are all imperial and their sway

Not islanded and to no shore confined.  
Once more my soul puts out to ports of daring  
With all the lordly comrades of my choice.

The soaring wind is master of our farling,  
The sea's wide freedom bids our hearts rejoice,  
Far as the day span our adventure urges

A dateless voyage through the reach of time,  
The past goes down behind oblivious surges,  
The future rises with a dawn sublime.

Fronting the world with calm and level vision,  
New sons of empire, heirs to all its pride,  
Smile back their answer to a dull derision.

Serving and building where their fathers died,  
There is the strength and not the boastful seeming,  
There is the deed and not the foolish dreaming.

There is the harvest of life's proud-est pages,  
And theirs the empire that shall awe the ages.

## INFANT PRODIGY.

Little Girl (who has just kissed her father good-night): "Oh, father, your beard is scrally."

Father: "Dear me, miss, you are particular. It can't be very bad, I shaved it this morning."

Little Girl: "Well, then, father, it's very tall for its age."

## ON SAME PRINCIPLE.

Teacher: "Johnny, can you explain the difference between 'like' and 'love'?"  
Johnny: "Yes, ma'am. I like bread and butter, but I love pie."

Slamless children of the upper classes are taught to reverse the elbow joint of the left arm as a sign of superiority.

## Saves Time

Celluloid Starch needs no cooking—just cold water and this ready, 'Twin' stick, yet gives a better gloss, with less iron-rubbing, than any starch you know. Its price is little. Try it this week.

## Celluloid Starch

## SINEWS OF WAR.

"What a change a woman can make in a man's life!"  
"Ah! yes. And what an awful lot of change she requires while doing it!"

A Successful Medicine. — Everyone wishes to be successful in any undertaking in which he may engage. It is therefore, extremely gratifying to the proprietors of Parmedee's Vegetable Pills to know that their efforts to compound a medicine which would prove a blessing to mankind have been successful beyond their expectations. The endorsement of these Pills by the public is a guarantee that a pill has been produced which will fulfill everything claimed for it.

## UNHAMPERED THEN.

"Now that Grindle has made his pile he has joined the church."  
"Wonder why he didn't join before?"  
"He didn't want anything to interfere with his business."

ITCH, Mange, Scabies, Scratches and every form of contagious itch on human or animal cured in 30 minutes by Wolford's Sanitary Lotion. It never fails. Sold by all druggists.

## PREVENTIVE.

Links: "I don't see that the hair restorer has done you any good. You haven't a hair on your head."  
Winks: "Yes, but just think how much worse it might have been if I had never used the remedy."

Much distress and sickness in children is caused by worms. Mother Graves' Worm Expeller gives relief by removing the cause. Give it a trial and be convinced.

## THE WAY OF IT.

Knicker: "Are your plans made for the summer?"  
Booker: "No; my wife is busy deciding the places where I shan't go."

Holloway's Corn Cure destroys all kinds of corns and warts, root and branch. Who, then, would endure them with such a cheap and effectual remedy within reach?

It's an undisputed fact that some men do not have any more sense when they get married than they did when they were born.

TONS OF IRON consumed each year in medicine. In "Ferrovin," the best tonic, it is so cleverly combined with the weak and sickly get all possible nourishment and benefit from it.

Harvard, founded in 1636, three miles west of Boston, is the oldest University in the United States. There are over 9,000 students.

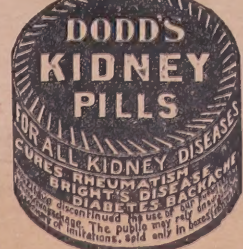
We have no hesitation in saying that Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Dysentery Cordial is without doubt the best medicine ever introduced for dysentery, diarrhoea, cholera and all summer complaints, sea sickness, etc. It promptly gives relief and never fails to effect a positive cure. Mothers should never be without a bottle when their children are teething.

"I thank you, madam, for your hospitality. Your kindness brings tears of gratitude to my eyes. 'Tis a hard, cruel world, and I, a harmless member of society, am hunted down by its myriads of the law simply because I bear a resemblance to a balloon." "A balloon! I fail to see the resemblance, my man." "Probably so, madam; but you see, like the balloon, I have no visible means of support!"

"Crows are hardy birds," remarked the boarder. "In cold weather I have known them to go five days without food." "That's nothing," chuckled the comedian boarder. "I've known crows to go five months without food." "Great Scott! What kind of crows were they?" "Why, scarecrows, of course."

It takes eleven complete processes to make a needle. The first is gauging the wire, and the last are drilling the eyes, finishing the points, and tempering. Each needle will pass through the hands of over a score of workmen.

The Caspian Sea is the largest inland body of water in the world, being 740 miles long, and its area is about 140,000 square miles. It is at present rapidly diminishing in size.



## Nothing I Ate Agreed With Me.



MRS. LENORA BODENHAMER.

Mrs. Lenora Bodenhamer, R.F.D. 1, Box 99, Kernersville, N. C., writes: "I suffered with stomach trouble and indigestion for some time, and nothing that I ate agreed with me. I was very nervous and experienced a continual feeling of uneasiness and fear. I took medicine from the doctor, but it did me no good."

"I found in one of my Peruna books a description of my symptoms. I then wrote to Dr. Hartman for advice. He said I had catarrh of the stomach. I took Peruna and Manalin and followed his directions and can now say that I feel as well as I ever did."

"I hope that all who are afflicted with the same symptoms will take Peruna, as it has certainly cured me."

The above is only one of hundreds who have written similar letters to Dr. Hartman. Just one such case as this entitles Peruna to the candid consideration of every one similarly afflicted. If this be true of the testimony of one person what ought to be the testimony of hundreds, yes thousands, of honest, sincere people. We have in our files a great many other testimonials.

## TIME FOR CHEERS.

Mr. Pedagog: "Observances are well, now, if I should meet with a fatal accident what would we have?"  
Chorus joyfully: "A holiday!"

A Carefully Prepared Pill.—Much time and attention were expended in the experimenting with the ingredients that enter into the composition of Parmedee's Vegetable Pills before they were brought to the state in which they were first offered to the public. Whatever other pills may be, Parmedee's Vegetable Pills are the result of much expert study, and all persons suffering from dyspepsia or disordered liver and kidneys may confidently accept them as being what they are represented to be.

## DIGGING.

She: "No one knows what I've gone through since I married you."  
He: "Well, if there's anything that you haven't gone through it must be my pyjamas, and they have no pockets."

LAZY OLD SORBS, painful and disgusting! will not linger long after treatment with Weaver's Cerate has been begun. Also, cleanse the blood with Weaver's Syrup.

## Dyeing! Cleaning!

For the very best and truest work to the  
"BRITISH AMERICAN DYEING CO."  
Look for agent in your town, or send direct.  
Montreal, Toronto, Ottawa, Quebec.

**CREAM OF THE WEST FLOUR**  
A pure, hard Manitoba flour for bakers and others demanding strength, color and uniformity.  
**STRONG & WHITE**  
AT YOUR GROCERS  
DEALERS EVERYWHERE SUPPLIED WITH FLOUR AND FEED. WRITE US.  
WE ALSO MAKE "QUEEN CITY" A BLENDED FLOUR THAT HAS GAINED GREAT FAVOR AS A GENERAL HOUSEHOLD "ALL PURPOSES" FLOUR.  
**THE CAMPBELL MILLING CO. TORONTO JUNCTION ONT.**

## QUEBEC STEAMSHIP COMPANY LIMITED.

River and Gulf of St. Lawrence

Summer Cruises in Cool Latitudes

Twin Screw Iron S.S. "Campana," with electric lights, electric bells and all modern comforts.  
SAILS FROM MONTREAL ON MONDAYS at 4 p.m., 3rd and 17th June, 1st, 15th and 29th July, 12th and 26th August, 9th and 23rd September, 6th 10th and 20th October, 6th, 10th and 17th November. Temperatures cooled by sea breezes seldom rise above 80 degrees.  
The finest trips of the season for health and comfort.

## BERMUDA

Summer Excursions, \$15, by the new Twin Screw S.S. "Bermuda," 5,000 tons, sailing 2nd and 16th June, 2nd, 17th and 31st July, 13th and 27th August, 10th, 24th and 28th September, 10th and 24th October, 6th, 10th and 17th November. Temperatures cooled by sea breezes seldom rise above 80 degrees.  
The finest trips of the season for health and comfort.  
ARTHUR AHERN, Secretary, Quebec, A. E. OUTERBRIDGE & CO., Agents, 20 Broadway, New York.

## THE OLDEN FLAG.

(By Mrs. Elizabeth S. MacLeod, author of "Carols of Canada.")

Paise high the royal standard!  
Shame not thy royal birth;  
The prestige of thy might sustain,  
Thou noblest of the earth!  
Great Canada, thou fair, free land!  
A world looks forth to thee;  
No alien hand thy hand shall lead;  
Thou'lt bow no servile knee.

Then rally round the olden flag!  
O loyal heart, white and blue;  
Let traitors scheme, or boasters brag,  
To Canada prove true.

Float on, O flag of Empire vast!  
Long may those colors wave  
O'er many a blood-bought heritage;  
The grandeur of thy fame doth light  
The fields our fathers won;  
The noblest gift which valiant sire  
Could e'er bequeath his son.

Droop not, O peerless standard!  
O loyal heart, white and blue;  
Forget not ye the olden land  
Though cherishing the new.  
Forget not hearts and hopes are one,  
From Britain's sea-girt Isles,  
To where, beyond the Rocky steep,  
The broad Pacific smiles.

Wave on, O flag of Empire vast!  
O'er mountain, rock and stream;  
Where wholesome fealty rests secure,  
Beneath thy fervent gleam.  
For, should the tramp of hostile feet  
Arouse our peaceful shore,  
Britannia's conquering sword would  
Flash through Canada once more.

Then rally round the olden flag!  
The loved red, white and blue;  
Let traitors scheme, or boasters brag,  
To Canada prove true.

## PROMOTED THEN.

"How is it, Tommy?" asked the manager one day as he whittled his pencil with a knife borrowed from the junior office boy, "that you always have your knife with you, and the other boys haven't?"

Tommy hesitated for a moment, then, gathering courage, said:—  
"The wages I get aren't enough for me to afford more than one pair of pants."

Money is believed to have been first coined in Aegina about 685 B.C.

A Requisite for the Rancher.—On the cattle ranges of the West, where men and stock are far from doctors and apothecaries, Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil is kept on hand by the intelligent as a ready made medicine, not only for many human ills, but as a horse and cattle medicine of surpassing merit. A horse and cattle rancher will find matters greatly simplified by using this Oil.

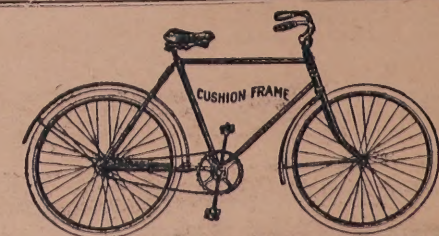
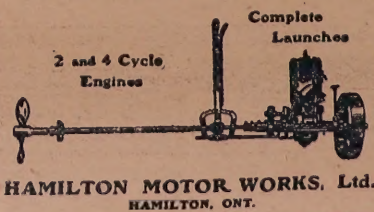
## ABSOLUTE SECURITY 4 PER CENT. TO DEPOSITORS

## THE UNION TRUST CO. LIMITED

MONEY TO LOAN  
SAFETY DEPOSIT  
VAULTS TO RENT  
TEMPLE BLDG  
174 176 Bay St  
TORONTO  
ACCOUNTS OF  
EXECUTORS &  
TRUSTEES ARE  
SPECIALLY INVITED

RECEIVES DEPOSITS SUBJECT TO CHEQUE  
ALLOWS FOUR PER CENT INTEREST ON BALANCES  
& COMPOUNDS IT QUARTERLY

## MADE IN CANADA



has never been and never can be replaced. It occupies a unique and secure place in the world of hygienics, sports and utilities. It produces red blood, bright eyes and a quick brain—necessaries for enjoyment of life and success.

IT IS HEALTHY, will prolong your life, save doctors' bills, keep you out of doors, cure insomnia, aid digestion increase your appetite and improve you morally and mentally.

IT IS ECONOMICAL—saves time, car-fare and shoe leather; is your friend, won't run away, is always ready, neither eats hay nor grain, needs no whipping, costs little, is a good investment, valuable in emergencies, and makes you independent of electric cars, steam roads or horses.

CLEVELAND, MASSEY SILVER HIBBON, BRANTFORD, PERFECT, RAMBLER, IMPERIAL and BLUE FLYER bicycles are not excelled by any in the world.

They are made in Cushion Frame and Rigid Frame models.  
**\$35.00 TO \$65.00.**

Handsome Catalogue for each line. Write for the one of your choice.

CANADA CYCLE AND MOTOR CO., LIMITED,  
MAKERS OF THE WORLD'S BEST BICYCLES.  
Toronto Junction, Canada,  
Branches:—Winnipeg, Vancouver, Melbourne, Aust.



## Brookville Lawn Mowers

Are The Handsomest  
Most Durable  
Easiest Running  
Most Efficient

Machines of their class.

## SPECIAL LINE OF CUTLERY

BENT AND STRAIGHT TRIMMERS  
PAPERHANGERS' SHEARS  
TAILORS' SHEARS

—Nickel Plated and Japan Finish.

## Our Cutlery Stock is Complete

BOOKERS "KING CUTTER" RAZORS  
"BRANTFORD" RAZORS—ALL STYLES  
"KING CUTTER" POCKET KNIVES  
—Special Value—Horn Handles, Brass Lined.

TABLE CUTLERY—Full assortment, at all prices.

**HENRY WARREN & SON**  
Hardware Phone 25



## Our Shoes are Winners

We lead all others in  
Fit, Quality, Price  
and Durability.

This is what those who are wearing our Shoes say.

Ladies' white Canvas Oxfords, covered heel, for \$1.25,  
\$1.50, \$1.75.

Ladies' Patent Colt Oxfords, lace and button, from  
\$3.00 up.

Misses' and Girls' White, Chocolate, Red, and Black  
Slippers, from \$1.00 up.

Men's Patent Colt Boots from \$3.50 to \$5.00.

Infants' "soft sole" Boots, finest variety in town, from 30c. up.

Lacrosse and Outing Shoes, men's and boys', lowest prices.

Fine Prunella Gaiters and Slippers, 50c. and 60c.

Shoe Polish from 5c. up. Shoe repairing a specialty.

**GEO. E. REYNOLDS,**

SHOE KING.

P. S.—Butter and Eggs taken in exchange.

The temperance movement is undoubtedly becoming stronger throughout the province. This is evidenced in various ways, but not more so than by the annual report of the license branch of the Provincial Secretary's Department, which shows that the number of licenses in the Province has decreased during the past year by one hundred and forty-five. The total number issued during the year was 4,216. The amount of fines collected increased in the same year by over \$8,000, and the provincial revenue licenses was increased by \$201,696. There were 4,216 commitments for drunkenness during the year, of which 1,928 were in Toronto and the county of York.

## Weak Kidneys

Weak Kidneys, surely point to weak kidney Nerves. The kidneys, like the heart, and the stomach, find their work in the organ itself, but in the nerves that control and guide and strengthen them. Dr. Shoop's Restorative is a medicine specifically prepared to reach these controlling nerves. To doctor the kidneys alone, is futile. It is a waste of time, and of money as well.

## Dr. Shoop's Restorative

MORTON & HAIGHT.

Spring Brook Medical,  
Surgical and X Ray  
Institute,  
SPRING BROOK, ONT.

All Difficult and Chronic Diseases diagnosed and special treatment given.

DISEASES OF LUNGS, THROAT, EAR AND NOSE. FITTING OF GLASSES.

Diseases of Women, Piles, Constipation, Prostatic Diseases of Men, Rectal Troubles, Catarrh of the Nose and all Acute and Chronic Diseases treated by the most approved, scientific principles.

All in doubt of their ailments should have an X RAY Examination.

R. EGIN TOWLE, M.B., M.D.C.M.,  
Physician-in-Charge.

Office Hours 12 to 3 p.m. Drug Store in connection.

While railway wrecks in Canada from broken rails have not been proportionately so numerous as in the United States, still they have been numerous enough to demand a rigid investigation from the railway commission. It is therefore, gratifying to know that the broken rail problem is now being considered by that body. There have been six wrecks in Canada since November 15 last, resulting in the loss of life, and directly attributable to broken rails. There was one in November, one in January, one in February, and three in the last two months. There were several other accidents from broken rails, but not serious enough to demand the attention of the officials of the commission.

The Provincial Government has decided to establish agricultural courses in the High schools at Collingwood, Galt, Essex Centre, Perth, Morrisburg and Lindsay.

Mrs. Newlywed—My husband admires everything about me: my voice, my eyes, my form, my hands!  
Friend—And what do you admire about him?  
Mrs. Newlywed—His good taste.

## How do you know you do not need

## Bu-Ju The Gentle Kidney Pill

If there is pain in the back and through the hips, you need Bu-Ju. If the hands and ankles are swollen, you need Bu-Ju. If there are headaches or vertigo, you need Bu-Ju. If you are nervous and do not sleep well at night, you need Bu-Ju. If there is a constant desire to urinate, you need Bu-Ju. If the urine is reddish, cloudy, milky, hot and scalding, you need Bu-Ju. Especially if you are tormented with inflammatory or Muscular Rheumatism, Sciatica, Lumbago, you certainly do need Bu-Ju. If you have any of the above symptoms, don't hesitate; don't delay. Take Bu-Ju, and cure yourself.

I am anxious that you should know the relief and benefit I have derived from taking Bu-Ju. I have been suffering from kidney trouble for years, and I have suffered especially on rising in the morning, and I am pleased to say that Bu-Ju has completely cured me. I feel like a new man, and I am able to do my work without delay. I would strongly advise anyone suffering from kidney trouble to take Bu-Ju.

It costs only 5c. a day to take Bu-Ju, and your money refunded if they fail to cure. See a large box. At druggists, or sent on receipt of price.

THE CLAPLIN CHEMICAL CO., LIMITED  
WINDSOR, ONT.

## FRENCH RED TAPE.

A Professor, His Lobsters and Some Casks of Sea Water.

Last year a professor in one of the Paris universities resolved to study the habits of lobsters in his laboratory. As they live in salt water, the first care of the professor was, of course, to procure a supply of this medium. The first most simple task—to provide a few barrels of sea water. This, however, is not so in France. Sea water contains salt, and the production of salt is a source of revenue. This made it necessary for the professor to first obtain the permission of the minister of finance before he could travel and transport the water. When his application reached the ministry, a subordinate official was directed to inquire into the standing of the petitioner. This involved considerable correspondence, which passed through numerous channels and finally reached the chief of the department, who now initiated another investigation in order to ascertain why a Parisian professor should be so anxious to lower the level of the Atlantic ocean. After several weeks the inspector made favorable report. Some days later the petitioner was notified of the favorable consideration of his request in the usual elaborate official language, accompanied by circulars giving extracts from the penal code relative to infringements of the salt monopoly.

Finally, after months of waiting, the professor was enabled to have some casks filled with salt water at a designated point on the seashore, of course under the supervision of another official, who duly issued a permit for the transportation of the liquid into the interior.

## COSTLY RAZORS.

Some Gold Handled That Sell For \$50. Handles of Silver and of Ivory.

If a man were content to shave himself with a razor having a hard rubber handle, as indeed most men are, he could buy one with a blade of very excellent quality for a dollar, but there are razors far more expensive than this.

Thus there are sold razors with handles of 18 carat gold and of plain smooth finish that bring \$50 each. A pair of such razors in a plain silver box can be bought for a hundred dollars.

But \$50 is not the limit of what one may pay for a gold handled razor. If the handle were elaborately chased its cost might mount up to twice that, or \$200 for a pair.

There are also sold, among those more expensive, silver handled razors which range in price from \$6.50 to \$30 each, \$6.50 being the price for one with a plain silver handle, while those more costly have their handles more or less elaborately chased or carved.

A man who did not altogether like a hard rubber handled razor might find his fancy suited with one having a handle of ivory, and an ivory handled razor need not necessarily be expensive. A razor with a plain ivory handle can be bought for \$2. Of course any carving would add to the cost.

Costly razors are usually sold for gifts.

## The Age of Marriage.

The age of legal capacity to marry in England is much lower than in Italy. The English law has adopted in this respect a law of Rome, and even Athenian origin, by which the ages of fourteen and twelve were fixed as the marriageable ages of males and females, respectively. In Italy the age is fixed by the civil code at eighteen and fifteen. Formerly the age of spouses in England was as low as seven for both sexes, but such marriage was not considered perfect, for the parties might disagree to it when they arrived at the mature age of twelve or fourteen.

## Poets' Themes.

The cynics of our time have white-washed many of the vices. Poets like the earlier Swinburne practically praised lust as an expression of the love of life. Poets like Mr. Rudyard Kipling practically praised cruelty as an expression of the love of life. Poets like Mr. Henry and Mr. John Davidson have practically praised drunkenness, or violence, or obscenity as expressions of the love of life.—G. K. Chesterton in London News.

## Proof Positive.

The policeman had shot a fleeing prisoner.  
"It was an accident," he explained to his superior.  
"What proof have you of that?"  
"Why, I hit him, didn't I?" rejoined the accused with an air of finality.—Philadelphia Ledger.

## A Surprise, All Right.

"My husband has promised to allow me to choose what I want for my birthday."  
"Oh, then there will be no surprises this year."  
"Yes, there will. He will be surprised enough when he gets the bill."

## Better Than Dying.

Teacher—Now, children, remember the text, "Eat, drink and be merry, for tomorrow you die." Pupil—Fleece, teacher, in our family we don't. We all take castor oil next day.—Life.

## A Helping Hand.

Rich Old Uncle—And remember, dear, that when I die all that I have goes to you, Niece.—Thank you, uncle. Do let me give you more mince pie.—Harper's Weekly.

In Garlick's time when the weather was warm the men in the pit took off coats and vests.

## BIRD SUPERSTITIONS.

Quaker Beliefs That Were Held by the Ancient Mariners.

Birds as inhabitants of the air were naturally chosen by the ancients as omens and augurs of future happenings. The sensitiveness to atmospheric changes shown by many birds aided in establishing these notions. The real indications of a coming storm or calm were doubtless magnified by the anxious, superstitious sailor.

The custom of hanging the sea swallow so that the bill may point to the wind arose from the old time custom of suspending the bird by the feet, expecting it would renew its feathers as it alive.

Divination by the flight of birds was a favorite method in the olden times. Sailors watched their flight for indications of prosperous voyages and favorable winds. As they were thought to fly through the air to heaven, they easily became messengers of the will of the gods.

The albatross is believed by Jack tar to sleep on the winds. It was at one time thought that the petrel hatched its eggs under its wings.

The fishhawk was at one time kept in chests to keep away moths. The fishhawk was esteemed a bringer of good luck; it boded good or evil as its cry was to the right or left.

There was an old superstition that gulls were never seen bleeding. Shooting stars were then supposed to be the half digested food of winter gulls.

## CLEOPATRA.

The Story of Her Death From the Bite of an Asp.

It is admitted that Cleopatra killed herself to avoid being exhibited at Rome in the triumph of Octavius, who had made war upon her and Antony and because the latter had divorced his (Octavius) sister on the queen's account. But did she die from a snake's bite? It is better to think not. "If her death had been caused by any serpent, the small viper would rather have been chosen than the large asp, but the story is disproved by her having decked herself in the royal ornaments and being found dead without any marks or suspicion of poison on her body."

Death from a serpent's bite could not have been mistaken, and her vanity would not have allowed her to choose one which would have disfigured her in so frightful a manner.

Other poisons were well understood and easy of access, and no boy would have ventured to carry an asp in a basket of figs, some of which he even offered to the guards as he passed, and even Plutarch shows that the story of the asp was doubtful. Nor is the statue carried in Augustus' triumph, which had an asp upon it, any proof of his belief in it, since the snake was the emblem of Egyptian royalty. The statue (or the crown) of Cleopatra could not have been without one, and this was probably the origin of the whole story.

## Deaf Dogs Are Rare.

People have been known to excuse watch dogs for dereliction of duty on the ground that the dogs might be hard of hearing. This excuse ought not to go. A veterinary surgeon of Cleveland remarked that in his thirty-five years' experience he had never heard of a deaf dog. His remark led to inquiries among two or three other veterinarians and not one had ever heard of a dog that couldn't hear. When a watch dog or any other dog doesn't hear a man that is prowling about the house it is because it doesn't want to hear. Horses are frequently treated by veterinarians for deafness, and even cats are hard of hearing occasionally, but deaf dogs seem to be unknown in Cleveland at least.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

## The Mohammedan Oath.

Of all the many forms of taking the oath used in the courts perhaps the most picturesque is that which the Mohammedan is required to take. It is a silent ceremony. The son of Islam places his right hand flat upon the Koran and puts the other on his forehead; then he brings his forehead down to and in contact with the book. He then raises himself and looks up steadily for some seconds. The officer of the court should then—ask the Mohammedan, "Are you bound by the ceremony you have performed to speak the truth?" and the answer is, "I am." In India the ceremony has been abolished in favor of an affirmation.

## Milk In Turkey.

In Turkey there is a great consumption of the milk of the buffalo, the common cow, the goat and the ewe, but it is hardly ever used in a natural state. After slow cooling the milk is treated with a ferment taken from the previous day's supply. In a few hours a curd forms which is called yaghour. The preparation is preferred to milk, and it has a pleasant, clean, acid taste and is, of course, nutritious.

## The Happy Family.

Mrs. Scraggington (in the midst of her reading)—Here is an item which says that full grown rhinoceroses cost \$12,000.—Eh, yahl! And isn't it a pity that women can't wear them on their hats?—Smart Set.

## His Smile.

Old Hanks (telling his photograph)—What are you asking me to look pleasant for? Blame it, why I am asking you to try to look pleasant.—Chicago Tribune.

We are best of all led to men's principles by what they do.—Butler.

## LIVING IN PARIS.

The Way One Rents an Apartment in the French Capital.

An apartment should be seen on a sunny day before engaging, and it is not legally secured until papers are signed. The lease is on a quarterly basis. Payments are made in advance the 15th of January, April, June and October and occupancy given up to these dates. But when intending to leave the tenant should give his three months' notice before the first day of these months. Failure to do this and neglect of the governmental tribute of a stamped paper hold him to a further three months' liability, as many a rustic American can witness. To avoid this it is merely needful to buy a stamped sheet of paper for 8 cents of the tobaccoist, local vendor of all stamps, write the notice thereon and give it to the landlord personally or send it to him by registered letter. The concierge, although he collects the rent and has full charge of the house, is neither authorized to let the apartment nor to receive notices. In the paper signed by tenant and landlord the former guarantees to return the apartment in good condition, and if it is freshly papered, painted and waxed there will doubtless be something to pay on leaving, but care and economy in nail holes make the damages slight.—Circle Magazine.

## VENUS OF MILO.

The Famous Ancient Statue in the Louvre at Paris.

The Venus of Milo in the Louvre, Paris, is supposed by some to be the work of Alexandros, one of the Asiatic Greek sculptors. It is said that the base of the statue bearing the artist's name was destroyed for the purpose of causing the king of France to believe that the work was more ancient than it really was.

It was discovered on the island of Milo in 1820 by a peasant. It was in a niche in a wall which had been buried for years. The Marquis of Rivere bought it and gave it as a present to Louis XVIII. of France. It is made from two blocks of marble joined above the drapery which envelops the legs. As it now stands it has two blemishes, which have been repaired by modern artists. The tip of the nose was broken when it was found and also the foot which projects beyond the drapery.

In point of fact, it has a great deal more resemblance to a goddess than to a beautiful woman. At one time it was dressed in clothes of a modern sort, and the effect was anything but pleasing. The figure of the statue is not at all adapted to modern clothes.

## Why He Did Not Marry.

As a reason for not marrying Brahms once wrote to a friend: "At the time when I should have wished to marry, my compositions were either hissed at or at any rate very coolly received. I knew their worth, though, and that sooner or later the page would be turned, and in unmarriageable solitude I never really took my reverses to heart. But to be questioned by a wife at such moments, to have her inquiring eyes anxiously fixed upon me, to hear her ask, 'Again a fiasco?' no, that I could never have borne, for, however much she loved me and believed in me, I could not have expected her to have unwavering faith in my subsequent victory. And had she attempted to console me! Ugh! I can't even think of it. It would have been little less than hell!"—Monthly Review.

## Convenient Arrangement.

"What are you buying now?"  
"I am looking for some present to give my wife on her birthday. I tell you, making presents costs a heap of money."

"Why don't you do as I do? I have never failed to make my wife a present on her birthday every year for twenty-five years, and I am not out a penny thus far."

"How do you manage it?"  
"It is very simple. After we were married, when her birthday came round, I gave her a 5 note. When my birthday came round, she gave me the note back, and we have kept that up ever since, and neither of us is out a penny."—London Tit-Bits.

## Like Calling For a Drink.

A hard drinker was told by his doctor that he could be cured if every time he felt that he must have a drink he would immediately take something to eat instead. The man followed the advice and was cured, but the habit of asking for food had become so fixed with him that once he was nearly choked up as a lunatic. He was locked up at a hotel, and hearing a great commotion in the room next to his, he peeped over the transom to see what the matter was. He saw and rushed madly down to the office and shouted to the clerk: "The man in 153 has shot himself! Ham and egg sandwich, please!"

## Wrong Frame of Mind.

"Caroline, aren't you ever going to join the church?"  
"Of course I am, Aunt Rachel, some day. But you ought to know better than ask me to do it when I'm right in the midst of this dratted house cleaning."

## The Old Order Changes.

The old Scots parliament decreed that "if a football shall be utterly evil done," and today the Scots parliament does not exist, while football and golf have inherited the earth.—Edinburgh Dispatch.

Every good action prompts to a repetition thereof.

## HARDWARE!

Just placed in stock:

200 Barrels Belleville Portland Cement.

400 Gallons Elephant and Sherwin Williams Paints.

A car of Asbestic Plaster.

A car of Wire Nails.

300 Screen Doors and Windows, all newest patterns.

My Store and Warerooms are filled with Hardware. Prices right.

**L. MEIKLEJOHN.**



## OUR TAILORING

insures satisfaction as to the Style, Fit and Fabric of any garment you may order. Each coat, suit and overcoat is fashioned with care and skill.

## OUR PRICES

speak for themselves. You will find it hard to duplicate our offerings.

**JOHN M. McGEE,**

Next door to H. Warren & Son's Hardware Store.

## A Special Offer

THE BUSY MAN'S MAGAZINE

(The Cream of the World's Magazines reproduced for Busy People)

AND

THE NEWS-ARGUS

will be sent to any address, one year, for \$2.00

The Subscription price of the Magazine alone is \$2 per year.

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

## PATENTS

TRADE MARKS

DESIGNS

COPYRIGHTS & C.

Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. Handbook on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents. Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in the Scientific American.

A handsomely illustrated weekly. Terms: \$3 a year in advance. Single copies 10c. Foreign postage extra. Sold by all newsdealers. MUNN & Co. 361 Broadway, New York. Branch Office, 225 F St., Washington, D. C.

## PATENTS PROMPTLY SECURED

Write today for a free copy of our interesting book "Inventors' Help" and "How you can succeed." We have extensive experience in the intricate patent laws of 50 foreign countries. Send sketch, model or photo for free advice. Munn & Co. 361 Broadway, New York. Experts, New York City Building, Atlantic Building, Washington, D. C.

THE

## Stirling News-Argus

(Published every Thursday morning at the office of publication, North street, Stirling, first door north of Parker's drug store, by JAMES CURRIE.

Subscription Price, \$1.00 per year.

(If paid in advance. If not so paid, \$1.25 will be charged.)

Correspondence is invited on all legitimate subjects, the real name of the writer to be furnished the editor in every case. This rule has no exception.

## ADVERTISING RATES.

For ordinary business advertisements:

Charge PER INCH per week when inserted for

1 year, 50c. 3 mos. 35c. 1 mo. 25c.

Whole col. down to half col. 75c. 3 mos. 50c. 1 mo. 35c.

Half col. down to quarter col. 50c. 3 mos. 35c. 1 mo. 25c.

Quarter col. down to 2 lines, 25c. 3 mos. 20c. 1 mo. 15c.

If inserted less than three months a cent extra on above rates. If less than two months 2 cents extra on above rates. If less than one month 3 cents extra on above rates.

These rates to be confined to the ordinary business of the commercial houses, and for such will not be held to include Auction Sales, Removals, Co-partnership Notices, Private Advertisements of kindred nature, or of firms, property to let or for sale, etc.

Two inches, \$10 per year; \$6 for six months; \$4 for three months; \$3 for two months; \$2 for one month. One inch, \$6 per year. Proportional cards, limited to six lines, \$4 per year. A column measure twenty inches.

Advertisements may be changed at the option of advertisers without extra charge.

Advertisements of 10 lines or less first insertion, 5c. per line each subsequent insertion, 3c. per line.

Advertisements without specific instruction inserted in ordinary and charged according to the above rates.

Births, Marriages and Deaths inserted free.

JOHN PRINTING of every description executed in neat and fashionable style, and on short notice.